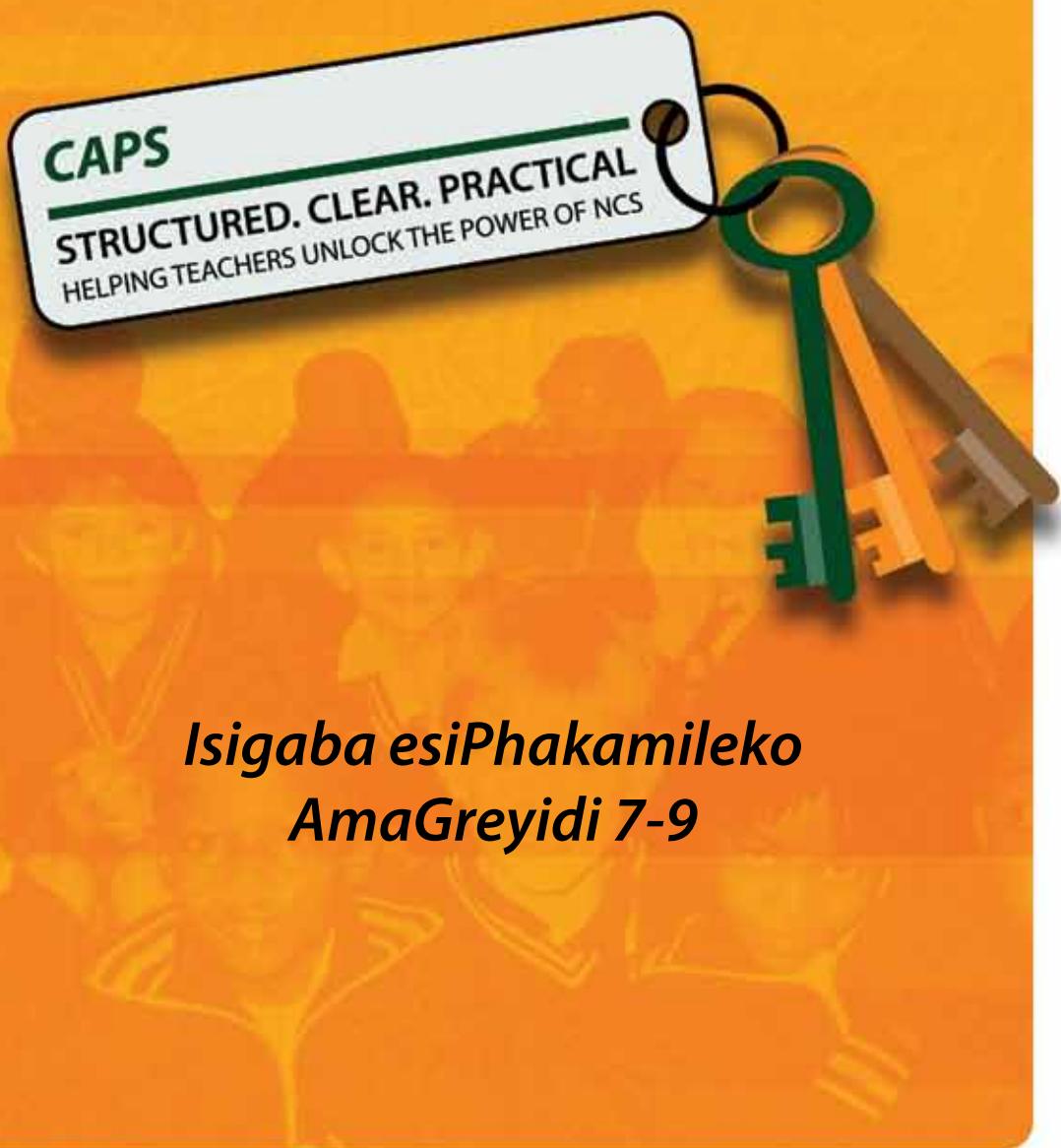


ISINDEBELE ILIMI LOKUTHOMA
LOKWENGEZA

*IsiTatimende seKharikhyulamu
yeliZweloke (TKZ)*

*IsiTatimende somThetho-kambiso
weKharikhyulamu nokuHlola*



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**ISITATIMENDE SOMTHETHO-KAMBIKO WEKHARIKYULAMU
NOKUHLOLA
AMAGREYIDI 7- 9**

**ISINDEBELE
ILIMI LOKUTHOMA LOKWENGEZA**

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FOREWORD BY THE MINISTER



Our national curriculum is the culmination of our efforts over a period of seventeen years to transform the curriculum bequeathed to us by apartheid. From the start of democracy we have built our curriculum on the values that inspired our Constitution (Act 108 of 1996). The Preamble to the Constitution states that the aims of the Constitution are to:

- heal the divisions of the past and establish a society based on democratic values, social justice and fundamental human rights;
- improve the quality of life of all citizens and free the potential of each person;
- lay the foundations for a democratic and open society in which government is based on the will of the people and every citizen is equally protected by law; and
- build a united and democratic South Africa able to take its rightful place as a sovereign state in the family of nations.

Education and the curriculum have an important role to play in realising these aims.

In 1997 we introduced outcomes-based education to overcome the curricular divisions of the past, but the experience of implementation prompted a review in 2000. This led to the first curriculum revision: the *Revised National Curriculum Statement Grades R-9* and the *National Curriculum Statement Grades 10-12* (2002).

Ongoing implementation challenges resulted in another review in 2009 and we revised the *Revised National Curriculum Statement* (2002) and the *National Curriculum Statement Grades 10-12* to produce this document.

From 2012 the two National Curriculum Statements, for *Grades R-9* and *Grades 10-12* respectively, are combined in a single document and will simply be known as the *National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12*. The *National Curriculum Statement for Grades R-12* builds on the previous curriculum but also updates it and aims to provide clearer specification of what is to be taught and learnt on a term-by-term basis.

The *National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12* represents a policy statement for learning and teaching in South African schools and comprises of the following:

- (a) Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statements (CAPS) for all approved subjects listed in this document;
- (b) *National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12*; and
- (c) *National Protocol for Assessment Grades R-12*.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Motsepe".

**MRS ANGIE MOTSHEKGA, MP
MINISTER OF BASIC EDUCATION**

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ISIGABA 1: ISITATIMENDE SOMTHETHO-KAMBISO WEKHARIKHYULAMU NOKUHLOLA

1.1 ISENDLALELO

IsiTatimende seKharikhyulamu yeliZweloke amaGreyidi R - 12 (TKZ) sendlala umthetho-kambiso wekharkhyulamu nokuhlola emkhakheni wezefundo.

Ukuthuthukisa ukusetjenziswa kwaso, isiTatimende seKharikhyulamu yeliZweloke satjhugululwa, amatjhuguluko la azokuthoma ukusetjenziswa ngenyanga kaTjhirkweni ngonyaka we-2012. Kwenziwa umtlolo owodwa opheleleko womThetho-kambiso weKharkhyulamu nokuHlola esifundweni ngasinye ukujamiselela iinTatimende zeemFundo, imiHlahlandlela yamaHlelo wokuFunda kanye nemiHlahlandlela yokuHlola iimFundo emaGreyidi R - 12.

1.2 UMBONO-MAZOMBE

- (a) *IsiTatimende seKharikhyulamu yeliZweloke samaGreyidi R - 12 (sangoTjhirkweni we-2012) sijamele isitatinende somThetho-kambiso sokufunda nokufundisa eenkolweni zeSewula Afrika begodu simumethe okulandelako:*
 - (i) *IinTatimende zomThetho-kambiso weKharkhyulamu nokuHlola zaleso naleso sifundo sesikolo esiphasisweko*
 - (ii) *Umtlolo womThetho-kambiso, iNational policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R - 12; kanye no*
 - (iii) *Mtlolo womThetho-kambiso, iNational Protocol for Assessment Grades R - 12 (kaTjhirkweni 2012)*
- (b) *IsiTatimende seKharikhyulamu yeliZweloke samaGreyidi R - 12 (sikaTjhirkweni 2011 sijamiselela iintatinende zekharikhyulamu zelizweloke ezimbili zanje, ezibizwa*
 - (i) *IsiTatimende seKharikhyulamu esiBuyekeziweko amaGreyidi R - 9, Government Gazette No. 23406 yamhlana amalanga ama--31 kuMrhayili 2002, begodu ne-*
 - (ii) *IsiTatimende seKharikhyulamu seLizwe Loke amaGreyidi 10 - 12 Government Gazettes, No. 25545 yahlna amalanga asi- 6 October 2003 and No. 27594 yamhlana amalanga ali-17 kuMrhayili 2005.*
- (c) *Iintatinende zekharikhyulamu yelizweloke eziseengatjaneni (a) no (b) ngehla, zimumetthe imitlolo yemithetho-kambiso elandelako esuswe beyajanyiselela siTatimende seKharikhyulamu yeliZweloke samaGreyidi 10 - 12 (kuTjhirkweni 2012) ngesikhathi seminyaka we-2012-2014.*
 - (i) *IinTatimende zeemFundo, imiHlahlandlela yamaHlelo wokuFundo begodu nemihlahlandlela yokuHlola iimFundo emaGreyidi R-9 nemaGreyidi 10-12 ;*
 - (ii) *Umtlolo womthetho-kambiso, iNational Policy on assessment and qualifications for schools in the General Education and Training Band, egadangiswe kuGovernment Notice No. 124 ku Government Gazette No. 29626 yamhlana amalanga ali- 12 kuMhlolanja 2007;*
 - (iii) *Umtlolo womthetho-kambiso, iNational Senior Certificate: A qualification at Level 4 on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF), egadangiswe kuGovernment Gazette No.27819 yamhlana amalanga ama- 20 kuVelabahlinze 2005;*

- (iv) Umtlolo womthetho-kambiso, *i-addendum to the policy document, the National Senior Certificate: A qualification at Level 4 on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF), regarding learners with special needs, owagadangiswa kuGovernment Gazette, No.29466 yamhlana amalanga ali-11 kuNobayeni 2006, ungeniswe emtlolweni womthetho-kambiso, iNational policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement emaGreyidini R - 12; begodu*
- (v) Umtlolo womthetho-kambiso, *i-addendum to the policy document, the National Senior Certificate: A qualification at Level 4 on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF), regarding the National Protocol for Assessment (emaGreyidini R - 12), ogadangiswe kuGovernment Notice No.1267 kuGovernment Gazette No. 29467 ymhlana amalanga ali-11 kuNobayeni 2006.*
- (d) Umtlolo womthetho-kambiso, *iNational policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R - 12, begodu neengaba zesiTatimende somThetho-kambiso weKharikhyulamu nokuHlola njengombana zifakwe ezahlukweni 2, 3 begodu 4 zomtolo lo ezipathelene nemigomo namazinga wesiTatimende seKharikhyulamu seLizwe Loke emaGreyidini R - 12. Ngakhoke, ngokuya ngokwesection 6A ye South African Schools Act, 1996 (Act No. 84 of 1996,) yakha isendlalelo sokobana uNgqongqotjhe weFundo esiSekelo abonelele isilinganiso samazinga nemiphumela kanye nekambiso yokuhlolola umsebenzi womntwana bona ibe khona eenkolweni zomphakathi nalezo ezipathelene.*

1.3 IMINQOPHO EVAMILEKO YEKHARIKYULAMU YESEWULA AFRIKA

- (a) *IsiTatimende seKharikhyulamu yeliZweloke samaGreyidi R - 12 sethula lokho okungathathwa njengelwazi, amakghono namagugu okumelekufundwe eenkolwenize Sewula Afrika. Ikharihyulamu le inqophe ukuqinisekisa bonyana abantwana bazuza bebasebenzise ilwazi namakghono ngeendlela ezizweskako emaphilweni wabo. Ngalokho, ikharikhyulamu ithuthukisa umqondo wokubuthelela ilwazi ebujameni obujayelekileko, ngesikhathi atjheja eembophweni zephasi.*
- (b) *IsiTatimende seKharikhyulamu yeliZweloke amaGreyidi R - 12 sifeza iminqopho yoku:*
- hlomisa abafundi, ngaphandle kokutjheja ibhoduluko lezokuhlalisana-nezomnotho, ubulili, ikghono lezomzimba nofana lezengqondo, amakghono namagugu adingekako ukuzanelisa, begodu nokuzibandakanya okuzweskako emphakathini njengabahlali benarha etjhaphulukileko;
 - enza ifundo yamazinga aphezulu ifinyeleleke;
 - enza kube lula bonyana abafundi basuke emazikweni wezfundo baye emisebenzini; begodu nikela abaqaqatjhi ngephrofayili eyaneleko yamakghono womfundu.
- (c) *IsiTatimende seKharikhyulamu yeliZweloke amaGreyidi R - 12 sisekelwe eenkambisweni ezilandelako:*
- Ukutjhuguluka kwezokuhlalisana: ukuqinisekisa bonyana ukungalingani kwezfundo kwasikhathi esidlulileko kwalungiswa nokuthi amathuba alinganako wezfundo anikelwe zoke iingaba zesintu.
 - Ukufunda ngomdlandla nangelihlo elihlabako: ukukhuthaza indlela yokufunda ngelihlo elihlabako nelinomdlandla, kunokobana kubanjwe izinto ngehloko ngaphandle kokuziwisia.
 - Ilwazi namakghono asezingeni eliphakamileko: iimfuneko ezimbalwa zelwazi namakghono okufanele

zifunyanwe kileyo naleyogreyidi zibekiwe begodu zibekwe emazingeni aphakamileko, afunyanekako kizo zoke iimfundu

- Ukuragela phambili: okumumethweko nobujamo baleyo naley greyidi kutjengisa ukuragela phambili ukusukela kokulula ukuya kokubudisi.
- Amalungelo wobuntu, ukufaka koke, ubulungiswa bezebhoduluko nokuhlalisana: ukufaka imigomo yobulungiswa kezokuhlalisana, kezebhoduluko begodu namalungelo wabantu njengombana kuhlathululiwe kumThetho-sisekelo weSewula Afrika. IsiTatimende seKharikhyulamu yeliZweloke amaGreyidi 10 - 12 sitjhetjha khulu izinto ezifana nokuthaga, ukungafani, ukungalingani, ubuhlanga, ilimi, iminyaka, abaphila nokukhubazeka begodu namanye amatshwayo.
- Ukukarekela amahlelo welwazi lendabuko: ukuthabela umlando onothileko wenarha namagugu wenarha le njengezinto eziqakathekileko ukunothisa amagugu amumethwe emThethweni-sisekelo; begodu
- Ukuthembeka, ikhwalithi nekghono: ukunikela ifundo emadanisekako ngekhwalithi, ububanzi nangokudepha kwefundo yakezinye iinarha.

(d) IsiTatimende seKharikhyulamu yeliZweloke amaGreyidi R-12 sinqophe ukukhiqiza abafundi abakwazi uku:

- bona nokurarulula imiraro nokuthatha iinqunto kusetjenziswa ukucabanga ngelihlo elibukhali nelokuzitlamela;
- sebenzisana ngepumelelo ngokuzijamela begodu nabanye njengamalunga wesiqhema;
- hlela nokuziphatha begodu nokuphatha imisebenzi yabo ngokuziphendulela nangepumelelo;
- buthelela, ukutsenga, ukuhlela bese bahlaziya ilwazi ngelihlo lokuhlaba;
- khulumisana ngepumelelo basebenzisa amakghono wokubonwako/ wokubukelwako, wamatshwayo begodu / nanyana welimi ngeendlela ezinengi
- sebenzisa isayensi netekhnoloji ngepumelelo nangokucabangisia begodu batjengise, ukuziphendulela ebhodulukweni neempilweni zabanye; noku
- Tjengisa ukuzwisia iphasi bonyana linamahlelo anetjhebiswano ngokuyeleta bonyana ukurarulula imiraro akwenzeki kukodwa ngeqadi.

(e) Ukuhlanganisa imihlobo ehlukahlukeneko yabafundi kufanele kube mgogodlha womkhandlu, wokuhlela begodu nokufundisa kilesa naleso sikolo. Lokhu kungenzeka kwaphela lokha abotitjhere boke banokuzwisia okuhluzekileko bokobana iinqabo zokufunda zingalemukwa bezilungiswe bunjani, begodu ukuhlanganisa kungahlelwia bunjani

Okuqakathekileko ngokuhlanganisa imihlobo ehlukahlukeneko yabafundi kuqinisekisa bonyana iinqabo ziyabonwa bezitjhejwa ngiyo yoke imikhandlu efaneleko ehlangana nomphakathi wesikolo, okufaka hlangana abotitjhere, iinQhema eziSekelako eziNzinze kumaDistrigi, iinQhema eziSekelako eziseZingeni leenHlangano, ababelethi neenKolo eziKhethekileko njengeendawo zemiThombo. Ukulungisa iinqabo ngetlasini, abotitjhere bafanele basebenzise amaqhinga amanengi wekharikhyulamu afana nalawo afakwe ku- *Guidelines for Inclusive Teaching and Learning (2010)* yoMnyango weFundo Sisekelo

1.4 UKWABIWA KWESIKHATHI

1.4.1 IsiGaba esisiSekelo

- (a) Isikhathi sokufundisa esiGabeni-esisiSekelo sitjengisiwe ngenzasi:

ISIFUNDO	IGREYIDI R (AMA-IRI)	AMAGREYIDI 1-2 (AMA-IRI)	IGREYIDI 3 (AMA-IRI)
ILimi leKhaya	10	7/ 8	7/ 8
ILimi lokuThoma lokwEngeza		2/ 3	3/ 4
limBalo	7	7	7
AmaKghono wePilo	6	6	7
• ILwazi lokuThoma	(1)	(1)	(2)
• UbuKghwari bokuTlama	(2)	(2)	(2)
• IsiFundo sokuziThabulula	(2)	(2)	(2)
• UbuYena neHlalakuhle yomuntu qobo lakhe.	(1)	(1)	(1)
INANI	23	23	25

- (b) Isikhathi sokufundisa samaGreyidi R, 1 no 2 ma-iri ama-23 begodu seGreyidi yesi-3 ma- iri ama-25.
- (c) Ama-iri alitjhumi abelwe amalimi emaGreyidini R - 2 bese ama-iri ali-11eGreyidini yesi-3. ILimi leKhaya labelwe ubunengi bama-iri abu-8 nobuncani bama-iri ali-7 begodu iLimi lokuThoma lokwEngeza labelwe ubuncani bama-iri ama-2 nobukhulu bama-iri ama-3 emaGreyidini R-2. ILimi leKhaya eGreyidini yesi- 3 labelwe ubunengi bama-iri- abu-8 nobuncani bama-iri ali-7 begodu iLimi lokuThoma lokwEngeza labelwe ubuncani bama-iri ama-3 nobunengi bama-iri ama-4.
- (d) Kumakghono wePilo iLwazi Lokuthoma labelwe i-iri li-1 emaGreyidini R-2 nama -iri ama-2 njengombana kutjengiswe ngeembayaneni zeGreyidi yesi-3

1.4.2 IsiGaba esiPhakathi

- (a) Isikhathi sokufundisa esiGabeni-esiPhakathi sitjengisiwe ngenzasi:

ISIFUNDO	AMA-IRI
ILimi leKhaya	6
ILimi lokuThoma lokweNgeza	5
limBalo	6
ISayensi Yemvelo neTheknoloji	3, 5
ISayensi yokuHialisana	3
AmaKghono wePilo	4
• UbuKghwari bokuTlama	(1, 5)
• IsiFundo sokuziThabulula	(1)
• UbuYena nokuHialisana komuntu qobo lakhe	(1, 5)
INANI	27, 5

1.4.3 IsiGaba esiPhakamileko

- (a) Isikhathi sokufundisa esiGabeni-esiPhakakamileko sitjengisiwe ngenzasi:

ISIFUNDO	AMA-IRI
ILimi leKhaya	5
ILimi lokuThoma lokwEngeza	4
limBalo	4, 5
ISayensi yeMvelo	3
ISayensi yokuHalisana	3
ITheknoloji	2
ISayensi yezomNotho nokuPhatha	2
UkuziJayeza zePilo	2
UbuKghwari namaSiko	2
INANI	27, 5

1.4.4 AmaGreyidi 10 - 12

- (a) Isikhathi sokufundisa emaGreyidini 10-12 sitjengisiwe ngenzasi

ISIFUNDO	ISIKHATHI ESABIWEKO NGEVEKE (AMA-IRI)
I. ILimi leKhaya	4.5
II. ILimi LokuThoma lokweNgeza	4.5
III. limBalo	4.5
IV. UkuziJayeza zePilo	2
V. Ubuncani bananyana ngiziphi iimfundu ezintathu ezikhethwe esiQhemeni B i-Anekstjha B. Amathebula B1-B8 yomtlolo womthetho- kambiso, iNational policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R - 12, enqotjhiswe esigabeni sama-28 somtlolo womthetho- kambiso onikelweko..	12 (3x4ama-iri)
INANI	27, 5

Isikhathi esabiweko ngeveke singasetjenziselwa kwaphela ubuncani obufunwa ziimfundu zeenTatimende zeKharikhyulamu yeliZweloke amaGreyidiR-12 (TKZ) njengombana ziveziwe ngehla, begodu angeze zasetjenziselwa nanyana ngiziphi iimfundu zokungezelele ezingezelelwe erhelweni leemfundo. Lokha umfundi nakafuna ukungezelela iimfundu, isikhathi esingezelelwoko kufanele sabelwe ukufundisa iimfundu lezo.

ISIGABA 2: UKWETHULA ILIMI LEKHAYA ESIGABENI ESIPHAKAMILEKO

2.1 AMALIMI ESITATIMENDENI SOMTHETHO-KAMBISO WEKHARIKYULAMU NOKUHLOLA

ILimi lisisetjenziswa/ sitlabagelo somcabango nokuthintana. Libuye libe yindlela yesiko kanye neyokuzikhakhazisa kanengi abantu ababelana ngalo ukwenza bona iphasi abahlala kilo lizwakale ngcono. Ukufunda ukusebenzisa ilimi ngendlela efaneleko kwenza abafundi bathole ilwazi, baziijho imvelaphi yabo, imizwa kanye nemibono, basebenzisane nabanye, bebalawule iphasi labo. Linikela godu abafundi isedi yefanekiso nemibono enothileko, enamandla edzimeleleko engasetjenziselwa ukwenza iphasi labo libe ngcono kunalokhu elingikho; libe ngcono begodu licace kunalokhu elingikho. Kungeanga lelimi kobana ukungafani kwamasiko kanye nokuhlobana ngokokuhlalisana kuvezwa bekwakhiwe, begodu kungeanga lelimi bonyana izakhiwo ezinjalo zingatjhugululwa, zinatjiswe bezenziwe ngcono.

2.1.1 Amazinga welimi

Ukufunda ilimi eZingeni eliPhakathi kufaka hlangana woke amalimi asemthethweni eSewula Afrika, okuyi-Afrikaans, English, isiNdebele, isiXhosa, isiZulu, Sepedi (Sesotho sa Leboa), Sesotho, Setswana, Siswati, Tshivenda, Xitsonga - begodu namaLimi angasisemThethweni. Amalimi la angafundiswa emazingeni ahlukahlukeneke welimi.

ILimi leKhaya lilimi elitholwa kokuthoma bafundi. Nanyana kunjalo, inengi leenkolo zeSewula Afrika aziwafundisi amanye amalimi weKhaya wabanye abafundinofana wabo boke abafundi abatlolisileko kodwana zinelimi linyenofana mabili afundiswa ezingeni leLimi leKhaya. Ngenca yalokho, amalebula afana neLimi leKhaya, neiLimi lokuThoma lokwEngeza atjho amazinga wobuhlakanilimi elifundiswa kiwo ingasi indabuko(ilimi leKhaya)nofana elitholiweko (njengemalimini wokwEngeza.) Mayelana neminqopho yomthetho-kambiso lo, okhunye nokhunye okutjhiwo kuqaliswe eLimini leKhaya kufanele kuzwisiseke bonyana kutjho izinga ingasi ilimi ngokwalo.

Izinga leLimi leKhaya linikela ubuhlakanibelimi obutjengisa isisekelosamakghono wokuthintana wobuyenabakhe atlhogekako ebujameni bokuhalisana begodu nemakghonweni wefundoaqakathekileko wokufunda kiyoyoke ikerikhyulamu. Kugandeelwa bonyana kufundiswe amakghono wokulalela, ukukhuluma, ukufunda nokutlola kilelizinga lelimi. Izinga leli begodu abafundi amakghono wezemtlolo, ukukarekela umtlolo nokubona izinto ngamehlo wengqondo okuzabanikela ikghono lokwakha ngobutjha, ukufanekisa/ ukubona ngamehlo wengqondo, nokwenza ngcono ukuzwisia iphasi abahlala kilo. Nanyana kunjalo, ukugandeela kanye nesilinganiso sesikhathi sokulalela nokukhuluma ukusuka eGreyidinye-7 ukuya phezulu kungaphasi kunamakghono wokufunda nokutlola.

Ilimi lokuthoma lokwEngeza litjho ilimi elingasilo ilimi lekhaya kodwana lisetjenziselwa umnqophoothileko wokuthintana emphakathini, okutjho ukuthi, lilimi labo lokufunda nokufundisa efundweni. Ikerikhyulamu inikela isisekeloesinamandla ebafundini labo abazokusebenzisa ilimi lokuthoma lokwengeza njengelimi lokufundisa. Ekupheleni kweGreyidi ye-9, abafundi laba kufanele bakwazi ukusebenzisa ilimi labo lekhaya nelimi lokuthoma lokwengeza ngokupheleleko nangokuzithemba ngeenhoso ezihlukahlukeneke, okufaka hlangana nokufunda.

ESewula Afrika, inengi labafundi basebenzisa ilimi lokwengeza, kanengi i-English, njengeLimi lokuFunda nokuFundisa (LoLT). Lokhu kutjho bona kufanele bafinyelele ezingeni eliphezulu lekgpho le-English. Bathoga bonyana bakghone ukufunda nokutlola kuhle nge-English.

Izinga leLimi lokuThoma lokwEngeza lithatha kwangathi abafundi abanalo ilwazi lananyana ngiliphi iLimi lokhanabafika esikolweni. Umqopho eminyakeni embalwa yokuthoma yesikolweni kuthuthukisa amakghono wabafundi

wokuzwisia nokukhuluma ilimi - amakghono asisekelo wokuthintana ngokwakhe. EmaGreyidini 2 no 3 abafundi bathoma ukwakha ikghono lokutlola nokufunda kilesisisekelo sezomlomo. Basebenzisa namakghono wabo wokufunda nokutlola eseles bawafundile ngeLimi labo leKhaya.

EsiGabeni esiPhakathi nesiGabeni esiPhakamileko, abafundi baragela phambili nokuqinisa amakghono wabo wokulalela, ukukhuluma, ukufunda nokutlola. Kuleli zinga inengi labantwana bafunda ngeLimi labo lokuThoma lokwEngeza, i-English, begodu bafanele bathole ukuvezwa okunengi kilo. Ngakho ke, ukugandela okukhulu kubekwa ekusetjenzisweni kweLimi lokuThoma lokwEngeza ngeminqopho yokucabanga nokucabangisisa. Lokhu kuvumela abafundi bonyana bathuthukise amakghono wekosebenzisa umkhumbulo nelemuko kwezfundo, abawathlogako bonyana bafunde iimfundu ezifana neNatural Sciences, iMathematics, njll. nge-English. Bathoma ukuzibandakanya khudlwana namatheksti wezemitlolo bebatome ukuthuthukisa ikghono lethandabuhle nelokucabanaga eLimini labo lokwEngeza.

Ngesikhathi abafundi bangena esiGabeni esiPhakamileko, bafanele babe sele banamakghono alingeneko kiwo womibili amalimi okuliLimi LeKhaya neLimi lokuThoma lokwEngeza mayelana nawo womibili amakghono wokuthintana ngokwakhe nawokusebenzisa umkhumbulo nelemuko kwezfundo. Nanyana kunjalo, iqinso kukuthi inengi labafundi kuleli zinga basengakaghoni ukukhuluma ngefanelo eLimini labo lokwEngeza. Ngakho ke, isitjhijilo esisesiGabeni esiPhakamileko, kukunikela isekelo ebafundini laba ngasikhathi sinye kunikelwe ikerikhyulamu ezakwenza abafundi bakwazi ukuhlangabezana namazinga alindelekileko emaGreyidini alandelako. Amazinga la afanele abe ngendlela yokobana abafundi bangakghona ukusebenzisa iLimi labo lokwEngeza ezingeni eliphezulu lekghono ukubalungiselela izinga lefundu ephakamilekonofana iphasi lomsebenzi. Ngakhoke, kuperhanyiswa bonyana, lapho kukghoneka khona, abafundi abasesiGabeni esiPhakamileko bafundiswe imiqondo efanako emzombeni weemveke ezimbili kiwowomabili amazing welimi.

2.1.2 Amakghono welimi

Ikerikhyulamu yeLimi leKhaya ihlelwe ngokuya ngamakghono alandelako:

1	UkuLalela nokuKhuluma
2	UkuFunda nokuBukela
3	UkuTlola nokweThula
4	Izakhiwo nemithetjhwana yeLimi

2.1.3 Indlela zokufundisa ilimi

Indlela zokufundisa ilimi emitlolweni le zidzimelele emathekstini, indlela yokuthintana, indlela ehlanganisako begodu nendlela yekambiso.

Indlela edzimelele emathekstini begodu **nendlela yokuthintana** zombili ziyame ekusetjenzisweni okuragako kwamatheksti begodu nekukhqiqwani kwamatheksti. **Indlela edzimelele emathekstini** ihola bona amatheksti asebenza njani. Ihloso yendlela edzimelele emathekstini kukwenza abafundi bonyana babe nekghono, bazithembe begodu babe bafundi, batloli, babukeli nabatlami bamatheksti abahlola ngelihlo elihlabako. Kufaka hlangana ukulalela ukufunda, ukubukela begodu nokuhlaziya amatheksti ukuzwisia bonyana akhqiqizwa bunjani begodu anamipi imithelela. Ngokuthintana okuhlabako lokhu, abafundi bathuthukisa ikghono lokuhlola amatheksti. Indlela edzimelele ethekstini godu ifaka hlangana ukukhqiqa amatheksti ahlukahlukeneko ngehoso nabamukelilwazi abathileko. Indlela le ithuthukisa kuzwisia indlela amatheksti atlanywa ngayo.

Indlelayokuthintana iphakamisa bonyana lokha nakufundwa ilimi, umfundikufanele abe nesabelo esinengi sokuvezwa elimini elinqotjhiweko begodu abe namathuba amanengi wokuzijayezanofana wokukhiquza ilimi ngokukhulumisana/ngokuthintana ngomqopho wokuhalisana nofana ukuzijayeza. Ukufunda ilimi kufanele kudluliselwe ngetlasini lapho amakghono welitheresi wokufunda/ ukubukela nokutlola / nokwethula afundwa esikhathini esinengi ngokuthi bafunde, begodu bafunda ukutlola ngokwenza umsebenzi omnengi wokutlola.

Ukufundisa ilimi kwenzeka ngendlela ehlanganisako, lapho utitjhere alingisa/ atjengisa khona indlela yokwenza kuhle, abafundi bazijayeza/ baphrakthise amakghono afaneleko ngeenqhema ngaphambi kokusebenzisa amakghono lawo ngokuzijamela. Isakhiwo sesifundo ngasinye kufanele kube ngilesos esibandakanya itlasi loke ngaphambi kobana bazijayeze ngeenqhema begodu ngaphambi kokusebenzisa ikghono elitjha ngokuzijamela.

Indlela yekambiso isetjenziswa lokha abafundi bakhiqiza amatheksti wezomlomo natlololiweko. Abafundi bazibandakanya eengabeni ezahlukahlukeneko zekambiso yokulalela, ukukhuluma, ukufunda begodu nokutlola. Kufanele bacabange ngabamukelilwazi nehloso ngesikhathi sendlela yekambiso le. Lokhu kuza kwenza bonyana bakghone ukukhulumisana begodu baveze imicabango yabo ngendlela ezenzakalelako. Isibonelo, ukufundisa ukutlola akukanqophi emkhiqizweni kwaphela, kodwana kunqophe neendleleni yekambiso yokutlola. Ngesikhathi sendlela yekambiso yokutlola, abafundi bafundiswa bonyana bangayikhiquza bunjani imibono, ukucabanga ngehloso nabamukelilwazi, ukutlola imitlhatalhabeo, uku-editha umsebenzi wabo begodu nokwethula umkhiqizo otloliweko okhuluma / oveza imicabango yabo.

Indlela zokufundisa zemidlolo

Ukufundisa zemidlolo kufanele kudzimelele ekufundiseleni ukuzwisia begodu kuzakufaka hlangana amaqhingga wendlela yekambiso yokufunda (ukulungiselela ukufunda, ukufunda, nangemva kokufunda). Isizathu esiqakathekileko sokufunda zemidlolo ngetlasini kuthuthukisa ebafundini izwelo lokusebenzisa ilimi ngendlela ekhethekileko ehlwengeke khudlwana kwezemidlolo, ukufanekisa, ngokwamatshwayo, begodu nokunikela umqondo ojule khudlwana kunanyana ngayini enye ezabe bayifundile. Ngasikhathi amatheksti amanengi wezemidlolo ayindlela yokuzithabisa, ukuhlekisa, nofana ukuveza okuthile, abatloli abancamileko batlama amanovel, imidlalo neenkondlo ngombana banemibono, imicabango nezinto; iinkambisolawulo, irherho lemibono yekolelo begodu nekolelo abayitlhoga khulu bonyana babelane ngayo nofana bayiveze ebafundini babo abalindekileko. Indlela yokucabanga abasebenzisa ngayo ilimi iliqhinga elingezelelweko lokuveza, ukuqinisa begodu nokutjengisa imibono yabo.

Ukufindisa zemidlolo akusilula, kodwana akukghoneki ngaphandle komcabango womuntu ngokwakhe begodu nehlathululo ethembekileko begodu nemibono evela ebafundini ngokwabo. Ngaphandle kokuthi bafunde bonyana bangawazwisia bunjani amatheksti wezemidlolo ngokwabo, angekhe bafunde okunengi. Esikhathini esinengi abotitjhere kufanele balawule/ bangavezi ihlathululo okungeyabo emathekstini wezemidlolo, bavumele abafundi bonyana bazibandakanye khudlwana ngendlela abangakghona ngayo. Ihlathululo ayiyi ngokuthi okutjhiwo mumuntu kulungile nofana akukalungi. Kumayelana nokufenisa bonyana yini enikela ofundako/ umfundu umqondo ozwakalako.

Indlela ezilungileko zokufundisa zemidlolo zizakufaka hlangana okhunye nofana koke okulandelako.

- Yenza woke umzamo wokobana ufunda ubunengi betheksti ngetlasini ngendlela ongakghona ngayo ngaphandle kokulisa/ kokuphumula wenze omunye umsetjenzana. Lokhu akukafaneli bonyana kuthathe isikhathi esidlula iimveke ezimbili. Kuqakathekile bonyana abafundi bazi / babe nombono ohluzekileko wokobana kwenzekani ezingeni elisisekelo letheksti / basathoma ukufunda itheksti. Ukuthatha isikhathi eside khulu ufunda itheksti, kuyakulimaza ukuzwisia okuhlwengekileko kokucoca ngokulandelana kwezelhakalo nesakhiwo. Amanye amatiasi angafunda amatheksti ngaphandle kwesekelo elinjalo. Lokho kwenzelwa bonyana bakhuthazeke. Kufanele kufundiswe *ubukondlo*, ingasi *iinkondlo*. Funda ezinengi ngendlela okungakghoneka ngayo ngetlasini, begodu uqinisekise bonyana abafundi bayazitlola nabo iinkondlo.

- Ukuhlathulula zemitlolo kuhle-kuhle kumusebenzi wezinga leyunivesithi. Abafundi esigabeni lesi akutlhogeki bonyana bafunde izinga elithuthukileko leli lokurhumutjha. Nanyana kunjalo, ihloso yokufundisa amatheksti wezemitlolo kutjengisa abafundi bonyana iLimi labo leKhaya lingasetjenziswa bunjani ngokufihlekileko, ngokuhlakanipha, ngengqondo nangekghono. Lokhu kutjho ukuthi ukuqalisisa indlela itheksti itlanywa ngayo, ukurherha, begodu yabuye yahlelwa ngayo ukuhlathulula nokugandelela okutjhawoko. Umsebenzi onjalo ungahle ufake hlangana ukuhlola ukuba khonanofana ukungabikhona kokufanekisa; mhlobo bani wokufanekisa okukhethwe mtloli begodu kubayini; izakhiwo zomutjho neengabanofana isakhiwo seenkondlo; ukukhetha amagama, umtlamo oragela phambili ethekstini yoke; ukusetjenziswa kwetshwayo, itjhada nombala lapho ufuneka khona. Ubuengi bomsebenzi lo kufanele budzimelele ethekstini, kodwana ukuhlaziya itheksti umuda ngomuda kungatjhabalalisa ukufihleka kwayo.
- Ukutlanywa komtlolo kufanele kunanyathisewa eduze nokufunda enye nenye itheksti yezemitlolo. Ukutlola imisetjenzana efuna ukuzwisa okungeneleleko kwetheksti efundwako kungatjengisa ukurheleba okukhulu ekufinyeleleni amazinga anokuhlakanipha kokubuka ehlangothini labafundi. Ukuccosana ngetlasini kungaba namakhakhazela nange boke bazibandakanya. Kodwana ukuccosana kwangetlasini okurholela emsetjenzaneni otlolwako kurheleba ukucacisa ihloso begodu namakhakhazela wakho kokubili.
- Kokugcina, kuqakathekile ukutjengisa bonyana Zemitlolo azikaphathelani neempendulo ezifaneleko. Itheksti yoke itjho okuthize, ingasi iinqetjhana zayo kwaphela; ukufunda okuhle kwetheksti kufaka hlangana ukuhlathulula ithesti yoke, ukutlama, ubuyena, begodu nehloso yokuthola okuthile.

Ezinye indlela zokufundisa zemitlolo ezingahlanganiswa nokufundisa isifundo sokuzwisa nokuzwisa amatshwayo aqakathekileko wezemitlolo ngilezi; **indlela yokulandelanisa kuhle, indlela yomtloli, ummongo begodu neendlela zamajenri.** indlela lezi zingahlanganiswa.

Endeleni **yokulandelanisa kuhle**, abafundi bangenza irhubhululo bebahlanganise isifundo sezemitlolo nezehlakalo zokomlando ezenzeke ngesikhathi esifanako.

Endeleni **yomtloli**, abafundi bangazibandakanya ekufundeni kabanzi nangokujulileko ngomtloli khulukhulu kwezemitlolo begodu banglobanisa iinkondlo zakhe nesikhathi esithile sezemilando.

Endeleni **ummongo**, abafundi bangaqala imimongo efana nezobulungiswa, ukuphumelela, zethando, njll. eenkondlweni ezimbalwanofana emihlobeni ehlukahlukeneko yamajenri begodu bazihlobanise nezehlakalo zobuphilo bamambala. Bangenza ezahlulelo ngalokho okwenziwa mlingisi begodu baphawule ngommongo.

Mayelana nendlela **yamajenri**, abafundi bangahlukanisa ngeengaba, bamadanise begodu bahlukanise imihlobo ehlukahlukeneko yamajenri wezemitlolo, isib. umehluko hlangana nezakhiwo enovelini/ indatjana efitjhani/ umdlalo wesiteji (idrama)/ umtlolo-ndabuko.

indlela zokufundisa ukusetjenziswa kwelimi

Ukufundisa izakhiwo zelimi kufanele kunqotjhiswe ekuthini ilimi lisetjenziswa bunjani nokuthi kungenzwani ngelimi, o.u. ingenziwa bunjani ihlathululo, ingabonelewa bunjani imiraro nethando lento, amandla wokurherha abangani nabalingani, begodu nokuthi ungayakha bunjani ipilo enothileko yokuhlalisana. Ukufundiswa kwezakhiwo zelimi kufanele kube mariyadlhana wokwenza bonyana izinto zenzeke.

Ngalokho ke, ukufundiswa kwezakhiwo zelimi/ izakhiwo zehlelo kufanele kudzimelele ethekstini, ekuthintaneni begodu nendleleni ehlanganisiweko.

Imigomo elandelako kufanele iyelelwe lokha nakufundiswa izakhiwo zelimi:

- Ihlelo kufanele lifundiselwe ukwakha amatheksti ebujameni bawo bokuwasebenzisa- ngamanye amagama, kumayelana nelimi lamambala.
- Ukusetjenziswa kwehlelo akukafeneli bonyana kubekelwe imikhawulo yokutsenga imitjho ezijameleko-kufanele kuwlathulule indlela imitjho ehleleke ngayo ukwenzela ukwakha itheksti yoke njenge ndatjana, amaseseyi, iincwadi, amaripoti afundwa begodu atlolle bafundi esikolweni.
- Ukusetjenziswa komatheriyali othembekako okufana nekulumo pendulwano, ama-inthavyu, kufanele kukhuthazwe.
- Hlobanisa isakhiwo selimi nokusetjenziswa kwelimi emazingeni ahlukahlukene ko wezokuhlalisana, isib. ukuveza imicabangonofana imizwa yomuntu; ukwethula abantu; ukukhulumanofana ukripota izinto, izenzeko, izehlakalono fana abantu ebhodulukweni, esikhathini esidlulilekonofana esizako; ukwenza iimbawo; ukwenza iintjhukumiso; ukupha ukudlanofana isiselo nokwamukelanofana ukwala ngokuzithoba; ukunikela nokuphendula iinlayelo; ukumadanisano kuhluhanisa izinto.
- Sebenzisa imisetjenzana yangekumbeni yokufunda ehlobanisa izakhiwo zelimi nemisebenzi, isib.umutjho wesikhathi esidlulileko one-eseyi ecocako neripoti etlolwako; indlela yesenzo eyamileko ene-eseyi eveza imizwa.
- Nqophisa emisebenzini eqakatheskileko. Ukubuthelela imithetho yehlelo leLimi akwenzi bonyana umfundi akghone ukusebenzisa ilimi ngokuhlangeneko nangendlela ezwakalako. Ngakho ke okusenza bonyana sibe netjisakalo kukhathalela isakhiwo nomsebenzi ngaphezu kwezinga lomutjho, o.u. ngendlela abantu abasebenzisa ngayo ilimi elikhulunywako (ikulumo ngesifundo esithileko)nofana ilimi elitloliweko (itheksti) ngeendlela ezhlangeneko neziswesekako.

2.2 UKWABIWA KWESIKHATHI ELIMINI LEKHAYA

Isikhathi sokufundisa iLimi leKhaya neLimi lokuThoma lokwEngeza ma-iri ama-5 nama iri ama-4 ngokulandelana ngeveke njengoba umthetho-kambiso uqintele. Nanyana kunjalo, esiGabeni esiphakamileko, kutjhukunyiswa bonyana ama iri ama-5 anikelwe ilimi lokufunda nokufundisa begodu ama iri ama-4 anikelwe elinye ilimi elikatelelwoko. Inkolo ezisebenzisa iLimi lokuThoma lokwEngeza njenge limi lokufunda nokufundisa, kufanele zinikele ilimi lelo ama iri ama-5.

Koke okumumethweko elimini kufundiswa ngomzombe weemveke ezimbili (ama-iri ali-10, abu (8)). **Abotitjhhere akukafanele bonyana badzimelele ngokungasikinyeki emzombeni lo, kodwana kufanele baqinisekise bonyana amakghono welimi, khulukhulu ukufunda nokutlola kuyajayezwa(phrakthiswa).** Isikhathi esabelwe amakghono ahlukahlukene ko welimi emaGreyidini 7-9, ziimveke ezima 36. Iimveke ezine zenzelwe ihlosoyeenhlahlubo-iimveke ezimbili zibekelwe iinhlahlubo zangoMgwengweni begodu ezinye iimveke ezimbili zibekelwe iinhlahlubo zangoNobayeni.

Incwadi okuhlelwa kiyo iinkathi kufanele inikele isikhathi esiragela phambili seemfundo ezimbili ezilekeneko qobe ngeveke. Emzombeni weemveke ezimbili kuhakanyiswe ukwabiwa kwesikhathi esilandelako mayelana namakghono ahlukahlukene ko welimi:

Ukwabiwa kwesikhathi esiphakanyisiweko kwelimi lokufunda nokufundisa (LoLT)

AMAKGHONO	UKWABIWA KWESIKHATHI NGOMZOMBE WEEMVEKE EZIMBILI (AMA-IRI)		
	IGREYIDI 7	IGREYIDI 8	IGREYIDI 9
*Ukulalela nokuKhuluma (okukhulunywako/ zomlomo)	Ama iri ama-2		
*Ukufunda nokuBukela	Ama iri ama-3 namaminithi ama-30 (I-iri li-1 namaminithi ama -45 wesifundo sokuzwisia begodu ne iri li-1 namaminithi ama -45 wamatheksti wezemitlolo)		
*UkuTlola nokweThula	Ama iri ama-3 namaminithi ama -30		
Izakhiwo nemithetjhwana yelimi	I iri li -1 *izakhiwo nemithetjhwana yeLimi nokusetjenziswa kwayo kuhlanganiswe esikhathini esabiweko samakghono amane weLimi. Kunesinye isikhathi esabelwe ukuzijayeza okuhlelekileko. Amakghono wokucabanga nokucabangisisa ahlanganiswe emakghonweni nemaqhingeni afuneka ekuLaleleni nekuKhulumeni, ekuFundeni nekuBukeleni, begodu nekuTloleni noKwethuleni.		

Ukwabiwa kwesikhathi esiphakanyisiweko kwelinye ilimi elikatelelekileko

AMAKGHONO	UKWABIWA KWESIKHATHI NGOMZOMBE WEEMVEKE EZIMBILI (AMA-IRI)		
	IGREYIDI 7	IGREYIDI 8	IGREYIDI 9
*Ukulalela nokuKhuluma (okukhulunywako/ zomlomo)	Ama iri ama-2		
*Ukufunda nokuBukela	Ama iri ama-3 (I-iri li-1 namaminithi ama -30 wesifundo sokuzwisia begodu ne iri li-1 namaminithi ama -30 wamatheksti wezemitlolo)		
*UkuTlola nokweThula	Ama iri ama-2		
Izakhiwo nemithetjhwana yelimi	I iri li -1 *izakhiwo nemithetjhwana yeLimi nokusetjenziswa kwayo kuhlanganiswe esikhathini esabiweko samakghono amane weLimi. Kunesinye isikhathi esabelwe ukuzijayeza okuhlelekileko. Amakghono wokucabanga nokucabangisisa ahlanganiswe emakghonweni nemaqhingeni afuneka ekuLaleleni nekuKhulumeni, ekuFundeni nekuBukeleni, begodu nekuTloleni noKwethuleni.		

2.3 UMETHIRIYALI OSEKELA UKUFUNDA NOKUFUNDISA

Abafundi bafanele babe nalokhu okulandelako ukufunda iLimi leKhaya emaGreyidini 7- 9:

AMAGREYIDI 7- 9	
Umatheriyali omummongo	
Incwadi yelimi eqintelweko Umhlahlandela kaitijhere nencwadi yomufundi	✓
Inovel	✓
lindatjana ezifitjhani	✓
Umtlolo-ndabuko	✓
Umdlalo (idrama)	✓
linkondlo	✓
Isihlathululi-mezwi	✓
Umatheriyali weenrhatjhi	
Amaphephandaba	✓
Abomagazini	✓
Amahlelo womrhatjho wokukhuluma/ imidlalo(amadrama)	✓
Amahlelo wakamabonwakude/ imidlalo (amadrama)/ amadokhyumenthari	✓

Abotitjhere belimi lekhaya kufanele babe nalokhu:

- (a) Umtlolo wesiTatimende somThetho-kambiso weKharikhyulamu nokuHlola
- (b) UmThetho-kambiso weLimi kwezeFundo (i-LiEP)
- (c) Incwadi yokuFunda yelimi eqintelweko esetjenziswa bafundi nezinye iincwadi zokufunda ezimithombo ukungezelela kileyo eqintelweko.
- (d) Isihlathululi-mezwi (esilimi-lnye, esilimi-mbili, esimalimi-nengi, ithesarasi)
- (e) Amajenri wezemittlolo aqintelweko.
- (f) Imihlobo ehlukahlukenecho yamamethiriyali weenrhatjhi: amaphephandaba, abomagazini, amabhrotjha, amaflaya, njll.
- (g) Ukufumaneka kweensiza ezilalelwako/ ezibukelwako ezizokusetjenziswa ngelasini.
- (h) Ezinye iinsiza ezizinrhatjhi (imihlobo ehlukahlukenecho yamaphephandaba, abomagazini namabhrotjha)

linsetjenziswa zangetlasini

- a) Imihlobo ehlukahlukenecho yamatheksti ukwenzela amazing ahlukahlukenecho wokufunda, isib. iincwadi ezikhethekileko zokufunda ezinamakhophi wamatheksti alingeneko ezingeni ngalinye ngelasini.
- b) Imihlobo ehlukahlukenecho yamamethiriyali weenrhatjhi: amaphephandaba, abomagazini amabhrotjha, amaflaya, iinkhangiso, amaphostara, izaziso, njll.
- c) linsiza ezilalelwako/ ezibukelwako.

ISIGABA 3 OKUMUMETHWEKO NAMAHLELO WOKUFUNDISA AMAKGHONO WELIMI

3.1 UMBONOMAZOMBE WAMAKGHONO WELIMI- IINDLELA ZEENKAMBISO NAMAQHINGA, IMIHLOBO NOBUDE BAMATHEKSTI

3.1.1 UkuLalela nokuKhuluma

UkuLalela nokuKhuluma kumgogodlha oqakathekileko ekufundeni zoke iimfundu. Ngokulalela nokukhuluma ngefanelo, abafundi babuthelela bebahlanganise ilwazi, bakhe ilwazi, bararulule imiraro, bebaveze imibono. Amakghono wokulalela ngelihlo elihlabako enza abafundi bakghone ukubona amagugu nemikghwa emumethwe matheksti bebaphose iseleta elimini elithatha ubuhlangotha neliphatha buqobolwana. Ukulalela nokukhuluma makghono ahlukileko kodwana elinye liyame kwelinye ikghono. Womabili athulwa njalo ngendlela engakalungiselelwa ngetlasini njengombana abamntwana bathola bebacocisane ngelwazi. Ukulalela nokukhuluma okuhlelekileko ngendlela ekhethekileko, isib. Ikululumo-pikiswano, ifuna iinlayelo/ imileyo eqalene nayo. Ukulalela nokukhuluma okuhlelekileko/ okulungiselelweko nokungakahleiki/ kokungakalungiselelwa kuhlanganiswe nokufunda, nokutlola nokuzijayeza/ nokuphrakthisa ilimi begodu ukukhuluma kungaveza itheksti etlolweko ibe sebijameni bezomlomo (isib. Ukufundela phezulu).

Indlela yekambiso namaqhinga wokulalela

Ilinlayelo zokuLalela esikhathini esinengi zizokubandakanya ukusebenza ngamatshwayo wendlela yekambiso yokulalela. Lamazinga amathathu womsebenzi atjengisaamaqhinga wokulalela ngokuzijamelaukphula nokuzwisia ikulumo nezinye iindlela zokuzwa. Akusingiwo woke amagadango wendlela yekambiso azokusetjenziswa ngasosoke isikhathi. Isibonelo, nange abafundi balalela ihlathululo erekhodiweko bazokudinga ukwenza umsebenzi **wokulungiselela ukulalela** ozobalemukisa ngesidingo sokunqophaekulaleleni bekubasize bahlobanise nelemuko labo. Imisetjenzana **yokuLalela** izobasiza bonyana bakhumbule imininingwana bebalhunge umlayezo. **Ngemva kokulalela** kungahle kubandakanye abafundi ekuphenduleni lokho abakuzwileko ekucocisaneni.

Imisetjenzana **yokuLalela** ukuzwisia nokuhlola kunikela abafundi ithuba lokufundisa abafundi bonyana bangalalela bunjani.

Ukulungiselela ukulalela kungenisa abafundi ebujameni bokulalela. Kubavumela bonyana batherhulule ilwazi labo elidlulileko lesihloko, bebasilungiselele ukulalela.

- Ukuhlahlambisa/ ukutherhulula ilwazi langaphambili ngaphambili kokulalela
- Ukubonela phambili bonyana itheksti imayelana nani ukusukela esihlokweni.
- Ukusebenzisa nanyana ngiliphi ilwazimagama eliqakathekileko abafundi abangakalijayeli
- Seta imibuzo yokulungiselela ukulalela ukunqophisa ekulalelisensi kwabafundi
- Lungiselelwa ngokuthi baphathe, isibonelo, ipensela nephepha lokutiola amanowuthi

Ngesikhathi sokulalela-ukubuza, ukukhumbula, ukumadanisa, ukutlola amanowuthi, ukurhumutjha: abafundi:

- Bahlaziya:
 - Umlayezo,
 - Isikhulumi, no
 - Bufakazi besikhulumi
- Bahlanganisa abakuzwako ngengqondo
- Bathole ihlathululo
- Babuze imibuzo
- Bathatha iinqunto nokuqinisekisa ibonelo phambili
- Bacabangisise bebahlungue

Ngemva kokulalela kalandela ilemuko labo lokulalela. Abafundi

- Babuza imibuzo
- Bakhuluma ngalokho okutjiwo sikhulumi
- Babuyekeza amanowuthi
- Barhunyeza okwethuliweko ngomlomo
- Batjhugulula ilwazi elisuselwa kwezomlomo ukuya kokutloliweko isib.kusetjenziswa ilwazi ukulebula idayagramu
- Bahlaziya bebahlungue ngelihlo lokuhlabo lokho abakuzwileko
- Bahlanganisa ilwazi elitjha nelwazi langaphambili
- Thatha isiqunto; bayahlunga; baveza imibono yabo: baphendule ngelihlo elihlabako

IMIHLOBO EHLUKAHLUKENEKO YOKULALELA	
UkuLalelela ilwazi elinqophileko	<p>Ukulalela, kunokuzwa nje kwaphela, kuhlala kuqakathekile kunanyana ngiyiphi ipendulo yobuhlakanis esemhlaben osizombelezileko. Emhlabeni lapho itheknoloji itlama khona amatjhada angenamkhawulo, amaphimbo, umbhino begodu nokukhuluma, ukufunda ukulalelela kwaphela lokho okuqakathekilekonofana okulisizo kuba ngokuqakathekileko. Okunengi kwalokho okuserhelweni elingenzasi akuzokuba ngokungakajayeleki ebafundini balesi sigaba. Abothitjhera kudingeka bonyana basebenze kwaphela ngeleziindlela zekambiso njengombana bacabanga bonyana itlasi labo liyazidina.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuhlahlambisa/ ukutharhulula ilwazi langaphambili ngaphambi kokulalela • Ukuqinisekisa umnqopho wesikhulumi • Ukunikela itjhejo elizeleko emsebenzini yokulalela nokutjengisa irhuluphelo • Ukuthola ihlathululo • Ukuhlola ukuzwisia umlayezo ngokuhlanganisa, ukwenza nokuqinisekisa amabonelo phambili, ukuthatha iinquito, ukuhlunga nokucabangisia/ ukuzindla • Uktlolola imileyo yamanowuthi azwakalako, uktlolola imebhe, ukuhlela ngamananeko, ukurhunyeza, ukwenza irhelo lokuhlola, uktlolola ngamagama wakho ngaphandle kokutjhugulula ihlathululo, ukubuyeleta ucoce, ukuhlathulula • Ukuhlukanisa umlayezo esikhulumini • Ukyeleta ubudlelwana phakathi kobujamo nokukhetha amagama nesakhiwo • Ukubona, ukurhumutjha nokuhlunga imilayezo • Ukuzwisia iinlayelo, ukulandela imithala emebheni nokulandela iinkambiso • Ukulemuka imibono eqakathekileko nesekelako • Ukudlulisa ilwazi ngoku: madanisa, ukulandela iinlayelo, ukuzalisa iinkhala, ukulemuka imahluko, ukutshwaya izinto, ukudlulisa ilwazi, ukulandelanisa, ukumadanisa, ukurhumutjha ihlathululo • Ukwenza ilandeleta ngokuthuliweko ngoku: phendula imibuzo, buyekeza amanowuthi, hlela imibono ngamananeko, rhunyeza, hlathulula, cabangisia / zindla, khulumanofana uktlolola
Ukulalelela ukuzwisia nokukhuluma	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukubuyeleta ucoce indatjana • Ukuhumbula imininigwana ethile esethekstini • Ukucabangisia ngamagugu nemilayezo esethekstini • Ukucabangisia ngokudzimelela kokholelwa kikho nobuhlangothi • Ukuococa ngomlingisi, isakhiwo nesizinda • Ukuveza imibono • Uktlhadhula imibuzo
UkuLalelela ukuhlaziya nokuhlunga ngelihlo elihlabako	<p>lindlela zekambiso ezinengi ezirheliswe ngenzasi zilisizo ekufundeni amatheksti wezomtlolo, wemikhangiso neencwadi zepolitiki. Ngemuva komsebenzi wokulalela, abotitjhere banikela ithuba lokucocisana, kodwana kuqakathekile bonyana kutjhugululwe imisetjenzana le ibe ngetlolwako. Isiqetjhana esifitjhani esibuya efilimini ewakalako, isibonelo, ingasetjenziselwa ukuthoma i-eseyi ecocako. (“Yini oyizwako kuhlehl? Yenza umqondo ngakho ”). Ukukhetha amagama ambalwa welimi elithinta imizwa asuselwe ekulumeni,nofana ekufundweni kwekondlo kungahlanganiswa kube siqetjhana esitlolwako esifaneleko esisebujameni obuthile.Ukfaka hlangana amagama esitatimendeni esiphikisana nalokho okutjhiwe ekulumeni: nofana ukusebenzia amagama asekondlweni yakhe ukuze ukuzwisiswa kwamagama kucace.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukubona nokurhumutjha ilimi lokwenzisa, elithinta imizwa nelibuqqobolwana, elibuhlangothi, elizindlako, nelidzimelela kokholelwa kikho • Ukuhlukanisa phakathi kwamaphuzu nemibono • Uktjengisa ilemuko nokurhumutjha iphimbo, ibelo nokusetjenziswa kwelimi • Ukuzwisia istayela, iphimbo nerejista nokuhlunga ngefanelo • Ukuzwisia ukulamana kwelwazi ngefanelo • Ukwenza ise hlulelo nokunikela ubufakazi • Ukufunisela nokubonela phambili ngemiphumela • Ukuhendula ukusetjenziswa kwelimi, ukukhetha amagama, isakhiwo nokuphimisa.

IMIHLOBO EHLUKAHLUKENEKO YOKULALELA	
Ukulalelela ukubuka nokuthintana	<p>Imisetjenzana yokulalela yenza ijayezo elingcono kukulumo-pikiswano, ekucocisaneni kwesiqhema esincani nanyana ngikuphi ukucocisana okuhlelekileko.</p> <p>Ukubukela iinhlokwana ezitlolwe efilimini kungaba lirhelebho ekuhlungeni amatshwayo afana nalawo arheliwe ngenzasi.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuphendula ebujameni obuthileko bokukhulumisana/ bokuthintana • Ukudlheganu nakukhulunyiswanako • Ukuvikela ubujamo obuthileko • Ukuba imibuzo ukuragisela phambili ikulumo • Ukuphendula ilimi, ilimi lomzimba, ukuthintana ngamehlo • Ukutjengisa ukuzwisia ubudlewana phakathi kwelimi nesiko ngokutjengisa ihlonipho yemithetho yamasiko. • Ukuphendula kumakhwalithi wethandabuhle wetheksti yezomlomo, isib, igido, ibelo, imiphumela yamatjhada, ukufanekisa

Ubude bamatheksti okufanele busetjenziswe ekulaleleleni isifundo sokuzwisia

UMSEBENZI	IGREYIDI 7	IGREYIDI 8	IGREYIDI 9
Amatheksti amade wokulalelela ukuzwisia isib, indatjana, ama-inthavyu, imidlalo, imibiko yeendaba	amagama ali 150-200 / ukufika emaminithini ama-5	amagama ama 200-250 / ukufika emaminithini ama-5	amagama ama 250-300 / ukufika emaminithini ama- 5
Amatheksti amafitjhani wokulalelela ukuzwisia, isib, iimemezelo, amatheksti welwazi, iinlayelo, iinkombatjhuba	amagama ama 60-70 iminithi li 1-2	amagama ama 70-80 iminithi li 1-2	amagama ama 80-100 iminithi li 1-2
Ukufundela ukuzwisia/ amatheksti wokufundisa ngokungeneleko	amagama ama 150-200	amagama ama 200-250	amagama ama 250-300

Ukukhuluma

EsiGabeni esiPhakamileko abafundi bafanele bafundiswenofana bakhwi bonyana bakwazi ukukhuluma ngokuzigedla nangokunembako njengombana lokhu kungaba lilifa eliqakathekileko emaphilweni wabo, kikho kokubili ngokwakhe nangekekghono lokufundelweko.Ukwakha ukuzethemba kuqakathekhe khulu kunanyana ngiliphi iqhinga elinqotjhiwekonofana iqhinga lokukhuluma emphakathini. Abafundi bafanele bazi bonyana nabakhulumako akuzokuba nokudelelananofana ukunyaza. Kufanele baqinisekiswe ngesekelo nangokukhuthazwa ngutitjhore ngaso soke isikhathi.

Abafundi besiGaba esiPhakamileko bafanele bafundisweamaqhingaaqakathekileko asisekelosokunikelaikulume ehle. Izingalokubekezelalingahle litjengiswe abafundi ngokubona isidingo esenziwa kuthintana ngokomlomo kibo.

Indlela yekambiso namaqhinga wokukhuluma

Ukufundiswa kokukhuluma kufanele kufake hlangana ilwazi lekambiso namaqhinga wokukhulumisana (ukubuyeleta ulandele umkhondo, ukubuyeleta wakhe imitjhvana, ukujamiselela, ukutjengisa, ilimi lomzimba, ukukhuluma buthule, amatjhada nokubawa ukulekelela). Ukufundisa indlela yekambiso yokukhuluma imumethe iingaba ezimbili ezilandelako:

- Ukuhlela- ukurhubhulula nokubuthelela
- Ukuwijayeza nokwethula

Ukuhlela-ukurubhulula nokubuthelela

Abaundi bafanele bakwazi ukutjengisa ukuhlela, ukurubhulula nokubuthelela amakghono wokwethula ngomlomo ngoku:

- Sebenzisa irejista, istayela nelizwi ngokuya ngokwabamukelilwazi, ihloso, ubujamo nommongo ngefanelo.
- Sebenzisa ilimi elifaneleko (ukukhetha amagama) ngoku:
 - Sebenzisa izenzo, imihlobo ehlukahlukene ko yeemphawulo nezandiso ukunikela umbono onqophileko, imininingwana nehlathululo ecacileko nakukhulunywako, isibonelo. ikulomo, ukucoca indatjana, ikulomo-pikiswano.
 - Sebenzisa ilwazi lamagama amqondofana namqondophika, abomabizwafane negama elilodwa elijamele umutjhwana
 - Sebenzisa amagama wokubolekwa, wefuzo namatjha
 - Sebenzisa ilimi elifanisako (iimfenqo, izitjho, izaga) iphimbo, umoya wekondlonofana ihlaya / ikghono lokuhlekisa
 - Sebenzisa iinrhunyezo
 - Sebenzisa umrabhu, iinthomo neenlungelo
 - Sebenzisa ubulili, ubunengi neenciphiso
 - Sebenzisa iimphawulo nezandiso
- Ukutjengisa ilemuko lelimi elihlabako ngoku:
 - Nikela amaphuzu nokuveza imibono
 - Veza ihlathululo yegama elisesihlathululi-mezwini nehlathululo efanekisako, efihlakeleko
 - Veza amagugu, imimoya, ubuhlangothi, ukudzimelela kokholewa kikho, ilimi lemizwa, lokwenzisa, nelibuqobolwana isib, ekulumeni ekholwisako
- Ukusetjenziswa kweensetjenziswa neenkombisi ezitjengisa bonyana ilwazi ungalithola kuphi njengeenhlahululi-mezwini namatheserasini ukukhetha ilwazimagama eliphumelelisako nelinembako nokwethula ikulomo ngokusebenzisa amanowuthi namaphropsi, okuzwakalako noku/ nofana okubonwako, iinsiza namagrafu ukwenzelela bonyana kwenze ngcono ikulomo ethulwako ukuthi idose beyinembe

Ukuzijayeza nokwethula

Abafundi bafanele bazijayeze bebatjengise amakghono wokwethula ngomlomo ngoku:

- Khuluma bunqopha kubamukelilwazi
- Layela iinsetjenziswa ezifaneleko abazisebenzisileko
- Faka hlangana imihlobo ehlukahlukene ko yamaphuzu neembonelo ngokuya ngeemfuneko zomsebenzi
- Sebenzisa isingeniso nesiphetho esifaneleko (ngokusebenzisa abodzubhula bezemitlolo, iinkombiso ezitjengisa bonyana ilwazi ungalithola kiyiphi imithombo egunyaziweko, ama-anakhdothi)
- Thuthukisa imibono nepikiswano - okumumethweko kungokokuthoma, ukutlama, ukukhambelana, ukutjengisa ukuthuthukisa nokuhlela amaphuzu, iimbonelo nemibono,

- Sebenzisa amatshwayo wezakhiwo zekulumo(isib, isingeniso, ukudlulela kokuthoma kokwesibili, umzimba, isiphetho) ngokwakha ipikiswano ezwakalako / enengqondo nokusebenzisa ubukghwari bokukholwisa nekulumo-pikiswano
- Sebenzisa izakhiwovo zokuhlela njengokulamanisa ngefanelo, iinhloko, unobangela nomphumela, ukumadanisa-ukuhlukanisa, umraro-nesisombululo ukwazisa nokukholwisa
- Sebenzisa ihlukalizwi ngefanelo
- Ethula nokuragisela phambili ipikiswano ecacileko nokukhetha umhlobo ofaneleko wesiqinisekiso (istatistiki/ iimbalobalo, ubufakazi, izehlakalo ezinqophileko) ezihlangabezana nokuvivinywa okulinganisiweko njengobufakazi, okufaka hlangana ukuthembeka, ubuqiniso, nokukhambelana
- Sebenzisa imihlobo ehlukileko yokwethula ikulomonofana ukubuyeleta: bomma nabobaba; Ngithanda ukugandelela lokhu...
- Sebenzisa izakhiwovo nemithetjhwana yelimi ngefanelo njenga:
 - izenso neensizasenzo eziveza iinkhathi nobujamo bamazizo ngokunqophileko
 - ukusebenzisa iinkhekhe/ iingcezu zekulomo ukuveza ukukhulumisana kwangamalanga
- Ukusebenzisa imibuzo engadingi ipendulo, ukuphumula, ukubuyeleta
- ukusebenzisa amatheknikh wokukhuluma newokusebenzisa ilimi lomzimba (isib.iphimbo, ukulinganisa iphimbo/ imojuletjhini, ukuphakama kwephimbo, ibelo, imitjhwana, ukuthintana ngamehlo, ukuqaleka kobuso, ukukhuluma ngezitho zomzimba nelimi lomzimba) ukwenzela ukwethula

IMIHLLOBO YAMATHEKSTI WOKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	
Ikulomo elungiselelwko	<p>Ukwazisa/ ukwenzisa/ ukwabelana nokunikela iinzathu ngombono</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukukhetha isihloko serhubhululo esifaneleko <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Eminye imihlobo yerhubhululo ifanele ibonakale - Isakhiwo esifaneleko (isingeniso, umzimba nesiphetho) - Kufanele kube nokuhlobana nesihloko - Ipikiswano nofana umbono edosa ipendulo ecatjangisiswe kuhle ngabanye - Ukwethula imibono ngokucacileko ukutjengisa ilemuko labamukelilwazi nomnqopho
Ikulomo engakalungiselelw	<p>Ukwethula ikulomo ngaphandle kokuyilungiselela ngaphambili/ ukuhlela ilandelano msinyazana/ ngokurhabako/ ukusebenzisa amaqhinga wekulomo ngesikhajhna esifitjhani.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukusebenzisa isakhiwo esifaneleko (isingeniso, umzimba nesiphetho) • Ifanele umnqopho • Ukusebenzisa iphimbo, ukulinganisa iphimbo, ibelo, ukuthintana ngamehlo, ubujamo nokukhuluma ngelimi lomzimba • Irejista nephimbo elifanele abamukelilwazi • Ukusebenzisa ilwazimagama nezakhiwo zelimi ngefanelo • Ibe yifitjhani kodwana inqophe

IMIHLOBO YAMATHEKSTI WOKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	
UkuFundu okulungiselelweko (ukuFundela phezulu)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuzwisa isiqephu kuyavezwa • Isiqephu sifundwa butjhelela • Iphimbo liyaliganiswa • Amagama aphinyiswa ngokucacileko • Ukuphumula lapho okufaneleko • Ukugcinwa kobudlelwana babamukelilwazi • Isiqephu esikhethiweko sibonelela abamukelilwazi • Ubude besiqephu obufaneleko
Ukufunda okungakalungiselelwa (ukufundela phezulu)	<p>Ukwabelana ngetheksti ayitlolilekonofana etlolwe ngabanye ukwenzela ukuzithabisa</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuzwisa isiqephu kuyavezwa • Isiqephu sifundwa butjhelela • Iphimbo liyaliganiswa • Amagama aphinyiswa ngokucacileko • Ukuphumula lapho okufaneleko • Ukugcinwa kobudlelwana babamukelilwazi • Isiqephu esikhethiweko sibonelela abamukelilwazi • Ubude besiqephu obufaneleko
Ikulumo-pikiswano	<p>Ukuphikisana ngemibono ehlukaneko ngesihloko esikhethiweko. Le yindlela ehlekileko yomlomo yokubukelwa nokuzibandakanya komphakathi</p> <p>Ikambiso yekulumo-pikiswano:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • linqhemazimbili zeenkhlumi, ngokuvamileko baba bathathu esiqhemeni, ngasinye, bavumelananofana baphikisane ngesihloko. Isiphakamiso senza okuthileko nanyana isiphakamiso, isib. I Bhigiri Ephasi ibeyihle emnothweni welizwe lethu" kunokuthi nje iBhigiri Ephasi" • Ikambiso yekulumo-pikiswano ilawulwa mgcini sihlalo o: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - wethula isiphakamiso abe anikele nesendalelo saso - wethula esinye nesinye isikhulumi - gcina umyalo - lawula isikhathi-iinkhlumi zinikelwa isikhathi esiqindelweko - lawula ukukhulumisana lokha isihloko sesivulelwe abahlezi phasi (qala okulandelako) - lawula ukuvowuta / ukukhetha (qala okulandelako) • Umngcini-sihlalo wethula isihloko bese abawe isikhulumi sokuthoma bonyana siphakamise (isiqhema esiphikisana nesihloko) ukukhuluma • Isikhulumi sokuthoma ehlangothini elivumelana nesihloko sethula ikulumo esekela isihloko • Isikhulumi sokuthoma ehlangothini eliphikisako (ngilabo abaphikisana nesihloko) sethula ukuphikisa kwakhe okusekelako begodu angahle asahlasele amaphuzu wesikhulumi sokuthoma • Isikhulumi sesibili ehlangothini elivumelana nesihloko wakhela phezulu kwamaphuzu wesiqhema sakhe, anikele amaphuzu amatjha, begodu ahlaselie isikhulumi esidlulileko • Isikhulumi sesibili esiphikisako senza njalo naso • Isihloko sivulelwa abamukelilwazi ukukhulumisana nokubuza imibuzo • Ukulandela ukukhulumisana okujayelekileko abaphikisanako barhunyeza kokuthoma. Isikhulumi sesithathu sibuyeleta amaphuzu aqakathekileko wesiqhema abe alinge ukwenzisa abamukelilwazi bonyana bavowutele abaphikisane nesihloko, banikele iinzathu. Isikhulumi singahle sisahlele ikulumo / ipikiswano edlulileko • Isikhulumi sesithathu esisehlangothini elinye naso senza bunjalo • Ikulumo-pikiswana ingaphethwa bekutholakale neemphumela ngeendlela ezihlukaneko, isib ngokuthi iinkulumo zihlolwe (ukunikela amamaksi) ngabahlulelako, namkha kuvowutelwe isihloko

IMIHLOBO YAMATHEKSTI WOKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	
Ikulumo-pendulwano	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Iveza ukukhulumisana phakathi kwabantu ababilinofana abangaphezu kwababili Ukusungula nokuragiselaikulomo phambili Ukudlhegana, nokuragiselaiingcoco phambili Ukulalelana nokukhulumisana Ukuvikela ubujamo obuthileko nakungavunyelwaniko Ukuzalisa iinkhala nokukhuthaza isikhulumi Ukutlhadlhula izinto Ukwabelana ngemibono nangelemuko begodu batjengise ukuzwisia iminqopho
I-inthavyu	<p>Ukukhupa ilwazinofana umbono emntwini oyedwanofana ephanelini</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusebenzisa amakghono wokubuza, wokukholwisa, wokutlolamanowuthi, wokurhunyeza, wokulalelanamakghono wokukhulumangelimi lomzimba Ukuhlela nokulgiselela: ukutjengisa umnqopho, ilwazi elisendlalelo, ukwendlala, imibuzo, isikhathi, indawo, ukulandelanisa, ibhoduluko okilo (bonamatshwayo wokutlola) Ukusebenzisaamaqhinga we-inthavyu ngeengaba: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Isingeniso(ukuzethula; ukutjho umnqopho) - Ukwakha ubudlewana(ukwakha isimosokwethembana) - Imibuzo(ukubuza imibuzo ejayelekileko ukuya kenqophileko, imibuzo ekhambelana nobujamo; ukusebenzisa ilimi elivuthiweko, elizwelelako, elinezwelo, elihloniphonelikholwisako; ukulalelisa, ukuhlunga iimpendulo, ukuphendula ngefanelo utjengise ilwazi) - Ururhunyeza(ukurekhoda iimpendulongokutlamanowuthi; ururhunyeza; ukulandelanisa nokuhleliaimpendulonemininingwana eqakathekileko ngendlela elamana ngefanelo) - Ukuvala(ukuthokoza o-inthavyuwako; ukunikela imininingwana yokuthintana)
Umbiko (ohlelekileko nongakahleleki)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nikelaumbikoobuyakongobujamognengombanabunjalo. Isib, ingozi, nanyana yinikotholakalako Ukucabangisia ngesihloko, isingeniso(isendlalelo, umnqophonesilinganisosomsebenzi), umzimba(Ubani? Kungebangiani? Kuphi? Nini? Ini? Bunjani?), iimphetho, iimphakamiso, iinkombisi ezilayelako, iinthasiselo Ukuhlela/ plana: Ukubuthelelanokuhlela ilwazinokunikelamaphuzu Ukusebenzisa irejista nestayela selimi elingakahleleki ukuya kelihlelekileko Ukusebenzisa <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Isikhathi sanje(ngaphandle kwemibiko yezomlando) - Amabizo ajayelekileko - Umuntu wesithathu - Ihlathululoyamaphuzu - Amagama nemitjhwanephathelene nesihloko esithile neendlelezakhona - Ilimielihlelekilekoelingakaphathelani nabantu
Ukunikela iinkombatjhuba	<p>Ukutjela umuntu bonyana uya bunjani kenyé indawo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusebebennzisa iinkombatjhunaawutjela umuntu bonyana angafinyelelabunjani endaweni ethileko Ukusebenzisa khulukhulu indlelyamandla Ukusebenzisa umuntu wesibili ukwethula ukuthintanaphakathi kwesikhulumynomlaleli Yeleta okulandelako nawunikelaicombatjhuba: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Sebenzisa imitjho emifitjhani nezwakalako - Ukulamanisa ngefanelo - Layela icombatjhuba enqophileko

IMIHLOBO YAMATHEKSTI WOKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Tjengisa isilinganiso sebanga - Nikela isilinganiso seenomboro zeentrada / iindlela azozeqa ngaphambi kokufika endaweni - Nikela ilwazi ngeemmereggi ezitholakala endleleni - Sebenzisa amagama atjengisa ubujamo - Sebenzisa amagama atjengisa ikombatjhuba - Sebenzisa amagama wekobuza iinkombatjhuba - Sebenzisa amagama wokutjengisa ukuthaba ukuthokoza
Iinlayelo	<p>Ukuhlathulula bonyana ungasebenzisa bunjani ithulusi, namkha isisetjenziswa, ukulungisa ukudla, ukulungisa iimphoso, njll.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuhlathulula ukusebenzanofana ukusetjenziswa kwananyana yini into esetjenziswako: ukulungisa ukudla, ukulungisa nanyana ngiziphi iimphoso, njll. • Ukuplana/ ukuhlela nokulungiselela (ukuqala amatshwayo wokutlola) - Ukuzwisa ubujamo nokuthi ukunikela iinlayelo / iintjengiso kunomthelela onjani/ kuzokwenzani - Ukuhlathulula ukusebenzanofana ukusetjenziswa kwananyana ngiyiphi into - Ukuveza iinlayelo ezicacileko, ezifaneleko nezilamana ngefanelo / ngelokiki - Ukusebenzisa iincwadi yeenlayelo, indlela esetjenziswa ngayo - Yelela ilwazimagama, ihlelo, ukuveza, ilimi lobuthekhniki nemitjhwana engahle isetjenziswe • Ukwethula
Ukwethula umbiko ngomlomo	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukwethula ngomlomo izehlakalo ezivelako, isib. emrhathjweni namkha kumabonwakude namkha okutholwe ku-inthavyu ebeyibanjiwe • Ukuhlela nokulungiselela <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ukwethula bonyana into eyekwethula ngokuhlelekileko ngomlomo kufanele ibe bunjani - Ukubonela phambili bonyana kungasetjenziswa liphi ilwazimagama, ihlelo nokuveza - Ukurhubhulula uthole ilwazi elifaneleko elibuya esikhulumini nelimini elidingekako ukuveza ilwazi • Ukwethula: qala okulandelako: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ubufakazi berhubhululo bufanele buvezwe • Isakhiwo setheksti sifanele sibe nesingeniso, umzimba nesiphetho • Itheksti ifanele imumathe ukuhlobana okucacileko nesihloko, ukuveza amaphuzu afaneleko ahleleke ngokulamana • Ipikiswano namkha umbono othakghulula ipendulo ecatjangisisweko kwabanye kufanele iveauze • Imibono ephinyiswa ngokucacileko itjengisa ilemuko labamukelilwazi nomnqopho; • Ukungathathi ihangothi (ilimi elicacileko nelinqophileko) begodu yethulwe ngerejista elungele abamukelilwazi • Abafundi bafanele bakhutazwe ukusebenzisa ilimi lomzimba elifaneleko. Babalekele ukusebenzisa ilimi lomzimba elilumelako. Sebenzisa ilimi elicacileko. • Ukuhlela akwethula ngomlomo ngeengaba ezintathu: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Isingeniso: Ukudosa ikareko labamukelilwazi; ukuphendula bonyana Ngubani? Ini? Kuphi? Nini? - Umzimba: ukuhlela amaphuzu aqakathekileko wombiko ngokulamana kwavo. Ukusebenzisa ilwazi elinembako; ukusekela amaphuzu aqakathekileko ngelwazi elivela erhubhululweni; Ukusebenzisa imininingwana nemitjho ehlathululako ukwenza umbiko bonyana ukarise - Isiphetho: Ukarunyeza bewuthola amaphuzu aqakathekileko. Ukutlola isiphetho esifitjhani. UKusonga abe abuyelete amaphuzu aqakathekileko. Ukuhatha emaphuzwini aqakathekileko ukwakha umbono wakhe ngesihloko sombiko

IMIHLOBO YAMATHEKSTI WOKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sebenzisa iinsetjenziswa ezibukelwako njengamaphostaranofana amathransparensi - nokuzijayeza ukuwasebenzisa ngesikhathi sokuzilungiselela Sebenzisa amanowuthi ukwenza isendlalelo somtlamo wokugcina wombiko Sebenzisa amanothi nawethula umbiko
Ukucocisana kweforamu/ kwephaneli	<p>Ukwabelana ngemibono ehlukulenekonofana ilwazi elisuselwe emithonjeni ehlukuleneko linkhulumi zifanele:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Zithole imihlobo ehlukahlukeleneko yemibono Zilalelane Zivume ubuqiniso bamaphuzu nakudingekako Zingathikamezi ezinye iinkhulumi Zihlobanise amaphuzu ngefanelo Zinamathele esihlokweni Zilinge ukuletha abantu ekucocisaneni <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Zithikameze ngokuzithoba - Ziveze imibono nesekelo ngokunikela iinzathu Esinye nesinye isikhulumi sikhuluma ngento ethile ngesihloko Zisebenzisa imithetjhwana yemafreyizi Imisebenzi womgciniishlalo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ukulawula ihlelo - Ukugcina isikhathi - Ukulandela i-ajenda - Ukukhuthaza ukuzibandakanya - Ukungathathi ihlangothi - Uvulela iintjhukumiso namkha amavowudi
Ukulingisa	Abaundi bavezelwa ubujamo obuthile, esikhathini esinengi kubamraronofana isehlakalo, okufanele badlale indima ethileko. Ukulingisa kungahle kungalungiselelwano, ofana umfundia angatjelwa ngendima okufanele ayidiale. Ukuholowa lokho kuvulekile begodu kudzimelele emuntwini oyedwa
Ingcoco/ ikulumiswano engakahleleki	<p>Ukwabelana ngemibono nesiqhema ngasinye</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuthoma nokuragisela ikulomo phambili Imithetjhwana yokudlhegana Ukuvikela ubujamo obuthileko Ukubonisana Ukuvalisa iinkhala nokukhuthaza isikhulumi Ukwabelana ngemibono nangelemuko ukutjengisa ukuzwisia imiqondo
Ukwethula isikhulumi	<p>Ukunikela abamukelilwazi ilwazi ngesikhulumi / ngesithekelo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuthola ilwazi elifaneleko esikhulumini Ukusebenzisa isitayela namkha irejistara ehlelekileko Ukwakha ikareko nokungalindelwa bamukelilwazi, isib. ngokutjela abamukelilwazi ngelwazi elisendlalelo nangepumelelo yaso ngefanelo Ukwakha okulindelekileko, isib. ngokukuphumula nangehlukalizwi Ukuphetha ngamandla nangokuzethembra
Amezwi wokuthokoza	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuthokoza isikhulumi ngemva kokwethula ikulomo kubemukelilwazi Ukusebenzisa irejista ehlelekileko Ukulalelisa isikhulumi ngokuyeleta, ukuveza okuqakathekileko okuvele ekulumeni Ukutjho amaphuzu aqakathekileko avele ekulumeni ngamandla nangokuzethembra Ukuphetha ngamandla nangokuzithembra

Ubude besikhathi esiphakanyisiweko samatheksti afanele avezwe ukwenzela ukukhulumisana ngomlomo

AMATHEKSTI	UBUDE BESIKHATHI AMAGREYIDI 7 - 9
lingcoco, iinkulumo-pendulwano, ukucocisana kweforamu/ kwestiqhema/ kwephaneli, ukucoca ngesiqhema	amaminithi ali 15 - 20
Ikulumo-pendulwano	amaminithi ama 2 - 4
linkombatjhube neenlayelo	amaminithi ama 2 - 4
Ama-inthavyu	amaminithi abu 5 - 8
Ukufunda okulungiselelweko	amaminithi ama 2 - 3
linkulumo ezilungiselelweko, umbiko, ukubuyekeza	amaminithi ama 2 - 3
linkulumo ezingakalungiselelwako	amaminithi ama 2 - 3
Ukucoca indatjana	amaminithi ama 4 - 6
Umhlangano neenkambiso	amaminithi ama 5 - 8

Izimo zekulumo ezisetjenziswa ekukhulumeni iLimi lesiNdebele- irhelo lesikhombisi elilayelako

UKUBAWA IVUMO / IIMBAWO <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nginga • Kungakghoneka bonyana ngi.....? • Kulungile nangabe....? • Kungalunga nange...? • Ungatshwenyeka nange nginga ...? • Ngibawa ungivumele bonyana ngi... • Ungavuma uku ...? 	UKUPHAZAMISA <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ngiyacolisa, nginga? • Ngiyacolisa, ucabanga bonyana nginga...? • Ngiyacolisa, uyazi...? • Ngibawa ubuyelete, ungangisiza?
UKUNIKELA ISIZO <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ngingakusiza? • Kukhona okufunako? • Uzokutilhoga isizo? • Uyalidunga isizo? • Ngingakwenzela ini namhlanje? 	UKUFUNA ISIZO <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ngingasiza nge.....? • Ungangisiza ngoku.....? • Ngithoga isizo nge... • Ngibawa isizo ... • Ngibawa ungisize...
UKUBAWA UKULITJALELWA <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ngiyacolisa • Ngicolisela uku.... • Ngiyazisola • Ngibawa ungilibalele ngoku ... • Ngiyacolisa uku ... • Ngilibalela ubuyelete. 	UKUNGHONGHOYILA <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ngilibalela ngokutjho kwami lokhu, kodwana..... • Ngilibalela ngokukutshwenya, kodwana.... • Mhlamunye ukhohliwe uku... • Ngicabanga bonyana kungenzeka ukuthi ukhohliwe uku... • Ngiyacolisa nangabe ngiphume endleleni, kodwana... • Kungenzeka bonyana kube nokungazwisisani nge... • Ungangizwa kumbi, kodwana...

UKUNIKELA ISELULEKO	UKUTJHO OKUNYULWAKO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Angicabangi bonyana ufanele u..... Ufanele u..... Akukafaneli bonyana u..... Nangabe benginguwe, bengi Nangabe bengisebujameni bakho, bengizaku Nangabe bengingemanyathelweni wakho, bengizaku Bekungaba ngcono u Akukafaneli bonyana u... Nanyana yini oyenzako, ungalinge u.... 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ungathanda uku Ngingamane Kubayini singa...? Kulungile, mina ngikhetha uku Ucabanga ini wena? Ucabanga bonyana kufanele senzeni? Ngicabanga bonyana singa..... Nangabe bekusiya ngami, bengi ... Ngicabanga bonyana sifanele si
UKUFUNISELA/ UKURAYA, UKUNGABI NESIQINISEKO	UKUNIKELA ILWAZI ELINGAKANQOPHI
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngizakuthi pheze sekakulungele uku... Kungahle kufuneke okunye ... Angahle... Kubonakala sengathi... Mhlambe udinga ... Mhlamunye bafuna uku... Kubudisi ukutjho, kodwana ngisolela ... Anginalo iqiniso, kodwana ngicabanga ... Anginaqiniseko kuhle, kodwana ngicabanga... 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bangaba Bangapheze babe... Kunenani elikhulu labonela phambili ukufika ku Mhlobo o ... Zilihlobo eli..... Bamhlobo o... Kubudisi ukutjho, kodwana ngicabanga Anginasiqiniseko kuhle, kodwana ngicabanga.....
UKULAYELISA	UKUZIHLUNGA
Amakhambo amade, amaholideyi, ukuvakatjha kwasikhatjhana <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ube nekhambo elihle. Thabele amaholideyi wakho. Ube nekhambo elimnandi. Thaba! Iba nesikhathi esihle e (ndaweni efana nerestjurent) Iba nesikhathi esihle (edorobheni) UKULOTJHISA NGEMVA KWEKHAMBO <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Belinjani ivakatjho / iholideyi yakho e...? Usithabele isikhathi sakho e (ndaweni obewuyivakatjhele)? Belinjani ikhambo lakho / ngesiphaphamtjhini 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lokhu kusebenze kuhle / bekukhamba kuhle ngobana.... Ngenze lokhu kuhle ngombana.... Bekuzokuba ngcono nangabe bengina... Lokhu kungenziwa ngcono ngoku.... Ituthuko i / ayisibo ubufakazi ngombana ... Lokhu kuyaphumelela ngombana ...

3.1.2 UkuFunda nokuBukela

Amakghono **wokufunda nokubukela** athuthukiswe kuhle amgogodla wepumelelo yokufunda kiyo yoke ikharihyulamu. Abafundi bathuthukisa ubuhlakani ekufundeni nekubukeleni amatheksti ahlukahlukene ko wezemitlolo nalawo okungasiwo wezemitlolo, okufaka hlangana amatheksti abukelwako. Abafundi bakghona ukubona bonyana amajenri nerejista ziwitjengisa bunjani umqopho, abamukelilwazi nobujamo bamatheksti. Ngokufunda netiasi loke nangokufunda ngokuzijamela, abafundi baba bacabangi abanelihlo lokuhlabo nokutlama.

(Ukufunda / ukubukela kumumethe iingceny amabili: 1) ukufunda nokusebenzisa amaqhinga wokuphula/ ukukghedlha nokuzwisia itheksti 2) ukufunda nokusebenzisa ilwazi lamatshwayo wetheksti. Zombili iingceny zifanele zibe khona kufundwa/ kubukelwa iinlayelo zamatheksti wezemitlolo nalawo okungasiwo wezemitlolo.

Okumumethweko kokuFunda / nokubukela kuhleleke bunje: 1) ukufundela ukuzwisia 2) ukufundela ukufunda okuhlelekileko (iincwadi eziqintelwe ukufunda) begodu 3) ukufunda ngokuzijamela okungezelelweko.

Indlela yekambiso namaqhinga wokufunda

Inlayelo zokufunda zingafaka hlangana amagadango amathathu wokungezelela ukuzwisia amatheksti. Akusiwo woke amagadango wendlela yekambiso azakusetjenziswa ngasosoke isikhathi. Isibonelo, nangabe abafundi bafunda umhlobo ongakajayelevi wethekstinofana ijenri, kuzokudinga ukwenza umsebenzi **wokuzilungiselela** ukufunda ozabenza bonyana bayelele amatshwayo wehlobo lelo letheksti, begodu kubasize bonyana bayihlobanise nelemuko labo. **Ngesikhathi sokufunda** imisebenzi izobasiza bonyana batsenge isakhiwo namatshwayo welimi ngokungeneleleko. **Ngemva kokufunda**, ingahle ibandakanye abafundi ekulingeni ukukhupha ijenri abazitolele yona ngokwabo.

- Ukuzilungiselela/ Ngaphambi kokufunda
- Ngesikhathi sokufunda
- Ngemva kokufunda

Ukulungiselela/ Ngaphambi kokufunda

Abafundi bangahle bazilungiselele itheksti ngeendlela ezahlukahlukene ngokuya ngomhlobo wetheksti begodu nangezinga lomfund. Kuhlahlambisa ukuhlobana nelwazi labo langaphambil.

- Abafundi bakhuthazwa bonyana bakhe okuthileko okungalindelwa ngetheksti enemitlhala esukela eenthombeni ezikhambisana nethekstinofana amafothografu, umhlobo wetheksti, isakhiwo, iphepha lesihloko, okumumethweko, izahluko, iglozari, isithasiselo, amafuthinowuthi
- Ukuskima nokuskena amatshwayo wetheksti: iinhloko sencwadi/ sekondlo/ sesithombe; iinhlokwana, amakheptjhini, iintjengisi, amagrafu, amatjhadi, amadayagramu, amagama amakhulu atlolle ngokunzima, ama-ithalikhi, ukunombora, imimebhe, ama-ayikhoni, imenu edoselwa phasi, isifunisela magama ekhomphyutheni
- Ukuskimela ukuthola imibono oqakathekileko nokunikela ngemibono yakhe ekucocisaneni kokulungiselela ukufunda.
- Ukuskenela ukuthola imininingwana esekelako
- Ukwenza ibonelo phambili ngokusebenzia ilwazi elitholakele ngokuskima nokuskena.

Ngesikhathi sokufunda

- Ukuthatha isiqunto ngehlathululo yamagama nemifanekiso angakajayelevi ngokusebenzia amakghono wokukghedla igama nemitlhala yobujamo.
- Ukubuyeleta ufunde / ukubuyeleta ubukele
- Ukubona ngelihlo lengqondo
- Ukuthatha isiqunto ngehlathululo (isifaniseleno, ubujamo obuthile, ukwakheka kwamagama njll.)
- Ukubuza

- Ukwenza amanowuthi (imibono eqakathekileko nesekelako)
- Ukurhunyeza imibono eqakathekileko nesekelako ngamaphuzu / ngeengaba ngobude obufunekako.
- Ukutlhadhlula izinto
- Ukuthatha iinqunto
- Ukuhlathulula / ukuhlunga iinqunto neemphetho zomtloli

Ngemva kokufunda

- Ukuphendula imibozo ngetheksti ukusuka kelula ukuya kwebudisi.
- Ukuthatha isiphetho / umbono wakho
- Ukuhlunga / ukucoca ngemihlobo ehlukahlukeneko yokurhumutjha itheksti
- Ukumadanisa nokuhlukanisa
- Ukwenza ihlanganisela / ukutlola isirhunyezo
- Ukuhlola itheksti ngomnqopho wokufunda ihlelo nelwazimagama, isib. ukubuyeleta utlole ngeenkathi zesenko ezahlukeneko
- Ukubuyeleta ijenri bayitlole ngokwabo (lapho kukghoneka khona)
- Illemuko lelimi lokuhlaba:
 - amaphuzu nemibono
 - ihlathululo enqophileko nengakanqophi
 - incazeloyesihlathululimezwi nehlathululo efihlekileko/ elifanekisako
 - isendlalelo samatheksti nomtloli kwezokuhlalisana nezopolitiki begodu namasiko
 - umthelela wokukhetha nokutjhiya ihlathululo
 - ubudlelwano hlangana nelimi namandla
 - ilimi elithinta imizwa nelibuqobolwana, ubuhlangothi, ukuzindla, ukubandlulula, ukudzimelela kokholelwa kikho, ukuhlukahlukana kwelimi, ukuthatha iinqunto, ukucabangela, ukuphikisana, umnqopho wokufakanofana wokukhupha ilwazi.
 - ukutlama amatheksti amatjha, o.u. ukutjhugulula okucocwako kube mdlalo, ikulumo pendulwano;
 - Ukuhlola itheksti ngomnqopho wokuyihlolela ukufunda ihlelo nelwazi magama, isib. ukubuyeleta uytlole ngeenkathi zesenko ezahlukeneko.

Ukurhumutjha amatheksti abukelwako (imihlobo ehlukahlukeneko yamatheksti anamagrafu nokubukelwako)

Ebafundini abanengi, isikrini kunephepha elitloliweko ngiso esimthombo welwazi labo elinengi. Ilitheresi ebukelwako

iyingcenye eqakathekileko yokufunda, begodu isikrini sekhomphyutha simuthombo onothileko wematheriyali. Hlola bonyana isendlalelo siqakatheke bunjani ebunzizweni lwazi obudumileko; Indlela abakhangisi abazuza ngayo; indlela umsikinyeko nombala udlala indima eqakathekileko ekukholwiseni umsebenzisi bonyana atjhugulukele kamanye amahlangothi.

- Amaqhinga wokukholwisa: Ilimi elithinta imizwa, ukukholiswa, ukuthatha ihangothi, ilimi elibuqobolwana
- Indlela ilimi nemifanekiso litjengisa ibumbeko lamagugu nomoya umuntu enza ngayo izinto
- Amandla wokusebenzisa imihlobo nobukhulu befonti, iinhloko namakheptjhini
- Ukuhlaziya, ukurhumutjha, ukuhlunga nokuphendula imihlobo ehlukahlukene yamakhathuni/ yemitletlana yekhomikhi

Imisetjenzana yokuFunda nehlobo lomfundu olilindelekileko

Ukulungiselela ukufunda (Ukufundela phezulu)

- Ukusebenzisa iphimbo, ukuphinyiswa kwelizwi, ibelo, ukuthintana ngamehlo, ijamo, ukukhuluma ngezitho zomzimba
- Ukuphimisa kwamagama ngaphandle kokuhlanekela ihlathululo

Ukufunda okungakalungiselela (Ukufundela phezulu)

- Ukufunda butjhelela ngokuya ngokomnqopho
- Ukuphimisa amagama ngaphandle kokuhlanekela ihlathululo
- Ukusebenzisa iphimbo, ukuphinyiswa kwelizwi, ibelo, ukuthintana ngamehlo, ijamo, ukukhuluma ngezitho zomzimba ngefanelo

UkuFunda isifundo sokuzwisia

- Ukufunda itheksti ngokungeleleko nangelihlo lokuhlabo (ukufunda isifundo sokuzwisia)
- Ukuzwisia itheksti ngokungeleleko - amatshwayo wetheksti - iinhloko, iintjengisi, amagrafu, amatjhadi, amadayagramu, iinhlokvana, ukunombora, amakheptjhini, iinhlokvana ezikhamba phambili, isakhiwo, isib. ikholomu yephephandaba, njll.
- Ukutjengisa ukufunda ngokuzijamela (ukufunda kabanzi ukwenzela ukuzithabisa, ilwazi nokufunda)
- Illemuko lelimi elihlabako (ukulemuka ihlathululo yegama elisesihlathululi-mezwini nehlathululo yegama efanekisako begodu nokuthi imumethe ihlathululo nomlayezo ofihlakeleko, isib.ukudzimelela kulokho okholelwa kikho, ukuzindla nemnqopho wesikhulumi)

UKUFUNDA OKUNGENELELEKO

- a) Ukufunda okungeleleko kwamatheksti amafitjhani atlolelw isifundo sokuZWISISA esisezingeni legama Abafundi basebenzisa imihlobo ehlukahlukene yamaqhinga wokuphula/ ukuphadlha amatheksti. Bakha ilwazi-magama ngokusebenzisa amakghono wokuhlasela igama nokuliveza epepeneneni.

- Ukusebenzisa isihlathululi-mezwi, itheserasi neminye imisebenzi esikhombiso esilayela bona ilwazi ungalithola kuphi ukuthola ihlathululo, ukupeleda, ukuphinyisa neengcenye zekulumo zamagama angakajayeleti
- Ukubona iinthomo zamabizo, (isib. u-, um nofana i-isi, a-ama) begodu neenlungelelo ezijayelekileko, (isib. a, u, -kazi, -ana, njii).
- Ukuthola ihlathululo yamagama nokuhlobana kwavo neminden yamagama ngokusebenzisa ilwazi lemirabhu, iinlungelelo neenthomo ezijayelekileko
- Ukusebenzisa okumumethweko kwetheksti (isib. ekuhlathululeni imitjho) amatshwayo, (isib. amakhoma, abodzubhula) namatshwayo wegrafo (isib. ubuso obutjengisa ukuzethemba) ukuthola ihlathululo yamagama angakajayeleti
- Ukuhumbula nokusebenzisa izitjho nezaga, isib. *ukuba nesandla*
- Ukuhlukanisa phakathi kwehlathululo yegama elisesihlathululweni-mezwi Nehlathululo efanekisako
- Ukubona umsuka nokusetjenziswa kwamagama amatjha, isib. ilimi lesirhumutjha, ilimi lesigodi, amagama wokubolekwa (*isib. isitulo, idorobho, imodere*).
- Ukuhlukanisa phakathi kwamagama avamise *ukuhlangahlanganisa*: *abomabizwafana/ amahomonimi, abomqondofana*, isib. ithanga, *ukuthatha*
- Ukuhumbula imihlobo ehlukahlukeneko yeenrhunyezo, isib. akhronimi, ama-initjhiyalizimu, itlibhu, ithrankhetjhini
- Ukusebenzisa ilwazi lehlelo ukukghedha ihlathululo. Qala izakhiwowo zeLimi- Irhelo elisikhombisi esilayelako

b) Ukufunda okungeneleleko kwetheksti efitjhani etlolelwe isifundo sokuZWISISA esisezingeni lomutjho nesigaba

Abafundi basebenzisa ilwazi lelimi ukwenzela ukuzwisia ukwakhiwa komutjho nokuhlewa kwamatheksti. Ukufunda amatheksti kulelizinga kunikela ithuba lokufundisa izakhiwowo zelimi ezihlangeneko.

- Ukubona nokusetjenziswa kwehlathululo nemisebenzi yezakhiwo nemithetjhvana yelimi emathekstini. Qala izakhiwowo zeLimi- erhelweni elisikhombisi esilayelako.
- Ukubona isakhiwo setheksti esisetjenziselwe iminqopho ezihlukahlukeneko, (isib. ihlathululo, itlhadihlulo, unobangela-nomphumela) kiyo yoke iharikhylamu nokuhlobana kwamagama/ isitjengisi samagama/ iinhlanganiso, (isib. kwelinje ihlangothi, kokuthoma, ngombana). Qala ukutlola / ukwethula imihlobo yamatheksti efaneleko.

c) Ukufunda okungeneleleko kwetheksti efitjhani etlolelwe isifundo sokuZWISISA esisezingeni letheksti yoke

Abafundi basebenzisa ilwazi lejenri nelokufundisa itheksti ehlekileko ukuzwisia ihlathululo, ihoso nomphumela wetheksti yoke.

- Ukuhlobanisa itheksti nelemuko labo
- Ukubona ijenri nomnqopho wayo, isib. ipikiswano efuna ukukholwisa

- Ukubona nokuhlathulula umoya neehloso zomtloli
- Ukuhlanganisa iingcenye zamathekstinofana amatheksti woke ukuze kufinyeleleke esiphethweni
- Ukuthatha iimphetho; ukwakha nokuqinisekisa umbono wakhe

d) **Ukufunda okungeneleleko kwamatheksti amafitjhani ukwenzela UKURHUNYEZA NOKUTLOLA AMANOWUTHI**

Abafundi basebenzisa ukuzwisia kwabo amatshwayo wetheksti ukwenzela ukurhunyeza itheksti. Qala amaqhinga wokufunda angehla.

- UkuSkimela nokuskenela ukuthola imibono nommongo eqakathekileko
- Ukuhlukanisa imibono eqakathekileko emininingwaneni esekelako
- Ukurhunyeza imibono eqakathekileko ngaphandle kokuhlanekela umqondo (ukutlola ngamagama wakho)
- Ukulandelanisa imitjho nokusebenzisa iinhlanganiso neenlandelaniso ezilamanako ukuzihlanganisa ndawonye ethekstini.

e) **Ukufunda okungeneleleko kwamatheksti amafitjhani ukwenzela ILEMUKO LELIMI LOKUHLABA.**

Abafundi basebenzisa ukuzwisia kwabo bonyana ilimi lingatlama beligcine bunjani amandla wokuhlobanisa hlangana nomvezi wetheksti nomfundi. Bahlaziya umbono osuselwe ethekstini etloliweko.

- Ukubona nokucoca ngelimi eliphathelene nemizwa nelibuqobolwana
- Ukubona nokucoca ngobuhlangothi nokuzindla, nanyana ngikuphi ukudzimelela kilokho okholelwa kikho.
- Ukubona nokucoca ngokucabangela begodu bahlathulule nangamandla womphumela
- Ukubona nokucoca ngehlathululo efihlekileko nangokuthatha isiquonto
- Ukubona nokucoca ngehlathululo yesihlathululi-mezwi nehlathululo efanekisako
- Ukuphakamisa umnqopho wokufaka hlangananofana wokukhupha ilwazi
- Ukukhumbula umbono womtloli/ womvezi

f) **Ukufunda okungeneleleko kwamaTHEKSTI WEENRHATJHI AHLUKAHLUKENEKO NABUKELWAKO (Amatheksti weenrhatjhi ahlukahlukeneko asebenzisa amametheriyali abukelweko natlolwako ethekstini yinye, isib. imikhangiso, amakhathuni. Angahlanganaisa lokhu nelimi elikhulunywako nelezitho zomzimba.)**

Abafundi basebenzisa ilwazi labo lamatshwayo wemifanekiso nelokubukelwako ukwenzela ukuzwisia bonyana lokhu kusekela bunjani ukutlola emathekstini weenrhatjhi ezihlukahlukeneko. Abafundi basebenzisa ilimi (meta-language) lamafilimu ukuzwisia nokubuka amatshwayo wetheksti ebukelwako nemiphumela yawo.

- Ukubona nokucoca ngeendlela amatshwayo wokubukelwako ahlanganiswe ngakho namatheksti atlowlako emetheksini weenrhatjhi, isib. isakhiwo, iintjengisi, ilwazi legrafu

- Ukubona nokucoca ngomnqopho nomlayezo ethekstini ebukelwako ukwenzela ukuthola ilwazi, isib. amagrafu, amathebula, amadokhyumentari, amatjhadi, imimebhe
- Ukubona nokucoca ngomlayezo nangokuphunyelelisa kwamatshwayo wokubukelwako weenkhangiso begodu nobudlelwano hlangana namatshwayo wokutlola newokubukelwako
- Ukubona nokucoca ngomnqopho nangomlayezo osemathekstini abukelwako atjengisa ubudlelwano, isib. imimebhe-ngqondo, amadayagramu, amaphayi-tjhadi, imimebhe, amaplanu
- Ukubona nokucoca ngomnqopho, namakhwalithi wobuthandabuhle begodu nokutlama amatheksti abukelwako ukwenzela umnqopho wobuthandabuhle, isib. amafothografu, ifilimu, ama-elemende atlanywako
- Ukubona nokucoca ngomnqopho nangomlayezo wamtheksti abukelwako atlanyelwe ukuzithabisa, isib. ifilimu, amakhathuni, amavidiyo wezombhino, imitletlana yamakhomikhi
- Ukubona nokucoca ngomlayezo nangokuphunyelelisa kwamatheksti abukelwako asekela ikulumo, isib. amaphostara, amadayagramu, umtjhini okhupha idatha
- Ukufunda ifilimu- ukwenzela ukwandisa ilwazi kwaphela) ukubona, ukuzwisia, ukuhlaziya nokuhlunga ubudlelwana phakathi kwetjhada, ikulumo, izenzeko, namatshwayo wokubukelwako efilimini nezinye iinsiza zokulalela-nokubukela

UKUFUNDA OKUHLELEKILEKO KWAMATHEKSTI WEZEMITLOLO

Abafundi bafunda, bahlunge bebaphendule amatheksti wezemitlolo anemininingwana yezobuthandabuhle. Basebenzisa ilimi (meta-language) lokufunda zemitlolo ukuzwisia nokubuka amatshwayo wamatheksti wezemitlolo.

YELELA: Kugandelelwa bonyana ukufunda itheksti ehlelekileko kuzokutjhuguluka ngokuya ngeencwadi zezemitlolo ngetheksti ekhethiweko

- Ukuzwisia umehluko hlangana nemininingwana yezemitlolo ezihlukahlukene, isib. ukuthi ikondlo inamatshwayo ahlukileko kunenovelu
- Ukubona nokuhlathulula ilimi elifanekisako neensetjenziswa njengombana zivelwa emathekstini ahlukahlukene, isib. isifaniso, isingathekiso, ukwenzasamuntu, ifanatjhada, ifuzatjhada, irhwala, ukuphikisana, ukutshima, irhobho-ndaba, itshwayo, isihlonipho, isidlalisi-magama, isifaniso
- Ukubona nokuhlathulula ihloso yomtloli/ yomvezi
- Ukuhlathulula ukukhethwa nokuphumelelisa **kwekondlo** nokobana amatshwayo wayo awusekela bunjani umlayezo/ ummongo. Amatshwayo angafaka hlangana iimfenqo, imifanekiso-mnqondo, amatshwayo wesakhiwo, namaqhinga wamatjhada, isib. iimvumelwano, ibuyeletu, igido, ifanatjhada
- Ukuhlathulula ukukhethwa nokuphumelelisa **komdlalo** nokobana ama-elemente/ namatshwayo awusekela bunjani umlayezo/ ummongo. Ukuhlathulula ukunzelela kumfenqo nemifanekiso- mnqondo, amatshwayo angafaka hlangana isib. isakhiwo, abalingisi, ukuvezwa kwabalingisi, iinkombatjhube zesiteji, itshimo lomdlalo, isizinda ikulumo pendulwano, ekulumo kayedwana, isolilokhwi, ukukhumbula ngengqondo okwenzekileko

- **Ukungezelela, ukwenzela ifilimu**, umsebenzi wekhamera noku-editha, isib. ukuthathela isithombe eduze, ukuthathela isithombe kude, umvumo namatjhada aphafelene nawo, amatshwayo wafilimi akhetekileko, umbala.
- Ukuhlathulula ukukhethwa nokuphumelelisa kweendatjana ezifitjhani/ amanovel/ amafilimu nokobana amatshwayo wawo asekela bunjani umlayezo/ ummongo. Ukungezelela eemfenqweni nemifanekisweni-mnqondo, amatshwayo angafaka hlangana indima edlalwa mcoci, amatshwayo wesakhiwo, isib. isakhiwo, ukwethula/ isingeniso, ukukhuphuka kwezelakalo, irarano, isitlhor, irhobho-ndaba, isiphetho.

UKUFUNDA/ UKUBUKELA NGOKUZIJAMELA OKUNGEZELELWEKO

Abaundi bazijayeza amaqhinga wokufunda atjengiswe nakufundwa ngokungeneleleko amatheksti ahlekileko ukwenzela bonyana bafunde ngokuzijamela, ngokuzithabisa nangokwenza irhubhululo kukharikhyulamu engezelelwoko. Ukuhlahlwa ngutitjhere ekufumaneni nezingeni kuqakathelile kilengcenyehlelo lokufunda.

- Ukufinyelela ebulungelweni leencwadi nokwazi imithetjhvana yokubekwa kweencwadi
- Ukuveza ubufakazi bokufunda / nokubukela okungezelelwoko ngendlela yeenkulomo, ingcoco ngokubuyekezwa kweencwadi/ kwamafilim/ kwamahlelo wokubuyekezwa
- Ukufunda / ukubukela amatheksti woke ahlukahlukeneko isib. iincwadi, amamagazini, amaphepha-ndaba, ubundzinzo- ilwazi, amafilim, amadokhyumentari, amahlelo ahlukahlukeneko wakamabonwakude kokubili ngesikhathi sokufunda nangemva kokuphuma kwesikolo

limbonelo zemihlobo yemibuzo

Imibuzo yelwazi	Kwenzekani ngemuva kwalokho...? Ungatjho ngamagama i...? Hlathulula bonyana kwenzakale ini.... Ngubani okhulume na...? Iyini incazeloye...?
Imibuzo yokuzwisa	<i>Ngubani obekamlingisi oqakathelileko...? Uganikela isibonelo sa...? Ungahlathulula ngamagama wakho...?</i>
Imibuzo yokwenza	<i>Ungacabanga nanyana ngisiphi isehlakalo lapho? Usakhumbula bonyana besiqale eengathekisweni - ungasihlathula bunjani isingathekiso emudenlo lo?</i>
Imibuzo yokuhlaziya	<i>Bekufana bunjani lokhu na ...? Kuhluke bunjani lokhu kuna...? Bewuyini ummongo ofihlakeleko na...? Kubayini ucabanga bona.....?</i>
Imibuzo yokubuthelela	<i>Sifunde imibono ehlukahlukeneko ngo Sipho -ungayihlanganisa yoke ndawonye bewuhlathulule ukuvezwa kwakhe? Umumuntu onjani?</i>
Imibuzo yokuhlunga	<i>Iphumelelisa bunjani? Ungacabanga indlela negcono? Ngiyiphi ikondlo kulezi ezimbili oyinyulako? Kubayini?</i>

Ukukhetha umhlobo wetheksti/ ijenri

Abotitjhere bafanele baqinisekisekise bonyana abafundi bafunda amatheksti namajenri ahlukahlukeneko phakathi konyaka. Kufanele kube nesilinganiso esifanako phakathi kwamatheksti amafitjhani namade nahlangana nokufundela iminqopho ehlukahlukeneko, isib. umnqopho wobuthandabuhle (ukufunda amatheksti ahlekileko weencwadi zokufunda zemitlolo) amatheksti asatjalaliselwa iintrhatjhi, amatheksti abukelwako wokuzithabisa (Qala amatheksti asetjenziselwa ukufundisa okuhlangeneko kwamakghono welimi").

IMIHLOBO YAMATHEKSTI WOKUFUNDA	
Ikondlo	<p>Kunemibuzo eqakathekileko emibili kwaphela umfundu afanele ayibuze ngekondlo: Bekuthiwani? Ngingazi bunjani? Umbuzo wesibili ungezelela ukukholeka kwependulo yokuthoma; umbuzo wokuthoma ubeka lokho okuzokuvezwa mbuzo wesibili. Boke abatloli bezemitollo batlola njengombana kunento abafuna ukuyathula — into abacabanga bonyana iyakarisa begodu iqakathekile khulukhulu emasikweni wesiqhema abasitlolelako. Sifunda itheksti ukwenzela ukusekela, ukujinisekisa, ukutlhadihula nokuveza lokho abatloli abafuna ukusitjela khona. Kubuye kufake hlangana ukuqala ukusetjenziswa kwelimi elfanekisako; indlela imitjho, imida yekondlo begodu neenkondlwensi ngokupheleleko bonyana zithulwa bunjani; ukukhethwa kwemifanekiso, igido, ibelo netjhada; ilimi lamazizo lapho kuvela khona imifanekiso le. Koke lokhu kulinga ukufinyelela esiphethweni esingahle sibe ngcono esingaveza bonyana lokho imbongi ekufisako kuzakuvumbuluka msinyanofana kamuva bonyana ihlathululo yetheksti ithini. Akukavami ukuba nesiphetho esinqophileko sekondlo ehle.</p> <p>Amatshwayo wekondlo alandelako azokwenza ngcono ukuzwisia umlayezo ohlosiweko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • okutjhiwo yikondlo/ umnqondo osobala • umqondo ofihlekileko • umoya wekondlo • ummongo nomlayezo • imifanekiso-nqondo • iimfenqo/ ukukhetha amagama (ukuphimisa), iisetjenziswa zomvumo, umzwakalo welizwi, iimpendulo ezithinta imizwa, imida, amagama, iindima/ iintanza, ivumelwano, ukurhobelana, igido, amatshwayo wokutlola nokufunda, ibuyelete, ifanatjhada (ifanakamisa nefanangwaqa), i-enjambumente
Umdlalo	<p>Umdlalo akusiwo amagama nelimi kwaphela: uphatelene nomsikinyeko, iphimbo, ukukhanya nobumyama; ukuthintana; ukudlala esiteji. Indlela umdlalo ukhamba ngawo (ibelo) kuqakathekile; indlela abalingisi abathintana ngayo, abakwenzako nabangakhulumiko; indlela ukuqaleka kobuso kutjhugulula ngayo ihlathululo yomuda ekondlwensi- koke lokhu kungalahlek nangabe umdlalo ungafundwa njengenovel. Nanyana kunjalo, akusiwo umbono omuhle ukutjengisa ‘ividyo’ yomdlalo ngaphambi kobanyana umdlalo ufundisiswe ngokuzeleko, kucocwe ngawo ‘bewuligiswe yitlasi’. Ngaphandle kwalokho, ‘ividyo’ iba liqiniso lomdlalo, kuncani okungasusa irhumutjho elikhethekileko lomkhiqizo loyo.</p> <p>Ukubona ngelihlo lengqondo kudlala indima eqakathekileko ekufundweni komdlalo. Ukubona ngelihlo lengqondo isiteji nokuthi abalingisi babunjani, nokuthola bonyana zingaki izindlela ezihlukahlukeneko umuda nofana ikulomo engatjhiwo ngayo kuyingcenye eqakathekileko yokusebenza ngomdlalo ngekumbeni. Isakhiwo nezakhiwana; indlela umtloli aveza ngayo abalingisi, nokuthuthuka kwabo emdlalweni; isizinda nesendlalelo (lapho kuqakathekile khona ukuzwisia seka komdlalo kwaphela); ibelo, ukusetjenziswa kwemifanekiso namatshwayo; amaqhingga womdlalo afana nokukhulumela phezulu komlingisi akhuluma imicabango yakhe ayedwa; itshimo lomdlalo, iiinkomba zesiteji, ukutjhube komoya, ihlaya, nofana ibangamatluwo koke lokhu kuqakathekile ekufundweni komdlalo.</p> <p>Amatshwayo womdlalo alandelako azokwenza ngcono bonyana abafundi bazwisise itheksti:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Isakhiwo nesakhiwana (isingeniso, ukuphakama kwesehlakalo irarano, isitlhor, irhobhondaba, isiphetho, ibonelo phambili begudu nokukhumbula okwenzekileko nendinyana etjengiswa ngaphambi komdlalo). • ukuvezwa kwabalingisi • indima eddalwa mcoci/ umbono • umongo nemilayezo • isendlalelo nesizinda - ukuhlobana kwabalingisi nommongo • isakhiwo somdlalo: isakhiwo, isakhiwana (isingeniso, ukuphakama kwesenzeneko nesitlhor) • umoya wekondlo nephimbo • isiphetho phekghu/ isiphetho • iiinkomba zesiteji • ukuhlobana phakathi kwekulomo-pendulwano/ ikulomo kayedwana, ukukhulumela phezulu komlingisi akhuluma imicabango yakhe ayedwa nesenzeko • itshimo • ukulamana kwezelhakalo ngokuya ngokwesikhathi

IMIHLOBO YAMATHEKSTI WOKUFUNDA	
Ukufunda iFilimu (ukungezelela ilwazi)	<p>Ukufunda ifilimu akufani nokufunda inoveli. Nanyana ukuphathwa kwamafilimu kungalandela amaphetheni wokufundisa ukufana khulu nomdlalo wenoveli we'sinemathografiki' angenzasi afuna itjhejo elikhethekileko. 'Ukufunda'ifilimu ngokuzwela nangokunemba kudzimelele esazelweni sombukeli soku-editha, ukuqunta, ukuthatha iinthombe, ukuhlanganisa amatjhada, umvumo, izembatho, umkhanyo netjhada. Ikgħono lokufunda ifilimu kulelizinga lithuthukisa bonyana umuntu abukele amafilimu ngokungalinganisekiko: umbukeli usuka ekubukeleni 'sidu nangokuqhusula amehlo' kanengi okutjho ukulandela imida ecocwako; ukuya kokudephileko; okungezelela kulokho umuntu akubonako, nokuzwisia okucacileko kokuthi umlawuli, i-editha, nabo boke abakholsakko ukwenzela bonyana esikubukeleko kusenza sisizwe sisenze ngeendlela ezithileko.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ikulomo pendulwano nokwenza, nokuhlobana kwako nomlingisi nommongo; • isakhiwo, isakhiwana, ukuvezwa kwabalingisi, irarano, umnqopho womdlalo, itshimo lomdlalo, isiphetho-phekghu; • isakhiwo somdlalo neenkomba zesiteji • umlayezo nommongo nokobana zihlanganiswe bunjani zoke kumininingwana yethekst; • amathekhniki wesinamathografiki (abukelwako, azwakalako, nazwakala-abukelwe) njengokusebenzisa imibal, iinhlokwana, ikulumo-pendulwano, umvumo, itjhada, umkhanyo, uku-editha, ukufreyima, iintayela zokuthatha isithombe, amaqhinga wekhamera, umsikinyeko wekhamera, ukubona ingaphambili nelingemuva efilimini
iNoveli, iindatjana ezifitjhani, Umtlololo- ndabuko	<p>Ezicocako (inoveli, indatjana efitjhani nemitlolo ndabuko) zifanele zifundwe, zicocwe bezithatjelwe. Ukufundela phezulu itheksti nokudlala ngetlasini kuqakatheskile kwamambala, khulu khulu nangabe abafundi abakungathandi ukufunda, nofana banneenqabo zokufunda. Ukufunda burhaba, nokugcina ikareko eliphilileko ngokusebenzisa iinkundla ezilula zokufunda ezinebonelo phambili; ukuhlunga; nokubuka. Imisetjenzana elula efaka hlangana isirhunyezo esicabangisako (ukurhunyezel umngani indatjana ngamagama amafitjhani; ukugcina igrafu ebukelwako ngetlasini; ukuvula idokhyumente enelwazi ngabalingisi abaqqakatheskileko; ukuqla nokutlola amanowuthi; ukubukeka kwamagama nemifanekiso egandeleta imibono nemimmongo enovelini) ingasiza umfundu bonyana ahlae asebelweni. Ngemuva kokufunda kokuthoma, abafundi bafanele bonyana bawkazi ukutjheja umehluko phakathi kokucocwako (<i>kuzokwenzakalani ngemuva kwalokho?</i>) nesakhiwo (<i>Kungebangla lani kwenzeka lokhu?</i>); ukuhlola iinhlathululo okungaba ngizo nokurhumutjhwa kwendatjana; hlahluba bonyana umtloli usebenzise bunjani ilimi ukutlama umlingisi ihlathululo nekulomo enqophileko); indlela abalingisi bathintana ngayo; isizinda (ilimi elihlathululako, neenkhombisi esikulayelako esingakalindeleki enovelini yoke); nalapho kungenzeka khona zama ukuveza imibono efiħlekileko, imicabango nerherho lemibono yekolelo ngokuthileko elawula ilayelo yenoveli ngokuzeleko. Amasiko woke, nabantu abanengi, baphila ubuphilo obunelwazi obuzele ngendatjana. Nanyana yini utitjhere ayenzako ngamanoveli nangendatjana ngetlasini, ukuthabela okupheleleko kokuzibandakanya endatjaneni kufanele kuhlale kuqakatheskile.</p> <p>Amatshwayo alandelako azokwenza ngcono bonyana abafundi bazwisise itheksti:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ijenri nemihlobo • isakhiwo, isakhiwana (isingeniso ukuphakama kweseħlakalo, irarano, isitħori, irħobħondaba, isiphetho, ukubonela phambili nokukhumbula ngqondo okwenzekileko ukubona ingaphambili nelingemuva • irarano • abalingisi • ukuvezwa kwabalingisi • indima edlalwa mcoci • imilayezo nemimongo • isendlalelo, isizinda nokuhlobana kwabalingisi nommongo • umoya wekondlo, isiphetho-khekghu / isiphetho • ukululukeza begodu nento engakalindeleki
Amanye amatheksti wokufunda	Amaphostara, amatjhadi, imimebhe, amagrafu, amakhathuni, amamagazini, amaphephandaba, ubundzinzo-lwazi, amafilimu, amadokhyumentari, amahlelo kamabonwakude enzeka ngesikhathi sokufunda nenzeka emuva kokuphuma kwasikolo.

UBUDE BAMATHEKSTI OKUFANELE AFUNDWE			
ITHEKSTI	IGREYIDI YE 7	IGREYIDI YOBU 8	IGREYIDI YE 9
Itheksti yokufundela phezulu	imitjho emi 5 - 6 isigaba si-1	imitjho emi 5 - 8 iingaba ezi-2	imitjho emi 5 - 10 iingaba ezi- 3
Ukufunda isifundo sokuzwisa/ amatheksti wokufundela ukuzwisa/ wokufunda okungeleleko	amagama ama-300-350	amagama ama-350-400	amagama ama-400-450
Ukufunda ngokuzijamelā	iinkondlo, indatjana efitjhani, umtlolo- ndabuko, inoveli nomdlalo - njengombana ziqintelwe yi-TTKH - namatheksti aliqiniso	iinkondlo, indatjana efitjhani, umtlolo- ndabuko, inoveli nomdlalo - njengombana ziqintelwe yi-TTKH - namatheksti aliqiniso	iinkondlo, indatjana efitjhani, umtlolo- ndabuko, inoveli nomdlalo - njengombana ziqintelwe yi-TTKH - namatheksti aliqiniso
Ukurhunyeza	amagama ama-60-70 ukusuka ethekstini enamagama ama- 240	amagama ama-60-70 ukusuka ethekstini enamagama ama- 250	amagama ama-60-70 ukusuka ethekstini enamagama ama- 270

**AMATHEKSTI ASETJENZISELWA UKUFUNDISA AMAKGHONO WELIMI AHLANGENEKO ESIGABENI
ESIPHAKAMILEKO**

Ukungezelela emathekstini wezemitlolo wokufunda okuhlelekileko, amatheksti afanele afundwe esiGabeni esiPhakamileko afaka hlangana okutlolwako, amatheksti abukelwako neweenrhatjhi ezihlukahlukeneko ezineminqopho ehlukahlukeneko. Amanye amatheksti azokufundelwa ubuthandabuhle bawo, amanye amatheksti azokufundwa njengeembonelo nangeentjengisi zokutlola

Amatheksti wezemitlolo wokufunda okuhlelekileko. Imihlobo ehlukahlukeneko efanele ifundwe esiGabeni esiPhakamileko.	Amatheksti atloliweko welwazi Isihlathululi-mezwi Ama-insayitlopidiya Amatjhejuli Iincwadi zemitato Iincwadi ezitlolelw isifundo esithileko/ Amathekstibhugu Amathesarasi Ihlelo/ amathebula wokwabiwa kwesikhathi Isitjengisi / imihlahlandela yamahlelo kamabonwakude Amatheksti atloliweko weenrhatjhi Ama-athikili wemagazini Ama-athikili wephephandaba Ama-edithoriyal Izaziso linkhangiso Imihlobo etloliweko yamatheksti alalelwako linkulumo-pendulwano linkulumo lingoma Amahlaya Amatheksti atloliweko womuntu qobo Iwakhe newokuthintana Iincwadi Amadayari Iimemo Ama-imeyili Ama-SMS, amathwitha Amanowuthi Imibiko Amatheksti atloliweko wokuthintana kwezamarhwebo Iincwadi zangokomthetho I-ajenda namaminithi	Amatheksti weenrhatjhi ahlukahlukeneko/ abukelwako welwazi Amatjhadi, Imimebhe Amagrafu, amathebula, amaphayitjhadi Imimebhe- ngqondo, amadayagramu Amaphostara Amaflaya, amaphamflethi, amabhrowutjha Amatshwayo neentjengisi Amadokhyumenthari kamabonwakude Amakhasi wobundzindzo-lwazi, i-inthanethi, amabhlogo Ifeyisibhugu neminye imihlobo yokuthintana Ukuvezwa kwedatha Amathransparensi Amatheksti weenrhatjhi ahlukahlukeneko/ abukelwako wobuthandakuhe Amafili mu linthombe lintjengiso Amatheksti weenrhatjhi ahlukahlukeneko/ abukelwako wokuzithabisa Amafili mu Amahlelo kamabonwakude Amavidiyo womvumo Amakhathuni, amakharikhatjha Imitletlana yamakhomikhi Amahlaya (atjengiswako) Igrafithi Amatheksti alalelwako Amahlelo womrhatjho Ukufundwa kwemidlalo Ukufundwa kwamanoveli namkha iindatjana ezifitjhani linkulumo ezirekhodiweko Imikhangiso esemirhatjhweni, amaphephandaba namamagazini kamabonwakude:
Eziqintelweko		
Amajenri		
linkondlo		
IGreyidi 7: iinkondlo ezi-10		
IGreyidi 8: iinkondlo ezi-15		
IGreyidi 9: iinkondlo ezi-15		
Inoveli ama-		
IGreyidi 7: amakhasi ama-30-40		
IGreyidi 8: amakhasi ama-40-50		
IGreyidi 9: amakhasi ama-50-60		
lindatjana ezifitjhani		
(IGreyidi 7: iindatjana ezi-4-5		
amakhasi ama-3 -5 iindatjana ngayinye)		
(IGreyidi 8: iindatjana ezi-5 -7 amakhasi ama-3 -5 iindatjana ngayinye)		
(IGreyidi 9: iindatjana ezi-7-10 amakhasi ama-3 -5 iindatjana ngayinye)		
Umtlolo ndabuko		
(IGreyidi 7: iindatjana ezi- 4-5 amakhasi ama-3 -5 iindatjana ngayinye)		
(IGreyidi 8: iindatjana ezi -5-7 amakhasi ama-3 -5 yamakhasi indatjana ngayinye)		
(IGreyidi 9: iindatjana ezi 7-10 amakhasi ama- 3 -5 iindatjana ngayinye)		
Umdlalo		
(IGreyidi 7: i/ inkundla yi-1-2 amakhasi ali- 10 -20)		
(IGreyidi 8: iinkundla ezi-2-3 amakhasi ama-20-30)		
(IGreyidi 9: iinkundla ezi 3-5 amakhasi ama-30-50)		
Ukwandisa ilwazi		
Amafili mu		
Imidlalo ehlukahlukeneko ekhethiweko kibomabonwakude / amadokhyumenthari		
Imidlalo yomrhatjho		
Ama-eseyi		

3.1.3 Ukutlola nokweThula

Ukutlola kusisetjenziswa/isitlabagelo esinamandla sokuthintana esivumela abafundi bonyana bakhe bebakhulumisane ngemicabango nemibono yabo ngokukhambelanako. Ukuzijayeza ukutlola ngobujamo obahlukahlukeneko njalo njalo, imisebenzi neemfundo zivumela abafundi bonyana bakhulumisane ngokusebenzisekako nangokuhlakanipha. Ukutlola okuhlukaniswe kuhle ngamazinga ahlukahlukeneko ngokusebenzisa amafremu wokutlola (lokha begodu nakutlhogekako), kuveza abatloli abanekghono lokuphalisana, abakghona ukutjhuguluka lula kusuka kwenye into ukuya kwenye, abazakukghona ukusebenzisa amakghono wabo ukuthuthukisa nokwethula amatheksti afaneleko, abukelwako begodu neendlela ezinengi zokuthintana ukwenzela iinhoso ezihlukahlukeneko.

Ukutlola kuqakathekile ngombana kuvumela abafundi bonyana baqabange ngehlelo nokupeleda. Lokhu kukhuthaza abafundi bonyana bakhambise ngendlela ekungiyo ilimi, barhabise indlela yokuthola ilimi begodu bandise ngokukunembako. Eengabeni ezidlulileko, abafundi bafunde ukutlola amatheksti ahlukahlukeneko wokuzitlamela nawelwazi ngokusebenzisa amafremu wokutlola njengesisekelo. Esigabeni esiPhakamileko, abafundi balindeleke bonyana batlole imihlobo ethile yamatheksti ngokuzijamela. Bazakusebenzisa nendlela yekambiso yokutlola ukukhiqiza amatheksti ahleleke kuhle, anehlelo elitlolwe ngefanelo.

Indlela yekambiso namaqhinga wokutlola

Ukutlola okuhle likghono elifuna ukuthuthukiswa begodu lisekelwe. Nanyana ukufunda kumthombo oqakathekileko wokufaka ilwazi, Kungokutlola kwaphela bonyana amakghono wokutlola athuthukiswe. linlayelo zokutlola esikhathini esinengi zizakufaka ukusebenza ngendlela yekambiso yokutlola. Nanyana kunjalo, akusingiwo woke amagadango wendlela yekambiso azakusetjenziswa ngasosoke isikhathi. Isibonelo, nangabe abafundi nabatlola umhlobo wetheksti ejayelekileko, akutlhogeki bonyana bahlaziye isakhiwo sayo namatshwayo welimi ngokuzeleko. Kuzakuba nezinye iinkathi lapho abotitjhere kuzokudingeka banqophe ekubunjweni kwemitjhonofana ukutlola isigaba, nofanabafundi batlole amatheksti ngaphandle kokuthatlhabaja ukuzilungiselela iinhlahlubo. Indlela yekambiso yokutlola inamagadango alandelako:

- Ukuplana / ukulungiselela ukutlola
- Ukutlhatlhabaja
- Ukubuyekeza
- Uku-editha
- Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso
- Ukwethula

Ukuplana / Ukulungiselela kokutlola

- Ukuhlaziya isakhiwo, amatshwayo welimi nerejista yomhlobo wetheksti ekhethiweko.
- Ukuthatha isiqunto ngomnqopho nabamukelilwazi betheksti okufanele itlolwe nofan / namkha etlanyiweko.
- Ukukhetha iimfuneko zesakhiwo, isitayela indlela obonangayo.
- Ukuphosela imibono ngokusebenzisa isibonelo imimebhe-ngqondo, amarhelo anobujamo bendlu yesiswebu, amatjhadi gnaneko nofanamarhelo
- Ukuthintana nemithombo efaneleko, ukukhetha ilwazi elifaneleko

Ukutlhathlabeja

- Ukusebenzisa umbono oqakathekileko nosekelako ngokuphumelelisako kusukela endleleni yekambiso yokuplana
- Ukukhiqiza itlhathlabejo/ umtlamono wokuthoma elifaka hlangana ihloso, abamukelilwazi, isihloko nejenri.
- Ukuthola ukukhethwa kwamagama ngokusebenzisa amagama afaneleko ahlathululako navusa imizwa/ ikumbulo, imitjhwana neengaba ukwenza umtlolo bonyana uwakale kuhle bewukhanye.
- Ukuveza umbono wakho ngokuhlathulula amagugu, iinkolelo nelemuko lakho(limi lokuthoma lokwengeza).
- Ukutlama iphimbo nesitayela esibonakalako ngokuzijayeza ilimi nephimbo elifanele abamukelilwazi nomnqopho wokutlola.
- Ukufunda itlhathlabejo ngelihlo elihlabako begodu uthole umbiko obuyako kwabanye. (abalingani bangetlasini);
- Ukufaka hlangana imininingwana enqophileko yetheksti efunekako (ukusebenzisa abodzubhula, ukwenaba nokusekela ipikiswano)

Ukubuyekeza, uku-editha, ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula

- Ukusebenzisa imigomo ebekiweko yokuhlunga okupheleleko komsebenzi ukwenzela ukuthuthukisa ukutlola kwakho nokwabanye.
- Ukwenza ngcono ukukhethwa kwamagama, imitjho nezakhiwo zeengaba (faka ilwazi elingezelelweko, ukusebenzisa amagama atjhugutjhugulukako afaneleko.)
- Ukusebenza ngokulandelanisa nokuhlanganiswa kweengaba
- Ukususa amagama angakacaci, imitjho emide enganamphetho, ilimi loburhumutjhi nelilumelako.
- Ukuhlunga okumumethweko, isitayela nerejista.
- Ukusebenzisa amatshwayo wokutlola, ukupeleda nehlelo kuhle nangefanelelo
- Ukulungisa itlhathlabejo/ umtlamo wokugcina okufaka hlangana isakhiwo, isibonelo, iinhloko zencwadi nomhlobo wokutlola/ amafonti.
- Ukwethula itheksti.

Izakhiwo nemithetjhwana yelimi ngesikhathi sokutlola

Abafundi bazakufunda bonyana **ilimi lisetjenziswa bunjani**, begodu bazakuthuthukisa ukwabelana ngelimi ukwenzela ukukhuluma ngelimi (ilimi elisetjenziswa emtlolweni othileko / 'ilimi lemetha'), ukwenzela bonyana bakghone ukuhlunga amatheksti wabo nawabanye ngokuhlabo ngokuya ngehlahululo, ngokuphumelelisako nangokunembako. Bazakukghona godu ukusebenzisa ilwazi leli ukwenza umsebenzi wokulinga ngelimi ukwenzela ukwakha ihlathululo egameni nezinga lomutjho emathekstini woke, nokubona bonyana itheksti nobujamo bayo kuhlobana bunjani. Ngokuzibandakanya namatheksti ahlukahlukene, abafundi bangezelela ukusebenzisa kwabo ilwazi magama begodu basebenzise ngefanelo ukuzwisia kwabo **izakhiwo nemithetjhwana yeLimi**.

Ilwazi **izAkhiwo nemithetjhwana yeLimi** lizakuvumela abafundi bonyana bakhiqize amatheksti azwakalako begodu ahlangeneko. izakhiwovo zelimi kufanele zifundiselwe bonyana zakhe amatheksti ngendlela angayo ebujameni asetjenziswa kibo. Ukusetjenziswa kvezakhiwo zelimi akukafaneli bonyana kubekelwe imikhawulo yokuhlaziya/ yokuhlahlela imitjho ezijameleko. Kufanele kuwlathulule indlela imitjho ihlelwa ngayo ukuze yakhe itheksti yoke okufana neendatjana, ama-eseyi, iincwadi nemibiko leyo abafundi abafunda ukuyifunda nokuyitlola esikolweni.

Imithetjhwana yelimi (ukupeleda namatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola):

- Ukusetjenziswa kokutjhiya kweenkhala, amagabhadlhela, amakhoma, abodzubhula, amakholoni, ukuthalela, ama-ithalikhi, amagama atloleke ngobunzima okungeneleleko, amasemi kholoni, i-aphostrofi, amahayifeni, amadetjhi, abokaki/ abosibayana.
- Ukusebenzisa ilwazi lamaphetheni nemithetho yokupeleda amagama ngefanelo:
 - Ilwazi lamaphetheni neminden yamagama
 - Ilwazi lomrabu, iinthomo neenlungelelo.
 - Ilwazi lokuphula amagama ngamalunga
- Ukusebenzisa iinhlathululi-mezwi neensiza zokuqala ukupeleda
- Ukusebenzisa imihlobo yeenrhunyezo ezifanele iinrhatjhi nabamukelilwazi abahlukahlukene.

Ukukhetha igama

- Ukusebenzisa imihlobo ehlukahlukene yezenzo, iimphawulo nezandiso ukunikela umcabango onqophileko neminingwana begodu nehlathululo ekhanyako, lokha nawutlola isibonelo i-eseyi ecocako, i-eseyi ehlathululako.
- Ukusebenzisa abomqondofana, abomqondophika namanye, abomabizwafana, igama elilodwa elijamele umutjhwana ukuveza iminqopho.
- Ukusebenzisa ilimi elihlelekileko nelingakahleleki (ilimi loburhumutjha/ elisetjenziswa endleleni, ijagoni) ngefanelo.
- Ukusebenzisa amagama wokubolekwa nalawo amukeliweko ngefanelo.
- Ukunikela amaphuzu nokuveza imibono
- Ukuveza ihlathululo yegama etholakala esihlathululwini -mezwi, ihlathululo efanekisako/ efihlekileko/ esebujameni obuthuleko.
- Ukuzebe njengabatloli ngemilayezo ehlathululwe kabanzi naleyo etjhiwo ngaphandle kokubekwa bunqopha.
- Ukuzebe ngokwabo ngamagugu, umoya okuthathwa ngayo izinto, ukuthatha ihangothi, ukudzimelela kiloko okholelwa kikho, ilimi eliveza amazizo, ilimi elikholsisako nelokuphatha buqobolwana isib. emathekstini akholwisako okufana nama-eseyi aphikisako, ama-athikili wephephandaba.
- Ukuzebe ihlonipho ngokusebenzisa amanye amagama lokha nakutlolwa amatheksti okufana nekulomo pendulwano, ama-inthavyu.

- Ukusebenzisa iisetjenziswa namamatheriyali njengesihlathululi-mezwi nethesarasisi ukukhetha ilwazi magama eliphumelelisako nelinembako.

Irejista, isitayela nelizwi

- Ukusebenzisa irejista efaneleko: ngokuhlelekileko, ngokungakahleleki isib. Ngokusebenzisa isitayela esingakahleleki/ sokukhulumisana nomuntu wokuthoma encwadini yobungani, ilimi elihlelekileko encwadini yokomthetho.
- Ukusebenzisa ilimi elifanekisako (iimfenqo, izitjho, izaga), iphimbo, umoya wekondlonofana ihlaya ngefanelo.
- Ukukhuluma bunqophanofundako.
- Ukusebenzisa imibono/ ubujamo obuhlukahlukene

Ukwakha imitjho

- Ukutlola imitjho ehlukahlukene nemitjho yobude obuhlukahlukene.
- Ukusebenzisa iingcezu/ iinkhekhe zekulomo ngefanelo.
- Ukusebenzisa isihloko, isenzo, umenziwa, iinkathi zesenko, iindlela zesenko, ukuvuma, ukuphikisa, izingazeno, umutjho onqophileko namkha ipambosi yokwenziwa, ikulomo enqophileko, nekulomo engakanqophi
- Ukusebenzisa imibuzo (kubayini, nini, njani, ini)
- Ukusebenzisa imihlobo ehlukahlukene yemitjho, isib. Iintatimende, imibuzo, elula, epandepande, erareneko, epandepande nerareneko
- Ukusebenzisa iinhlanganiso, izabizwana, izandiso namagama atjhugulukela kezinye iinkhekhe zekulomo ukwakha imitjho ekhambelanako.
- Ukusebenzisa imihlobo ehlukahlukene yezabizwana ukutjengisa umnqopho, ukugandelela, indlela enqophileko nokususa imitjho emide enganamphetho.
- Ukusebenzisa ukulandelana kuhle kwamagama emitjhweni ukutjengisa ikareko nokugandelela.
- Ukusebenzisa isivumelwano ngokunembako.

Ukutlola isigaba

- Ukutlola iingcenyeezahluhlukeneko zeengaba: umutjho osihloko, umbono osekelako noqakathekileko, isingeniso esiphumelelisako, umzimba nesiphetho nomutjho ovalako.
- Ukutlola iingaba namatheksti ahlukahlukene ngokusebenzisa iintjengisinofana amagama wokuthintana ahlobanako nemitjhwana efana na:
 - Ukulandelana / ukulamana ngefanelo: kokuthoma, kwsibili, kwsithathu, ngaphambi, ngemva, nini, lokha, bekube, kokugcina, okulandelako, muva nje, ngokudlulileko, ngemva kwalokho

- Ihlathululo / Unobangela nomphumela: yingakho, kokulandelana, ngombana, ngesizathu lesi, solokhu, njengomphumela we, kungebangla le, ngalokho ke, ngakho, kulandela lokho, nange...bese.
- Indlela: kokuthoma, kwesibili, kwesithathu
- Ukumadanisa / ukuphikisana: okufanako, okuhlukileko, okuncani kuna, okukhulu kuna, nanyana kunjalo, kodwana
- Ukuhlela ngokubaluleka: ngasososke isikhathi, kwamaswaphela
- Ubujamo endaweni: phezulu, phasi, ngesinceleni, ngesidleni, njll.
- Okuvamileko: ngokujayelekileko, kwamaswaphela
- Isigaba sokukhetha: ngombono wami, kholwa, umbono, ukuzwisia, ngicabanga ukuthi, ngithatha ukuthi, ngyiyakholwela, kimi kubonakala sengathi, ngikhetha / nginyula/ ngithanda/ angithandi/ ngithembra/ ngizwa
- Isigaba sokuhlela: kumhlobo woku, kungahlukaniseka kube, iwela ngaphasi kwe, iyincanye ye, ingena e, ibekwe ne, ihlobana ne, ihlanganiswa ne.
- Isigaba esihlathululako: phezulu, phasi, eqadi, eduze, eTlhagwini/ ePumalanga/ eSewula/ eTjingalanga, isayizi, umbala, ubujamo, umnqopho, ubude, ububanzi, imasi/ ubudisi, ibelo, kufana ne, fana na.
- Isigaba esihlungako: kuhle/ kumbi, kulungile/ akukalungi, imikghwa emihle/ imikghwa emimbi, ukulunga/ ukungalungi, kuqakathekile/ akukaqakathekni, tjhukumisa, phakamisa, luleka, phikisana.
- Isigaba esihlathululako: ihlathululwa njenge, ilihlobo lesigaba esihlathulula umbono ngendlela ethile.
- Isigaba esiphethako: ukuphetha, ukusonga, ngokurhunyeza, ngokufitjhani, njengombana ubona.

IMIHLOBO YAMATHEKSTI ATLOLWAKO	
AMA-ESEYI	
I-Eseyi ecocako	Ukutlola okucocako khulukhulu kukukwethula imilandelande yezehlakalo ngendlela ezwisisekako. Okulandelako ngamanye wamatshwayo we-eseyi ecocako:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukutlola indatjana/ isehlakalo esidlulileko/ indatjana engakholekiko • Ukusebenzisa ukulandelana kwezehlakalo zokuya ngesikhathi ezanelisako • Esikhathini esinengi sebenzisa isikhathi esidlulileko • Ukusebenzisa isigaba esisingeniso esidosako/ esirherhako. • Ukutjengisa iphuzu okufanele lidluliswe • Ukusebenzisa isiphetho esingakajayeleki esithabisako. • Ukuqinisekisa ukugqina ikareko ngesitayela, usebenzise okusamlalo nomsikinyeko. • Ukuveza imininingwana yokucatjangwako • Ukusebenzisa ama-elemende wokuhlathulula

IMIHLOBO YAMATHEKSTI ATLOLWAKO	
I-Eseyi ehlathululako	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Esikhathini esinengi ukuhlathulula kusetjenziselwa khulu ukwakha umoya nobujamo bamazizo kunesithombe: amafilimu ayakwenza lokhu ngokubukelwa, abatlolli benza lokhu ngamagama, lapho ukukhetha kwabo amagama kuvezwa ihlathululo yamagama afanekisako kunokobana kusetjenziswe igama elihlathululwa isihlathulo-mezwi. Ukuhlathulula umuntu / into ukuvumela ofundako bonyana alemuke isihloko ngokucacileko Ukwakha isithombe ngamagama Ukukhetha amagama neengaba ngokuyeleta ukwenzela ukufinyelela emphumeleni ohlosiweko. Ukusebenzisa imifanekiso yokubona, itjhada, ukuzwa, ukunambitha nokuthinta. Ukusebenzisa iimfenqo
I-Eseyi ephikisako	<p>I-Eseyi ephikisako yethula ukuphikisa okuvumelanakonofana okuphikisana nento ethile. ('Kubayini ngicabanga bonyana abomma bancono kunabobaba'); ama-eseyi acocisanako anikela ukuphikisana okulinganako okuvumelanakonofana okuphikisana nento ethile ekhulunywa sihloko, lapho umbono womtloli uvezwa kwaphela esiphethweni ('Abomma banamandla kunabobaba na? Iye begodu awa, kodwana ngivumelana no iye'); ama-eseyi atjengisako athula isede yemicabango nemibono ngesihloko, ngaphandle kokulinga ukuphikisa ngokuvumelanakonofana ngokuphikisana nento ethile ('umma wesimanje: imicabango yami').</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>Ama-Eseyi aphikisako</u> avame ukuphikisa ngendlela eyamileko; ukuzivikelanofana ukusahlela akutjhuguluki begodu kukuphikisa okuhlalakusebujameni obulungileko ngendlela okungakghoneka ngayo, kodwana njengoba kulindelekile, kuzakuthatha ihangothi elilodwa; isiphetho sitjho kucace bonyana umtloli ujame ngakuphi nokuthi kubayini. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Kutjengisa umcabango onqophilekonofana umbono wakho begodu uphikise ukuvikelanofana ukusekela ubujamo bakho. Kuhlala kusembonweni lowo ngasosoke isikhathi. Kuzama ukukholwisa ofundako bonyana abelane umbono wakhe ngendlela esekelako. Ithoma ngendlela umtloli abona ngayo isihloko ngokwemvelo nangokudosako/ hehako. Inikela irherho lokuphikisa ukusekela begodu nokungezeleta embonweni wakho. Ukunqophaphikisana avumelana NOFANA aphikisana nesitativende. Iveza imibono esekelako eqinileko/ enamandla. Isebenzisa iisetjenziswa ezihlukahlukeneke ezinetjhada namathekni enza bonyana umuntu akholwe. Isebenzisa ilimi eliveza amazizo. Iphetha ngesitatimende esinamandla, esicacileko nesanelisako esiveza umbono womtloli.
I-Eseyi emahlangothi-mabili	<p>Ama-Eseyi amahlangothi mabili avamise ukuba ngalinganisiweko, begodu athula amahlangothi ahlukahlukeneke wepikiswano ethile; isakhiwo sawo sihleliwe ngokutjhajeko nangokucacileko; umkhuba wawo avamise ukuba ngathembekileko/ ngalungileko, kodwana umtloli angakhulumangayenofana ngokuyamileko; nanyana ilimi elithinta imizwa likghoneka, ukuphikisana okulungileko lapha kuthunjwa ngokwenza umqondo omuhle, nozwakalako. Isiphetho sitjhiya ofundako anganakho ukungabaza bokobana umtloli ujame ngakiliphi ihangothi.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inqophe ukunikela umbono ongathathi ihangothi begodu olinganiswe kiwo womabili amahlangothi wepikiswano. Itjheja amahlangothi ahlukahlukeneke wesihloko okukhulunywa ngaso. Yethula imibono ephikisako ngaphandle kokuthatha ihangothi Ilingenisa ukuphikisa okuvumelananofana okuphikisanako. Ukutlola kufanele kucace, kuzwakale kuhle begodu kungathathi ihangothi. Yenza iintativende ezicatjangisiswe kuhle begodu ezisekelwe ngokuzeleko. Isebenzisa ukuzwakala kwelizwi okungathinti imizwa nelikholsakano ngaphandle kokuzikhakhazisa. Iphetha ngokutjengisa umbono othileko.

IMIHLOBO YAMATHEKSTI ATLOLWAKO	
I-Eseyi eveza imizwa	<p>Ama-eseyi aveza imizwa, ethula imibono, imicabango, ikolelo nemizwa yomtloli ngesihloko esithile, esikhathini esinengi kuba yinto abacabanga bonyana ithinta khulu ubuphilo babo. Kuvama ukuba yinto ethinta umtloli qobolakhe kunokuba kube yinto eyamileko; idinga isakhiwo esitlanywe kuhle, kodwana akutlhogeki bonyana yethule isiphetho esicacileko/ esihlelekileko nanyana akutlhogeki bonyana yethule ikulumiswano elinganisiweko, nanyana kungahle kwenzeke iyethule. Ingaba sakudlalanofana ibe ngencamileko.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Icabangisa ngombono • Inikela ipendulo ethinta imizwa namazizo. • Itjengisa ngendlela ethatha ihlangothi lapho amazizo nemizwa kndlala khona indima eqakathekileko. • Ihlose ekubuyeeleni namkha ibuthelele amazizo womtloli emtlolweni. • Ivezia imibono, umcabango nofana imizwa eveza ukwethembeka nokubandakanyeka ngokwakhe
I-Eseyi ecacisako/ eveza amaqiniso (ngokungezelelako)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ikhulumisana ngemibono nofana ngelwazi ngendlela yelojikhi • Ihlathulula imibono nofana inikele amaphuzu ngendlela ehlelekileko. • Irhubhulula imibono beyisekele ngamaphuzu nemigwalo/ imidwebo. • Icacisa nanyana ngiyiphi imiqondo engakajayeleti. • Ihlela ngokulamanako anelojikhi ibe ithathe ofundako ukusuka kakwaziko ukuya kangakwaziko. • Itlolwa ngokuvamileko ngesikhathi sanje.
AMATHEKSTI WOKUTHINTANA	
Incwadi yokomthetho/ ehlelekileko	<p>Njengombana ukutlolwa kwencwadi yobunganai/ engakahleleki sele ijanyiselelw ngeenhatjhi ze elekthroni, isib. i-imeyili, ifeksi, nama sms hlangana nokhunye, abafundi bafanele bafundiswe ukutlolwa iincwadi. Irherho lokutlolwa kufanele lindlaleke kusuka eencwadini ezijayelekileko ukuya kwezomndeni nabangani bekuyokufika eencwadini ezingakahleleki eziya ephephandaben, hlangana nokhunye.</p> <p>Abafundi bafanele batbole iincwadi zokomthetho/ ezhlelekileko eziliqiniso, begodu lapho kukghoneka khona, bazithumele bebalindele ipendulo. Incwadi ezibawa ilwazi ngomkhiqizo, amayunivesithi, amakhambo, imisebenzi efundelweko, lokha nazithunyelwe endaweni efaneleko, pheze nanyana kunjani zizakuphendulwa. Ukuqakatheka kwencwadi yokomthetho kuzakuba ngokujayelekileko.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ijayeza imihlobo ehlukahlukeneko yeencwadi zokomthetho, isib. Incwadi yesibawo somsebenzi, incwadi eya kumhleli wephephandaba, incwadi yesinghonghoyilo, njll. • Ihlala eemfunekweni ezhlukahlukeneko zeencwadi zokomthetho okufana nesitayela nesakhwi. • Itlolwa ngelimi elinqophileko nelilula. • Ikhumbuza bonyana abamukeilwazi abanqotjhiweko bafanele bezwisise okukhulunywa ngakho ukwenzela imiphumela / bonyana ibe ngevumako. • Ukutlolwa kufanele kucace bekunqophe, kube kufitjhani kunembe bekulamane ngefanelo. • Ibe nesingeniso, umzimba nesiphetho. • Ibe neemphande ezimbili, yomtloli neyomamukeli wencwadi. • Ibe nesingeniso esihlelekileko esilandela isiphetho somamukeli ncwadi. • Ibe nomuda wesihloko esimummongo esilandela isingeniso/ ukulotjhisa besithalelw. • Itjengise irejista yelimi elihlelekileko. • Itjengise isiphetho esihlelekileko esilandelwa sibongo nama-initjhiyali womtloli.

IMIHLOBO YAMATHEKSTI ATLOLWAKO	
Incwadi yobungani/ Engakahleki	<p>Njengombana ukutlolwa kwencwadi yobunganai/ engakahleleki sele ijanyiselelw ngeenrhatjhi ze elekthroni, isib. i-imayili, ifeksi, nama sms hlangana nokhunye, abafundi bafanele bafundiswe ukutlolwa iincwadi. Irherho lokutlolwa kufanele lindlaleke kusuka eencwadini ezijayelekileko ukuya kwezomndeni nabangani bekuyokufika eencwadini ezingakahleleki eziya ephephandaben, hlangana nokhunye.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Itlolelwa abantu abaseduze nawe, isib. abangani, umndeni, njll. • Itlolelwa khulukhulu ukuveza amazizo, isib. ukuthokozisa, ukuzwela ubuhlungu, ukuyeletisa, njll. • Isebenzisa ilimi, irejista nesitayela esingakahleleki ukuya kwestipheze sihleleke. • Itlolwa ngelimi elihlahlbileko nelilula • Itjengisa ukulamana ngefanelo ukuveza iphuza olhlosiweko. • Kufanele ibe nesingeniso, umzimba nesiphetho. • Iba nesiphande esisodwa, somtloli kwaphela, nelanga etlolwe ngalo ngaphasi kwestipheze. • Iba nesingeniso esingakahleleki / esipheze sihleleke silandele isiphande somtloli. • Isiphetho siyahluka ukusukela kesingakahleleki ukuya kesihlelekileko silandelwe ligama/ magama womtloli.
I-Ajenda	<p>Ukutlolwa amamemorandamu, i-ajenda namaminidi womhlangano kurhelebha kwaphela nakube azwakala kuhle. Indlela elungileko yokwenza imisetjenzana le bonyana yenzeke kukuvumela abafundi bonyana babukele ividiyo, nofana baye emhlanganweni wamambala bese kuba ngibo abathatha amaminidi, bangathatha isiqunto nge-ajenda kusuka kilokho, bese bamadanise wabo amaminidi ne - ajenda amaminidi womhlangano wamambala. Nakungasinjalo abafundi badinga bonyana baziswe kilomhlobo ngendlela yokucabanga. Yakha i-ajenda ngokwakho uyakhele ikomiti esengqondweni yakho bese ubawe abafundi batole lokho abakucabanga bonyana kungaba maminidi, banamanatthele ngokuyelela e-ajendeni yakho.</p> <p>I-ajenda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inikela isendlalelo salokho okuzokukhulunywa ngakho emhlanganweni. • Ithunyelwa ngaphambi kwestipheze ebantwini abamenyiweko emhlanganweni. • Esikhathini esinengi itlolwa ngusihlalo nonobhala, hlangana nokunye... <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Baqala amaminidi womhlangano odlulileko ukuthola ama-ayithemu/ izinto ezingakhange zaqedwa ukukhulunywa emhlanganweni odlulileko ezidluliselwe phambili. - Barhelisa beyi buthelele ama-ayithemu/ izinto ezingadinga ukukhulunywa emhlanganweni • Bahlela bebalamanise ama-iyithemu ngokuya ngokuqakathea kwazo ngaphambi kwestipheze. • Bathola bonyana i-ayithemu ngayinye izokwabelwa isikhathni esingangani.
Amaminidi womhlangano	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Kurekhodwa okwenzeke emhlanganweni • Kwamukelwa amaminithi njengerekodi eliliqiniso ezokuhlala isibopho emhlanganweni olandelako, okufanele ihlale injalo bekube kulapho asulwa khona. • Kutjengiswa okulandelako: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Igama lehlangano; - Ilanga, indawo nesikhathni lapho umhlanagano bewubanjelwe khona; - Irejista yabaphumelele ukuba khona emhlanganweni; • Kudzubhulwa iinqunto, igama ngegama • Kunikelwa isirhunyezo salokho okutjhukunyisiweko nokuvunyelwene ngakho. • Kutlolwa ngesikhathni esidlulileko • Kubalekelwa ukutlolwa izinto ezifana namahlaya. • Amaminidi aba mthetho bekabe sibopho nakaqedwa ukutlikitlw abe anikelwe ilanga ngusihlalo ngemva kokobana sekafundiwe abe amukelwa emhlanganweni olandelako.

IMIHLOBO YAMATHEKSTI ATLOLWAKO	
Ikulumo	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Thoma begodu ulinganise isitayela esizokusetjenziswa: nini, kuphi, kubayini, (umnqopho), ngubani, (abamukelilwazi) nokuthi ini. Sebenzisa isingeniso esidosako. Yakha amaphuzu kuhle ungavumeli imibono engatjho litho. Sebenzisa iphimbo eliphikisanako (namaphuzu) kodwana hlala uzwakala kuhle. Sebenzisa imitjho emifitjhani enemibono elula, ngokusebenzisa iimbonelo ezijayelekileko. Linganisa ilimi lokuhlabu ngokujamiselela ngalokho okufaneleko. Tjheja isingeniso, tjhiya abamukelilwazi nomcabango (nofana mibili) Sebenzisa iinsiza ezibukelwakonofana eziphathekako, kodwana amagama afanele eze ekuthomeni. Ukusebenzisa amanowuthi akukakateleki, asetjenziselwa ukuzikhumbuza kwaphela. Sebenzisa ilimi elitjengisa ukukhula ngokupheleko/ ukuvuthwa, amagugu nesendialelo.
I-imeyili / i-sms	<p>Ukubika nokugcina ubudlelwana</p> <p>Isiphande somuntu eya kuye - esikhathini esinengi kuba ligama lomuntu eya kuye nobundzindzo lwazi, nephasi lapho kukhona khona ubundzindzo lwazi labo. isibonelo, mabena q(igama)@ webmail. (ubundzindzo lwazi) za (<i>iphasi</i>). Mabena.q@webmail.co.za</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> CC: lokhu kungaba kuyevelisa abemukelilwazi bonyana batjheje indzindzo lwazi labo. Isihloko: lesi sirhunyezo sokumumethwe yi-imeyili. Umlayezo Igama lomuntu oyithumeleko. <p>YELELA: Isiphande somthumeli sizivelela ngokuzenzakalelako lokha i-imeyili nayamukelwako. Umuntu othumelako angakhetha ukunikela ngeminye imininingwana yokuthintana ekugcineni. Lokhu kubizwa ngokuthi mutlikitlo.</p>
I-inthavyu	<p>Irehodi elitloliweko le-inthavyu</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nikela amagama wesikhulumi ngesandleni sesincele sekhasi Kusetjenziswa ikholoni ngemuva kwegama lomlingisi okhulumako Kusetjenziswa umuda omutjha ukutjengisa esinye nesinye isikhulumi esitjha Kuhlolwa umuntu omu-inthavyuwako ngokumbuza imibuzo. Kuvezwa amaphuzu aqinileko womuntu o-inthavyuwako, amathalenthe amaphuzu abuthakathaka, njil.
Iripoti/ Umbiko (ohlelekileko nongakahleleki)	<p>Umbiko/ amaripoti mitlolo ehleleke khulu, begodu asebenza kuhle lokha okuhlolwako kungokwamambala bekuqakathekile ebafundini. Akukho okumbi ukndlula ukutlola amaripoti angasi ngewemvelo, nofana amaripoti angakarisi umtloli.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inikela umbiko obuyako wobujamo obunqophileko, isib. ingozi, okhunye nokhunye okutholakeleko. Kucatjangisiswa ngesihloko, isingeniso(isendlalelo, umnqopho, isilinganiso somsebenzi), umzimba (ngubani? Kubayini? Kuphi? Nini? Ini? Njani?), isiphetho, iimphakamiso, iintjengisi, iinthisiselo. Ukuplana: kubuthelelwa bekuhlelwe ilwazi; kutlolwe amaphuzu Kusetjenziswa ilimi, irejista nesitayela esipheze sihleleke ukuya kesihlelekileko.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sebenzisa <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Isikhathi sanje (ngaphandle kwemibiko wezemilando) - Amabizo ajayelekileko - Umuntu wesithathu okhulumako - Ukuhlathulula amaphuzu - Amagama nemitjhwana ebuthekni - Ilimi elihlelekileko, elinqophe kuye qobo lakhe.

IMIHLOBO YAMATHEKSTI ATLOLWAKO	
Ikhari khulamu Vithaye (CV)	<p>Njengombana esikhathini sanje abantu abanengi sele basebenzisa iphahla, kunga qakathika ukuthola bonyana yini eyenza iphahla elihle, nokuthi ungawatjhugulula begodu uwazalise bunjani ngendlela ngendlela esizako. Kuqakathikile ukuyeelas bonyana yoke i-CV kufanele ikhulume ngobujamo obuthileko, isib. I-CV yomsebenzi othileko kufanele ikhulume khulu ngokubandakanya komtloli ehlangothini lelo lomsebenzi.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Zethule wena ngokwakho ngomtlolo ephasingo kusebenzisa umtlolo. Yethula igadango lokuthoma eliqinileko/ elikarisako. Yethula ilwazi ngokuhlwengileko, ngokungathathi ihlangothi nangokufitjhazana. Yitjho isikhala somsebenzi umuntu ongenele ukuhlolwa/ ukuhlungwa asifunako. Nikela: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Imininingwana yomuntu - limfundo aziphumelele ngokomthetho - Ilemuko lomsebenzi analo.(nakukghonekako) - Abantu okungafumaneka kibo ilwazi elingezelelweko ngawe.
Idayari	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Idayari ingumvezi wezehlakalo zangamalanga. Yethula ukuhlunga kwelanganofana izehlakalo zomtloli Itlolwa ngokuyisuselwa embonweni womtloli. Ukucoca komuntu wokuthoma kuyindlela efaneleko. Ilimi elikhethwako kuba ngelilula nelinembako. Ukuzwakala kwephimbo kuzakuya ngokuthi lihlobo bani lento etlolwa ngedayarini.
Ukunikela iinkombatjhuba	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nikela iinkombatjhuba lokha nawutjela omunye bonyana angafika bunjani kenyi indawo. Esikhathini esinengi kufanele usebenzise indlela ekatelelako (okunganamkhawulo ngaphandle kokusebenzisa igama 'uku') Nanyana ihloko 'wena' ingakatjhiwo, ngasosoke isikhathi izabe itjho umuntu wesibili/ olayelwako kujamele ukuthintana hlangana nokhulumako nolaleleko. Tjheja okulandelako lokha nawunikela iinkombatjhuba: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Yiba mfitjhani begodu uzwakale kuhle. - linkombatjhuba kufanele zilandelane kuhle. - Yitjho isilinganiso sobude bendawo - Nikela isilinganiso senani lendlela okufanele azidlule omlayelako ukuze afike endaweni. - Nikela ilwazi ngeemeregi azozibona endleleni - Sebenzisa amagama atjengisa indawo/ ubujamo - Sebenzisa amagama atjengisa ikombatjhuba - Sebenzisa amagama atjengisa ukuthabela okwenzileko.
Ukunikela iinlayelo	<p>Ukuhlathulula bonyana ungalisebenzisa bunjani ithulusinofana isisetjenziswa, ukulungisa ukudla, ukulungisa iimphoso, njll.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlathulula ukusebenzanofana ukusetgjenziswa kwelinye nelinye ithulusi elingasebenza; ukulungisa okuzakudiwa, ukulungisa nanyana ngibuphi ubutjhapho, njll Ukuplana nokulungiselela (Qala amatshwayo wokutlola) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ukuzwisisa ubujamo nokuthi uzakuba yini umphumela wokunikela iinlayelo/ iintjengiso kufanele zenziwe. - Tjengisa kuhle, ngendlela efaneleko nangelojikhi ukulandelana kweenlayelo. - Sebenzisa amamanuwali / iincwadi ezihlathulula ngokusetjenziswa kwento, iinlayelo nomsebenzi wazo - Tjheja ilwazi magama, ihlelo, iingaba, ilimi elibuthekhniki nemitjhwana engahle isetjenziswe Ukwethula

IMIHLOBO YAMATHEKSTI ATLOLWAKO	
Umkhangiso	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukudosa nokugcina itjhejo lomuntu owufundako -ukuqinisekisa bonyana amagama asebenzako aba ngasobala. Yakha isifiso sokobana umuntu angawenza ube ngowakhe umkhiqizonofana asebenzise into leyo. Yenza ofundako bonyana aphume mathupha ayokuthenga/ asebenzise umkhiqizo/ isisetjenziswa. Yeleta okulandelako lokha nawutlama umkhangiso: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Imakethe enqotjhiweko (bonyana umkhangiso wenzelwe abobani) - Indawo (umkhangiso uzakuvela nini begodu kuphi - kisiphi isirhatjhi, ngasiphi isikhathi begodu kuliphi ihlelonofana umagazini?) - Ukuqaleka/ ukudosa (umkhangiso udosa/ uqaleka kangangani?) - Ukwakheka nobukhulu bomtlolo. - Umoya womkhangiso (uthembekilenofana awa) begodu isilinganiso phakathi kwenomboro. - Ukuphumelelisanofana ukungaphumelelisi kombala okhethiweko. - Ilimi elisetjenzisiweko (ukuthi liyadosa, liyabuyabuyeleta, ngelifanekisako, ilimi eliminandi njll.)
Amaphostara / amaflaya	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Angathatha ubujamo obuhlukahlukeneko Asebenzisa iinqubulo namatshwayo agwaliweko Esikhathini esinengi anama-elemendi wokutlanywa abukelwako Asebenzisa amathekiniki wokukhangisa. Sebenzisa ukutlama ukwenza ukukhangisa bonyana kudose ilihlo begodu kukhumbuleke. Ilimi elifanekisako neensetjenziswa zobukondlo zisetjenziselwa ukwakha amandla webethano. Yenza ilimi bonyana likhumbuleke, isib. Isingathekiso, isifaniso, ifanatjhada, ibuyeletelo, ivumelwano, igido.
Ukuzalisa iforomo	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Iforomo ulizalisela iinzathu ezahlukahlukeneko, isib. ukubawa umsebenzinofana amalanga wokuphumula, ukungenela iphaliswanonofana unobuhle, njll. Nikela ilwazi elifunwa sikolo/ yihlangano lapho iforomo liya khona. Yitjho okufunekako, kulandelwe likholoni, isib. Isibongo: zalisa ngokunembako
Umlando kamufi	<p>Ukukhumbula nokutjela abanye ngesifo somunye umuntu</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amagama ngokuzeleko; indawo abelethelwe kiyo;lapho umuntu bekahlala khona;ilanga lamabeletho;ilanga abhubhe ngalo, abantu abaqakathekileko abatjhiyleko (umkakhe/ indoda yakhe, abantwana) begodu namagama wabo;isikhathi, ilanga, indawo lapho ayokubekwa khona, ilwazi elifitjhani ngomufi, njll. Okhunye kwalokhu okulandelako nakho kungafakwa: unobangela wokufa (kwamasiko okuqakathekileko); ilwazi ngomlando ngepilo kamufi; ilwazi ngamezwi wokumthokoza/wokumkhumbula
Ikontraga	<p>Sivumelwano esibophako okungena kiso abantu ababilinofana ngaphezulu. Ihoso yekontraga kukwakha isibopho. Ikontraga ingenziwa nangomlomo. (Kuphakanyiswa bonyana amakontraga enziwe ngomlomo (kungatlolwa) begodu nangokutlola ukutjengisa imibandela yemali nokuthi ingalungiswa bunjani)</p> <p>Ama-elemende wekontraga</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amagama (umnini kontraga, ongena ekontrageni, abofakazi) Imibandela okungenwa kiyo (okumumethwe yikontraga -okufaka hlangana umsebenzi okufanele wenziwe, isikhathi esizothathwa yikontraga nemibandela yezeemali nangabe kuzakuba neemali ezingene hlangana.) Imitikitlo (woke amalunga athintekako) Ilanga nendawo (ikontraga itlikitiwe kuphi begodu nini)

IMIHLOBO YAMATHEKSTI ATLOLWAKO	
Incwadi yokwaba amafa(iWili) / ithestamende	<p>Incwadi yokwabiwa kwamafa ithatha isiquntonofana iyatjho bonyana kuzakwenzekani ngepahla namafa womuntu ngemuva kokubhubha kwakhe. Incwadi yamafa iqinisekisa bonyana iimfiso zakamufi ziayazaliseka ngemva kokuhlongakala kwakhe. Incwadi yokwabiwa kwamafa kufanele ihlale isebujameni obuhle begodu ibekwe endaweni ephephileko.</p> <p>Kufanele ibe nokulandelako:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amagama womnikazi wencwadi yamafa • Ilanga incwadi yokwaba amafa eyenziwe ngalo • Imali, ipahla, nokhunye umuntu anakho • Abamukelilifa / abomdlalifa • Umkhuphi mafa(umngani, ilunga lomndeni, ummeli/ igqwetha)
Umtethosisekelo nomthetho-kambiso	<p>Lokhu yisede yeenkambisolawulonofana imithetho elawula ihlangano isib. Iphasi, ihlangano yokungcwaba, ihlangano yelutjha, ihlangano yestokfela, ihlangano yebholo erarhwako.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amahlangothi athintekako kufanele alandele imithetho • Imithetho iba sibopho. • Inga tjhugululwa / ingalungiswa • Isakhiwo kufanele sifake hlangana igama lehlanganonofana isikolo, ubulunga, imibandela elawulako, ilanga eyamukelwe ngalo, umtikitlo, njll.
AMATHEKSTI WEZEMITLOLO NAWEENRHATJHI	
Umbiko wakhe	<p>Ukutjela abantu ngombiko wakho</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uku zijayeza: ukwenza isithombenofana ukwakha ubujamo isib. <i>Bekungesikhathi samaholideyi wesikolo</i> • Umbiko wesehlakalo esenzekileko, esikhathini esinengi ngokulandelana kwezehlakalo, isib. <i>Ngiye ekhabo lika Tumelo...Bese...</i> • Eminye imininingwana engezelelwеко ngesehlakalo ngasinye, isib. <i>Umangele nakangibonako</i>. • Ukubuyelela uzijayeze -isitatimende esivalako esingahle sifake hlangana ukwelula/ ukwenaba, isib. <i>Ngifisa sengathi ngingahlala isikhathi eside noTumelo. Kube mnandi</i>. • Esikhathini esinengi utlowa ngesikhathi esidlulileko. • Icocwa mumuntu wokuthomanofana wesithathu • linhlanganiso zesikhathi ziayetjenziswa, isib. <i>kokuthoma, bese, okulandelako, ngemva kwalokho, ngaphambi nje kwalokho, kwamaswaphela/ ekugcineni, njengoba asa</i>. • Ivame ukunqopha emuntwini oyedwanofana abantu abazibandakanya ngesiqhema • Ingaba nesitayela esingakahleki
Ikulumo -pendulwano	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Itjengisa ikulumiswano hlangana nabantu ababilinofana ngaphezulu. • Irekhoda ukutjhentjhisana njengoba kwenzeka, bunqopha kusuka embonweni wesikhulumi. • Kutlolwa amagama wabalingisi ngehlangothini elingesinceleni lephepha. • Isebenzisa ikholoni ngemva kwegama womlingisi okhulumako • Isebenzisa umuda omutjha ukutjengisa esinye nesinye isikhulumi esitjha. • Yeletisa abalingisi (nofana abafundi) bonyana kufanele bakhulume bunjaninofana bethule isenzo esinikelwe ngeembayaneni ngaphambi kokukhuluma amagama. • Tlhatlhabeja ubujamo ngaphambi kokutlola
Ukubuyekeza	<p>Kwesinye isikhathi ukubuyekeza kulantelaphetheni ethileko. Akutlhogeki bonyana likhulume ngehlangothi elithile lenkwadi, ifilimunofana iCD. Ngokujayelekileko, ababuyekezako bayatjho bonyana yini abafuna ukuyibuyekeza nokuthi bobani ababandakanyekako, kodwana emva kwalokho, kungenzeka nanyana yini. Ukubuyekeza okuhle, kuzama ukulinganisa kodwana kuthembeke; ukubuyekeza okumbi kuba nje ngilokho okucatjangwa mumuntunofana ukukhupha itukuthelo.</p>

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	<p>Ihlaya akusiyinto engakajayeleki ekubuyekezeni: kwabanye ababuyekezi, kuyindlela yabo yokuthenga nokuthengisa. Yethula ukubuyekeza okutholakala emithonjeni yelwazi ehlukahlukeneko ukutjengisa abafundi bonyana umhlobo lo womtlolo ungahluka kangangani.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Kutjengisa ukuphendula komuntu emsebenzini wobukghwari, ifilimu, incwadi, isehlakalo, njll. • Wethula 'isehlulelo' sakhe emsebenzini owethuliweko • Ofunda ibuyekezo akutlhogeki bonyana avumelane nombuyekezi. • Tjengisa njengomphumela, ngokuthatha ihangothi. Ababuyekezi ababili bangahle baphendule ngokuhluukileko ethekstini eyodwa. • Ukunikela amaphuzu afaneleko, isibonelo, igama lomtloli, umkhuphi/ umkhiqizi / umvumi, isihloko sencwadi/ umsebenzi, igama lomkhuphi/ ikhampani ekhuphako/ ekhiqizako, nenani (lapho kukghoneka khona) liqakathekile
Itheksti yobukondlo	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Itlola ngokubonileko nokwaziko/ nelemuko lakho. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Abantu - Imvelo - Izinto eziphathelene nomphakathi/ ukuhlalisana - Itheknoloji, njll • Landela isakhiwo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Isihloko - Iindima / amavesi • Ukusebenzisa ilimi lobukondlo • Ukuvumela ilayisensi yobukondlo, isib. ukungatjheji amatshwayo wokufunda nokutlolanofana izakhiwowo zelimi.
I-Athikili yephephandaba	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Itjho amaphuzu ngokufitjhani kodwana ngokunembako. • Ilinga ngamandla ukukhuluma ummongo ngaphandle kokulahlekela ofundako. • Irhunyeza ngokunembako, ngaphandle kokutjhigamisa / kokulahlal iqiniso. • Inikela isihloko ngokurhunyeziweko, begodu ingezelele nesihlokwana ngokucacileko. • Ithoma ngamaphuzu aqakatheke khulu: ubani, ini, njani, nini, kuphi, kubayini nokuthi kangangani.

IMIHLOBO YAMATHEKSTI ATLOLWAKO	
I-Athikili yakamagazini	<p>Esikhathini esinengi, ema- athikilini wabomegazini lokho okuthandwa nokungathandwa mtloli nesitayela somtloli ngizo eziba phambili, begodu lokhu kufanele kukhuthazwe ebafundini bakho. Kufanele bebatlole ama-athikili wabomegazini ngananyana yini abayithathela phezulu/ ngokuncama, nama-athikili ahlekisako lapho bangenza kube mnandi, kuhlekise, benze ubunmandi ngento, bahleke, bahlabe esinye nesinye isihloko esifaneleko. Inengi lama-athikili wabomagazini afundwa bafundi ngawomhlobo lo.</p> <p>I-inthanede izele ngama -athikili begodu nanyana isitayela nokumumethweko kungakahluki kangako kulokho kwabangani babo, kufanele bonyana ahlolwe, khulukhulu njengoba avela ngemabhlogweni nje, esele kuyindlela eyamuкеleka kabanzi yokutlola. Ukuvumela abafundi bonyana bazakhele amabhlogo wabo (ephepheni, nanyana kungekho ukungabaza bonyana abafundi asele banamabhlogo wabo) banikela ubujamo bokutlola okunothileko, okuhlanganise nokuyeleta okutjhejako kubamukelilwazi, ukuba burhaba bokumumethweko nokuzwakala kwelizwi/ ithoni efaneleko.</p> <p>Gcina okulandelako engqondweni:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Isihloko kufanele sirherhe/ sidose begodu sikarise • Isitayela kufanele sibe ngesomuntu qobo lakhe, akhulume bunqophanofundako <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Isitayela singaba ngesihlathululakonofana esifanekisako, sidose imicabango yabantu abafundako - Amagama, iindawo, isikhathi, ubujamo neminye imininingwana etlhogekako kufanele ifakwe e-athikilini - I- athikili kufanele ihlahlambise ithando begodu, njengomkhangiso, ikhuthaze ofundako bonyana awusebenzise umkhiqizonofana isisetjenziswa - lingaba akukafaneli bonyana zibe zide khulu begodu kufanele zikhuthaze ukufundwa kwe-athikili - Ifonti kufanele ibe lula begodu irherhe/ idose.
Idokhyumenthari	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Liphenyo elingeneleleko ngepilo yehloko isib. ikutana ingorho/ ngwenya (kwezemidlalo, kwezfundo, kwezekolo, nombiko ngalokho okutholileko. • Lokhu kungafaka hlangana neenhlokwana zeenqabo adlule kizo ngaphambi kokufika esiqongolweni. • Amagama, iindawo, iinkhathi, isikhundla neminye imininingwana etlhogekako kufanele ifakwe kudokhyumenthari. • Thoma ngamaphuzu aqakatheke khulu: ubani, ini, njani, nini, kuphi, kubayini nokuthi kangangani.

UBUDE BAMATHEKSTI WELIMI LEKHAYA(OKUFANELE IKHIQIZWE BAFUNDI)			
UMSEBENZI	IGREYIDI YE-7	IGREYIDI YOBU-8	IGREYIDI YE- 9
Isigaba • Amagama • Iimitjho	amagama ali-100 -120 imitjho 8 - 10 iingaba 4-6	amagama ali-120 - 140 imitjho 8 - 12 iingaba 5-8	amagama ali-140 - 160 imitjho 8 - 12 iingaba 5-8
I-Eseyi	amagama ali-150 - 200 iingaba 4-6	amagama ali-200 - 250 iingaba 5-8	amagama ali-250 - 300 iingaba 5-8
Ikondlo	indima ezi 2-3	indima ezi 3-4	indima ezi 4-8
Indatjana efitjhani, okufaka hlangana inolwana-mlando	ikhasi li-1 iingaba +/- 6	amakhasi ama-2 iingaba +/- 12	amakhasi ama-3 iingaba +/- 24
Ikulumo-pendulwana (umdlalo odlalwa kanye)	ikhasi li-1	amakhasi ama-2	amakhasi ama-3
Amatheksti wokuthintana amade isib. lincwadi	amagama ali-120-140	amagama ali-140-160	amagama ali-160-180
Amatheksti amafitjhani	amagama ama-80 - 90	amagama ama-90 - 100	amagama ali-100 - 110
Ukurhunyeza	amagama ama-50 - 60 ethekstini enamagama ama-240	amagama ama-60 - 70 ethekstini enamagama ama-260	amagama ama-70 - 80 ethekstini enamagama ama-280

UBUDE BAMATHEKSTI WELIMI LEKHAYA (ABAFUNDI BAZIBANDAKANYA NAWO)			
UMSEBENZI	IGREYIDI YE-7	IGREYIDI YOBU-8	IGREYIDI YE- 9
Amatheksti amade wokulalelela ukuzwisa isib.indatjana, i-inthavyu, imidlalo, amari poti weendaba	amagama ali-150-200 / ukuya emaminithini ama- 5	amagama ama-200-250 / ukuya emaminithini ama-5	amagama ama-250-300 / ukuya emaminithini ama-5
Amatheksti amafitjhani wokulalelela ukuzwisa isib. iimemezelo, amatheksti welwazi, iinlayelo, iinkombatjhuba	amagama ama-60-70 amaminithi ama-1-2	amagama ama-70-80 amaminithi ama- 1-2	amagama ama-80-100 amaminithi ama / 1-2
Ukufundela ukuzwisa/ amatheksti wokufunda okungeneleleko	amagama ali-150-200	amagama ama-200-250	amagama ama-250-300

Ubude bamatheksti wokufunda okungezelelweko awakaqintelwa njengombana kuya ngomhlobo wethekhsti, ubudisi belimi nezinga lokufunda labafundi.

3.1.4 Izakhiwo nemithetjhvana yeLimi

Izakhiwo nemithetjhvana yeLimi zitjho imithetho elawula ukusetjenziswa kwamatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola, amagabhadhlela, amaledere, imidumo, amagama, imitjho neengaba emisebenzini yezomlomo nokutlolwako. Imithetho le ifaka hlangana ukupeleda, ukuphimisa, ihlelo, ilemuko lelimi elihlabako, njll. Amakghono wokulalela, ukukhuluma, ukufunda nokutlola angeze ajayewza ngaphandle kwelwazi elipheleleko leZakhi zeLimi nokuzijayeza ukuzisebenzisa. Abafundi badinga nelwazimagama elinabileko, elingahle mhlawumbe libe liphuzu eliqakatheke khulu emntwini ukuze akhulume kuhle. Ilwazimagama elinabileko liqakatheskile kiwo woke amakghono welimi, kodwana khulukhulu ekufundeni nekutloleni. Indlela ephumelelisa khulu ebafundini ukuthuthukisa ihlelo labo bebandise ilwazimagama labo kukufunda ngokungeneleleko ngaphakathi nangaphandle kwetlasi.

Abafundi bazokufunda bonyana bangasebenzisa bunjani **izakhiwo nemithetjhvana yeLimi**, begodu kuzokuthuthukisa ukwabelana kwelimi ukukhuluma ngelimi(limi elisetjenziswa ebujameni obuthile) ('ilimi-lemetha') ukuze bakwazi ukuzihlunga nokuhlunga amatheksti ngelihlo elihlabako ngokuya ngokuzwakala, ngokuphumelelisa nangokunqophileko. Bazokwazi ukusebenzisa ilwazi leli ukulinga ukwakha ihlathululo esemazingeni wegama

newemitiyo ukuya ethekstini yoke, nokubona bonyana itheksti nobujamo bayo buhlobana bunjani. Ngokuthintana nemihlobo ehlukahlukeneko yamatheksti, abafundi bangezelela ukusebenzisa kwabo ilwazimagama bebasebenzise ngefanelo ukuzwisia kwabo **izakhiwo nemiThetjhwana yeLimi**.

Kulindeleke bonyana izakhiwo nemiThetjhwana yeLimi zifanele zifundiswe ebujameni obuthileko njengombana namanye amakghono welimi afundiswa abe athuthukiswe. Amahlelo wokufundisa afaka irheloleZakhi nemiThetjhwana yeLimi (ama-ayithemu/ izinto) ezifanele zifundiswe kenyenye igreyidi. Nakukhethwa amatheksti wokulalela nokufunda komunye nomunye umzombe weemveke ezimbili, qinisekisa bonyana amumatha amanye ama-ayithemu welimi ofuna ukuwfundisa. Tlama imisetjanzana ehlobana namatheksti lawo azokwenza abafundi bonyana bakwazi ukusebenzisa ama-ayithemu lawa, ebujameni obuthileko. Ngokunjalo, amatheksti wokutlola abafundi abazowatlola azokufaka hlangana amanye wama-ayithemu welimi. Nikela abafundi bakho ihlahlo lokusetjenziswa kwama-ayithemu lawo ngefanelo. Khetha amanye wama-ayithemu abafundi bakho abanomraro ngawo bese ubanikela ukuzijayeza okuhlelekileko. EsiGabeni esiPhakamileko, i-iri linye emzombeni weemveke ezimbili libekelwe ngahlanye ukwenzela ilayelo elihlelekileko nokuzijayeza kuZakhi nemiThetjhwana yeLimi.

Ithebula elingenzasi litjengisa izakhiwo nemiThetjhwana yeLimi elindeleke bonyana abafundi bayifunde ngesikhathi sendlela yekambiso yokuLalela, yokuKhuluma, yokuFunda nokuTlola. izakhiwo lezi zifanele zifundiswe ebujameni obuthile ngendlela yokuhlanganisa kusetjenziswa imihlobo ehlukeneko yokomlomo, okubonwako namatheksti atloliweko. Zifanele zifundiswe ngokucacileko ngesikhathi esibekelwe ngeqadi njengombana kulindelekile.

IIMBONELO ZEZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELIMI	
Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola	Ungci, isibabazo, unobuza, ikhoma, ikhloni, isemi-kholoni, uzitjhana / uzitjhana, abodzuhula, ipharenthesis/ iimbayana, elipsisi, ihayifeni/ udwi
Ukupeleda	Amaphetheni wokupeleda, imithetho yokupeleda, iirrhunyezo, ukusetjenziswa kwesihlathululi-mezwi
lingceny zamagama	linthomo, umrabhu, neenlungelelo
Amabizo	linthomo zamabizo (ukufaka hlangana iinthomo ezithoma ngo-uku- (emalimini wesiNtu) Amabizo-mbala (isib. <i>uThandi</i> , <i>uVeleleni</i>) namabizo ajayelekileko (isib. <i>intombi</i> , <i>udorhoder</i>) Amabizo wezinto ezibalwako (isib. <i>isitja</i> / <i>izitja</i>) Amabizo wezinto ezingabalekiko (isib. <i>iswigiri</i> , <i>iinhluthu</i>) Amabizo wezinto ezingathintekiko (isib. <i>ithando ukusaba</i> , <i>ihlonipho</i> , <i>ukuthembeka</i>) Amabizo wezinto ezithintekako (isib. <i>ibholo</i> , <i>isitulo</i>) Amabizomvango (isib. <i>Velabahlinze</i> , <i>ikombatjhuba</i> , <i>uNtombizodwa</i>) Amabizo-buthelela (<i>umhlambi weenkomo</i> , <i>iwoma labantu</i>) Amabizo arareneko (isib. <i>iNyvesi yeSewula Afrika</i> , <i>umuthi omkhulu otjhileko</i>) Amabizo anesithomo u-uku- (isib. <i>Ukududa kuhle</i> , <i>ukutjhayela kumncani</i> , <i>ukulila kuyalapha</i>) Ukubala (ubunye/ ubunengi) isib. isitulo/ iintulo Amabizo atjengisa ubumnini (isib. <i>isitulo sikaDzubhana</i> , <i>amadeske wabafundi</i> , <i>iindlalisi zabantwana</i>) Umenzi nomenziwa Ubulili (isib. <i>umkukurumbu- isikhukhukazi</i> , <i>ikunzi- ikomazi</i> linciphiso zamabizo, (isib. <i>umuntu- umntwana</i> , <i>isibha- isijana</i>) linkhuliso zamabizo, (isib. <i>umuzi- umuzikazi</i> , <i>idamu- idamukazi</i>) Amabizo asuselwa kwezinye iingcezu/ iinkhekhe zekulumo (isib. <i>Umsebenzi< sebenza</i> , <i>umthungi< thunga</i>)

IIMBONELO ZEZAKHI NEMITHETJHWANA YOKUSETJENZISWA KWELIMI	
linqophiso/ Amadithemena	<p>Isabizwana sokukhomba: <i>lokhu, lokho, lokhuya</i> (isib. Leyo incwadi ngeyami).</p> <p>Isabizwana sokubala 1: <i>boke, abanye, nakhunye</i> (isib. Boke abafundi basizwisisile isifundo</p> <p>Isabizwana sokubala 2: <i>bobabili, nanyana</i> (isib. Bobabili abafundi basikimile</p> <p>Isabizwana sokubala 3: <i>nengi, ncani, mbijana</i>, (isib. Isikolo sinabanengi abafundi</p> <p>Isabizwana sokubala 4: <i>abanye, omunye, woke</i> (isib. Ikoloyi itjhayise omunye umfundu)</p>
Izabizwana	<p>Isabizwana samambala sisebenza njengehloko: Mina, wena, yena, yona, thina, bona (isib. Yena ufunda incwadi)</p> <p>Isabizwana samambala sisebenza njengomenziwa onqophileko nongakanqophi: mina, wena, yena, yona, thina, bona (isib. Yena uyinikele mina.)</p> <p>Izabizwana zokuzenza: -zi-, (isib. Mina ngiyazithanda, Umalume uzithengele ikoloyi, Ugogo uzhilabele ikukhu)</p> <p>Izabizwana zesibaluli: Indoda ejame efesdereni ngutitjhere wami, Indoda elahlekelwe yikoloyi ngumalume wami. Umuzi osesiqongolweni sentaba loya ngewenyanga.</p> <p>Isabizwana senani: ini, ubani, yiphi, ngekabani, (isib. Ngekabani incwadi le?)</p> <p>Izabizwana zokukhomba: Angiyithandi indaba leyo</p> <p>Izabizwana sesichasiso omkhulu umuzi, utjhile, esibovu isitja siphukile, njll.</p>
Isichasiso	<p>Isiphawulo: Indawo yesiphawulo emtjhweni, isib. Ekulu indoda (ngaphambi kwebizo) Ugogo upheke ekulu (ngemva kwesenzo)</p> <p>Singancitjhiswa, sikhuleswa</p> <p>ukubala: -kunye, -kibili, kwesibili, okukodwa</p> <p>Isibaluli: Indawo yesibaluli emtjhweni, isib. Emhlophe indoda (ngaphambi kwebizo) Ugogo uhlwengisa esikhanyako (ngemva kwesenzo)</p> <p>Imibala (omhlophe, esarulani, njll); ubunjalo (elikhuni, omakhaza, njll); esisuselwa kezinye iinkhekhe zekulumo (isib. umuzi okhanyako, umuntu oyikutani, umuntu onamandla, njll)</p> <p>Ubumnini: Iziqu zobumnini: umntwana womfundisi (wa+umfundisi) livumelwano zobumnini: UThemba ukhamba nezinja zakhe; Bafuna iinkomo zabo zidle emadlelwani ahlaza</p> <p>Inani: Iziqu zenani:-ni? Isib. Ufuna ini?; -nye: isib. Sibawa isitja sinye; Sifuna umgodla munye wamabele; -phi? isib. Ufuna siphisikhwama? limvumelwano zenani: isib. muphi?, sinye, ini? linkhekhe zekulumo ezingakhiwa ngenani, isib. ngimuphi</p>

IIMBONELO ZEZAKHI NEMITHETJHWANA YOKUSETJENZISWA KWELIMI	
Izenzo	<p>Izenzo esiqakathekileko, Izenzo esinomenziwa oyedwa, isenzo esinabomenziwa ababili, isenzo esizijameleko, isenzo esihlomelela u-uku- ekuthomeni kwaso, isibanjalo, umtjhwna osisenzo,</p> <p>limpambosi zesenko</p>
	<p>Indlela zezenzo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Indlela eyamileko: Nangingambona, ngizomtjengisa. Indlela yamandla: Ungaseli bewutjhaye! Yeleta! Indlela enqophileko: linciliba azikwazi ukuphapha.
	<p>Isizasenzo esebezenza nesinye isenzo</p> <p>Ukuveza ikghono/ nokungakhoni, isib. <u>Ngingakhulumu isiJeremani / Angikwazi ukukhulumu isiFrentjhi</u>. <u>Ulungele ukubuyela</u> emsebenzini/<u>Akakalungeli ukubuyela</u> emsebenzini.</p> <p>Ukubawa ivumo, isib. <u>Ngingayisebenzisa indlu encani? Ngingakhamba ngaphambi kwesikhathi? Ngingabuza imibuzo? Iye, ungaruba</u>.</p> <p>Ukuveza iinlayelo/ iimbawo, isib. <u>Ungalivula ifesdere, ngiyabawa / Ungaangivumela ngingene?</u></p> <p>Ukuveza okungenzeka/ okungekhe kwenzeke, isib. Lokhu <u>kungabangela</u> ubudisi./ <u>Awukwazi</u> ukutjho njalo./ <u>Ungaqinisa./ Bekangekhe</u> azi</p> <p>Ukuveza okungahle kwenzeke/ nokungahle kungenzeki,</p> <p>Kufanele sifike nanyana kunjani ejwanasbhege ngo-10 ebusuku/ Kufanele nayana kunjani sifike ejwanasbhege ngo-10 ebusuku/ <u>Akukafaneli</u> kube nanyana <u>ngimuphi umraro</u></p> <p>Ukuveza isiqinisekiso, isib. <u>Bafanele</u> bonyana sebakohohliwe.</p>
	<p>linkathi zesenko</p> <p>Isikhathi sanje, isib. <u>Ngidlala itenesi qobe ngeveke / linyoka ziinrhurhubi</u>.</p> <p>Isikhathi sanje esiragela phambili, isib. <u>Ubukela</u> umabonwakude njenganje.</p> <p>Isikhathi sanje esipheleleko, isib. <u>Ngihlezi eThekwini ubuphilo bami boke</u>.</p> <p>Isikhathi sanje esipheleleko esiragela phambili, isib. <u>Bekade afunda</u> ngamandla iveke yoke.</p> <p>Isikhathi esidlulileko, isib. <u>Uyuke ekuseni waphuma</u> ngeengutjeni</p> <p>Isikhathi esidlulileko esiragela phambili, isib. <u>Abantwana bebaale</u> lokha nakulumatha umlilo.</p> <p>Isikhathi esidlulileko esipheleleko, isib. <u>Ubuyele ekhaya ngombana bekakhohlwe</u> iinlodlhelo zakhe.</p> <p>Isikhathi esidlulileko esipheleleko esiragela phambili (esiragako), isib. <u>Besele ngilinde</u> amari amabili nakafikako.</p> <p>Isikhathi esizako:</p> <p>Za+ uku-, isib. <u>Umma uMalobola uzokufundisa itlasi le Greyidi ye10./ Ngineqiniso lokobana uzoyithabela imuvi. Ngizakuza ngizokubona kusasa. Ngicabanga bonyana lizokuna kusasa.</u></p> <p>Isikhathi sanje esisetjenziselwa ukukhulumu okuzokwenzeka, isib. <u>Kusasa yiholideyi</u>.</p> <p>Isikhathi esizako esiragela phambili (esiragako), isib. <u>Ngizabe ngisebenza</u> iveke ezako yoke.</p> <p>Isikhathi esizako esipheleleko, isib. <u>Ngeveke ezako ngizabe ngiwiqedile</u> umsebenzi.</p> <p>Isikhathi esizako esipheleleko esiragela phambili (nofana esiragako) isib. <u>Ngonyaka ozako ngizabe sele ngifundise</u> iminyaka ematjhumi amabili esikolweni lesi.</p>
	<p>Isivumelwano</p> <p>Isivumelwano sehloko-nesenko, isib. Umalume ulusa iinkomo/ Mina ngiyakhamba</p>

IIMBONELO ZEZAKHI NEMITHETJHWANA YOKUSETJENZISWA KWELIMI	
Izandiso	<p>Izandiso zobujamo, isib. <i>buthule, ngokuyeleta, ngokuthobekileko ngokuthambileko, burhaba</i> Izandiso zesikhathi, isib. <i>izolo, kusasa, ngonyaka odlulileko, ngeveke edlulileko, ngelinje ilanga, ngenyanga ezako, kuthangi, ilanga elilandelako</i></p> <p>Izandiso zokuvamileko, isib. <i>njalo, ngokuvamileko, kanengi, ngezinye iinkhathi ngekhe/khange.</i></p> <p><i>Izandiso sendawo: ekhaya, ePitori</i></p> <p>Izandiso zokungahle kwenzeke, isib. <i>ngokuqinisekileko, ngembala, mhlambe, mhlamunye, ngenzeka</i></p> <p>Izandiso zesikhathi, isib. <i>bekufike lesikhathi, bekube nje,</i></p> <p>Izandiso sobungako: <i>ngokuzeleko, ngamandla, ngokupheleleko, kwamambala, kunoku</i></p> <p>Izandiso eziimtjhvana, isib. <i>phakathi kwesimu, phezu kwetafula</i></p>
linhlanganiso namagama wokutjhugulukela kokunye	<p>Ukulamanisa ngefanelo: <i>kokuthoma, kwesibili, kwestithathu, ngaphambi, ngemva, nini, lokha, bekube, ekugcineni, okulandelako, mva nje, ngaphambil, ngemva kwalokho.</i></p> <p>Ihlathululo / unobangela nomphumela: <i>yingakho, ngalokho ke, ngombana, ngalesi sizathu, soloko, njengomphumela we, kungebanga le, ngakho- ke, kulandela lokhu, nangabe...bese.</i></p> <p>Ikambiso: <i>kokuthoma, kwesibili, kwestithathu.</i></p> <p>Ukumadanisa/ ukuhlukanisa: <i>okufanako, okungafaneko/ okuhlukileko, okuncani kuna, okukhulu kuna, nanyana kunjalo, kodwana</i></p> <p>Ukuhlela ngokuqakathika kwezinto: <i>ngasosoke isikhathi, kwamaswaphelo/ kokugcina</i></p> <p>Okuphatelene nendawo: <i>ngehla, ngenzasi, ngesinceleni, ngesidleni, njill.</i></p> <p>Okuvamileko: <i>ngokuvamileko, ukuphetha.</i></p> <p>Isigaba esikhethiweko: <i>ngombono wami, ikolelo, umbono, ukuzwisia, ngicabanga ukuthi, ngithatha ukuthi, ngikholwela, ngibona sengathi, ngimnyula/ thanda/ angithandi/ themba/ izwa</i></p> <p>Isigaba sokuhlela ngamananeko: <i>kulihlolo eli, ingahlukaniswa ka, ilihlolo eli, iwela, ngaphasi kwe, ngeye, iyinceny ye, ingena e, ibuthelelw ne, ihlobana ne, ikhambelana ne/ ihlotjaniswa ne</i></p> <p>Isigaba esihlathululako: <i>ngehla, ngaphasi, ecadi, eduze, etlhagwini/ epumalanga/ esewula/ etjingalanga/ ubungako/ isayizi, umbala, ubujamo, ihlos, ubude, ububanzi, imasi/ ubudisi, ibelo, kufana ne, kujamele i/ kufana ne</i></p> <p>Isigaba esihlungako: <i>kuhle/ kumbi, kulungile/ akukalungi, imikghwa/ ukungabi nemikghwa, kulungile/ kutjhaphile, kuqakathekile/ akukaqakatheki, tjukumisa, phakamisa, luleka, phikisa,</i></p> <p>Isigaba esichazako: sihlathululwa njengokuthi, silihlolo le</p> <p>Isigaba esiphethako: <i>ukuphetha, ukusonga, ngokurhunyeza, ngokufitjhani, njengombana ubona</i></p>
limbabazo	<p>Amagama la aveza imizwanofana amazizo ehlangothini lokhulumako nanyana izenzukuthi ezinengi zinehlathululo esobala kwestinye isikhathi zivezwa njengetgama elilodwa nofana isingamutjho, silandelwe litshwayo lokutlola nokufunda.</p> <p>Isibonelo, Baba-ke! Maye! Halala!</p>
Izenzukuthi	<p>Lawa magama aveza itjhada bonyana into yenzeke bunjani</p> <p>Isibonelo, Uwe wathi <i>disi!</i>; Kuzwakale ubu <i>qhwa!</i> besigidi</p>

IIMBONELO ZEZAKHI NEMITHETJHWANA YOKUSETJENZISWA KWELIMI	
Ukuthuthukisa ilwazimagama nelimi lokufanekisa	<p>Amagama amqondofana, amagama amqondophika, amagama amqondo mnengi, abomqondo mnengi, ifanatjhada (ifanakamisa nefanangwaqa), igama elilodwa elijamele umtjhvana.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • limfenqo (isifaniso, isingathekiso, isenzasamuntu, okzimoroni, isijameleli/ imethanimi, ifuzatjhada/ onomatopiya, irhwala, ukuphikisana, itshimo, isithori, irhobho-ndaba, itshwayo, isihlonipho, ilithothesi / ukuvuma ngokuphika, ipharadoksi, isidlalisi-magama, isifenyiso) <p>Izimo zekulumo/ izitjho/ izaga/ iinrarejo.</p> <p>Amagama wokubolekwa, wokwemvelo, amagama amatjha ne-ethimoloji (imvelaphi yamagama)</p> <p>Ukungazwakali kuhle bona kutjho ukuthini, umuda, okungasafuneki, ukubuyeleteka kwekulomo ngeendlela ezinengi, isirhumutjha (islenghi), ijagoni, ipimiso, ukudzimelela kokholwela kikho, ukuzindla, ukuthatha ihlangothi, ilimi elilumelako, ilimi elithinta imizwa, ilimi elibonelela ubulili bunye, njll.</p> <p>Ukusebenzisa ilimi ngomnqopho othileko, o.u. irejista efanele abamukelilwazi, isib. ilimi lesiNdebele - Bayede Ngonyama, Zimu, Ndabezitha.</p> <p>Ukutjhidisa ihlathululo, isib. ikhowukhu (isiselo, iindakamizwa), isikhokho (irobholela yomratha, umuntu ohlakaniphileko), njll.</p>
Umtjhvana (itlozi)	<p>Umutjhvana oqakathekileko (ozijamele), isib. Besivakatjhele eThekwini ngenyanga kaMgwengweni.</p> <p>Umutjhvana oyame komunye (oyamileko), isib. Besivakatjhele eThekwini ngenyanga kaMgwengweni, begodu saya ePhalaburwa ngenyanga kaNobayeni</p> <p>Umutjhvana osisandiso/ osinabiso, isib. Besivakatjhele eThekwini ngenyanga kaMgwengweni ngombana kuyatjhisa ebusika.</p> <p>Umtjhvana ophawulako, isib Leli lidorobho elincani esalivatjhela ngonyaka ophelileko</p> <p>Umutjhvana olibizo, isib. Esikubone erharheni leRholweni kungimangazile.</p> <p>Umutjhvana wobujamo/ onemibandela (nange), isib. Nangingakubona namhlanje ntambama, ngizakunikela imali yakho.</p> <p>Umandela wokuthoma oveza okungenzekako kwamambala, isib. Nangelana <i>izulu, sizowutshwilisa umdlalo</i>.</p> <p>Umandela wesibili oveza into okungekhenofana engakghonekiko, isib. <i>Nangingathumba iLotto, ngizokuthengela umma indlu enamakamura alitjhumi wokulala</i>.</p> <p>Umandela wesithathu oveza umcabango ongakaqinisekiswa / onganabuqiniso, isib. <i>Ngathana ngasebenza khudlwana esikolweni, bengizokuphasa imethrikhi yami</i>.</p>
Isingamutjho/ Umtjhvana (ifreyizi)	<p>Imitjhvana epheleleko: lindawo zamaGugu njengombana ziziindawo ezikhamba phambili ngokudosa iimvakatjhi, iMapungubwe yindawo ongaya kiyo.</p> <p>Umtjhvana olibizo: iYunivesithi ye Cape Town ingenye yeziphambili e-Afrika.</p> <p>Umitjhvana onesenzo ezithoma ngo-uku-Ukuvakatjhela iKruger National Park, kusithabisile ngobuhle bemvelo.</p> <p>Umtjhvana osisenco: Amakhetho wokuthoma atjhaphulukileko abanjwa ngo 1994.</p>
Imitjho	Elula, epandepande, nerareneko/ ehangahlangeneko
Ipambosi yokwensiwa (imitjho lapho umenziwa aba yihloko)	<p>Imitjho elula yesikhathi sanje, isib. Iyege <u>ikhiyelwa</u> nge- iri lesi 6 ngamalanga ntambama. Isikhathi sanje esiragela phambili (esiragako), isib. <u>llawu lami liyahlwengiswa</u> njenganje. Isikhathi sanje esipheleleko, isib. Isupamakethe etja <u>ivulwe</u> unyaka lo.</p> <p>Isikhathi esidlulileko, isib. <u>Ibulungelo leencwadi belivalelw</u> amaholideyi.</p> <p>Isikhathi esidlulileko esiragela phambili (nofana esiragako), isib. Bekufanele balinde ngombana ikoloyi <u>beyisahlwengiswa</u>.</p> <p>Isikhathi esidlulileko esipheleleko, isib. <u>Uphekelwe</u> ngumma ukudla.</p> <p>Isikhathi esizako, isib. Ngonyaka ozako <u>itlasi lizokufundiswa</u> ngu Mnu.uDube./ Ngonyaka ozako <u>ibulungelo leencwadi elitjha lizokwakhiwa</u>.</p>
Ikulomo embiko	<p>Imibuzo emibiko: Isib. <u>Ungibuzile bonyana kubayini ngifike ngemva kwesikhathi</u>. / <u>Ungibuzile bonyana ngithanda umhlobo bani womvumo</u>.</p> <p>Umutjhvana ofaka isihlanganiso 'bonyana', isib. <u>Ungitjеле bonyana bekangazi</u>. / <u>Ungitjеле bonyana ulahlekelwe yincwadi</u>.</p>

3.2 ITHEBULA LOKUSABALALISA AMATHEKSTI NGAMAGREYIDI 7-9

IIMVEKE	IGREYIDI 7	IGREYIDI 8	IGREYIDI 9
ITHEMU 1			
1&2	Indatjana	Indatjana eftjhani	Itheksti yelwazi - isikhangiso, iphostara Inovelni, umdlalo, indatjana eftjhani, ikondlo
3&4	Ikondlo	Itheksti yelwazi enekulumo	Inovelni, umdlalo, indatjana eftjhani, ikondlo
5&6	Ikondlo, umdlalo	Inovelni, idrama, indatjana eftjhani	Itheksti yelwazi-itheksti yekontraga
7&8	Indatjana eftjhani, Umtlolondo-ndabuko	Itheksti yelwazi, isib. athikili yephephandabanofana yemagazini	Inovelni, umdlalo, indatjana eftjhani, ikondlo
9&10	Indatjana eftjhani, ikondlo	Itheksti yombiko/ yeripoti orhubhululako	Itheksti yelwazi, isib. umbiko wephephandabanofana wemagazini
ITHEMU 2			
1&2	Inovelni eftjhani, umdlalo, ikondlo	Itheksti yelwazi enokubukelwako, isib. imimebhe/ iimeregi/ iinkala/ amatjhadi/ iinthombe Ikondlo	Inovelni, umdlalo, indatjana eftjhani, ikondlo, umtlolo ndabuko
3&4	Itheksti yelwazi enokubukelwako, isib. isikhangiso/ amadayagramu/ iinthombe/ amagrafu; iphostara; ihlathululo yento ethileko, itheksti ebukelwako, inovelni	Itheksti yelwazi, isib. itheksti ezwakalako/ ebukelwako-ukulingisa/ iforam/ ingcoco yephaneli (ehlelekileko) Ikondlo	Ukubuyekezwa kwetheksti-inovelni, umdlalo, indatjana eftjhani, ikondlo
5&6	Itheksti yelwazi, isib. iinkambiso, iinlayelo, itheksti yelwazi enokubukelwako, isib. amatjhadi/ amathebula/ amadayagramu / iinthombe/ amagrafu, ikondlo	Itheksti yelwazi, isib. i-thavyu Ikondlo	Inovelni, umdlalo, indatjana eftjhani, ikondlo- isaziso, i-ajenda namaminidi
7&8	Inovelni / umdlalo	Ukubuyekezwa kwendatjana	Itheksti yelwazi enokubukelwako, isib. isikhangiso- ukubuyekezwa
9&10	UKUHLOLA OKUPHETHAKO		

ITHEMU 3			
1&2	Itheksti yelwazi, isib. irhelo lemibuzonofana iforomo ikondlo	Umdlalo Ikondlo	Itheksti yelwazi- incwadi yokwabiwa kwamafa nesthestamende
3&4	Umdlalo, ikondlo	Itheksti yelwazi- i-athikili yephephandaba/ yemagazini	Inovel, umdlalo, indatjana efitjhani, ikondlo- ukutlolwa kwamatheksti wokuthintana- incwadi esekelako neKharikhylamu vithayi (iSivi)
5&6	Itheksti yesaziso, i-ajenda namaminidi	inovel, umdlalo, indatjana efitjhani; ikondlo-incwadi yomsebenzi/ yobungani	Inovel, umdlalo, indatjana efitjhani, ikondlo-ukutlolola i-eseyi
7&8	I-athikili yephephandaba nemagazini ngezinto zanje	Inovel, umdlalo, indatjana efitjhani, ikondlo-ukutlolola indatjana	Inovel, umdlalo, indatjana efitjhani, ikondlo-ukutlolola itheksti yokuthintana- ikarada lesimemo nelokwamukelwa
9&10	Itheksti yelwazi- iinlayelo	Itheksti ecocako- inovel, indatjana efitjhani; ikondlo	Umdlalo- ukutlolola ikulumo- pendulwano
ITHEMU 4			
1&2	Umdlalo/ inovel/ indatjana efitjhani	Itheksti yelwazi: i-athikili yemagazini/ yephephandaba	Inovel, indatjana efitjhani- ukutlolola incwadi yesibawo
3&4	Itheksti yelwazi enedayari, i-imeyili, isms, amaflaya	Inovel, idrama, indatjana efitjhani, ikondlo	Inovel, indatjana efitjhani, ikondlo-ukutlolola ama-imeyili
5&6	Inovel, umdlalo, indatjana efitjhani, umtlolo-ndabuko	Umdlalo/ umdlalo wesiteji, ikondlo- umbiko weembikindaba	Inovel, indatjana efitjhani, ikondlo-ukutlolola umlando kamufi, ukutlolola ngedayarini, ikarada lesimemo
7&8	Ukubuyekezwa kwamatheksti- ukulungiselela ihlahlubo	Ukubuyekezwa kwamatheksti- ukulungiselela ihlahlubo	Ukubuyekezwa kwamatheksti- ukulungiselela ihlahlubo
9&10	UKUHLOLA OKUPHETHAKO		

3.3 AMAHLELO WOKUFUNDISA

IsiGaba esiPhakamileko, ngetjhudu elimbi, sikuphela kwefundo ekatelewako. Ngemva kweGreyidi ye 9, abafundi abanengi baphuma esikolweni bayokufuna imisebenzi, nofana balandele ifundo ephathelene nemisebenzi efundelwako. Kungebangla leli kuthlogeka bonyana izinga lokufundisa kufanele libe sezingeni eliphezulu esiGabeni esiPhakamileko. Abafundi kufanele bavezwe erherhweni elibanzi lelwazi, okulitshwayo elifanele libatjhiye bazilungiselele nconywana ukwenzela ukuqalana nekusasa labo.

Izinga okubekwa kilo iLimi lokuThoma lokwEngeza emalimini, pheze lilingane neLimi leKhaya. Umehluko kujula kwetheksti esetjenzisiweko / efundiweko netheksti ekhinqiziweko. Abafundi esiGabeni esiPhakamileko kufanele bavezwe emihlobeni ehlukahlukeneko yezemitlolo begodu nemihlobo ehlukahlukeneko yamatheksti okufanele bayikhiqize. Ukuvezwa lokhu, kuzakurhelebha abafundi bonyana bakghone ukuqalana nanyana ngiliphi ithuba abavulelwe lona, begodu nokwenza ncono ukuzwisia ilwazi labo lokumumethweko.

Ihlelo lokufundisa litjengisa ubuncani bokumumethweko okufanele kufundiswe njalo eemvekeni ezimbili ngethemu. Ukulandelana kokumumethweko okurhelisiweko akukaqintelwa, begodu nesikhathi esinikelweko sisilinganiso esitjengisako bonyana kungathatha isikhathi esingangani ukufundisa okumumethweko. Abotitjhere kufanele batlame iimfundu zabo zokufundisa ngokusebenzia amahlelo wokufundisa, amatheksibhugu wabo nezinye iinsetjenziswa ezifaneleko ukufundisa okumumethweko ngokusebenzia ukulamana nebelo elifaneleko. Abotitjhere bakhuthazwa bonyana basebenzise okumumethweko nofana iminqopho ekhambelana nebhoduluko labo.

3.3.1 Amatheksti ahlangana bunjani ndawonye emzombeni weemveke ezimbili

Amatheksti ahlukahlukeneko asetjenzisiwe njengesisekelo sokutlama umzombe weemveke ezimbili zokufundisa. Akhethwe ngesisekelo sokuthi ahlangana bunjani ukwenza iyunithi ehlanganisiweko, isibonelo abafundi bazokulalela indatjana bese bafunda indatjana. Bazokubawiwa bonyana batlole ihlathululo yomlomo efitjhani ngendawonofana ngomuntu (lokho kuzokuhlangana nendatjana)nofana bangahle babawiwe bonyana batlole incwadi eya kumlingis osendatjaneni. Khetha ummongonofana isihloko komunye nomunye umzombe weemveke ezimbili ozokuvumela bonyana uhlanganise imisetjenzana ngepumelelo. Isizathu sokusebenzisa imimmongonofana iinhloko kukukwenza isiqiniseko sokukghonakalisa bonyana kubuyelelw ilwazimagama nezakhiwo zelimi ebujameni obuzwakalako

Izakhiwo zelimi ezitjhukumisiweko emzombeni ngamunye zenzelwe ukuqinisa amatheksti azakukhiqizwa emzombeni. Utijhere angangezelela ezinye izakhiwo zelimi ezithathwa njengezingarheleba emsebenzini lo.

3.3.2 Indlela amatheksti / imisebenzi alamaniswa ngakho ngomzombe weemveke ezimbili

Amatheksti awakafaneli afundiswe ngehlelo elithile. Esikhathini esinengi, kufanele kube nomsetjenzana/ wokuLalela nokuKhuluma/ ukulungiselela umsetjenzana wokuFunda nofana wokuTlola. Ngesinye isikhathi umsetjenzana wokuLalela nokuKhuluma ufanele ususelwe ethekhstini efundiweko. Abafundi bafanele babandakanywe nemihlobo yamatheksti ehlukahlukeneko ngokomlomo begodu nangokufunda ngaphambi kobana babawiwe bonyana batlole amatheksti lawa. Esikhathini esinengi, itheksti okufanele ilalelw, isib. indatjana namkha iripoti yeendaba izokuhluka beyibe sezingeni eliphezulu kunaleyoo abafundi abazuyifunda. Lokhu kungombana amakghono wabo wokuLalela sele athuthuke khulu kunamakghono wabo wokuFunda.

3.3.3 Imihlobo yamatheksti aqintelweko naphakanyisiweko

Imihlobo yamatheksti aqintelweko afanele afundiswe njalo emzobeni weemveke ezimbili anqotjhisiwe ehlelweni lokufundisa begodu kufanele abekhona eencwadini zokufundisa isifundo esithileko eziqintelweko. Esikhathini esinengi, akunamhlobo wendatjana eqintelweko. Ukuzikhethela kungenziwa emihlotjeni yeendatjana zanje, iindatjana ezakiwa engcondweni ezine rhuluphelo lerhubhululo ezitlanyiweko (isib. ukuthanda ukukhamba iindawo ongazaziko, izinto ezingasiliqiniso ngesayensi) iindatjana zomlando (isib. Umlando ngepilo yomuntu) neendatjana zendabuko (isib zekolo, iinolwana mlando, iinolwana eziphathelene neembandana) lezo ezitholakalako. Kuyafana neenkondlo nemidlalo.

Lokhu kuzakuba matheksti akhethwe eencwadini zokufunda/ nezinye iincwadi (ukufunda okungezelelw) begodu kuzokulekelela amatheksti afundwe esigabeni esiqintelweko. Kungaba mihlobo yamatheksti efanako (ukugandelela ukuzwisiswa kwesakhiwo setheksti)nofana umhlobo wetheksti ohlukileko (ukuhlahlambisa ikareko nethando elinengi bekungezelelw namakghono wokufunda ahlukeneko). Kikho koke, ukufunda lokhu okungezelelw kufanele kuhlobane neenhloko nemimmongo ezikhethelwe amatheksti aqintelwe umzombe weemveke ezimbili

3.3.4 Ukuhlanganiswa kwawo woke amakghono welimi emzombeni weemveke ezimbili

Nanyana ehlelweni lokufundisa amakghono atjengiswe akhamba ahlukene, afanele afundiswe ngendlela yokuhlanganisa lapho kukhoneka khona, isib.lokha nakufundiswa i-inthavyu ngomlomo abafundi bangafunda itheksti etloliweko, bese kuthi ngokukhamba kwesikhathi abafundi bangabawiwa bonyana bakhiqize i-inthavyu etloliweko. Ukukhethwa kweZakhiwo zeLimi ezifanele zifundiswe emzombeni othileko zifanele zingezelele ukukhiqiza nokuzwisiswa amatheksti womlomo nawokutloliveko afanele akhiqizwe ngomzombe lowo, isib. iimphawulo, amagama amqondofana, amagama amqondophika, izandiso, nesikhathi esidlulileko ukulungiselela abafundi bonyana batlole i-eseyi ecocako namkha ehlathululako. Ubujamo bendlela ethile yokuveza imizwa buqakathekile nange abafundi nabatlole i-eseyi yomcabango ojulileko/ odepophileko.

Amaqhinga wokukhuluma nawokutlola afanele afundiswe komunye nomunye umzombeni weemveke ezimbili kufanele uvezwe mihlobo yamatheksti afanele akhiqizwe, isib. nawufundisa i-eseyi ecocako abafundi bafanele bafundiswe bonyana bafanele batlolle bunjani iingaba ezilanelana kuhle, kodwana nabatlola i-eseyi evezako bangafundiswa bonyana ikambiso yesigaba Itlolwa bunjani

3.3.5 Izakhiwo nemithetjhwana yeLimi zingaqalelewa bunjani

Isigaba sokumumethweko (kweZakhiwo nemithetjhwana yeLimi) esikhathini esinengi kuhlobana nemihlobo yamatheksti aqintelwe ngaphasi kweenhloko zokuLalela nokuKhuluma, UkuFunda nokuBukela, nokuTlola noKwethula, begodu kunganikelwa itjhejo ngokuzenzakalelako endleleni yekambiso yokuhlanganyela namatheksti nangesikhathi esabelwe ukuLalela nokuKhuluma, ukuFunda nokuBukela, ukuTlola noKwethula, isibonelo, nange indatjana yensiwe, abafundi bazokusebenzisa ngokuzenzakalela bonyana basebenzisa isikhathi esidlulileko begodu bazakufunda amatheksti basebenzise iskhathi leso. Nanyana kunjalo, kuqakathekile godu bonyana kwensiwe imisetjenzana eyenziweko inqophe eZakhiweni zelimi, ezisebujameni obuthile. Khetha ama-ayithemu esigabeni asuselwe eZakhiweni nemithetjhwana yeLimi'ukufundisa abafundi ilimi elivela ngokuzenzakalela emhlobeni wethekhsti enqotjhiweko nangendlela yehlelo elisekela ngokuzenzela nangehlelo yokulanelana ngelojikhi yokutholwa/ yokufundwa kwelimi. Akusingiwo woke ama-ayithemu afanele afundiswe phakathi kwaloyo mzombe onikelweko kodwana qinisekisa bonyana woke ama-ayithemu arheliswe kumbonomazombe ayenziwa nakuphela unyaka lowo. Eminye imizombe yeemveke ezi-2 ingahle izale khulu ngama-ayithemu weZakhiwo nemithetjhwana yeLimi. Lokhu akutjho bonyana yoke ifanele ukwensiwa emzombeni lowo. Kucatjangwa bonyana ubunengi bama-ayithemu lawa enziwe emzombeni odlulilekonofana esiGabeni esiPhakathi. EsiGabeni esiPhakamileko ukufundiswa kwama-ayithemu lawa kuzokuba khulukhulu kuwabuyekeza.

Yakha imisetjenzana enikela umqondo ebafundini naleyo ehlobanisa amatheksti lawo abawafunda emzombeni weemveke ezimbili. Imisetjenzana eminengi yemihlobo le kufanele yensiwe njengombana abafundi bathuthuka ukusukela eGreyidini ye-7 ukuya keyo-9. Khetha ngokuqophelela okukhulu bona ngimiphi imithetho oyihlathululela abafundi bese ukugcine lokho ngobuncani. Ukufundisa kufanele kuhlanganise woke amakghono welimi nemithetjhwana yelimi njengombana ahlobana. Koke lokhu kufanele kufundiswe ebujameni. Yelela nanyana kunjalo bonyana kunesikhathi esabelwe ukufundisa okuhlelekileko eZakhiweni nemithetjhwaniyeLimi.

3.4 ITHEBULA LAMAHLELO WOKUFUNDISA

IGREYIDI YE- 7 ITHEMU YOKU-1

OKUMUMETHWEKO

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHUILA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELIMI
1-2	<p>Isingeniso: Yena nofana abanye</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fundisa amatshwayo nemithetjhwana yesingeniso Ukusetjenziswa kwelini Ukulalela indatjana effijhani Ukubona imiqondo eqakathekileko nesekelako Ukutlola amanowuthi Ukwabelana ngemibono nagelemuko begodu nokutjengisa ukuzwisisa iminqondo <p>Ukubuyelela ucoce indatjana</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukubuyelela ucoce izehlakalo ngokulandelana kwazo Ukutloho abalingisi ngefanelo Ukulamanisa izehlakalo ngokuya ngesikhathi <p>Ukuucoca indatjana</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fundisa imithetjhwana yokucoca indatjana: amakghono wokukhuluma, iphimbo, ukuphimisa, ibelo, ukulinganisa ilizwi, ukuthintana ngamehlo, ijamo, ilimi lomzimba Ukuucoca indatjana ngelemuko lakhe 	<p>Amatheksti wezemitilo: iindatjana ezifijhani</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathekileko wetheksti yezemitilo: njengomilingisi, ukuvezwa kwabalingisi, isakhiwo, irarano, isendalelo, isizinda, umcoci, ummongo <p>Indela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiselela ukufunda (ukwethula itheksti) Nakufundwako (amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukumadanisa, ukuphikisana, ukuhlunga) <p>Amaqhingga wokulungiselela ukufunda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukukhumbula/ ukubona amatshwayo wetheksti njengeenholoko zeendatjana, iinhloko zencwadi, imfanekiso Ukubona iingcenye zencwadi njengengaphandle lencwadi, ikhasi lesihloko, izahluko, iglozari, okumumethweko <p>Isifundo sokuzwisia namaqhingga wokufunda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukubona iingcenye zencwadi njengengaphandle lencwadi, ikhasi lesihloko, izahluko, iglozari, okumumethweko 	<p>Ukutlola isigaba esicocako Imithetjhwana yeengaba:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Umutjho osihloko wesigaba. Umqondo oqakathekileko nosekelako Ukusebenzisa iinhlanganisi ukwenza iingaba zikhambelan Ukuhlatlulu iimfuneko zetheskthi njengokucoca indatjana Ukusebenzisa amagama nesitayela esifaneleko Ukutlola ngesikhathi esidulileko <p>Ukupaleda namatshwayo wokutiola nokufunda: ungc, ikhoma, ikholoni, isemikholoni, amagaphadhlhea namaledere amancani</p> <p>Iwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabo zehlelo nabatiolako</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela/ ukuplana Ukutlathabeja Ukubuyelkeza Uku-editha Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Ukutlola indatjana esuselwe elemukweni lakho</p>	<p>Ukungezeliebla kwehlelo esidulileko esigabenii esidulileko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni legama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> amabizo ajayelelekiko amabizo mbala, amabizo abalwako nangabalekiko, amabizo wezinto esingazibona ngamehlo nesingekhe sizibona ngamehlo (amabizonya) <p>Izinga lomutjho:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> imitjho elula, iintatimende, isikhathi sanje, isikhathi esidulileko

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELMI
3-4	<p>Amaqhinga vokulalela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>UkuLalela nokucoca ngekondio</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukwabelana ngemibono nangelemuko begodu nokutjengisa ukuzwisia iminqondo Ukuphendua imibuzo Ukuhlathululela umngani bonyana kungebunga lani uthande ikondio ethile Ukufundela phezulu okulungiselelweko Iphimbo, ukuphakama nokwehla kwelizwi, ukuphimisa, ukwakha imitjho, ukuthintana ngamehlo Ukuyelela amatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola Ukusebenzisa ilimi lomzimba elifaneleko 	<p>Amatheksti wezemitlolo: linkondlo lindlela zokuFunda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukfunda ngokuzjamela Amaqhinga wokulungiselela ukufunda Ukukhumbula/ ukubona amatshwayo wetheksti njengeenhioko, iinhlokwana, imfanekiso Ukubona ingcenyenzenkwadi njengengaphandle lencwadi, ikhasi lesihloko, okumumethweko, izahluko, iglozari <p>Ikondlo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathikileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sangaphakhathi sekondlo, iimfenqo/ imifanekiso mqondo, iimvumelwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, ithiphografi Ihathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo / umoya wekondlo Ummongo nomlayezo 	<p>Ukutlama umtlolo: ikondlo okungeyakhe</p> <p>Imithetjhwanayeendima/ iintanza:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo sendima/ stanza Ukusebenzisa iinhlanganisi ukwenza iindima zikhambelane Ukusebenzisa imihlobo ehlukahlukeneko yemitjho, ubude nezakhiwo. Ipimiso Ilimi elifanekisako. <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweniyendlela yokutlola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela Ukuthathabeya Ukubuyekeza Uku-editha Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Ukutlola ikondlo</p>	<p>Ukungezelwa kwehlelo elifundwe eemvekeri esidulileko</p> <p>Izinga legama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> amabizo-nvango, amabizo ahlangahangeneko, izenzoezijameleko izabizwana, izabizwana zobumini Ihathululo yamagama: ivumelwano, amagama wokubolekwa, izitjho, izaga, ifanatjha, isifaniso, isingathekiso, iimbabazo / izenzukuthi, abomqondofana, abomqondophika. <p>Amatshwayo wokutlola nokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ungci, ikoma <p>Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqao zehlelo nabatlolako</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELMI
5-6	<p>Amaqhinga wokulalela nokukhuluma</p> <p>Imithetjhwana yomdalo/ drama</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuzibandakanya eenkumiswaneni ezingakahaleki ngeenhioko ezilua Ukusebenzisa irejistara efaneleko Ukuhlala ekulumiswaneni Ukubona imibono eqakathhekileko nesekelako Ukutlola amawunothi Ukuphendula imibuzo <p>Ukusebenzisa iinkulumo-pendulwano ezingakapheli ebafundini</p> <p>Ikulumo-pendulwano</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuzibandakanya kukulumo-pendulwano Ukusebenzisa ilimi elifaneleko Ukuphendula ngefanelo Ukutjheja imithetjhwana yekulumo-pendulwano, isib ukudlhiegana Ukusebenzisa ilimi lomzimba elifaneleko <p>Use incomplete dialogues for learners</p>	<p>Amatheksti wezemtilolo: Umdalo (okundanye)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathhekileko wetheksti yezemtilolo: njengomlingisi, ukuvezwa kwabalingisi, isakhiwo, irarano, isendalelo, isizinda, umcoci, ummongo <p>Indela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiselela ukufunda (ukwethula itheksti) Nakufundwako/ ngesikhathi sokufunda (amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, ukuphikisa, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikonndo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathhekileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sekondlo, limfengq/ imifanekiso mqondo, ivumeiwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, ithiphografi Ihlathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo/ Umoya wekondlo Ummongo nomlayezo <p>Ukufundela/ ukubukelela ukuzwisisa (amaqhinga)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UkuSkima nokuSkema Ukfuda ngokungeneleko <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ibonele phambili Ukuthatha isiquonto ngehlahthululo yamagama angakajaveleki ngokusebenzisa amakghono wokuhlesa igama Ilemuko lelLimi lokuhlabu 	<p>Ukutlola ikulumo -pendulwano, ukulingisa umdalo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> limfuneko zesakhiwo, isitayela, umbono wakho. Abamukeliwazi, umnqopho, nobujamo obuthileko. Ukuhetha amagama <p>Izunga lomutjho:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukukhulumu okufanalekileko Ukukhulumu ngokujjhaphulukileko <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela/ ukuplana Ukuthathlabeja Ukubuyekeza Uku-editha Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Ihlathululo yegama: abomqondophika, izaga, izijho</p> <p>Amatschwayo wokufunda nokutlo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ikholoni, abodzbuhula, iimbabazo, unobuza <p>Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabo zehelo nabatlolako</p>	<p>Ukungezelwa kwehelo elifundwe emvekeri esidululeko</p> <p>Izunga legama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> amabizo ajayelekileko, izenzo esizjamelko, izabizwana, isabizwana sobumini <p>Izunga lomutjho:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> imitjho elula, iintatimende, isikhathi sanje, isikhathi esidululeko, ihlok/ umenzi, isivumelwano sikamenzi <p>Amatschwayo wokufunda nokutlo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ikholoni, abodzbuhula, iimbabazo, unobuza <p>Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabo zehelo nabatlolako</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELMI
7-8	<p>Amadzinga vokulalela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>UkuLalela indatjana effijhani/ umtolo-ndabuko</p> <p>Ukulalela ukuzwisia</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuthola imibono eqakathekileko nesekeleko nokutlola amanowuthi Ukwabelana ngemibono nangelemuko begodu nokutjengisa ukuzwisia iminqopho Ukubona amaqhingga wokukholwisa nabuqobolwana lapho kugkhonakala khona Ukuphendua imibuzzo. <p>UkuCocisana kwesiqhema / kwePhaneLa begodu nokuthola ihlathululo</p> <p>UkuCocisana ngendatjana / umtolo-ndabuko ofundwe emsebetjenaneni odulileko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukubona abalingisi UkuCocisana ngommongo UkuCoca ngemibono yabo Ukuhlobanisa okumumethweko nelemuko labo 	<p>Amatheksti wezemitlolo: iindatjana ezifijhani/ umtolo-ndabuko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathekileko wetherski yezemitlolo: njengomlingisi, ukulezwa kwabalingisi, isakhiwo, irarano, isendlatele, isizinda, umcoci, ummongo <p>Indela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiselela ukufunda (ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (amatshwayo wetherski) Ngemva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukumadanisa, ukuphikisana, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikondio</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathekileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sekondlo, iimfenzqo/ imifanekiso- mqondo, ivumelwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, ithiphografi Ihlathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo Ummongo nomlayezo <p>UkuFundela / ukuBukelela ukuzwisia</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UkuSkima noku Skena Ukfunda ngokungeneleleko Ukuthatha isiquinto ngehlathululo yamagama angakajayeleyki ngokusebenzisa amaghono wokuhaselga igama 	<p>Ukutlola irivyu/ incwadi</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> limfuneko zesakhwiwo, isitayela. Abamukelilwazi abanqotjihiveko, umnqopho nobujamo obuthileko. Ukukhambelana kweengaba. Ukukhetha amagama. <p>Ihlahthululo yegama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> abomabizwafana, abomqondomnengi, iinrarejo, izaga, izitjho Ukuhlela/ ukuplana Ukuthathabeja Ukubuyekzeza Uku-editha Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Ukutlola incwadi / irivyu ngokulandela indela yekambiso yokutlola.</p>	<p>Ukungezelwa kwehlelo elifundwe eemvekeri esidulileko</p> <p>Izinga legama: ubunye nobunengi, iimphawulo</p> <p>Izinga lomutjho: isikhathi sanje, isikhathi esidulileko</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELIMI
9-10	<p>Amaqhinga wokulalela nokukhuluma</p> <p>UkuLalela ukuzwissa</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UkuLathulula indlela yekambiso yokulela Ukutiola amanowuthi Ukuphendula imibuzo Ukucocisana kwestiqhema / kwephanelia <p>Listening Comprehension Listen to poetry and determine meaning</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuicoca ngemibono ekhethekileko esuselwa endatjaneni efijhani Ukuthatha ihlangothi ngemibono begodu ugale ethekstini ukusekela ihlangothi lelo Ukuhlobanisa okumumethweko nelemuko lakhe 	<p>Amatheksti wezemitilo: iindatjana ezifijhani</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathekileko wetheksti yezemitilo: njengomlingisi, ukuvezwu kwabalingisi, isakhiwo, irarano, isendalelo, isizinda, umcoci, ummongo <p>Indlela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ UkuLungiselela ukufunda (ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (amatshwayo wetheksti) <p>Ikondo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngemva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, ukuphikansa, ukuhlunga) Amatshwayo aqakathekileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sangaphakhathi sekondlo, limfengqo/ imifanekiso mqondo, ivumeiwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, ithiphografi 	<p>Ukutlola i-eseyi ehlathululako</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imithetjhwanay eengaba: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Umutjho osihloko wesigaba. Umqondo oqakathekileko nosekelako Ukulandelana ngefanelo kweengaba. Ukusebenzisa iinhlanganisi ukwenza iindinya zikhambelane. Ukusebenzisa imihlobo ehlukahlukeneko yemitjho, ubude nezakhiwo. Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutiola Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqobo zehlelo nabatlolako <p>Ukwethula i-eseyi bonyana ihlolwe</p>	<p>Ukungezeliswa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeni esidulileko</p> <p>Izinga legama: iinthomo, iilnungetelo, umrabho, izenzo ezizijameleko</p> <p>Izinga lomutjho:</p> <p>Inlathululo yegama: abomqondofana nabomqondophika</p> <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola: ukusetjenziswa kwestihathululi-mezwi, amaphetheni wokupaleda, imithetho yokupaleda</p> <p>UkuFundela/ ukubukelela ukuzwisisa (amaqhinga)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UkuSkima UkuSkena Ukfuda ngokungeneleko Iphuzu nombono Ukucabanga amagama angakajayeleti ngokusebenzisa amakghono wokuhlasela igama

Ukuhlola kweThemu yoku-1			
	UMSEBENZI 1: ZOMLOMO	UMSEBENZI 2: UKUTLOLA	UMSEBENZI 3: ISIVIVNYO SOKU--1
	Ukubuyeletla ucoce indatjana/ ukucocisana ngekondlo/ ikulumo-pendulwano/ ukucocisana ngesiqhema / ngephaneli	I-Eseyi ehathululako/ ecocako Incwadi yobungani/ Ukubuyekeza (irivu) / ikulumo-pendulwano	Isifundo sokuzwisia nokusefenziswa kwelimi

IGREYIDI YE-7 ITHEMU YESI-2
OKUMUMETHWEKO

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELMI
1-2	<p>Amaqhingga wokulalela nokukhuluma</p> <p>UkuLalela ukuzwissa:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlathulula indlela yekambiso yokulela Ukutiola amanowuthi Ukuphendula imibizo Ukucoca indatjana Ukuvezwa kwabalingisi Ukuphimisa Iimi lomzimba Ukurhumutjha umoya wekondio, iphiimbo, umoya, ukulamana kwezehlakalo ngokuya ngokwesikhathi, isiphetho-phekghu, nesiphetho 	<p>Amatheksti wezemittolo: njengenoveli yelutjha/ umdlalo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wetheksti yezemittolo: njengomlingisi, ukuvezwa kwabalingisi, isakhiwo irarano, isendialelo, isizinda, umcoci, ummongo <p>Indlela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiseleta ukufunda (ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibizo, ukumadanisa, ukuphikisana, ukuhlunga) <p>UkuFundela ukuzwisia/ ukuBona (ukusebenziswa okutholiweko ne / nofana amathethsti abukelwako afana namakhathuni/ imitlettana)</p>	<p>Ukutiola: i-eseyi ecocako Imithetjhwana yeengaba:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Umurijo osihloko wesigaba. Umbono oqakathlekileko nosekelako Ukulamana ngefanelo kweengaba. Ukusebenzisa iinhlanganisi ukwenza iingaba zikhambelane. Ukusebenzisa imihlobo yemitjho, ubude nezakhwi eozihukahlukeneko. <p>Ukungophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela/ ukuplana <p>UkuFundela ukuzwisia/ ukuBona (ukusebenziswa okutholiweko ne / nofana amathethsti abukelwako afana namakhathuni/ imitlettana)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UkuSkima UkuSkena Ukfufunda ngokungeneleko Ukuthatha isiquonto (abalingisi, isizinda, umayezo) Ukuthatha isiquantu ngamagama angakajayeiki ngokusebenzisa amakghono wokuhlasela igama Ilimi elithinta imizwa 	<p>Ukungezelwala kwehlelo elifundwe eemvekeni esidlulilekolizinga legama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amabizo ahlangahlangeneko, isenzo nomenziwa, amabizomvango, ukusebenza kwamabizo ngendlela ezimbili, izenzo ezijameleko, isipawulo <p>Izinga lomutjho: imitjho elula, iintatimende, isikhathi sanje, isikhathi esidlulileko</p> <p>Ihlathululo yegama: abomqondofana, abomqondophika, ihlathululo esobala, ihlathululo efanekisako, ilimi elithinta imizwa</p> <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ungci, ikhoma, isibabazo, unobuzza <p>Iwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqao</p> <p>zehlelo nabatiolako</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELIMI
3-4	<p>Amadzinga vokulalela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>UkuLalela ukuzwisa issa (itheksti etloiweko/ ukwethula kweendaba kumabonwakude)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlahulula indlela yekambiso yokulalela Ukutiola amanowuthi Ukutiola iimpendulo Indlela ezihlukeneko zokukhulumisana ngomlomo: ikullumo-pikiswano (ngokukhangiswa) UkuKhettha isihloko esifaneleko Ukwethula ipikiswano ngefanelo Ukusebenzisa iinsetjeniszwa ezikhambelanako ngefanelo Ukusebenzisa ilwazimagama, izakhi zelimi ezifaneleko Ukusebenzisa ilimi elibuqobolwana / elithinta imizwa Ukulandela indlela yekambiso 	<p>UkuFundela/ ukubukelela ukuzwisia/ (ukusebenzisa itheksti etloiwako ne /nofana ebukelwako njengesikhangiso</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UkuSkima UkuFunda ngokungeneleko Ukuthatha iinqunto (abalingisi, isizinda, umlayezo) Ukuthatha isiquinto ngehlahlulu yamagama angakajayeleki ngokusebenzisa amakghono wokuhlasela igama Ilimi lokwenzisa/ elibuqobolwana Ilimi elihlelekileko/ elingakahleleki Amatheksti wezemittolo: njengenovetlana Ukwethula ipikiswano ngefanelo Ukusebenzisa iinsetjeniszwa ezikhambelanako ngefanelo Ukusebenzisa ilwazimagama, izakhi zelimi ezifaneleko Ukusebenzisa ilimi elibuqobolwana / elithinta imizwa Ukulandela indlela yekambiso 	<p>Ukutiola amatheksti wokuthintana: Isikhangiso/ amaphostara</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> limfuneko zesakhwi Umnqopho, isiqhema esinqotjihweko nobujamo. UkuKhethha amagama nokwakha imitijo. Amatshwayo wokubukelwako njengomhlolo nobukhulu bamaledere (ifonti nesayizi), iinhloko, amatshwayo, umbala. Ilimi elibuqobolwana/ elikholviseako ikholoni; isemikholoni <p>Ukungophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela/ ukuplana Ukuhlahlabeja Ukubuyekenza Uku-editha Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Indlela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiselela ukufunda (ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, ukuphikisana, ukuhlunga) 	<p>Ukungezelwa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeri esidulileko</p> <p>Izinga legama: Amabizo mbala, ubulili, isipshawulo, isabizwana sokukhombwa, isibaluli</p> <p>Izinga lomutjho: ikulumo enqophileko nengakanqophi, imitijo elula nepandepande</p> <p>Ihlathululo yegama: Abomqondofana, abomqondophika, ihlathululo esobala nefilekileko</p> <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutiola:</p> <p>Ukusetjeniszwa kwestihathululi-mewzi obuthileko</p> <p>Iwazimagama elisebjajmeni</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqaboo zehlelo nabatlolako</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELMI
5-6	<p>Amaqhinga wokulalela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>Ingoco/ Ukuocisana kwesiqhema / kwtelasi ngokunkela ilayelo nofana ukulandela ikambiso</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uukhetha isihloko Ukwabelana ngemibono Ukudlhegana nokulealisisa Ukuzalisa iinkhala Ukusebenzsa iinsetenziswa zokuzikhumbza ukuragisela ikulumo phambilii <p>UkuKhuluma okulungiselelweko/ okungakalungiselelwa</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uukhethwa kweprimiso Ukusebenzsa iphimbo, ibelo nehlukalizwi Ukusebenzsa imithala ngesikhathi sokwethula Ukusebenzsa ilimi lomzimba gefanelo 	<p>UkuFunda itheksti yelayelo njengeekambiso zeenlayelo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UkuSkima Ukfunda ngokungeneteleko Ukuthatha iinqunto Indlela yekambiso yokufunda: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiselela ukufunda (ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukumadanisa, ukuphikisana, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikonollo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathetkileko wekondlo Isakhwi sangaphakathi sekondlo, iimfenqo/ imifanekiso mqondo, ivumelwano, igido 	<p>Itheksti wokuthintana efijhani: inlayelo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> limfuneko zesakhwi, isitayela. Abamukelilwazi abangotjhiweko, ihlosi, nobujamo obuthileko. Ukukhambelana kweengaba. Ukukhettha amagama nesakhwi semitjho. <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlelau ukuplana Ukuthathhabejia Ukubuyekenza Uku-editha Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Ukutola itheksti elayelako</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhwi sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, ithiphografi Ilhathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo Ummongo nomlayezo 	<p>Ukungezelwelwa kwehlelo elifundwe eemvekeni esidulileko</p> <p>Izinga legama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> isandiso - sesikhathi, sendawo isiphawulo Izinga lomutjho: Ikullumo enqophileko, ipambosi yokwenziwa. <p>Ilhathululo yegama: izijho nezaga Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutiola: ihayifeni, uziijhana</p> <p>Iwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqaboo zehlelo nabatlolako</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELMI
7-8	Amaachinga vokulalela nokuKhuluma Ukulingisa umdlalo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuthathha indima onikelwe yona Ukusebenza ilimi elifaneleko Ukutjheja imithethjhwanayokulingisa Ukusebenza ilimi lomzimba elifaneloko Ukwenza irhubhululgokulingisa <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukutiola irhelo lembuzo Ukutjheja imithethjhwanayokwenza irhubhululo Ukusebenza ilimi elifaneleko Ukubika ngokufunyemweko 	Ukufunda amatheksti wezemtilolo: njengomdlalo/ inoveli <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wetheksti yezemtilolo: njengomlingisi, ukulevwa kwabalingisi, isakhwi, irarano, isendlatele, isizinda, umcoci, ummongo Indila yekambiso yokufunda: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiseleta ukufunda (ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, ukuphikisana, ukuhlunga) 	Tiola ukubuyekezwa komdalo Imithetjhwanayeengaba: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Umutjho osihloko wesigaba. Umbono oqakathlekileko nosekelako Ukulamanisa ngefanelo kweengaba. Ukusebenzisa iinhlanganisi ukwenza ingaba zikhambelane. Ukusebenzisa imihlobo yemitjho, ubude nezakhwi ezihlukahlukeneko. Ihlathululo yegama: abomqondofana, abomqondophika, ihlathululo esobala, ihlathululo efhlekileko	Ukungezeliswa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeri esidulileko Izinga legama: izenzo esithatha umenziwa oyedwa nezithatha abomenziwa ababili Izinga lomutjho: Impambosi yokwenzwa; isikhathi sanje esiragako; ikulumo enqophileko nekulumo emubiko
9-10	UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: ZOMLOMO	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: ISIVVINYO SESI-2	UMSEBENZI WESI-3	
	Ukulalela ukuzwisisa / ikulumo-pikitswano/ ingcoco/ ikulumo elungiseleleweko/ engakalungiselelwa/ ukucocisana kwesiqhema ngokunikela inlayelo	Zemtilolo: imibuzzo edinga iimpendulo ezide	linHahlubo zaPhakathi komnyaka Iphepha lesi- 2: Isifundo sokuzwisia, ukusetjenziswa kwelimi nezemtilolo Iphepha lesi- 3: Ukutjola: I-eseysi eyodwa nethekoti yokuthintana eyodwa	

IGREYIDI YE-7 ITHEMU YESI-3

OKUMUMETHWEKO

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELMI
1-2	<p>Amaqhingga wokulalela nokukhuluma</p> <p>Ukulalela ukuzwisia bonyana iforomo/ ihelo lemibuzo lizaliswa bunjani</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Iwazi elifunelekako • Ukuzijayeza indlela yekambiso yokulalela • Uktiila amanowuthi • Ukphehndula imibuzo <p>Indlela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiseleta ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) • Ngesikhathi sokufunda (amatshwayo wetheksti) • Ngemuva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, ukuphikisan, ukuhlunga) <p>Iinkulumiswano zephaneli / zeforamu</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukkhetha isihloko • Ukwabelana ngemibono • Ukudlhegana nokulealisisa • Ukuzaalisa iinkhala <p>Ukusebenzia ilisetjeniszwa zokuzikhumbuza ukuragisela ikulumo phambili</p>	<p>UkuFunda itheksti yokuqakatheka kwerhelo lemibuzo nokobana lizaliswa bunjani</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Iwazi elifanelekako • Uktiienziswa kweliimi • Umtilkitio <p>Indlela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiseleta ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) • Ngesikhathi sokufunda (amatshwayo wetheksti) • Ngemuva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, ukuphikisan, ukuhlunga) <p>UkuFundela/ ukubukeleta ukuzwisia/</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UkuSkima • UkuSkena • UkuRhyenza • UkuBona ngelelio lengondo • UkuThatha isiquinto • Ihathululo yamagama 	<p>Amatheksti wokuthintana njengokuzalisa amanhelo wemibuzonofana amaforomo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Landela inlayelo. • Nikela ilwazi elfanelekongokurhabako • Sebenzia ilimi elfanelekoko. <p>Ihlathululo yegama: abomqondofana, abomqondophika, abomabizwafana</p> <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutolla: abonobuza; ama-elipsis; amagabhadlhela; ihayifeni; linrhunyezo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuhlela/ ukuplana • UkuThathabeja • UkuBuyekezeza • Uku-eqitha • Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabozehlelo nabatlolako</p>	<p>Izinga legama: amabizombala; amabizo buthelela; izandiso zobujamo nesikhathi; limphawulo</p> <p>Izinga lomutjho: imitjhwana enemphawulo, enezandiso; imitjho epandeende nehlangahlangeneko</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELMI
3-4	<p>Amadzinga vokulalela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>Ukulalela umdalo (ikulumo-pendulwano/ i-inthavyu)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukutlola irhelo lemibuso Ukutheja imithethlwana Ukusebenzisa ilimi elifaneleko Ukutlola amanowuthi Ukubika ngokutholiweko <p>Indela ezihlukahlukeneko zokukhuluma ngomlomo</p> <p>Ukulingisa</p> <p>Ukutjhugulula ijeni eyodwa iye kenyeyamambala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukulingisa kufanele kukhambisanenomoya neenhloso zamambala Ukuvezwa kwabalingisi ngokucacileko ngezembaatto zokulingisa Ukusetjenziswa kwezambathozokulingisa ezifaneleko ukwakha isizinda 	<p>Amatheksti wezemtlolo: njengomdlalo welutjha/ umdalo wemrhatjhweni</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wetheksti yezemtlolo: njengomlingisi, ukuvezwa kwabalingisi, isakhiwo, irarano, isendlatele, isizinda, umcoci, ummongo <p>Indela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiseleta ukufunda (ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukumadanisa, ukuphikisana, ukuhlunga) <p>I kondlo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sekondlo, iimfengo/ imifanekiso mqondo, ivumelwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, ithiphografi ihlathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo Ummongo nomlayezo 	<p>Amatheksti amade isib. ikulumo - pendulwano/ i-inthavyu ettolweko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> limfuneko zesakhwiwo, isitayela. Abamukeliwazi abangotjhiewko, umnqopho, nobujamo obuthileko. Ukukhetha amagama. Ukusebenzisa ilimi ngefanelo. <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutlola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela Ukutthathabeja Ukubuyekenza Uku-editha Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula. <p>Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabo zehlelo nabatlolako</p>	<p>Ukungezelwelwa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeri esidulileko</p> <p>Izinga legama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> amabizo mbala, ubunye nobunengi, isipawulo <p>Izinga lomutjho:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> umutjho ohlangahlaengeneko onomthhwana osibaluli; ikulumo enqophileko nekulumo emubiko. <p>Ihlathululo yegama: umrabhu wegama.</p> <p>Amatschwayo wokufunda nokutlola:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ikholoni; abodzubhula, ikhoma, ungc; uzijhana unobuza. <p>Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabo zehlelo nabatlolako</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELMI
5-6	Amaqhingga wokulalela nokuKhuluma lindlela ezihlukakukeneko zokukhulumisana ngomlomo Uklilingisa: indlela yekambiso yomhlangano • Ukuvula / isingeniso esihle nehlukalizwi • Ukuisetjenziswa kweleimi Ilimi lomzimba elifaneleko • Isiphetho esihle Ukulalela ukuzwisia (itheksti etloliweko / ukwethulwa kweendaba kumabonwakude • Ukuhlathulula indlela yekambiso yokulalela • Ukuutola amanowuthi • Ukuhendula imibuzo	UkuFundu itheksti ngokutiolwa kwasaziso / i-ajenda namaminidi • Abadali-hndima • Ukuisetjenziswa kwelimi • Isakhiwo • Ukuisetjenziswa kwayo Indlela yekambiso yokufunda: • Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiselela ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) • Ngesikhathi sokufunda (amatshwayo wetheksti) • Ngemuva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, ukuphikisana, ukuhlunga)	Amatheksti wokuthintana amade isib. isaziso / I-ajenda namaminidi • Ukuholola abamukeliwazi abanqotjiwiweko nomnqopho wokutola. • Ukucabanga ngesitayela, umbono nesakhwi sokutola. • Ukukhetha amagama nezakhwi zelimi. Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendela yokutiola • Ukuhlela • Ukuhlela ukulungisa ilmphoso nokwethula.	Ukungezeliswa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeni esidulileko Izinga legama: izabizwana: samambala, sokuKhomba, subumnini Izinga lomutjho: isikhathi sanje, isikhathi esidulileko; ikulumo engophileko nekulumo emubiko, umutjho onqophileko, ipambosi yokwenziwa. Ihlathululo yegama iimpambosi zeseno Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutiola: uzijhana; amagabhadhela; ikhoma; ungc; ikholoni. Iwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabozehlelo nabatlolako

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELMI
7-8	<p>Amadzinga vokulalela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>Ukulalela nokucocisana ngeendaba zanje eziphathelene nama-athikili wamaphethandabeni newabomagazini</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukusetjenziswa kwephimbo, ibelo nehlukophimbo • Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi elibuqopolwana / elithinta imizwa/ elikholtwisko • Ukusetjenziswa kwemithala • Ukulandela imithetjhvana ilimi lomzimba elfaneteleko • Yelela-Isingeniso esidosako nesiphetlo esiqinileko • Umnqopho, abamukellwazi abanqotjiniweko nobujamo <p>Ukufundela phezulu i-athikili yephephandabeni elungiselelweko / engakalungiselelw</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukusetjenziswa kwephimbo, ibelo nehlukalizwi • Ukuhlonipha/ ukuylela amatshwayowokufunda nokutlola ukwenzela ukuthola imiphumela emihle • Ilimi lomzimba elfaneteleko 	<p>UkuFundela / ukuBukelela ukuthola ivazi (ukusebenzisa itheksti njengama- athikili wephephandaba/ ama-athikili wemagazzna/ iinkulumo ezitoliweko)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukusimela ukuthola imibono eqakathekileko • Ukuskenela imininigwana esekekela • Ukwenza ibonelo phambili • Amaphuzu nemibono • Umbono womtoli • Ukuthatha inqunto ngehlathululo yamagama angakajayeteiki nemifanekiso • Ilimi elihlelekileko/ nelingakahaleki • Ihlathululo enqophileko/ efanekisako limfenqo <p>UkuTiola isifundo sokuzwisia</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amatheksti wokuthintana amade/ amafitjhani: i-athikili yephephandaba limfuneko zesakhwiwo, isitayela. • Abamukellwazi abanqotjiniweko, umnqopho, nobujamo obuthileko. • Ukukhetha amagama nezakhwi zelimi. <p>Ikunqophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutlola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuhlela/ ukuplana • Ukuhlela/ ukuhabea • Ukubuyekteza • Uku-editha • Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula. <p>Tiola i-athikili yephephandaba obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabo zehlelo nabatlolako</p>	<p>Ukungezelwelwa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeri esidulileko</p> <p>Izinga legama: amabizonya; amabizo wezinto esinokuzibona ngamehlo, izandiso iimphawulo</p> <p>Izinga lomutjho: Ukuhlela ngokulamanako; ukuhlela ngokuqakatheka; kwezinto, isigaba esihlathululako, ilimi elikholtwisko nelithinta imizwa; ubuhlangothi; ukuzindla, ukudzimellela kokholelwa kiko; iimsetjenziswa zekulumo-bugagu</p> <p>Ihlathululo yamagama: abomqondofana, abomqondophika, ihlathululo esobala nefanekisako unobuza; i-ellipsis</p> <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola: abodzubhula; isibabazo; ikhoma; ungci; unobuza; i-ellipsis</p> <p>Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELMI
9-10	<p>Amaqhingga wokulalela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>Ukulalela ukwizisia okuphathelene nokunikela iinkombatjhuba</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuzijayenza indlela yekambiso yokulalela Ukutiola amanowuthi Ukutiola iimpendulo Indlela ezihiukaklukeneko zokukhulumsana ngomlomo, isib. ukunikela iinkombatjhuba/ iinlayelo Ukusetjenziswa kwelini ngefanelo Imitjho emiftjhani efaneleko Umniningwana 	<p>Amatheksti wezemitilo: njenogenoveli yelutjha/ iindatjana eziftjhani/ umdialo/ umdialo wemrhathjwenni</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathiekileko wetheskri yezemitilo: njengomlingisi, ukuvezva kwabalingisi, isakhwi, irarano, isendlatelo, isizinda, umcoci, ummongo <p>Indlela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiseleta ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksli) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (amatshwayo wetheskri) Ngemuva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuza, ukumadanisa, ukuphikisana, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikondo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathiekileko wekondlo Isakhwi sekondlo esingaphakathi, iimfenqo, imifanekiso-mqondo, ivumelwano, igido Isakhwi sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, ithiphografi Ihlathululo emfanekiso Umoya wekondlo Ummongo nomlayezo 	<p>Tiola i-eseyi ecocako/ ehlathululako</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> limfuneko zesakhwi, isitayela nombono wakho. Abamukeliwazi abanqotjhiewko, umnqopho nobujamo obuthileko. Ukukhetha amagama nezakhwi zelimi. <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela/ ukuplana Ukuthathihabeja Ukubuyekteza Uku-editha Ukfundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula. <p>Iwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabo zehlelo nabatlolako</p>	<p>Ukungezeliswa kwehlelo elifundwe eemvekeni esidulileko</p> <p>Izinga legama:</p> <p>Amabizo ahlangahlangeneko izabizwana- zamambala, zesibaluli, sokuzenza, ijmpawulo</p> <p>Izinga lomutjho:</p> <p>isigaba sokuhlunga, imitjho elula, iintatimende isikhathhi esidulileko; isikhathhi sanje</p> <p>Ihlathululo yegama: abomqondofana, abomqondophika, ihlathululo esobala, ihlathululo efanekisako</p> <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola:</p> <p>ungci; ikhomma; ikholoni; isemikholoni</p> <p>Iwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabo zehlelo nabatlolako</p>

UKUHLOLA KWETHEMU YESI-3			
	UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: ZOMLOMO	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UKUTLOLA	UMSEBENZI WESI-3: ISIVIVNYO SESI- 3
	Ukulingisa- iindela zekambiso yomnhlangano / ukufunda okulungiselelweko / okungakalungiselelwa / ukunikela iinkombatjhuba/ ukucocisana kweforamku/ kwephaneli	I-Eseyi ehlaithululako/ ecocako I-ajenda namaminidi	Isifundo sokuzwisia nokusefenziswa kwelimi NOFANA Zenitolo

IGREYIDI YE-7 ITHEMU YESI-4
OKUMUMETHWEKO

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELMI
1-2	<p>Amaqhinga wokulalela nokukhuluma Ikulumo engakalungisselewa</p> <p>Ukwethula isikhulumi: Amazwi wokuthokoza/ ukucoca indatjana</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukukhetha isihloko esifaneleko Ukuhlela ilwazi ngokulamana kwalo Ukubona ilwazimagama nezakhi zelimi Isingeniso nesiphetho esifaneleko <p>Amatshwayo nemithetjhwana (amaghinga nezakhiwo zokukhuluma tjathhalazi)</p> <p>Ukfundela phezulu</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ulkusetjenziswa kwephimbo, ibelo nehlukalizwi Ukutheja amatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola ukwenzela ukuthola imiphumela emhle Illi lomzimba elifaneleko 	<p>Itheksti yezemitilo: njengenoveli yelutjha / iindatjana ezifijhani/ umdlalo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wetheksti yezemitilo: njengomlingisi, ukuvezwa kwabalingisi, isakhiwo, irarano, isendalelo, isizinda, umoci, ummongo <p>Indlela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiselela ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemuya kokufunda (ukuphendula imibizo, ukumadanisa, ukuphikisana, ukuhlunga) <p>Ukfundela ukuzwisisa okutloliweko / amatheksti abukelwako</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusimela ukuthola imibono eqakathlekileko Ukuskenela imininingwana esekeleko Ukwenza ibonelo phambili Ukuthatha iinqunto ngamagama angakajayeleki nemifanekiso Imibono eqakathlekileko nesekeleko Iphuzu nombono Ukuthatha iinqunto nesiphetho Umbono wakhe 	<p>Itheksti yokuthintana ede / efijhani isib. ukunikela iinkombatjhuba</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> limfunko zesakhiwo, isitayela. Abamukeilwazi abanqotjhiweko, umnqopho nobujamo obuthileko. Ukukhetha amagama nezakhiwo zelimi. <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutlola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela/ukuplana Ukutlhathhabea Ukubuyekeza Uku-editha Ukfundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Ukufundela ukuzwisisa okutloliweko / amatheksti abukelwako</p> <p>Ukusimela ukuthola imibono eqakathlekileko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuthatha iinqunto ngamagama angakajayeleki nemifanekiso Imibono eqakathlekileko nesekeleko Iphuzu nombono Ukuthatha iinqunto nesiphetho Umbono wakhe 	<p>Ukungezelwa kwehlelo elfundwe eenvrekeni esidullileko</p> <p>Izinga legama: amabizo ahlangahlangeneko imphawulo, izandiso</p> <p>Izinga lomutjho: imitjho elula; imitjho epandepande, imitjho ehlangahlangeneko, izandiso, imitjhwana eneemphawulo;</p> <p>Ihlathululo yegama:</p> <p>abomqondofana, abomqondophika; Ihlathululo/ umqondo osobala, umnqondo ofihlekileko; imphawulo; izandiso</p> <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola:</p> <p>isemikholoni; abodzbuhla; ungi; uzijhana</p> <p>Iwazimagma elisebjumani obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabo zehlelo nabattolako</p>

IMVEKE	UKULELELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELMI
3-4	<p>Amaqhingga vokulalela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>Ukulalelela ukuzwissa (itheksti etloiweko / ukwethulwa kweendaba kumabonwakude)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlathulula indlela yekambiso yokulalela Ukuttiola amanowuthi Ukuttiola impendulo Imihlolo ehlukahlukeneko yokukhulumsana ngezomlomo <p>Ikulumo- piki swano/ Ingcoco yesiqhema: ukukhulumsana ngokusetjenziswa kwe -imeyili/ amaphostara, ukuzalisa idayari/ amafaya</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo nemithetjhwana Ukuhlela/ ukuplana, ukurhubhulula, ukuhlela nokwethula 	<p>UkuFunda itheksti ye -dayari/ ye-imeyili/ amafaya</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo/ ibumbeko Ukusefjenziswa kweli limi Abamukelilwazi okunqotjihiswe kibo <p>Indlela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiselela ukufunda (ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemuva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukumadanisa, ukuphiksana, ukuhlunga) <p>I kondlo/ umtrollo-ndabuko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sekondlo, iimfengqo/ imifanekiso-mqondo, ivumelwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, ithiphografi Ihlathululo efanekisako umoya wekondlo ummongo nomlayezo 	<p>Amatheksti amade/ amafitjhani wokuthintana isibi-i-imeyili, amaphostara/ ukutlola ngedayarin/ amafaya</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -limfuneko zesakhwi, isitayela nombono wakho. Abamukelilwazi abanqotjihiswe, umnqopho nobujamo obuthileko. Ukuhlathululo amagama, ihlathululo ecacileko. Isakhiwo, ubude nemihlolo yemitiyo wetheksti) Ukuqophisa ekambisweni vendela yokutiola Ukuhlela/ ukuplana Ukuhlathlhabeja Ukubuyekenza Uku-editha Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Ilwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabo zehlelo nabatlolako</p> <p>Ukuhqiqa yinye yamatheksti aphakanyiswe ngehla.</p>	<p>Ukungezeliswa kwehlelo olifundwe emvekeni esidulileko</p> <p>Izinga legama: izabizwana: Ukuhaza, sokukhomba, amabizo athoma ngo uku-, amabizo buthelela, izzeno ezizijameleko iimphawulo, iinthomo, iinlungelelo nemirabhu</p> <p>Izinga lomutjho: ikulumo enqophileko, imibuzzo neenkhuthazo; iimvumelwano zehloko, iintatimende ezirhunyeziweko; imibuzzo engadingi ipendulo</p> <p>Ihlathululo yegama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> abomqondophika, ihlathululo esobala; ihlathululo efanekisako/ effilekileko ihlathululo esebujameni obuthileko <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutlo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Abodzubhula; unobuza; ikhoma; isibabazo, umhlobo womtlolo (<i>fonti</i>)

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELIMI
5-6	<p>Amaqhingga wokulalela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>Ukulalela ukuzwitsisa</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuthathulula indlela yekambiso yokulalela Ukuttola amanowuthi Ukuphendula imibuzo <p>Ikulumo elungiselelweko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusetjenziswa kwephimbo, ibelo nehlukolizwi Ukusebenza ilimi elibugobolwana / elithinti imizwa/ elikholsakalo Ukusetjenziswa kwemithala Ukulandela imithethjhwana Illi lomzimba elifaneleko Yelela- Isingeniso esidosako nesipetho esiqinileko Ulmqopho, abamukeli-wazi abanqotjiniweko nobujamo 	<p>Ukfufunda itheksti yezemithilo: njengenoveli yelutjhali iindatjana ezifijhani/ umdialoi/ umtiolo-ndabuko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathelikeleko wetheksti yezemithilo: njengomilingisi, ukuvezwu kwabalingisi, isakhiwo, irarano, isendalelo, isizinda, umcoci, ummongo <p>Ikondlo: linkondlo eziqintelweko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathelikeleko wekondlo Isakhiwo sekondlo esingaphakathi, ilingcezu/ iinkheke zekulumo, imfanekiso mqondo, umdunduzelo, igido <p>Ukunqophisa ekambiswensi vendela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukukhetha amagama. Ukungophisa ekambiswensi vendela yokutiola Ukuhlela/ ukuplana Ukuthathabeba Ukubuyekeza Uku-editha Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula. <p>Ukutsenga ikondlo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imida, amagama, iindima, ivumeiwano, ukuhlobanisa, ukurhobelana, ithiphografi, amatshwayo. Incazel/ ihlathululo: etjiwo ngaphandle kokubekwa bunqopha nokuhlathulula kabanzi 	<p>Ukubuyekeza nokulungiselela iinhlalhubo</p> <p>Ama-eseyi</p> <p>Isigaba sokuzilungiselela:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imfuneko zessakhiwo, isitayela, umbono Abamukeli-wazi abanqotjiniweko, umnqopho, nobujamo obuthileko. <p>Ukunqophisa ekambiswensi vendela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukukhetha amagama. Ukungophisa ekambiswensi vendela yokutiola Ukuhlela/ ukuplana Ukuthathabeba Ukubuyekeza Uku-editha Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula. <p>Ukutsenga ikondlo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imida, amagama, iindima, ivumeiwano, ukuhlobanisa, ukurhobelana, ithiphografi, amatshwayo. Incazel/ ihlathululo: etjiwo ngaphandle kokubekwa bunqopha nokuhlathulula kabanzi 	<p>Ukungezeliswa kwehlelo elifundwe eemvekeni esidulleko</p> <p>Izinga legama: iinsizasenzo; izenzu ezizijameleko iimphawulo</p> <p>Izinga lomutjho: ubuhlangothi, ukudzimelela kokholelwu kikho; ukuzindla; iintatimende ezithinta imizwa nezinobuqobolwana, imibuzo engadilingi impendulo</p> <p>Ihlathululo yegama: abomqondofana, abomqondophika, ihlathululo yobujamo obuthileko</p> <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutlo: ungc; ikhom; isibabazo, unobiza obuthileko</p> <p>Iwazimagma elisebujameni</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabo</p> <p>Zehlelo nabatlolako</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELMI
7-8	Ukubuyekeza nokulungiselela iinhlahiubo UkuKhulum: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ikulumo elungiseleleko / ikulumo-pikiswano/ i-thavyayu/ ingcoco Ukfundela okulungiseleleko Ukfundala okungakalungiselelewa Ukulalela ukuzwisia 	Ukubuyekeza nokulungiselela iinhlahiubo Ukfunda: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukfundala okulungiseleleko Ukfundela ukuzwisia Ukurhunyeza Zemittolo: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> iNoveli/ iindatjana eifitjhani/ umtrollo-ndabuko Umdlalo/ iflimu Ikondlo 	Ukubuyekeza nokulungiselela iinhlahiubo Ukutlola: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatheksti wokuthintana 	Isabizwana (izakhi) zokuzenza; isiqu Izinga lomutijo: imijho elula, epandepande nehlhangahiangeneko; iiatimende iimvumelwano zehloko; imihlobo yemibuzo, ukulandula, amagama aranisako Ihlathululo yamagama: abomnqondofana, abomqondophika, ihlathululo esobala, ihlathululo efanekisako Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola
UMSEBENZI WOKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKO NEWOKUPHELA KOMNYAKA ITHEMU YESI-4				
9-10	UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: ZOMLOMO Ukfundela phezulu/ ikulumo-pendulwano/ ingcoco yesiqhema/ ikulumo elungiseleleko/ engakalungiselelwa			
	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: IHLAHLUBO YOKUPHELA KOMNYAKA Iphepha loku -1: Zomlomo Iphepha lesi - 2: IsiFundu sokuzwisia, ilimi nezemTlolo (ama-iri ama-2) Iphepha lesi - 3: Ukitlolola (iri li-1)			

IGREYIDI YOBU-8 ITHEMU 1				
OKUMUMETHWEKO				
IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELMI
1-2	<p>Amaqhingga wokulalela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>lingcoco yesiqhema- ukuphosa imibono; ukukhetha imibono éfaneleko; ukulamanisa imibono eqakathekileko</p> <p>Ukulalela ukuzwisisa</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukurekhoda imibono eqakathekileko nesekeleko ngokutlola amanowuthi Ukwabelana ngemibono nangelemuko begodu nokutjengisa ukuzwisia imiqondo Ukubona amaqhingga akholwisako/ a buqobolwana Ukuphendula imibuzzo 	<p>Itheksti yezemitilo njengeendatjana ezifitjhani zelutħha</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucocisana okuvamileko. ngamatshwayo aqakathekileko niengomlingisi, ukuyewza kwabalingisi, isakhiwo, irarano, isendialelo, isizinda, umcocci, ummongo <p>Indieħla yekambiso yokufunda: Amaqhingga wokulungiselela ukufunda</p> <p>Ukwethula abafundi e-:</p> <p>matħswayen iweħeksti - linħloko, amakheptjhini, iintjengiso</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ngcenjeni zencwadi- Ikhni lesħiħloko, okumumethweko, izahluko, igżorzi, isithathiselo, ifithinowuthi <p>Indieħla yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiselela ukufunda (Ukwethula ithekst) Ngesikhatti sokufunda (amatħswayo wethekst) 	<p>Ukutlola i-eseyi: Ecocako / eveza imizwa</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukukhetha amagama Ilizwi nesitayela somuntu ngokkwakhe Inħathululo ecacileko Iphimbo Imibono eqakathekileko nesekeleko Imimebhe-ngqondo ukuhela ukukħambelana kwemibono Ukwethula i-eseyi bonyana ihlo we ukunqophisa ekambiswieni yendħela yokutiola Ukuħiela Ukutħiħħabjeja Ukubuyekzea Uku-edithha Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula. <p>Tlo la i-eseyi ngokulandela indħela yekambiso yokutlo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngemuva kokufunda (ukupħendula imibuzzo, ukumadanisa, ukupħikisana, ukuhlunga) 	<p>Ukungezelwa kweħħelo elifundwe esigabenii esidu li lekko:</p> <p>Izinga legama: isandiso sendawo isandiso sobujamo</p> <p>Izinga lomutjħo: ilimvumelwano zehiħo; ukwakħeka komutjħo; imitħħwana, isingamutjħo; iinkhekkhe zekulumo</p> <p>Inħathululo yegama:</p> <p>abomqondofana, abomqondophika, inħathululo esobala, inħathululo efħiekkileko</p> <p>Amatħsway o wokufunda nokutlo:</p> <p>ungci; ikhomha; unobuza; abodzubħula; isibabazo</p> <p>Iwazimqagħama elisebujamieni obuthilekko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqab</p> <p>zehħelo nabattolako</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELMI
3-4	<p>Amachinga vokulalela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>UkuLalela ikulumo eyethulwa ngumengameli ilunga lomphakathi elinamandla</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucoca ngamatshwayo wekulumo elungiseliweko Ukubona nokuhlathulula ukusetjenziswa kwellimi Ukubona nokucoca ngamatshwayo asekulumiswaneni Ikulumo elungiselelweko Ukukhetha isihloko esifaneleko Ukuhlela ilwazi ngokukhambelana kwalo Ukubona ilwazimagama nezakhiwo zelimi ezifaneleko Ukulungisellela isingeniso nesiphetho esifaneleko Ukuzijayenza Ukwethula 	<p>Ukufunda ikulumo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukubona nokucoca ngamatshwayo aqakathekileko Ukuhlaiza ukusefjenzisa kweLimi Ukubona nokucoca ngekusetjenziswa kwelimi elithinta imizwanofana elibuqbowlwana Ukuhlaiza ya isingeniso nesiphetho <p>Indlela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiselela ukufunda (Ukwethula iheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemuva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, ukuphikisana, ukuhlunga) <p>Amaqhingga wokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukufunda okuhlahlwako, Ukufunda ngenqheema, ukufunda ngokuzijamela <p>UkuFundela / ukuBukelela ukuzzwisia itheksti etloliweko/ ebulkelwako</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UkuSkima noku Skena Ukufunda okungeneloleko Umnqopho nababukeli-lwazi abanqotjihiweko Ukuthatha iinqunto neemphetho Ukubona ilimi elibuqbowlwana Umthelela wokukhettha nokutjihya ihlathululo yetheksti Indlela ilimi nemifanekiso zitjengisa bezakhe ngayo amaguqu nomoya wokwenza izinto Amandla wokusebenzisa imihlolo nobu khulu bemitlolo, iinhloko neencazelozekhephijini 	<p>Tiola ikulumo</p> <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendleta yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela Ukuithathlabeja Ukubuyekzeza Uku-editha Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula. <p>Tiola ikulumo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlahlulu iimfuneko zetheksti ukwenza ukuftola i-eseyi ecocako ukubona abamukelilwazi abanqotjihiweko Ukucabanga ngesitayela, umnqopho nesakhwi. Ukusebenzisa amagama afaneleko. Isingeniso esithuthukako, isithori. Isiphetho <p>Ilwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi aoaneenqao zehlelo nabatlolako</p>	<p>Izinga legama: Amabizo-amabizomvango, amabizo anesithomo u-uku-, iinciphiso, iinhuliso izzeno: izzeno ezizijameleko; izzeno ezithoma ngesakhi u-uku-izandiso, iimphawulo</p> <p>Izinga lomutjho: umtjhwanas osisenzisoingamutjho; ibizo, umtjhwanas osiphawulo nosandsiso; iimhlanganiso; ilimi elithinta imizwa nelibuqbowlwana/ nelikholtwasko</p> <p>lhathululo yegama: abomqondofana, abomqondophika, ihlathululo esobala, nehlathululo efanekisako isibabazo; unobuza; ikhoma; ungci</p> <p>Amatskhwayo wokufunda nokutjola:</p> <p>linrhunyezo: ama-intthiyali, i-akhroni, itlibhu (clipped), ithrankhatjhini, i- afesisi, i-phorthimanthewu</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELMI
5-6	<p>Amaqhinga wokulalela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>Ingoco yesiqhema ngamatheksti abukelwako, azwakala abe abukelwe/ weenrhajhi ezahlukahlukeneko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukutherhulula ilwazi osele unalo Ukulinganisa umnqopho wetheksti Ukufuna ihlathululo Ukuzwisisa itheksti Ukutlola amanowuthi Ukuzwisisa umlayezo <p>UkuLalela ukuZwisia (umdumo kwapheia)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukurekhoda imibono eqakathekileko nesekelako ngokutlola amanowuthi, ukurhunyeza, irheio lokuhlola, iinrhunyezo, ukutlola ngawakho amadama begodu nokubuyelela ucoce <p>Ukubuyeleta wakhe izehlakalo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuvumelana ngehlangothi/ gehlathululo yesehlakalo esiboniweko Ukulingisa okwenzeka eenkundleni ezimbili zezehlakalo nji!!! 	<p>Itheksti yezemtitolo njengenovel/ iindatjana ezifithhani/ umdalo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo wetheksti yomtloko: njengabalingisi, ukuvezwa kwabalingisi, isakhiwo, irarano, isendalelo, lsizinda, umcoci, ummongo <p>Indlela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiseleta ukufunda (Ulkwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemuva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibizo, ukumadanisa, ukuphikisan, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikonndo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathekileko wekondlo <p>Ukubuyeleta ngehlangothi/ gehlathululo yesehlakalo esiboniweko</p> <p>Ukulingisa okwenzeka eenkundleni ezimbili zezehlakalo nji!!!</p>	<p>Amatheksti wokuthintana</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Incwadi (Yobungani) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo wetheksti Ukusetjenziswa kwellimi Irejista nesitayela Isingeniso nesiphetho Tiola incwadi ephathelene neenhlahlambisi ezibukelwako <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela Ukuthathlabeja Ukubuyekenza Uku-editha Ukfundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula. <p>Ilwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqaoo zehlelo nabatiolako</p>	<p>Izinga legama: isandiso sendawo, sesikhathi; izenzo ezzijameleko, ibizo elinesithomo u-uku-, iimphawulo</p> <p>Izinga lomutjho: ukwakhaka komutjho, umtjhwnana osiphawulo nosisandiso; imtjhwnana, ukulandula, isitatimende abomqondophika, ihlathululo ebamba, ihlathululo efihlekileko</p> <p>lhathululo yegama: abomqondofana, abomqondophika, ihlathululo ebamba, ihlathululo efihlekileko</p> <p>Amatsihwayo wokufunda nokutlo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ungci, ikhoma <p>Ilwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqaoo zehlelo nabatiolako</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELMI
7-8	<p>Amaadzinga vokulalela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>Ikulumo engakalungiselelwa y-athikili yephephandabeninofana yemagazini</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathekileko wetheksti yemito: njengabalngisi, ukulezwa kwabalingisi, isakhiwo, irarano, isendalelo, isizinda, umoci, ummongo Ukuhlela ilwazi ngokukhambelanako Ukubona ilwazimagma nezakhiwo zelimi elfanaleko Ukuphendula itheksti Isingeniso resipheto esifaneleko <p>Ingoco yeforamu/ yesiqhema nge-athikili yephephandabenaofana yemegezini</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo wetheksti Imithetjhwananezakhiwo zetheksti Ukuphimisa Irejista nestayela 	<p>UkuFundai-athikili yephephandabanoftana yemagazina</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathekileko wetheksti yemito: njengabalngisi, ukulezwa kwabalingisi, isakhiwo, irarano, isendalelo, isizinda, umoci, ummongo <p>Indela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiselela ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemuva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, ukuphikisana, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikondio</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathekileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sekondlo, iimfengqo/ imifanekiso- mqondo, ivumelwano, igido isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima ithiphografi Ihlathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo Ummongo nomlayezo 	<p>Amatheksti wokuthintana Umbiko / i-athikili yemagazini</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo wetheksti Ukusetjenziswa kweleli Irejista nestayela Isingeniso resiphetto. <p>Ihlathululo yegama: izaga; Ihlathululo ngobujamo obuthileko; Ihlathululo esobala; incazeloyesihlathululimezwi; Ihlathululo efanekisako</p> <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutiola: ikhoma, ungc, abodzubhula; isibabazo; uzijhana; ama-elipsis</p> <p>Iwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela Ukuthathabeja Ukubuyekeza Uku-editha Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula. <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqaabozehielo nabatiolako</p>	<p>Ukungezelwa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeri esidulileko</p> <p>Izinga legama: isenzukuthi/ isibabazo Izinga lomutjho: imitjho elula, isikhathi sanje; isikhathi esidulileko; iimphawulo nezandiso; ubuhlangothi, ukuzindla, ukudzimelela kokholewa kikho</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELMI
9-10	<p>Amaqhinga wokulalela nokukhuluma</p> <p>Zomlomo: linthavyu/ ukuzalisa umbiko werhelo lemibuzo/ ingcoco yesiqhema</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ishloko serhubhululo Ukuhlela imatheriyeli ngokukhambelanako- sekela neembonelo Ukubona nokukhetha llwazimagaama, ilimi nemithetjhwana ngetanelo Ukulungiselela isingeniso nesiphetho esifaneleko <p>UkuLalela ukuzwisia</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukurekhoda imibono eqakathekileko nesekelako ngokutola amanowuthi Ukwabelana ngemibono nangelemuko begodu nokutjengisa ukuzwisia imiqondo Ukubona amaqhinga wokukholwisa/ abuqobolwana Ukuphendula imibuzo 	<p>UkuFundu umbiko werhubhululo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathekileko wombiko Isakhiwo Ukusejenziswa kwelimi <p>Indlela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambikokufunda/ Ukkulungiselela ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemuva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, ukuphikisan, ukuhlunga) <p>I kondlo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathekileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sekondlo, imifenco/ imifanekiso- mqondo, ivumelwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandie sekondlo, imida, iindima ithiphografi Ihathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo Ummongo nomlayezo 	<p>Amathekstii wokuthintana Isib. Umbiko werhubhululo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Umnqopho, abamukeli-lwazi abanqotjiweko nesakhwi. Imithetjhvana yeengaba Ukusebenzisa iinhlanganiso ukupiniseksisa ukukhambelana Ukusebenzisa imitjho, ubude nesakhwi ezihluukanlukeneko Isitayela esihlelekileko. <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela Ukutthlhabeja Ukubuyekenza Uku-editha Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Ukutiola umbiko ngerhubhululo</p>	<p>Ukungezelwa kwehelo elifundwe emvekeri esidulileko</p> <p>Izinga legama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Izenzo ezijayelekileko; izenzo eziqakathekileko; iinsizasenzo <p>Izinga lomutjha: isitatimende; ukwakhela komuthho; isikhathi sanje nesidulileko; ubuhlangothi, ukuzindla, ukudzimelela kokholelwaa kikhoo</p> <p>Ihathululo yegama: abomqondofana; abomqondophika, ihathululo yobujamo obuthileko, ihathululo yesihathululimezw; ihathululo efihlelekileko</p> <p>Amatschwayo wokufunda nokutiola</p> <p>Iwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabolo zehlelo nabatlolako</p>

IGREYIDI YOBU-8 ITHEMU YESI-2

OKUMUMETHWEKO

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELMI
1-2	<p>Amaqhinga wokuLalela nokukhuluma</p> <p>UkuLalela ukuzwissa</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukulalela iinlayelo / iinkombatjhuba Ukuitola amanowuthi Ukuphendula imibuzo Imihlolo ehlukahlukeneko yekulumo yezomlomo isib, Ukwethula iindaba ezingakalungiseiselwa/ ikulumo <p>Ukunikela ikombatjhuba:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo wetheksti Iimi nemithetjhvana Iimi lomzimba 	<p>UkuFunda itheksti yelwazi ebukelwako, isib. imimebhe, iimereg, iinkali</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo Ukusetjenzisiza kwelimi Amatshwayo <p>Indlela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphamki kokufunda/ Ukkulungiselela ukufunda (Ukkwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemuva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, ukuphikisana, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikondio</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathhekileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi, sekondo, iimfenqo imifanekiso -mqondo, ivumelwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandile sekondo, imida, iindima <p>Ithiphografi</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inhathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo Ummongo nomlayezo <p>UkuFunda / ukuBukela itheksti ebukelwako</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UkuSkena Ukfufunda okungeneleleko Ukuthatha iinqunto Ukwenza isirhunyezo (ukusebenzisa imimebhe-ngqondo) 	<p>Amatheksti wokuthintana isib. iinkombatjhuba/ iinlayelo.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo esifaneleko Ukuhlela okumumethweko (ummebhe- ngqondo) Imibono eqakathhekileko nesekelako imithetjhvana yeengaba. Ukuthuthuka kweengaba ngefanelo ukuiniseksisa ukukhambelana kwazo. Ukusebenzisa iinhlanganisi ukwenza iingaba zikhambelane. Imithetjhvana yelimi. <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela Ukuthathhabeja Ukubuyekenza Uku-editha Ukfundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Ukutiola itheksti yelayelo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukutiola itheksti yelayelo 	<p>Umsebenzi osezingeni lemaga:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isiphawulo; amabizo ajayelelekiko; amabizombala iinhlanganiso Izinga lomutijo. imijho eziinhloko; isitatinence; iinkhathi zesenzo; iintatimende eziqakathhekileko nezisekeleko; imijho elula nepandepande. <p>Ihathululo yegama abomqndofana; abomqndophika; ihathululo yobujamo obuthileko</p> <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutiola nokupeleda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amaphetheni wokupleeda: ungcij, ikhoma <p>Iwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqaoo zehlelo nabatiolako

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELIMI
3-4	<p>Amaqhingga wokulalela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>Ingcoco yephaneli / yeforamu:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukutjengisa indima edalwako linkhumi zifanele zidhiegane Ukuhlathulula imibono bekuvunyelwane ngesiquonto Ukusebenzisa ilimi, istayela nerejista Ikulumo-pikiswana Ukutjengisa iindima ezidlwako Ukfunda imithetjhwanu yetheksti linkhumi zifanele zidhiegane Ukuhlathulula imibono bekuvunyelwane ngesiquonto Ukusebenzisa ilimi, istayela nerejista gefanelo 	<p>Itheksti yezemitolo efana njengeforamu erekhodiweko yakamabonwakude/ yomrhajho/ yokulingisa</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wetheksti Ukusetjenziswa kweliLim Isakhiwo Abadali-ndima Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiselela ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemuva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, ukuphikisana, ukuhlunga) Kondlo Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wekondlo 	<p>Ukutiola ikulumo-pendulwano Imithetjhwanu yeengaba</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo Umutjho osingeniso Imibono eqakathlekileko nesekelako. Ukuhleka nokukhambelana. Ukukhetha amagama namatshwayo wokutlola nokufunda. Imithetjhwanu yelimi. <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukutlathululo esobala; abomqondofana; abomqondophika, abomabizwafana Amatshwayo wokfunda nokutiola nokupeleda: imithetho yokupeleda obuthileko Iwazimagma elisebjameni Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabozehlelo nabatlolako <p>Ukutiola ikulumo-pendulwano</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sekondlo, iimfenqo imfanekiso -mqondo, ivumelwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, amagama, iindima Ithiphografi Ihathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo Ummongo nomlayezo 	<p>Ukungezelwa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeni esidulileko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni wegama:</p> <p>Izenzo ezijameleko</p> <p>Izinga lomutjho: isikhathi sanje; isikhathi esiduleleko; ukusetjenziswa kwelimi elithinta imizwa nelikhowski; ukwakhaka komutho, ukulandula; ukwakhaka kwemibuzzo</p> <p>Ihlathululo yegama:</p> <p>ihathululo esobala; abomqondofana; abomqondophika, abomabizwafana</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALLELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELIMI
3-4		<p>UkuFundela/ ukuBukelela ukuzwisia (ukusebenzisa amatheksti atoliweko nofanal/ abukelwako njengamakhathuni/ imitietlana)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UkuSkima • UkuSkena • Ukufunda okungeneleko • Ukuthatha isiquonto (abalingisi, isizinda, umlayezo) • Ukuthatha isiquonto ngamagama angakajayeleki ngamakghono wokusahela amagama • Ilimi elithinta imizwa 		

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELMI
5-6	<p>Amaqhinga wokulalela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>Ukulalela ukuzwisia</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Indlela yekambiso yokulalela Ukutlola iimpendulo linthavyu Ukufundisa amatshwayo nemithetjhwana Ukuhlela nokurhubhulula Ukukhettha istayela, irejsta nelwazimagma Ukudihegana Ukusebenzisa amaqhingga wokukholwisa 	<p>Itheksti yezemitiolo njengomdlalo / umdlalo wesiteji</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathhekileko wetherski yezemitiolo: njengabalingisi, ukulezwa abalingisi, isakhiwo, irarano, isendlatele, isizinda, umcoci, ummongo <p>Indlela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiselela ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (amatshwayo wetherski) Ngemuva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukumadanisa, ukuphikisan, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikondlo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathhekileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sangaphakhathi, sekondlo, iimfenqo imfanekiso -mqondo, ivumelwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, amagama, iindima, ithiphografi Ihlathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo Ummongo nomlayezo <p>UkuFundela ukuzwisia: I-thavyu</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusima nokuSkena Ukfunda okungenelteleko Ukuhatha isiquintu ngamagama angakajayeleki nemifanekiso ngokujayenza ukuliasela igama Amaphuzu nemibono Umbono womtoli Ihlathululo efhakeleko 	<p>Itheksti yokuthintana lsib. I-thavyu ettioliweko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo namatshwayo afaneleko. Ukuhlela okumumethweko (imebhe -ngqondo) Imibono eqakathhekileko nesekelako. Imithetjhwana yeengaba. Ukuhlethuka kweengaba ngefanelo ukujinisekisa ukukhambelana kwazo. Ukusebenzisa linhlanganisi ukwenza iingaba zikhambelane. Imithetjhwana yelimi <p>Ukungophisia ekambisweni yendlela yokutloia</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela Ukuithatlabeja Ukubuyekenza Uku-editha Ukfundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>UkuTiola i-thavyu</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UkuFundela ukuzwisia: I-thavyu Ukusima nokuSkena Ukfunda okungenelteleko Ukuhatha isiquintu ngamagama angakajayeleki nemifanekiso ngokujayenza ukuliasela igama Amaphuzu nemibono Umbono womtoli Ihlathululo efhakeleko 	<p>Ukungezelwa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeri esidulileko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni legama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Izanda zendawo, izandiso zesimo kwamagama; imihlolo yemibuzzo; ihlonipho ukwakheka komutjho, iindela zesenzo, iphimbo <p>Ihlathululo yegama: ihlathululo esobala, ihlathululo efhlekileko; ihlathululo esebujameni obuthileko; isidalisi-magama</p> <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutloia nokupeleda: iinrhunyezo; abonobuza; iimbabazo; ungci; ikhoma</p> <p>Ilwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqao</p> <p>zehlelo nabatiolako</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELIMI
7-8	<p>Amaqhinga wokulalela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>UkuLaleleta ukuzwissa (itheksti eliqiniso isib. ama-athikili wephephandaba)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukulaleleta ukuzwissa Ukutiolola amanowuthi Ukuphendula imibuzzo Ukucocisana kwestiqhema Ukutjengisa indima edlalwako Inkhulumi zifanele zdihgane Ukuhlathulula imibono bekuvunyelwane ngesiqunto Ukusebenzisa ilimi, isitayela nerejista ngefanelo <p>Itheksti yezemitiolo njenge noveli yelutjha/ indatjana efijhani</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo wemitiolo yetheksti: enjengabalangisi, ukwenza okuthileko, ikulumo phikiswano, isakhiwo, irarano, isendalelo, isizinda, umcoci, ummongo <p>Indela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukuungiselela ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (amatshwayo wetherksi) Ngemuva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukumadanisa, ukuphikansa, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikonndo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sangaphakhathi/ esifhlekileko sekondlo, iimfendo, imifanekiso mqondo, ivumeiwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, amagama, iindima, Ithiphografi Ihlathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo Ummongo nomlayezo <p>Amaqhingga wokufundela ukuzwisisa</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Umnqopho nabamukeli-wazi abanqotjhiweko Ukuthatha isiquonto Ukunikelwa umbono wakhe Ukuhlukanisa phakathi kwamaphuzu nemibono Ihlathululo enqophileko nefanekisako 	<p>Itheksta ukubuyekezwa kwendatjana/ kwenovelli</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo setheksti. Amatshwayo nemithetjhwana. Ukuphimisa. Irejista. Abamukelilwazi. Ukuzwakala kwephimbo. <p>Itheksta ukutiolola yekambisweni yendela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela Ukuthathlhabeja Ukubuyekzeza Uku-edithra Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutiola nokupeleda: ama-akbronimi</p> <p>Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabozehlelo nabatlolako</p>	<p>Ukungezeliswa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeni esidululeko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni legama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ulkothomo neenlungelelo Izinga lomutjho: Ukwakheka komutjho; imihlobo yemitiho; iinkathi zesenzzo, isitajamente; inlonipho; izaga <p>Ihlathululo yegama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> abomqondofana; abomqondophika; abomabizwafana, ipharonimi Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutiola nokupeleda: ama-akbronimi Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabozehlelo nabatlolako 	<p>Ukungezeliswa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeni esidululeko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni legama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ulkothomo neenlungelelo Izinga lomutjho: Ukwakheka komutjho; imihlobo yemitiho; iinkathi zesenzzo, isitajamente; inlonipho; izaga <p>Ihlathululo yegama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> abomqondofana; abomqondophika; abomabizwafana, ipharonimi Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutiola nokupeleda: ama-akbronimi Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabozehlelo nabatlolako

UKUHLOLA KWETHEMU YESI-2			
9-10	UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: ZZOMLOMO	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UKUTLOLA	UMSEBENZI WESI-3: INHLAHLUBO ZAPHAKATHI KOMNYAKA
	Ukulalelela ukuzwisa/ Ukuikela iinkombatjhuba/ Ingoco yeforam/ yephanei/ ikulumo-pikiswano	I-Inthavyu/ itheksti yeenlayelo/ ukubuyekewza kwendatjana	Iphepha loku-1: Zomlomo Iphepha lesi-2: Isifundo sokuzwissa, ukusefenziswa kwellimi nezenitilo IPhepha lesi- 3: UkuTola

IGREYIDI YOBU-8 ITHEMU YESI-3				
OKUMUMETHWEKO				
IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELMI
1-2	<p>Amaqhingga wokulalela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>UkuLalela ukuzwisa issa (Ukusebenzisa ikulumo-pendulwano erekodiweko)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukulalela ikulumo-pendulwano Ukuttola amanowuthi. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - ilimi namandla - Iphimbo - Umoya wekondlo - Isingeniso nesipheito - Ukhphendula imibuzo Ingcoco yesiqhema/ ikulumo-pendulwano Ukutjengisa indima edalwako linkhulumi zifanele zidhiegane Ukuhlathulula imibono bekuthathwe nesiquonto Ukusebenzisa ilimi, istayela nerejista n gefanelo Ukwethula 	<p>Itheksti yezemittolo njengomdlao/ umdlalo wesiteji</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathikileko wetheksti yezemittilo: njengabalingisi, umsikinyeko, ikulomo-pendulwano, isakhiwo, irarano, isendalelo, isizinda, ummoco, ummongo Indlela yekambiso yokufunda: Amaqhingga wokulungisiele ukufunda Amatshwayo wetheksti-linkhului zeencwadi/ zeenthombe, amakheptjhini, iintjeng giso lingcenyе zencwadi - Ikhasi lesihloko, okumumethweko, ifuthinowuthi lkondlo Amatshwayo aqakathikileko wekondlo Ukuhlathulula imibono bekuthathwe nesiquonto Ukusebenzisa ilimi, istayela nerejista n gefanelo Ukwethula 	<p>Amatheksti wokuthintana amade isib. Ikulomo-pendulwano/ iriyu (ukubuyekekeza)</p> <p>Imithetjhwanayaengaba</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwoesifaneleko Umnqopho, abamukeli-lwazi abanqotjihweko Ukulama na gefanelo kwemitiyo Ukusebenzisa kueenhanganiso ukuqinisekisa ukukhambelana Ukusebenzisa imihlolo ehlukahlukeneko yemitiyo, ubude nesakhiwo <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela Ukuthathabeja Ukuuyekenza Uku-editha Ukfundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutiola nokupeleda: amaphetheni wokupeleda; ungcj, ikhomma, abodzuhhula</p> <p>Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqaho zehelo nabatlolako</p>	<p>Umsebenzi osezengeni legama: iimphawulo, amabizo ajayelelekiko namabizo mbala</p> <p>Izinga lomutjho: isikhathi sanje; imihlolo yemibuzo; isitatiende; ikulomo enqophileko nekulumo embiko; isikhathi esidulileko</p> <p>Ithalhululo yegama: abomqondofana; abomqondophika; ipharonimi, ihalhululo yobujamo obuthileko; ihalhululo esobala</p> <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutiola nokutiola</p> <p>Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukungezelawa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeni esidulileko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezengeni legama: iimphawulo, amabizo ajayelelekiko namabizo mbala</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELMI
3-4	<p>Amaachinga vokulalela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>UkuLalela ukuzwissa:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukulalela incwadi eya ephephandaben Ukutlola amanowuthi: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Ukusetjenziswa kweleli -Irejista -Imithetjhawana Ukwabelana amanowuthi <p>Ingoco yesiqhema</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlobanisa nelemuko lepilo yakhe Ukusebenzisa ilwazi elibuya ethekstini ukuphendula imibuzo Ukuocisana ngezelalakuhle, imikghwa elungileko namaguq wamasiko okusethekstini Ukuzbanda kanya ekucocisaneni kwestiqhema -Ukudihegan -Ukunamathele esilokweni -Ukubuza imibuzo 	<p>Ukfundla i-athikili yephephandaba/ yemagazini- ngezinto zanje/ nezokuhalisana</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo Amatishwayo wetheksti Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi Iphimbo Ukulamansia <p>Indlala yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphamibi kokufunda/ Ukulungiselela ukufunda (Ukuthulula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (Amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemuva kokufunda (Ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikondio</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatishwayo aqakathlekileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sekondlo esifihlekileko, iimfenqo/ imifanekiso mqondo, ivumelwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, amagama, iindima, Ithiphografi Ihlathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo 	<p>Amatheksti wokuthintana: incwadi eya ephephandabeni</p> <p>Imithetjhawana yengaba</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo esifaneleko. Umgopho, nabamukeli-Iwazi abanqotjhaweko Imibono eqakathlekileko nesekeleko Ukulamana ngeranelo kwemitiyo Ukusetjenziswa kweenhlanganiso ukujinisekisa ukukhambelana Ukusebenzisa imihlobo ehlukahlukeneko yemitiyo, ubude nesakhiwo <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela Ukuthathihabeja Ukubuyekeza Uku-editha Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqaboo zehlelo nabatlolako</p> <p>Ukutlola incwadi eya ephephandaben</p>	<p>Ukungezelwa kwehlelo elifundwe eemvekeri esidulileko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni legama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> isandiso sobujamo, isandiso sendawo <p>Izinga lomutjho:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imitjho elula, imitjho epandepande; ukwakheka komutjho; ukusetjenziswa kwe limi elithinta imizwua nelimi elikhawisako, iphuzu nombono; ubuhlangothi, ukudzimelela kokholelwa kikho. <p>Ihlathululo yegama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> abomqondofana; abomabizwafana; amapharoinimi <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola nokupeleda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> amaphetheni wokupeleda; ikhoma, ungci; ellipsis <p>Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqaboo zehlelo nabatlolako</p> <p>Ukutlola incwadi eya ephephandaben</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELMI
5-6	Amaqhinga wokulalela nokuKhuluma Ikulumo engakalungisselelwa <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ikgono lokukhuluma tjhathjalazi/ emphakathini • Ukuplana, ukurhubhulula nokuhlela • Ukwethula: iphimbo, ukuphakama nkwehla kwephimblo, ukuphlimisa, ukuthintana ngamehlo, ukukhuluma nezitho zomzimba, insiza • Ukusetjenziswa kwellini: iwazimagama • Istayela nerajista • Ikulumo elungi selelweko <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuwijayenza amakghono angeha nomunye • Ukuhawula ngekulomo yomunye • Ukualela ikulomo eyenziwe lilunga lomphakathi eliveleleko • Ukuhawula ngekulomo 	Itheksti yezemittolo njenge noveli yelutjha/ indatjana eftjhani/ umdialo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wetheksti yezemittolo: njengabalangisi, izenzeko, ikulomo-pendulwano, isakhivo, irarano, isendalelo, isizinda, umcoci, ummongo Indela yekambiso yokufunda: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ngaphamibi kokufunda/ Ukulungiselela ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) • Ngesikhathi sokufunda (Amatshwayo wetheksti) • Ngemuva kokufunda (Ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhlunga) Ikondlo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wekondlo • Isakhivo sekondlo esifilekileko, iimfenqo/ imifanekiso mqondo, ivumelwano, igido • Isakhivo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, • Itchipografi • Ihlathululo efanekisako • Umoya wekondlo • Ummongo nomlayezo <p>UkuFundela/ ukuBuKelela ukuzwisia (Kusetjenziswa amatheksti atoliweko begodu/ nofana abukelwako njengamakhathuni/ imittetlana)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UkuSkima • UkuSkena • Ukufundza okungeleleko • Ukuthatha isiqunto (abalingisi, isizinda umlayezo) • Ukuthatha isiqunto ngamagama angakajayeleki ngokusebenzia amakghono wokuhasela igama • Ilimi elithinta imizwa 	Itheksti yokuthintana: incwadi yomthetho/ yobungani <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Isakhivo esifaneleko • Umqopho • Umbono oqakathlekileko nosekelako. • Ukuhleleka kwemijho ngefanelo. • Ukusebenzisa iinhlanganiso ukujinisekisa ukukhambelana. • Ukusebenzisa imihlobo ehlukahlukeneko yemijho, ubude nezakhivo. <p>Amatschwayo wokufunda nokutiola nokupeleda: imithetho yokupeleda Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqaoo zehlelo nabatiolako</p> <p>Ukungophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuhlela • Ukuuthathlabeja • Ukubuyelekeza • Uku-editha • Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Ukutlola incwadi</p>	Ukungezelwa kwehlelo elifundwe eemvekeni esidulileko Umsebenzi osezinge ni legama: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • iimphawulo; izandiso; iimrhunyezo; umrabhu; isithomo; iimlungelelo epandepande, isikhathi esidulileko esiragako; isikhathi esizako esiragako; ukwakheka komuthjo; ukusetjenziswa kwelimi elithinta imizwa nelikholisako; iphuzu nombono; ubuhlangothi, ukudzimelela kokholewa kikho <p>Izinga lomutjho: imijho elula; imijho epandepande, isikhathi esidulileko esiragako; isikhathi esizako esiragako; ukwakheka komuthjo; ukusetjenziswa kwelimi elithinta imizwa nelikholisako; iphuzu nombono; ubuhlangothi, ukudzimelela kokholewa kikho</p> <p>Amatschwayo wokufunda nokutiola nokutiola: imithetho yokupeleda Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqaoo zehlelo nabatiolako</p> <p>Ukungophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuhlela • Ukuuthathlabeja • Ukubuyelekeza • Uku-editha • Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Ukutlola incwadi</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELMI
7-8	Amaqhingga wokulalela nokukhuluma UkuLalela ilwazi <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UkuLalela itheksti yelwazi • UkuLalela ukwethula, ukusetjenzisa kwelimi, ibelo nokuphakama nokweha kwephimbo • UkuLalela izehlakalo ngokuya ngokulandelaana kweenkhathi • Ukucooca nomlingani • Ukucooca indatjana • UkuKhettha indatjana • Ukwethula indatjana • UkuKhettha isitayela, iefista nelwazimagma • Ukwethula indatjana 	<p>Itheksti yezemitiolo njenge ndatjana effijhani, inoveli</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wetheksti: njengabalingisi, isazkhiwo, ikulomo- pendulwano, isazkhiwo, irarano, isendalelo, isizinda, umcoci, ummongo <p>Indlela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiselela ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) • Ngesikhathi sokufunda (Amatshwayo wetheksti) • Ngemuva kokufunda (Ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikonndo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wekondlo 	<p>Ukutlola itheksti yezemitiolo: indatjana effijhani</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Isazkhiwo esifaneleko. • Umngopho • Imibono eqakathlekileko nesekekalo • Ukulamana ngefanelo kwemitiyo • Ukuisetjenzisa kweenhlanganiso ukuqinisekisa ukukhambelana • UkuSebenzisa imihlolo ehlukahlukeneko yemitiyo, ubude nesakhwi <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ngemuva kokufunda (Ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhlunga) • Isazkhiwo sekondlo esifilekileko, iimfenqo/ imifanekiso mqondo, ivumelwano, igido • Isazkhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, • Ithiphografi • Ihlathululo efanekisako • Umoya wekondlo • Ummongo nomlayezo <p>Ukufundela ukuzwisia: (itheksti ethathelwe encwadini eqintelweko yezemitiolo)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UkuSkima, ukuSkena, ukubona ngelihi lo lengqondo • UkuFundula okungeleleko • UkuThatha isiquonto • Ihlathululo yamagama • Umbono womtoli • Iphuzu nombono • Ihlathululo efihlakeleko 	<p>Ukungezelwa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeri esidulileko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni legama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • amabizo ajayelelekiko namabizo mbala; izandiso <p>Izinga lomutjho: iinkhathi zesenzo; imitiho; izaga nezitjho, imitinjwana esiphawulo nesisandiso</p> <p>Ihlathululo yegama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • abomqondofana; abomqondophika; abomabizwafana <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola nokupeleda: amaphetheni wokupeleda; ama-elipsis; ungci osetjenziswa nakurhunyezwako</p> <p>Iwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqaqo zehlelo nabatlolako</p> <p>UkuZithamelia indatjana yakho ngokulandela indlela yekambiso ehhlathululiweko</p> <p>Indatjana ephuma phambili kinazo zoke ezakhe zavezwa'/ eyakhe yafundwa ngettasini.</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELMI
9-10	<p>Amaadzinga wokulalela nokukhuluma</p> <p>UkuLalela itheksti efundelwe phezulu esuselwse endatjaneni efijhani</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Itheksti erekhodiweko iyadlalwa Amakghono wokufunda afaneleko avezelwa abafundi Ukusetjenziswa kwamalshwayo wokufunda nokutlola ethekstini efundiweko Isingeniso resiphetho <p>Ukufundela phezulu okulungiselleweko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UkuKhetha itheksti ezokufundelwa phezulu Ukusetjenziswa kwamakghono wokufunda afana nephimbo, ukuphakama nokwela kwephimbo, ibelo, ukulunganisa iphimbo, ukuphimitsa, nokufunda butjhelela Ukuzjayeza Ukufunda itheksti 	<p>Ukufunda itheksti yezemittilo njengendatjana efijhani/ inoveli</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wetheksti yezemittilo: niengesendalelo, isikhathi, isizinda, umcoci <p>Indlela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiselela ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (Amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemuva kokufunda (Ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikonido</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sekondlo esifihlekileko, iimfenqo/ imifanekiso mqondo, ivumelwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, Ithiphografi Ihlathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo Ummongo nomlayezo <p>Ukufundela/ Ukubukelela ukuzwisisa (ukusebenzisa itheksti etoliweko/ namkha/ nofana ebukelwako njengamakhathuni/ nemitletlana</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UkuSkima UkuSkena Ukufunda okungeleleko Ukuthatha isiquantu (abalingisi, isizinda, umlayezo) Ukuthatha isiquantu ngamagama angakajayeleki ngokusebenzisa amakghono wokuhlasela igama Ilimi elithinta imizwa 	<p>Ukutlola i-eseyi: Ephikisako/ ehlathululako</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UkuKhetha amagama. Iphimbo lomuntu nesitayela. Ihlathululo ecacileko. Ukuzwakala kwephimbo. Umbono oqakathlekileko nosekelako. Umebhe-ngqondo ukwenzela ukuhleta imibono ikhambelane Ukwethula i-eseyi bonyana ihlowe. <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutlola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukutlola ahlikahlukeneko Ukupelecia; amatishwayo wokufunda nokutlola Iwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko UkuThathabeja Ukubuyelkeza Uku-editha Ukfundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqao zehlelo nabatlolako</p> <p>Ukutlola i-eseyi ulandele indlela yekambiso yokutlola</p>	<p>Ukungezelwa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeri esidulileko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezengeni legama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> amabizo ajayelelekileko; amabizo-ahlangahlangeneko; isandiso <p>Izinga lomutjho:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> iingaba ezisingeniso; iingaba ezhilathululako; iingaba ezisiphetho; Izakhi zemitiyo; imihlolo yemitiyo <p>Ihlathululo yegama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> abomqondofana, abomabizwafana <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola nokupeledwa:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> wokupeleda; amatishwayo wokufunda nokutlola ahlikahlukeneko

UKUHLOLWA KWETHEMU YESI-3		
UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: ZOMLOMO	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UKUTLOLA	UMSEBENZI WESI-3: ISIVVINYO SOKU- 1
Ikulumo-pendulwano/ ikulumo elungiselelweko/ engakalungiselelwai/ ukucocca indatjana/ ukufunda okulungiselelweko	I-Eseyi ehlathululako/ ephikisarako Incwadi yobungani/ ikulumo-pendulo	Isifundo sokuzwisa nokusetjenziswa kwelimi

IGREYIDI YOBU-8 ITHEMU YESI - 4
OKUMUMETHWEKO

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKU BUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELMI
1-2	<p>Amaqhinga wokuLalela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>UkuLalela ukuzwissa (okufana nokulela itheksti entoliweko / etalewa beyibukelwe)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukubona imibono eqakathekileko nesekelako Ukutiola amanowuthi Ukwabelana ngemibono nangelemuko begodu nokutjengisa ukuzwisia iminqopho Ukubona amaqhinga vokukholwisa nabuqobolwana lapho kulghoneka khona Ukuphendula imibuzzo <p>Ingoco: Ikulumiswano ephatheliene ne-athikili yephephandaba / yemagazini</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukutjengisa indima edlalwako linkhumi zifanele zdihegane Ukuhlathulula imibono bekuvunyelwane ngesiquonto Ukusebenza illimi, istayela nerfista ngefanelo 	<p>Ukfundla i-athikili yephephandaba/ yemegezini</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo Ukusejenziswa kwelimi Amatshwayo wetheksti Ukulandelanisa Indila yekambiso yokufunda: Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiselela ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (Amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemuva kokufunda (Ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikonndo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathekileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sekondlo esifilekileko, iimfenqo/ imifanekiso mqondo, ivumelwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, Ithiphografi Ihathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo Ummongo nomlayezo 	<p>Amatheksti wokuthintana amade isib. I-athikili yephephandaba/ yemagazini</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo esifaneleko Umnqopho. Imibono eqakathekileko nesekelako. Ukuhleleka kwemijijo ngefanelo. Ukusebenzisa iinhlanganiso ihathululo enganatha; iphimbo, ibizo elinestithomo u-uku- Ukusebenzisa imihlolo ukujiniseksisa ukukhambelana. Ukusebenzisa imihlolo ehlukahlukenko yemijijo, ubude nezakhiwo. Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutiola Ngemuva kokufunda (Ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhlunga) Ukuhlela Ukutthathabeja Ukubuyekzeza Uku-editha Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula Ukutiola i-athikili yephephandaba/ yemagazini <p>Iwazimagama elisebjamani obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqao</p> <p>Amatshwayo okufunda nokutola: abodzbhula; amaphetheni wokupaleda</p> <p>Ukutjengisa indima edlalwako linkhumi zifanele zdihegane</p> <p>Ukuhlathulula imibono bekuvunyelwane ngesiquonto</p> <p>Ukusebenza illimi, istayela nerfista ngefanelo</p> <p>Umoya wekondlo</p> <p>Ummongo nomlayezo</p>	<p>Ukungezelwa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeri esidululeko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezengeni lomutho: ubunye nobunengi; ubulli, iinciphisoh</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezengeni lomutho: ikulumo engophileko; ikulumo emubiko; imihlolo yemibuzzo; iphuzu nemibono; ukwakhaka komutjho; imitjho, ihathululo enganatha; iphimbo, ibizo elinestithomo u-uku-</p> <p>Ihathululo yegama: abomqondofana; abomqondophika; ihlonipho; abomabizwafana; ihathululo esobala nefanekisako</p> <p>Amatshwayo okufunda nokutola: abodzbhula; amaphetheni wokupaleda</p> <p>Iwazimagama elisebjamani obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqao</p> <p>Ukutjengisa indima edlalwako linkhumi zifanele zdihegane</p> <p>Ukuhlathulula imibono bekuvunyelwane ngesiquonto</p> <p>Ukusebenza illimi, istayela nerfista ngefanelo</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKU BUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELIMI
1-2		<p>Ukfundela/ UkuBukelela ilwazi ngokusebenzisa (itheksti etioliveko/ ebukelwako/ amatheksti ahlukahlukeneko weenhatjhi)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukfundla okungeneleko • Ukuthatha isiquonto • Ukubonelo phambili • Ukubona ngeilihlo lengqondo • Ihlathululo zamagama • Iphuzu nombono <p>Ukutola isirhunyezo</p>		

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKU BUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELMI
3-4	<p>Amaadzinga vokulalela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>Ikulumo-pikiswano</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukutjengisa indima eddalwako Ukfundwa imithetjwana yetheksti linkhulumi zifanele zidhegane Ukuhlathulula imibono bekuvunyelwane ngesiqunto Ukusebenzisa ilimi, istayela nerejista nefanelo Ukuizijayenza <p>Ingoco yeenqhema</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukutjengisa indima eddalwako linkhulumi zifanele zidhegane Ukuhlathulula imibono bekuvunyelwane ngesiqunto Ukusebenzisa ilimi, istayela nerejista nefanelo 	<p>Itheksti yezemtitolo niengenoveli/ indatjana eftjhani/ umdlalo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathekileko wetheksti: njenga balingisi, isakhiwo, ikulumo pendulwano, isakhiwo, irarano, isendalelo, isizinda, umoci, ummongo <p>Indela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukwelungiselela ukufunda (Ukweluthula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (Amatshwayo wetheksti) <p>Ngemuva kokufunda (Ukuphendula imibizo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhlunga)</p> <p>Ikondlo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathekileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sekondlo esifilekileko, iimfenqo/ imifanekiso mqondo, ivumelwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandie sekondlo, imida, iindima, Ithiphografi Ihlathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo Ummongo nomlayezo 	<p>Ukutlola itheksti yokuthintana: okutlola ngeddayarini</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo esifaneleko Umnqopho Umbono oqakathekileko nosekelako. Ukuhleka kwemitiyo ngefanelo. Ukusebenzisa linhlanganiso ukupinisekisa ukukhambelana. Ukusebenzisa imihlubo ehlukahlukeneko yemitiyo, ubude nezakhiwo. <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela Ukutthathabeja Ukubuyekenza Uku-editha Ukfundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Ukutiola idayari</p> <p>Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Amatschwayo wokufunda nokutlola: amaphetheni wokupaleda; amatschwayo wokufunda nokutlola</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqaabozehlelo nabatlolako</p>	<p>Ukungezeliswa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeri esidulileko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni legama: isabizwana samambala; sesibatuli lindela zesenzo -Eyamileko</p> <p>Ekateleleko</p> <p>Yamanda</p> <p>Esabizo</p> <p>Yesimo/ yobujamo</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni lomutjho: iinkhathi; imihlubo yemitiyo; ikulumo; iphimbo; ukwakheka komutjho ikulumo enqophileko; ikulumo emubiko; imihlubo yemibuso; iphuza nombono; ihlathululo enganathha; iphimbo; ibizo elinesithomo u-uku-</p> <p>Ihlathululo yegama: ihlathululo esobala nefanekisako/ efihielkileko</p> <p>Amatschwayo wokufunda nokutlola: amaphetheni wokupaleda; amatschwayo wokufunda nokutlola</p> <p>Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqaabozehlelo nabatlolako</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKU BUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELIMI
5-6	<p>Amaqhinga wokulalela nokukhuluma</p> <p>UkuLalela itheksti efundelwe phezulu</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Itheksti erekhodiweko iyadlalwa Amakghono wokufunda afaneleko avezelwa abafundi Ukusetjenziswa kwamatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola ethekstini efundiweko Isingeniso nesiphetho <p>Ikulumo-pendulwano ephathelene netheksti efundelwe phezulu</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuthatha isiqunto ngesihloko Ukubuyekeza imithethjhwana Ukusebenzisa iinsiza ukuragisela phambili ikulumo-pendulwano Indima zabadlai ndima Ukuvula nokuvula Ukuwijayenza Ukwethula 	<p>Itheksti yezemitiolo njengomdlalo/ umndalo wesiteji</p> <p>Indela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiseleta ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (Amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemuva kokufunda (Ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikonndo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathikileko wekondio Isakhiwo sekondlo esifilekileko, iimfenqo/ imifanekiso mqondo, ivumelwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, lindima, Ithiphografi Ihlathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo Ummongo nomlayezo <p>Ukfundela ukuzwisisa: (isib. ikulumo pendulwano)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Umnqopho, abamukeli-iwazi abanqotjheweko isakhiwo/ ubunjalo Ukuhlatulula ummongo/ umlayezo Ukuthatha isiqunto Ukunikela umbono Ihlathululo enqophileko nefintakeleko Isendialelo setheksti nomtilli kezokuhaisana nezombusazwe begodu namasiko 	<p>Amatheksti wokuthintana isib. Umbiko weembikindaba</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo esifaneleko Umnqopho Ukuthatha ihlangothi nokuzindla Ukusebenzisa ilimi lokukholwisa/ lokuphatha buqobolwana Ukudzimelea kokholelwka kikho Imibono eqakathekileko nesekelako. Ukuhleka kwemijijo ngefanelo. Ukusebenzisa iinhlanganiso ukujinisekisa ukukhambelana. Ukusebenzisa imihlobo ehlukahlukeneko yemijijo, ubude nezakhiwo. Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendela yokutiola Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqaboo zehlelo nabatlolako Ukuhlela Ukuthathihabeja Ukubuyekeza Uku-editha Ukfundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Ukfundela umbiko weembikindaba ngokulandela indlela yekambiso yokutiola</p>	<p>Ukungezelwa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeri esidulileko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezengeni lomutjho:</p> <p>izabizwana zesibaluli; ubunye nobunengi</p> <p>Ihlathululo yegama: abomqondofana, abomqondophika</p> <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola nokupeleda: abodzbihula, amaphetheni wokupaleda; amatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola</p> <p>Iwazimagama elisebujamani obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqaboo zehlelo nabatlolako</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKU BUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELMI
7-8	Ukulungiselela iinhlahlubo UkuKhulum: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ikulumo elungiselelweko/ ikulumo-pikiswana i-inthayyu/ ingcoco Ukfundula okulungiselelweko Ukfundula okungakalungiselelwa Ukulalela ukuzwisia 	Ukulungiselela iinhlahlubo UkuFunda <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukfundela yokuzwisa Ukurhunyeza Zemittolo Inovel / iindatiana ezifitjhani / umtlolo-ndabuko Umdlalo / ifilimu Ikondlo 	Ukulungiselela iinhlahlubo UkuTola <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ama- eseyi Amatheksti wokuthintana amade Amatheksti wokuthintana amafitjhani - Inovel / iindatiana ezifitjhani / umtlolo-ndabuko - Umdlalo / ifilimu - Ikondlo 	Umsebenzi osezingeni lomutjho: ukubuyekeza lhathululo yegama: ukubuyekeza Amatskhwayo wokufunda nokutiola nokupeleda: ukubuyekeza
9-10	IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO NEYOKUPHELA KOMNYAKA YETHEMU YE-4		UMSEBENZI WESI-2: IHLAHLUBO YOKUPHELA KOMNYAKA	
	UMSEBENZI 1: ZOMLOMO	Ikulumo-pikiswano/ iingcoco/ ingcoco yesiqhema/ ikulumo pendulwano	Iphepha loku - 1: Zomlomo Iphepha lesi- 2: Isifundo sokuzwisia, iLimi nezemiTlolo (ama-iri ama- 2) Iphepha lesi - 3: Ukuttola (i-ri li-1)	

IGREYIDI YE-9 ITHEMU YOKU-1			
OKUMUMETHWEKO			
IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA
1-2	<p>Amaqhinga wokuLatela nokuKhuluma Ingoco/ ikulumiswano yesiqhema: (UkuLatelela ukubukela umkhangiso bebaoco ngawo)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Iphimbo Ibelo Ukusebenza ilimi elithinta imizwa nelibusqobolwana Ubukhulu bomtloko Ilimi lomzimba <p>UkuLatelela ukuzwisisa: umkhangiso</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukurekhoda imibono eqakatheliko nesekelako ngokutlota amanowuthi Ukwabelana ngemibono nangelemuko begodu nokutjengisa ukuzwisisa imiqondo Ukubona amaqhinga wokukholwisa nabuqobolwana Ukuphendula imibuzo 	<p>Ukufundela/ Ukbukelela ukuzwisisa (itheksti ebukelwako njengomkhangiso/ iphostara/ amakhathurinimittetana)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UkuSkima UkuSkena Ukfunda okungenelteleko Ukuthatha isiquonto (abalingisi, isizinda, umlayezo) Ukuthatha isiquonto ngamagama angakajayeleki ngokusebenzisa amakghono wokuhlasela igama Ilimi elithinta imizwa Ilimi lomzimba Ukusebenza amatshwayo wokufunda nokutiola nefonti <p>Indlela yekambiso yokufunda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukulungisselela ukufunda Ngesikhathi sokufunda (amatshwayo wetheksti) 	<p>Amatheksti wokuthintana: Isikhangiso/ iphostara</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo esifaneleko. Umndopho Amatshwayo wetheksti. Ukusejenziswa kwelimi. Irejista <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhela Ukuthathihabeja Ukubuyekenza Uku-editha Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Ukutiola isikhangiso / iphostara</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngemuva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhlunga) <p>Itheksti yezemitlolo etana nenoveli yelutjha/ indatjana etijhani/ umdlalo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiselela ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ukufunisisa kabanzi ngamatshwayo njengeshioko, iintfengiso/ imifanekiso, ubukhulu bomtloko, umhlobo womtlo - Ukufunisisa ngeengcenyenewadi, okufana nengaphandle lencwadi, ikhasi lesihloko, okumumethweko, izahluko, igozari

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1-2	<p>Amaqhinga wokuFunda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UkuSkima UkuSkena Ukfunda okungenelileko Ukurhunyeza Ukubona ngelelilo lengqondo Ukuthatha isiqunto nesiphetho 	<p>Itheksti yezemitolo efana nenoveli yelutjha/ iindatjana ezifitjhani/ umdialo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucocisana ngokuvamileko ngamatshwayo afana nabalingisi, ukuvezwa kwabalingisi, isakhiwo, irarano, isendialelo, isizinda, umoci, ummongo <p>Indela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiseleta ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti/ ibonelo phambili lezehlakalo) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Isendalelo/ Isizinda - Ukpophosela imibono ngommongo Ngesikhathi sokufunda (Amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemuva kokufunda (Ukuphendula imibizo, ukumadanisa, ukuphikisan, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikondio</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathelileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sekondlo esifihlelileko, iimfenqo/ imifanekiso-mqondo, ivumelwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima 	<p>Ukutiola incwadi yokuthokoza irhelebho/ Isizo / isetuleko ositholileko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo esifaneleko. Umngopho Imibono eqakathelileko nesekelako. Ukusetjenziswa kweleli. Irejista Ukuheleka ngefaneleko kwemitiyo. Ukusebeniza iinhlanganisi ukuinisekisa ukukhambelana. Ukusebeniza imihlubo ehlukahlukeneko yemitiyo, ubude nezakhwi. Ukunqophisira ekambisweni yendela yokutiola Ukuhlela Ukuthathihabeja Ukubuyekenza Uku-editha Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula Ukutiola incwadi yokuthokoza irhelebho/ Isizo / isetuleko ositholileko 	<p>Ukungezelwa kwehlelo elifundwe emverkeri esidulileko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezengeni legama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukupeleda nemithetho yokupeleda <ul style="list-style-type: none"> linhunyezo, ikibhu, ama-akhronimi Iziqu, iinthomo neenlungelelo, amabizo ahlangahlangeneko, amabizo alula <p>Umsebenzi osezengeni lomutjho:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amabizo, iimpawulo, izabizwana Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutiola <ul style="list-style-type: none"> linkhathi zesenzo, ikulumo enqophileko nemubiko, ukwakhaka kwemitiyo, isivumelwano <p>Ukusebenzisa ilimi elihlabako:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Izijijo nezaga; ihlonipho Iwazimagma elisebjameni obuthileko Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula
3-4	<p>Amaqhinga wokuLalela nokukhuluma</p> <p>UkuLalela ukufundwa kwetheksti</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukubona nokuphawula ngo: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - kusejenziswa kwephimbo - kusejenziswa kokuphakama nokweliwa kweleli nebelo - amatshwayo wokufunda nokutiola nakufundwako - kuvula nokuvala Ukucooca ngamatshwayo angelha Ukfundela phezulu okulungiselelweko Ukusejenziswa kwamakghono wokufunda afana nephiimbo, ukuphakama nokweliwa kwephimbo, ibelo, ukulinganisa iphiimbo, ukuphimiwa, nokufunda butjhelela Abafundi bakhetha itheksti yabo yokufunda bebayethulele itasi 	<p>Itheksti yezemitolo efana nenoveli yelutjha/ iindatjana ezifitjhani/ umdialo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucocisana ngokuvamileko ngamatshwayo afana nabalingisi, ukuvezwa kwabalingisi, isakhiwo, irarano, isendialelo, isizinda, umoci, ummongo <p>Indela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiseleta ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti/ ibonelo phambili lezehlakalo) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Isendalelo/ Isizinda - Ukpophosela imibono ngommongo Ngesikhathi sokufunda (Amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemuva kokufunda (Ukuphendula imibizo, ukumadanisa, ukuphikisan, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikondio</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathelileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sekondlo esifihlelileko, iimfenqo/ imifanekiso-mqondo, ivumelwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima 	<p>Ukutiola incwadi yokuthokoza irhelebho/ Isizo / isetuleko ositholileko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo esifaneleko. Umngopho Imibono eqakathelileko nesekelako. Ukisetjenziswa kweleli. Irejista Ukuheleka ngefaneleko kwemitiyo. Ukusebeniza iinhlanganisi ukuinisekisa ukukhambelana. Ukusebeniza imihlubo ehlukahlukeneko yemitiyo, ubude nezakhwi. Ukunqophisira ekambisweni yendela yokutiola Ukuhlela Ukuthathihabeja Ukubuyekenza Uku-editha Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula 	<p>Ukungezelwa kwehlelo elifundwe emverkeri esidulileko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezengeni legama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukupeleda nemithetho yokupeleda <ul style="list-style-type: none"> linhunyezo, ikibhu, ama-akhronimi Iziqu, iinthomo neenlungelelo, amabizo ahlangahlangeneko, amabizo alula <p>Umsebenzi osezengeni lomutjho:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amabizo, iimpawulo, izabizwana Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutiola <ul style="list-style-type: none"> linkhathi zesenzo, ikulumo enqophileko nemubiko, ukwakhaka kwemitiyo, isivumelwano <p>Ukusebenzisa ilimi elihlabako:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Izijijo nezaga; ihlonipho Iwazimagma elisebjameni obuthileko Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELIMI
3-4		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ithiphografi • Ihlathululo efanekisako • Umoya wekondlo • Ummongo nomlayezo <p>UkuFundā/ ukuBukela okubukelwako/ itheksti yeenrhathi ezhlukahlukeneko (Amaqchinga)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UkuSkima • UkuSkena • Ilimi Lomzimba • Ukuthatha isiqunto ngamagama angakajayeleki nangemifanekiso (amakhathuni) ngokusebenzia amakghono wokusahlela igama <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - ukuhlathulula - ibonelo phambili 		

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELIMI
5-6	<p>Amaqhinga wokulalela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>UkuLalela ikulumo yomrhala/ ikulumo-pendulwano hlangana nomsebenzi wendawo yomtato netlayenti/ ikanasitama mayelana nesinghonghoyilo sekontraga</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Iphimbo Ukusejenziswa kvelimi Irejista Imithetjhwanwa <p>Ukulingisa ukuthengiselana ngomlomo hlangana komthengisi nomthengi, nombango obangelwe yikotraga yezomlomo engakakhambi kuhle</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusejenziswa kvelimi Iphimbo Iimi lomzimba Isiqinisekiso <p>Ukwethula</p>	<p>Ukfundula ikontraka hlangana nomthengisi nomthengi</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo Ukusejenziswa kwelimi Ukukhuluma ngekontraka Ukuqakatheka kokutikitila Isisombululo nakunombango Ikondlo Amatshwayo aqakathekileko wekondlo <p>Ukulingisa ukuthengiselana ngomlomo hlangana komthengisi nomthengi, nombango obangelwe yikotraga yezomlomo engakakhambi kuhle</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusejenziswa kvelimi Iphimbo Iimi lomzimba Isiqinisekiso <p>Ukwethula</p>	<p>Amatheksti wokuthintana: tlola umbiko ngotholiweko embangweni wahlangana nomthengisi nomthengi</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo esifaneleko. Umqopho Imibono eqakathekileko nesekelako. Ukusejenziswa kwellimi. Irejista Ukuheleka ngefanelo kwemitiyo. Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutloia nokupeleda: <p>Ukusebenzisa iinhlanganiso:</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni lomutjho:</p> <p>ukwakhelka komuthho; imihlolo yemitiyo; ikulumo enophileko nemubiko, imihlolo yemibuzzo; iphimbo</p> <p>Ihlathululo yegama: izitjho nezaga</p> <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutloia</p> <p>obuthileko: ilimi elisetjenziswe</p> <p>nakutlowa amakontraga nemitilo</p> <p>yezomTheetho</p> <p>Ukungophisa ekambisweni yendela yokutloia</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuehleka iinhlanganiso Ukusebenzisa ukukhambelana. Ukusebenzisa imihlolo ehlukahlukeneko yemitiyo, ubude nezakhiwo <p>Iwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko: ilimi elisetjenziswe</p> <p>nakutlowa amakontraga nemitilo</p> <p>yezomTheetho</p> <p>Iwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqaboo zehlelo nabatlolako</p> <p>Ukutlola irpoti ngokulandela indlela yekambiso yokutloia</p>	<p>Ukungezeliswa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeri esidulileko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni legama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukungezeliswa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeri esidulileko <p>Ukungezeliswa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeri esidulileko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni lomutjho:</p> <p>ukwakhelka komuthho; imihlolo yemitiyo; ikulumo enophileko nemubiko, imihlolo yemibuzzo; iphimbo</p> <p>Ihlathululo yegama: izitjho nezaga</p> <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutloia</p> <p>obuthileko: ilimi elisetjenziswe</p> <p>nakutlowa amakontraga nemitilo</p> <p>yezomTheetho</p> <p>Ukungophisa ekambisweni yendela yokutloia</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuehleka iinhlanganiso Ukusebenzisa ukukhambelana. Ukusebenzisa imihlolo ehlukahlukeneko yemitiyo, ubude nezakhiwo <p>Iwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko: ilimi elisetjenziswe</p> <p>nakutlowa amakontraga nemitilo</p> <p>yezomTheetho</p> <p>Iwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqaboo zehlelo nabatlolako</p> <p>Ukutlola irpoti ngokulandela indlela yekambiso yokutloia</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELMI
7-8	<p>Amaadzinga vokulalela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>UkuLalela ukuzwissa (ikulumo-pendulwana)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukulalela ikulumo-pendulwana Ukutlola amanowuthi <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - limi namandla - Iphimbo - umoya wekondlo - isingeniso nesiphetlo Ukuphendula imibuzo <p>Zomlomo: Ikulumo engakalungisellewa</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UkuKhetha isihloko esifaneleko Ukuhlela ilwazi ngokukhambelanaako zelimi ezifanelo Isingeniso nesiphetlo ezifaneleko Ukusebenzisa iinsetjenziswa ezibukelvalko, ezzivakala bezibukelwe lapho okughonakala khona 	<p>Itheksti yezemtitolo enjengeendatiana ezifitjhani, inoveli yelutjhaj inovelii</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wetheksti yokufunda; njengabalingisi, izenzeko, ikulumo-pendulwano, isakhwi, irarano, isendalelo, isizinda, umcoci, ummongo <p>Indlela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiseleta ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (Amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemuva kokufunda (Ukuiphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhluunga) <p>Ikonido:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wekondlo Isakhwi sekondlo esifilekileko, iimfenqo/ imfanekiso mqondo, ivumelwano, igido Isakhwi sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, Ithiphografi Ihlathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo <p>UkuFundela yokuzwissa: (itheksti ethathelwe ethekstini yezemtitlo)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UkuSkima, UkuSkena, Ukubona ngeilihlo lengqondo Ukfunda okungeneneleko Ukuthatha isiqunto Ihlathululo yamagama Umbono womtoli Iphuzu nombono Ihlathululo efihlakeleko 	<p>Ukutlola i-eseyi: Eco cako/ ehlathululo/ eveza imizwa</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UkuKhetha amagama, Iphimbo nesitayela somuntu. Ihlathululo ecacileko. Ukuzwakala kwephimbo Imibono eqakathhekileko nesekeletako. Imibebe-ngqondo ukuhlela ukukhambelana kwembibono Ukwethula i-eseyi ukwenzela ukuhluunga <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutlola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela Ukuthathabeja Ukubuyekenza Uku-editha Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Ukutlola i-eseyi ngokukulandela indlela yekambiso yokutlola</p>	<p>Ukungezelwa kwehlelo elifundwe eemvekeni esidulileko</p> <p>Umsebenzi wezinga legama: izenzo ezijayeboleko</p> <p>Ihlathululo yegama:</p> <p>izijijo nezaga</p> <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola nokupeleda: amaphetheni wokupaleda; ama-akhronimi</p> <p>Iwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabo zehlelo nabatlolako</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELIMI
9-10	<p>Amaqhinga wokulalela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>Ukulalela umbiko yephephandaba</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo Amatshwayo Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi Iphimbo Inejista Isingeniso resiphetho <p>Ukuocisana ngokutholakeleko</p> <p>Ukwethulwa umbiko ngomlomo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi Inejista Iphimbo Illi iomzimba Isingeniso resiphetho 	<p>UkuFundu umbiko wephethandaba/ wemegezina</p> <p>Amaqhinga wokufunda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukfundackungeneleko Amatshwayo wetheksti Isib. isakhiwo, umlingisi, isizinda, umcoci, umoya wekondio, ummongo, ihlangothi lomcocci Ukuthatha isiquonto ngamagama angakajayeleki ngokusebeniza amakghono wokuhaselha igama Ihlathululo enqophileko nefintakeleko Indela yekambiso yokufunda: Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiseleta ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (Amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemuva Kokufunda (Ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikondlo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sekondlo esifilekileko, iimfenqo/ imifanekiso mqondo, ivumelwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, lindima, Ithiphografi Ihlathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo Ummongo nomlayezo 	<p>Amatheksti wokuthintana amade:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> njengombiko / i-inthavyu limfuneko zemisebenzi nemihlobo yetheksti. Isakhiwo, isitayela, umbono wakho. Abamukeliwazi abanqotjhweko, ihlosos nobujamo bendawo. Ukukhetha amagama. Isakhiwo somutjho, ubude nemihlobo. Imitherjhvana yeengaba. <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela Ukuthathihabeja Ukubuyelkeza Uku-editha Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Ukutlola umbiko ngokulandela indela yekambiso yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutloka nokupeleda: amaphetheni wokupaleda; abodzubhula; uzithhana <p>Iwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabo zehlelo nabatiolako</p>	<p>Ukungezelwa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeni esidululeko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni legama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> lindela zesenzzo- Eyamileko Ekateleleko Yamanda <p>Esabizo</p> <p>Yesimo/ yobujamo</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni lomutjho:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> imitjho elula; imitjho epandepande imitjho ehlangahlangeneko; iphimbo; iinkhathi zesenzzo

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELIMI
9-10		<p>Ukufundela/ Ukubukelela ukuzwisa (ukusetjenziswa kombiko wephephandaba)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UkuSkima • UkuSkena • Ukufunda okungenelteleko • Ukuthatha isiquonto (abalingisi, isizinda,, umlayezo) • Ukuthatha isiquonto ngamagama angakajayeleki ngokusebenzisa amakghono wokuhlasela igama • Ilimi elihinta imizwa • Ukuphendula imibuzo 		

UKUHLOLWA KWETHEMU YOKU- 1				
UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: ZOMLOMO		UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UKUTLOLA		UMSEBENZI WESI-3: ISIVVINYO SOKU-1
	Ukufunda okulungiselelweko/ Ingcoo	I-eseyi ehlathululako/ ecocako Incwadi yobungani/ ukubuyetekeza/ ikulumo-pendulvano		Isifundo sokuzwisia nokusetjenziswa kvelimi

IGREYIDI 9 ITHEMU 2
OKUMUMETHWEKO

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKU BUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELMI
1-2	<p>UkuLalela ukuzwissa</p> <p>Ukulalela iindatjana</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukubona nokusekela imibona eqakathekileko Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi Irejista Ukuphendula imibuzzo <p>Ikulumiswano yeforam/ yesiqhema</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukutjengisa indima eddalwako Linkhumi zifanele zidhiegane Ukuhlathulula imibono bekuthathwe nesiqunto Ukusebenisa ilimi, isitayela nerelista efaneleko Ukwethula <p>Amaqhinga wokufunda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukfunda okungenelaleko Amatshwayo wetheksti Isib. isakhiwo, umlingisi, isizinda, umcoci, umoya wekondlo, ummongo, ihlangothi lomcoci Ukuthatha isiquonto ngamagama angakajayeleki nemifanekiso ngokusebenzisa amakghono wokuhlasela igama Isakhiwo selimi nesitayela <p>Indiela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungisela ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (Amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemuva kokufunda (Ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikondlo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathekileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sekondlo esifilekileko, iimfenqo/ imifanekiso mqondo, ivumelwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, Ithiphografi Ihathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo Ummongo nomlayezo 	<p>Amatheksti wokuthintana:</p> <p>Okutiola ngedayarini / umthethosisekekelo / umthetho-kambiso</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo esifaneleko Umnqopho Imibono eqakathekileko nesekeleko Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi. Irejista Ukuhleka ngefaneko kwemitjho. Ukusebenzisa linhlanganisi ukupinisekisa ukukhambelana. Ukusebenzisa imihollo ehlukahlukeneko yemitjho, ubude nezakhiwo <p>Iwazimagma elisebujameni</p> <p>obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabolo zehlelo nabatlolako</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela Ukuithathihabeja Uku-editha Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Ukutlola idayari / umthethosisekelo / umthetho-kambiso ngokulandela indiela yekambiso yokutlola</p>	<p>Ukungezelwa kwehlelo elifundwe emverkeni esidulileko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezengeni legama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> iziqu, iinthomo neenlungelelo; izabizwana <p>Umsebenzi osezengeni lomutjho:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> imihollo yemitjho; ikulumo enqophileko/ engakanqophi; iphimbo; iinkhatti zeseno <p>Ihlathululo yegama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> izijijo nezaga; ihlathululo esobala nefilekileko <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola nokupeleda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> abonobuza; amaphetheni wokupeleda; iinhunyezo <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutlola</p>	<p>Ukungezelwa kwehlelo elifundwe emverkeni esidulileko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezengeni legama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> iziqu, iinthomo neenlungelelo; izabizwana <p>Umsebenzi osezengeni lomutjho:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> imihollo yemitjho; ikulumo enqophileko/ engakanqophi; iphimbo; iinkhatti zeseno <p>Ihlathululo yegama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> izijijo nezaga; ihlathululo esobala nefilekileko <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola nokupeleda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> abonobuza; amaphetheni wokupeleda; iinhunyezo <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutlola</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKU BUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELIMI
1-2		<p>Ukufunda/ ukuBukela itheksti ukuthola ilwazi: incwadi yokwabiwa kwamafa nethestamende</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufunda noku Bukela okungeneleleko • Umnqopho wetheksti • UkuSetjenziswa kweLimi • Abalingisi nama kharkhetja • Isendalelo nesizinda • Umlayezo nommongo • Ukurhunyeza itheksti <p>Ukurhunyeza Isakhiwo UkuSetjenziswa kweLimi</p>		

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKU BUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELIMI
3-4	Amaqhingga wokulalela nokuKhuluma	<p>UkuFundा iThekstI isib. Umdialo/ indatjana eftjhari/ umtlolo-ndabuko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Kunqotjihiswe ematshwayeni wetheksti yezemtioilo. Ukutjengisa ukuzwisia kokuthuthuka kwesakhwiyo nerarano, ukuvezwa kwabalingiswa, ukutjhuguluka, isendialelo, isizinda, indima edlalwa micoci, ummongo, nesiphetlo <p>Indlela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiselela ukufunda (Ukwethula iThekstI) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (Amatshwayo wetheksti) <p>Ukufundा okungakalungiselelwа</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusebenzisa amatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola nakufundwako ilimi lomzimba Ukuthintana nabamukeli -lwazi 	<p>Ukutlola:Ukubuyekenza ithekstI (ithekstI engakalungiselwa efundiweko/ idokhyumenthari)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo esifaneleko Umnqopho Imibono eqakathiekileko nesekelako Ukusetjenziswa kwellimi. Irejista Ukuhleleka ngelojikhi kwemtjho. Ukusebenzisa iinhlanganisi ukujinisekisa ukukhambelana. Ukusebenzisa imihlobo ehlukahlukeneko yemtjho, ubude nezakhiwo <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutlola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngemuva kokufunda (Ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikondlo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathiekileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sekondlo esifilekileko, iimfenqo/ imifanekiso mqondo, ivumelwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, Ithiphografi Inhathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo Ummongo nomlayezo 	<p>Ukungezelwa kwehelo elifundwe eemvekeni esidulileko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni legama: izento ezizjamaleko, izzeno ezithoma ngo- uku-, iziqu; iinthomo neenlungelelo</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni lomutjho: imitjho ehlangahlangeneko; ikulumo enqophileko/ engakanqophi</p> <p>Inhathululo yegama: izitjho nezaga</p> <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutlola nokupeleda: abonobuza; amaphetheni wokupeleda; iinrhunyezo</p> <p>Iwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabo zehelo nabatlolako</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela Ukutthathabeja Ukubuyekenza Uku-editha Ukfundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula Ukutlola irivyu/ idokhyumenthari ngokulandela indlela yekambiso yokutlola

IMVEKE	UKULALLELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKU BUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELIMI
3-4		<p>Ukufunda / ukubukela itheksti isib. i-athikili yephephandaba/ yemegezina ukuthola ilwazi nokuzwisa Amaqhingga wokufundela ukuzwisa isigaba esisethekstini esethekstibhugwini</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UkuSkima noku Skena • Ukufunda okungeneleko • Umnqopho nabamukeli-lwazi abanqotjhisweko • Ukuthatha iinqunto neemphetho • Iphuzu nombono • UkuKikela ngombono wakhe • Ihlathululo yamagama angakajayelevi • Ukubona ilimi elibuqobolwana <p>Ukurhunyeza itheksti</p>		

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKU BUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELMI
5-6	<p>Amaqhingga wokulalela nokukhuluma</p> <p>UkuLalela ukuzwissa itheksti yozomlomo efana ne-inthavyu/ ikulumo / ukucoca indatjana</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UkuLalela amanowuthi ngesikhathi sokulalela • UkuLalela ngokuhlabo • Ukuocisana kwesiqhema/ ukucocisana kweforamu • Ukwenza ingcoco esuselwetheskstini yezomlomo • UkuLihegama • Insiza • Imithetjhvana 	<p>Ukfundula itheksti yomtholo isib. Umndlao/ indatjana efftjhani/ umtloondabuko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Umnqopho othileko wamatshwayo wetheskst kwezemtilo. • Uktjengisa ukuzwissa kokuthuthuka kwesakhwi nerarano, ukuveza kwabalingiswa, uktjihuguluka, isendialelo, ijamo lehelo, indima eddalwa mcozi, ummongo, isiphetho <p>Indlela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiselela ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) • Ngesikhathi sokufunda (Amatshwayo wetheskst) • Ngemuva kokufunda (Ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikondlo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amatshwayo aqakathiekileko wekondlo • Isakhiwo sekondlo esifilekileko, iimfenqo/ imifanekiso mqondo, ivumelwano, igido • Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, • Ithiphografi • Ihlathululo efanekisako • Umoya wekondlo • Ummongo nomlayezo 	<p>Ukfundula amatheksti wokuthintana: isaziso, i-ajenda namaminidi</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UkuKhetha amagama, Iphimbo nesitayela somuntu. • Ihlathululo ecacileko. • Ukuzwakala kwephimbo • Imibono eqakathiekileko nesekelako. • Imimebhe-ngqondo ukuhlela ukukhambelana kwemibono • Ukwethula i-eseyi ukwenzela ukuhlungwa/ ukuhlowa <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuhlela • Ukuithatlhabejia • Ukubuyelekeza • Uku-editha <p>Ukfundula ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula</p> <p>Ukfundula isaziso, i-ajenda namaminidi ngokulandela indlela yekambiso yokutiola</p>	<p>Ukungezelwa kwehlelo elifundwe eemvekeri esidulileko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezengeni lomutjho:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • isigaba esihlathululako; isigaba esisingeniso, isigaba esisipheto; linkhathi; ukwakhiwa kwemitjho; imihlobo yemitjho <p>Ihlathululo yegama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • izijijo nezaga <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutiola nokupeleda: amaphetheni wokupaleda</p> <p>Ilwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabozehlelo nabatlolako</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALLELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKU BUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELIMI
5-6		<p>UkuFundela/ ukuBukelela ukuzwisia (kuseTjenziswa okutoliweko Namkha/nofana itheksti ebukelwako njengama khathuni/ imilletlana)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UkuSkima • UkuSkena • UkuFundanda okungeneleko • Ukuthatha isiqunto abalingisi, isizinda, ijamo lehelo, umlayezo) • Ukuthatha isiqunto ngamagama angakajayeleki ngokusebenzia amakghono wokuhaseliga • Ilimi elithinta imizwa <p>Ukubuyekaza isakhiwo sesirhunyezo</p>		

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKU BUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELMI
7-8	Amadzinga vokulalela nokuKhuluma UkuLalela umkhangiso orekhodiweko/ umkhangiso emrhathijhwani • UkuSetjenziswa kwelimi • Iphimbo • Ibelo • Imithethjwana • UkuItola amanowuthi Ukwethula ngomlomo: ukuhlaZiya umkhangiso • UkuhlaThula imithala ebukelwako efana nefonti, ubukhulu bamagama, iinthombe ezithetjuliweko • UkuhlaThula ukuseSetjenziswa kwelimi buqobolwana • UkuhlaThula bonyana ukweqiwai/ ukutjhiya, ukurhunyeza nelimi kuseSetjenziswe bunjani ukudosa abamukeli-Iwazi abanqotjhiweko	Ukfunda/ ukubukela itheksti ebukelwako isib.usikhangiso/ ikhathuni/ amagrafu UkuseBenzisa amaqhingga wokuFunda/ ukuBukela/ ukwenzela ukuzwisa nelwazi • UkuSkima noku Skena • UkuFunda okungeleleko • Umnqopho nabamukeli-Iwazi abanqotjhisweko • UkuItola amanowuthi Ukwethula ngomlomo: ukuhlaZiya umkhangiso • UkuhlaThula imithala ebukelwako efana nefonti, ubukhulu bamagama, iinthombe ezithetjuliweko • UkuhlaThula ukuseSetjenziswa kwelimi buqobolwana • UkuhlaThula bonyana ukweqiwai/ ukutjhiya, ukurhunyeza nelimi kuseSetjenziswe bunjani ukudosa abamukeli-Iwazi abanqotjhiweko	Amatheksti amafitihani wokuthintana/ abukelwako isib. Ukubuyekeza isikhangiso • Isakhiwo esifaneleko • Umnqopho • Imibono eqakathekileko nesekeleko • UkuSeTjenziswa kwelimi. • Irejista • Ukuhleleka ngejolikhni kwemtjhio. • UkuThatha iinquto neemphetho • UkuBona ilimi elibuqobolwana • Umthelela wokukhethha nokutjhiya ihlathululo yetheksti • Indlela ilimi nemifanekiso zitiengisa bezibumbe amagugu nomoya umuntu enza ngayo izinto • Umthelela wokuseBenzisa imihlobo nobukhulu bomtlolo, iinhloko namakhephthini ehlaThululweni Ukurhunyeza: UkuBuyekeza Imitolo/ iincwadi zokufunda: UkuBuyekeza	Ukungezelwa kwehlelo elifundwe eemvekeri esidiluleko Umsebenzi osezengeni legama: amabizo- wezinto esingazibona ngamehlo nengekhe sazibona ngamehlo, amabizo apandepande, amabizo ahlangahlaregeo Izabizwana - zokuzenza, izabizwana zesibaluli, zobumnini, zenani, sokubala Umsebenzi osezengeni lomutjhio: linkhathi; iingaba; iimvumelwano; ukwakhaka komutjho; iphimbo; ikulumo. Ihlathululo yegama: ipharonimi, imethonimi iniyolozimu (amagama amatjha eza nezinto ezsanda ukusungulwe), abomqondofana abomqondophika Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutiola nokupeleda: amaphetheni wokupeleda; iinrhunyezo Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabo zehlelo nabatiolako
9-10	UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: ZOMLOMO Ukfunda okulungiselelweko/ iingcoco yeforam/ ingcoco yesiqhema	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UKUTLOLA UkuBuyekeza/ idokhyumenthari/ isaziso/ i-tajenda namaminidi womhlangano	UKUHLOLA KWETHEMU YESI - 2 UMSEBENZI WESI-- 3: IIINHLALUBO ZAPHAKATHI KOMNYAKA IPhepha loku- 1: Zomlomo IPhepha lesi- 2: IsiFundsokuZwisisa ilimi (ama-iri ama-2) IPhepha lesi- 3: Ukuutiola (i-iri li-1) IPhepha lesi- 4: UkuPhendula zemtitolo (i-in li-1 nemizuzu ema-30)	

IGREYIDI YE-9 ITHEMU YESI-3

OKUMUMETHWEKO				
IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKU BUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELMI
1-2	Ikulomo-pendulwano/ linkulumiswano UkuLalela isehlakalo sekulumiswano hangana nabantu ababili (ikulomo-pendulwano) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Abadali-ndima • Ilanga • Izinto onazzo • Umdalifa/ Omukelako • Ilimi lomtlolo • Ukusetjenziswa kwencwadi yokwabiwa kwelifa linkulumiswano eziphathelene nokuzwiseni incwadi yokwabiwa kwelifa (iwili) nethestamende <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UkuSetjenziswa kwelimi • Ubucqobolwana • UkuDihnegama • UkuVula nokuvula • Isiqunto/ Isiqnto 	Ukfundu incwadi yokwabiwa kwelifa nethestamende erhunyeziweko <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Isakhwi esifaneleko • Umndophio • Imibono eqakathekileko nesekelako • Ilimi lomtlolo • Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi. • Irejista • Ukuheleka ngefanelo kwemitiyo. • UkuSebenzisa iinhlanganisi ukujiniseksa ukukhambelana. • UkuSebenzisa imihlobo enlukahlukeneko yemitiyo, ubude nezakhwi Indela yekambiso yokufunda: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Uklunguselela ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) • Ngesikhathi sokufunda (Amaishwayo wetheksti) • Ngemuva kokufunda (Ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhlunga) Ikonndo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amaishwayo aqakathekileko wekondlo • Isakhwi sekondlo esifilekileko, iimfenqo/ imifanekiso mqondo, ivumelwano, igido • Isakhwi sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, • Ithiphografi • Ihlathululo efanekisako • Umoya wekondlo • Ummongo nomlayezo 	Amatheksti wokuthintana: ukutola incwadi yokwabiwa kwelifa/ nethestamende. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Isakhwi esifaneleko • Umndophio • Imibono eqakathekileko nesekelako • Ilimi lomtlolo • Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi. • Irejista • Ukuheleka ngefanelo kwemitiyo. • UkuSebenzisa iinhlanganisi ukujiniseksa ukukhambelana. • UkuSebenzisa imihlobo enlukahlukeneko yemitiyo, ubude nezakhwi lhathululo yegama: ipharonimi, abomqondomnengi, abomabizwafane Amatshwayo woufunda nokutiola nokupeleda; amaphetheni wokupeleda Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuqophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutiola • Ukuhelela • Ukuithatlabeja • Ukubuyekeza • Uku-editha • Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula Ukutiola incwadi yokwabiwa kwelifa / nethestamende	Ukungezelwa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeni esidulileko Umsebenzi osezengen legama: amabizo esingawabona nangkehe sawabone ngamehlo, iimphawulo, iinhlanganiso Umsebenzi osezengen omutjho: ikulomo; iinhkathi zesenzo; imihlobo yemitiyo; imihlobo yeengaba; iphimbo; umtjhwana (itiozi), Isingamutjho/ Umthjhwana (ifreyizi) lhathululo yegama: ipharonimi, abomqondomnengi, abomabizwafane Amatshwayo woufunda nokutiola nokupeleda; amaphetheni wokupeleda Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuqophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutiola • Ukuhelela • Ukuithatlabeja • Ukubuyekeza • Uku-editha • Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula Ukutiola incwadi yokwabiwa kwelifa / nethestamende

IMVEKE	UKULALLELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKU BUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELIMI
1-2		<p>UkuFundela ukuZwisia namaqhinga wokufunda: iheksti ebukelwako-ikhathuni</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UkuSkimela ukuthola umbono oqakathekileko • UkuSkenela ukusekela imininingwana • Ukwenza ibonelo phambili • Ukuthatha isiquonto ngamagama angakajayeleki nemifanekiso • Ukubukelela noku kuthuthukisa/ ukukhulisa ukuzwisia/ ukuzwa • Umthelela omumbi wokukhetha nokujihya ihlathululo yetheksti • Umthelela omuhle wokufanekisa neensefjerziswa • Umphumela wamaqhinga wokubukewako 		

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKU BUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELMI
3-4	<p>Amaqhinga wokulalela nokukhuluma</p> <p>UkuLalela i-inthayu</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuthadhlula indima edlalwako Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi Ilimi namandla <p>Ukucoca ngekharikyulamu vithaye njengenye yeemfuneko zokuqatjhw/zokwamukelwa</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Iwazi Ukfaneleka abantu abangathintwa Ukukhambelana nencwadi esekekalo 	<p>UkuFundu itheksi yezemtitolo/ incwadi yokufunda isib. iNoveli / iNoveli yelutjha/ Indatjana efijhani</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Umnqopho othileko wamatshwayo wetheksti kwezemtitolo. Ukutjengisa ukuzwisia kokuthuthuka kwesakhwi nerarano, ukuveza kwabalingiswa, ukutjughuluka, isendialelo, ijamo lehelo, indima edlalwa moco, ummongo, nesiphetlo <p>Indlela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiselela ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (Amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemuva kokufunda (Ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhlunga) Ikondlo Amatshwayo aqakathiekileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sekondlo esifilekileko, iimfenq/ imfanekiso mqondo, ivumelwano, igido 	<p>Amatheksti wokuthintana: isib. Incwadi esekekalo nekharikhyulamu vithaye</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> limfuneko zesakhiwo, isitayela. Abamukeli-Iwazi abanqotjhiweko, umnqopho nobujamo Ukukhetha amagama, ilimi elifanejisako, amatshwayo, umbala nokubeka amaphuzu ngefanelo. Isakhiwo somutjho, ubude nemihlubo. <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutloia</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukukhetha amatshwayo wokubukelwako newokutlanywako Ngesikhathi sokufunda (Amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemuva kokufunda (Ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhlunga) Amatshwayo aqakathiekileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sekondlo esifilekileko, iimfenq/ imfanekiso mqondo, ivumelwano, igido <p>Ukutiola incwadi esekelako nekharikhyulamu vithaye</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, Ithiphografi Ihathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo Ummongo nomlayezo 	<p>Ukungezelwa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeni esidulileko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezengeni legama: iimphawulo</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezengeni lomutjho:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ikulomo; iinkathi zessenzo; imihlolo yemutjho; imihlolo yeengaba; iphimbo; umtjhawana (itlozi), lsingamutjho/ Umtjhawana (ifreyizi) <p>Ihathululo yegama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> abomqondofana abomqondophika abomabizwafana abomqondommengi <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutloia nokupeleda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> amaphetheni wokupeleda <p>Iwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqao</p> <p>zehlelo nabatiolako</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKU BUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELIMI
3-4		<p>UkuFundela ukuZwisa (amadzinga) (Ukusebenzisa amatheksti abonakalako natioliweko)</p> <p>Amaqhingga</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UkuSkimela ukuthola umbono oqakathekileko • UkuSkenela ukusekela imininingwana • Ukwenza ibonele phambili • Ukuthatha isiqunto ngamagama angakajayeleki nemifanekiso • Umthelela omumbi wokukhetha nokutjhiya ihlathululo yetheksti • Umthelela omuhle wokufanekissa neweensefenziswa • Umphumela wamaqhingga wokubukelwako 		

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKU BUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELIMI
5-6	<p>Amaqhingga wokulalela nokukhuluma</p> <p>UkuLalela ikulumo-pikkiswano esemrhajihwani / kumabonwakude</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Abadali-ndima • UkuSetjenziswa kwephimbo • Ihelo • Ukwethulwa kwesiphakamiso nokusivikela • Ukwethulwa ukuphikisa ishihoko • Isisombululo • UkuTola amanowuthi • UkuCoCa nokwabelana ngamanowuthi <p>Ukuzibandakanya kukulomo-pikkiswano</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Imithetjhwanaya yekulomo-pikswano • UkuSetjenziswa kwelimi • Ukwethulwa kwesiphakamiso besivikelwe • Ukwethulwa ukuphikisa ishihoko • Abadali-ndima • Isisombululo 	<p>UkuFund a iTheksi yezemitiolo isib, iNoveli/ indatjana eftjhani / umtiolo-ndabukoo isib, inolwani-mlando, inolwani yezekolo, inolwani yeembandana nezinto</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amatshwayo wezemitiolo yetheksti njengesakhwi, umlingisi, isizinda, irarano, ishwayo, ukunotha kwejhada, ukufanekisa, ukubonela phambili, ukubuyisa umcabango ngokullulileko <p>Indela yekamviso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Uklunguselela ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) • Ngesikhathi sokufunda (Amatshwayo wetheksti) • Ngemuva kokufunda (Ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikonndo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko, wekondlo • Isakhiwo sekondlo esifilekileko, iimfenq/ imfanekiso mqondo, ivumelwano, igido • Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, • Ithiphografi • Ihathululo efanekisako • Umoya wekondlo • Ummongo nomlayezo <p>UkuFundela/ ukuBukelela ukuZwisisa (Ukusebenzisa amatheksti abukelwako natoliweko)</p>	<p>UkuTola i-eseyi: Ecocako / ehlathululako/ eveza imizwa</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UkuKhetha amagama, • Iphimbo nesitayela somuntu. • Ihathululo ecacileko. • Ukuzwakala kwephimbo • Imibono eqakathkekileko nesekelako. • Imimebbe-ngqondo ukhlela ukukhambelana kwemibono ihathululo esobala, efanekisako, ifanatjhada, ifanakamisa, ifanangwaqa, ukwenzasamuntu; ifuzatjhada, isidalisi-magama <p>UkuNqophisa ekambisweni yendela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukwethula i-eseyi ukwenzela ukuhlungwa/ ukuhlowa • UkuHlela • UkuThathlhabeja • UkuBuyekzeza • Uku-editha • UkuFundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>UkuTola i-eseyi ngokulandela indela yokambiso yokutiola</p>	<p>Ukungezeliswa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeni esidululeko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni legama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Umhlanganiso <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni lomutjha:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ikulomo; imihlubo yemitiho; ukwakheka kwemitiho; iphimbo; iinkhathi zesenzo; imihlubo yeengaba <p>Ihathululo yegama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ihathululo esobala, efanekisako, ifanatjhada, ifanakamisa, ifanangwaqa, ukwenzasamuntu; ifuzatjhada, isidalisi-magama <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutiola nokupaleda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • amaphetheni wokupaleda <p>Ilwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabo zehlelo nabatlolako</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKU BUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELIMI
5-6		<p>Amaqhingga</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UkuSkimela ukuthola umbono oqakathhekileko • UkuSkeneda iminininingwana ukusekela • Ukufunda okungeneleko • Ukwenza ibonelo phambili • Ukuthatha isiqunto ngamagama angakajayeleki nemifanekiso • Imibono eqakathhekileko nesisekelo • Umthelela omumbi wokukhetha nokutjhiya ihlathululo • Umthelela omuhle wokufanekisa neensiza zokufunda • Ilinquonto neemphetho ezithathwa ngumntoli <p>Ukurhunyeza itheksti</p>		

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKU BUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELIMI
7-8	Amaqhingga wokulatela nokukhuluma UkuLalela ikulumo yelunga lomphakathi eliveleleko <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UkuSetjenziswa kwelimi • Ubuhlangothi nokuzindla • Ukudzimelala kukholelwa kikho • Iphimbo • Ilimi namandla • UkuPhendula imibuzo Ikulumo elungiselelweko <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Abafundi benza irhubululo njengomsebenzi wokuzilungiselela. • Imithethjwana yokwethula • Ilimi lomzimba • Isingeniso nesiphetho • UkuSetjenziswa kwelimi. 	Umtlolo wetheksti njengendatjana effijhani, inovelu yelutjha/ inoveli <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko womtolo wetheksti: njengomlrigisi, isakhiwo, ikulumo-pendulwano, isakhiwo, irarano, isendalelo, isizinda, umcoci, ummongo Indela yekambiso yokufunda: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ngaphambi kokufunda/ UkuLungiselela ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) • Ngesikhathi sokufunda (Amatshwayo wetheksti) • Ngemuva kokufunda (UkuPhendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhlunga) Ikondlo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wekondlo • Isakhiwo sekondlo esifihlekileko, iimfengo/ imifanekiso mqondo, ivumelwano, igido • Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, • Ithiphografi • Ihlathululo efanekisako • Umoya wekondlo • Ummongo nomlayezo 	Amatheksti wokuthintana isib. Ikarada lesimemo, ukulamukela. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • limfuneko zesakhiwo, isitayela, umbono wakho. • Abamukeliwazi abanqotjihweko, umnqopho nobujamo • Ukukhettha amagama, ihlathululo ecacileko. • Isakhiwo somutjho, ubude nemihobo. Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendela yokutiola <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UkuHela • UkuThithabeja • UkuBuyekeza • Uku-editha • UkuFundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqaaboo zehlelo nabatiolako <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wekondlo • Isakhiwo sekondlo esifihlekileko, iimfengo/ imifanekiso mqondo, ivumelwano, igido • Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, • Ithiphografi • Ihlathululo efanekisako • Umoya wekondlo • Ummongo nomlayezo 	Ukungezeliswa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeni esidululeko Umsebenzi osezingeni lomutjho: isigaba esthathululuako; isigaba sokuzikhethela; isigaba sokuhlukanisa ela Ihlathululo yegama: igama elliodwa esikhundleni somtjhwan Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutiola nokupeleda: amaphetheni wokupeleda Iwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqaaboo zehlelo nabatiolako

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKU BUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELIMI
7-8		<p>UkuFundela/ ukuBukelela ukuZwisia (Amatheksti abukelwako natioliweko)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UkuSkimela ukuthola umbono ogakathhekileko • UkuSkenela ukusekela imininingwana • Ukufunda okungeleleko • Ukwenza ibonelo phambili • Ukuthatha isiquonto ngamagama angakajayeleki nemifanekiso • Imibono eqakathhekileko nesisekelo • Umbono wakhe • Ukurhunyeza • Umthelela wokukhettha nokutjhiya ihlathululo • Umthelela omumbi wokufanekisa neensiza zokufunda • Umthelela omuhle wamaqhinga abukelwako • linquonto neemphetho ezithathwa ngumtoli 		

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKU BUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELIMI
9-10	<p>Amaqhinga wokulatela nokukhuluma</p> <p>Ukucoca indatjana</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukunikela iijhejo kilokhu: amakghono wokukhuluma, iphimbo, ukuphimsa, ibelo, ukuphakama nokwehia kwephimbo, ukuthintana kwamehlo, ukujama, ukukhuluma ngezitho zomzimba Imithetjhwana namatshwayo wendatjana <p>Ikulumo-pendulwano: ukulingisa ikulumo-pendulwano</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi Ukudlhengana Ilimi lomzimba Amatschwayo wetheksti 	<p>UkuFundu itheksi yezenttolo njengomdialo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatschwayo aqakathiekileko wetheksti: njengo mlingisi, isenzeko, ikulumo-pendulwano, isakhiwo, irarano, isendialelo isizinda, umcoci, ummongo <p>Indlela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiselela ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (Amatschwayo wetheksti) Ngemuva kokufunda (Ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikonndo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatschwayo aqakathiekileko wekondlo 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatheksti wokuthintana isib. ikulumo-pendulwano Ukukhettha amagama, iphimbo nesitayela somuntu. Inlathululo ecacileko. Ukuzwakala kwephimbo Imibono eqakathiekileko nesekekalo. Imimebbe-ngqondo ukuhela ukukhambelana kwemibono Ukwethula i-eseyi ukwenzela ukuhlungwa/ ukuhluva <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhela Ukuthathabeja Ukubuyelkeza Uku-editha 	<p>Ukungezeliswa kwehelo esidulileko emvekeni legama:</p> <p>izzenzo, isabizwana sokubala, isabizwana zokukhomba</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezengeni lomutjho:</p> <p>ikambiso, ukulamanisa; ukulamanisa ngokuya ngokuqakatheka isigaba esisiphetho</p> <p>Inlathululo yegama: igama elliodwa esikhundleni somthhwana</p> <p>Amatschwayo wokufunda nokutiola nokupeleda: amaphetheni wokupuleda</p> <p>Iwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqaaboo zehlelo nabatiolako</p> <p>Ukutola i-ajenda namaminidi womihlangano ngokulandela indlela yekambiso yokutiola</p>

UKUHLOLA KWETHEMU YESI-3			
	UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: ZOMLOMO	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UKUTLOLA	UMSEBENZI WESI- 3: ISIVINYO SESI- 2
	Ikulomo elungiselelweko/ ukulingisa / ikulomo-pikiswano/ ingcoco ngekharikhulamu vithayi/ incwadi yokwabiwa kwelfa/ isitatimende	I-Eseyi ehiathululako/ ecocako/ eveza imizwa/ ephikisamako Incwadi esekelako neKharikhulamu vithayi	Isifundo sokuZwisia nokusefenziswa kwelimi

IGREYIDI YE-9 ITHEMU YESI- 4

OKUMUMETHWEKO

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELIMI
1-2	<p>UkuLalela ukuzwissa</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuphendula ngokuhlabako emihlobeni ehukahlukeneko yamatheksti Ukulalela ilwazi elinqophileko Ukulalela nokuthabela iinlwana -mlando neenhloko Ukuphendula imibuzo Ikambiso yomhlangano Abadali-ndima Imithetjhwanza yomhlangano Ukudlhengana Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi Ukgungavumelani emhlanganweni Isingeniso resiphetho 	<p>Itheksti yezemittolo njengeendatjana ezifitjhani, inoveli yelutjhari inoveli</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wetheksti yokufunda: njengabalingisi, isenzeko, ikulumo-pendulwano, isakhiwo, irarano, isendalelo, isizinda, umcoci, ummongo <p>Indela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiseleta ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (Amatshwayo wetheksti) Ngemuva kokufunda (Ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikonndo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wekondlo 	<p>Amatheksti wokuthintana amade isib. Incwadi yesibawo somsebenzi (yokomthetho)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo esifaneleko Umnopho Imibono eqakathlekileko nesekelako Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi. Irejista Ukuheleka ngefanelo kwemitiyo. Ukusebenzisa liinhlanganisi ukuqiniseksika ukukhambelana. Ukusebenzisa imihlolo ehlukahlukeneko yemitiyo, ubude nezakhiwo. <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo sekondlo esifilekileko, iimfenqo/ imifanekiso mqondo, ivumelwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, Ithiphografi Ihathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo Ummongo nomlayezo 	<p>Ukungezelewa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeni esidululeko Izzenzo</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezengeni lomutjho:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ikulumo engophileko nengakanqophi. umutjho onqophileko nomutjho osepambosini yokwenzwiha. <p>Ihathululo yegama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ihathululo enganathha/ engacakiko, engafunekiko, ebuyabuyeletlwako; isirhumutjha/ islanghi, ijagoni <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutiola nokupeleda: amaphetheni wokupuleda</p> <p>Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqaoo zehlelo nabatiolako Ukuhelela Ukutthathabeja Ukubuyekeza Uku-editha Ukufundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Ukutiola incwadi yesibawo</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELIMI
		<p>UkuFundela ukuZwisisa: (itheksti ethathelwe encwadini eqintelwe ukufundisa isifundo esithileko)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UkuSkima, ukuSkena, ukubona ngeilihlo lengqondo • Ukufunda okungeleleko • Ukuthatha isiquonto • Ihlathululo yamagama • Umbono womtlobi • Iphuzu nombono • Ihlathululo efihlakeleko 		

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELIMI
3-4	<p>Amaqhinga wokulalela nokukhuluma</p> <p>UkuLalela ukuzwissa (Ukusebenzisa ikulumo-pendulwano erekhodiweko)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukulalela ikulumo-pendulwano Ukutiola amanowuthi <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Iimi namandla Iphimbo Umoya wekondlo Isingeniso nesipheho Ukuphendula imibuzo Ukucocisana kweforamu/ ukucocisana kwephaneli/ ukucocisana kwesiqhema <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Abadali-ndima Imithetjhwa yeforamu/ yekulumiswano Ukudlhagara Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi Ukungavumelani ekucocisaneni Isingeniso nesipheho linqhema zikhulumisana ngeenholko zezinto ezenzeka ngesikhathi sanje 	<p>Itheksti yezemtitolo njengendatjana effijhani, inoveli yetutja/ inoveli</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathiekileko womtolio wethesksti: njengo mlingisi, isenzeko, ikulumo-pendulwano, isakhiwo, irarano, isendalelo, isizinda, umoci, ummongo <p>Indela yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiseleta ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (Amatshwayo wethesksti) Ngemuva kokufunda (Ukuphendula imibuzo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikondlo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathiekileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sekondlo esifilekileko, iimfenqo/ imifanekiso mqondo, ivumelwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, Ihlathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo Ummongo nomlayezo <p>UkuFundela/ ukuBukelela ukuzwisisa:</p> <p>(Amatheksti abukelwako naweeenrhathjinofana isikhangiso njenga makhatuninofana isikhangiso)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UkuSkima, ukuSkena, ukubona ngelihi lengqondo Ukufunda okungeleleko Ukuthatha isiquonto Ihlathululo yamagama Umbono womtoli Iphuzu nombono Ihlathululo efihiakeloko 	<p>Amathektii wokuthintana isib. Ama-imeyili:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo esifaneleko Umnqophlo Imibono eqakathiekileko nesekejako Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi. Irejista Ukuhleleka ngefanelo kwemitiyo. Ukusebenzisa iimhanganisi ukquinisekisa ukukhambelana. Ukusebenzisa imihlobo ehlukahlukeneko yemitiyo, ubude nezakhiwo. <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhiela Ukutithathabeja Ukubuyekenza Uku-editha Ukfundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Ukutiola i-imeyili ngokukulandela indela yekambiso yokutiola</p>	<p>Ukungezelitwa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeni esidulileko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezengeni legama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> amabizo mbala, ibizo ellithoma ngo-uku-, amabizo ahlangahlangeneko <p>Umsebenzi osezengeni lomutjho:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ikambiso, ukuhlela, ukulamana ngokuqakatheka; isigaba esisiphetho <p>Ihlathululo yegama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ukudzimelela kokholewa kikh, ukuzindla, ubuhlangothi, ilimi elithinta imizwa <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutiola nokupeleda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> amaphetheni wokupeleda linrhunyezo: ama-inithiyali, i-akchronimi, i-phorthimanthewu itibhu(clip), ithrankhatjhini, i-afesisi, i-phorthimanthewu <p>Iwazimagma elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhiela Ukutithathabeja Ukubuyekenza Uku-editha Ukfundela ukulungisa iimphoso nokwethula <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqabolo zehlelo nabatlolako</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHET JHWANA YELIMI
5-6	<p>Amaqhingga wokulatela nokuKhuluma</p> <p>Ukulingisa ubujamo obuthileko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ubujamo butjengiswa ngokucacileko Abalingisi bahlukaniswe ngokucacileko Ilimi lifanele ubujamo Ukulingisa kutjengisa izenzeko zubujamo obuthileko Ikuumiswano Ukucabanga ngobujamo neenhlako ezifaneleko Imithetjhvana yokukhuluma Ilimi namanda Iinsiza zokuragisela phambili ikulumo 	<p>Itheksti yezemtitolo enjengeendatjana ezifijjhani, inoveli yelutjha</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wetherksti yokufunda: njengabalingisi, isenzenko, ikulomo-pendulwano, Isakhiwo, irarano, isendalelo, isizinda, umcoci, ummongo <p>Indlila yekambiso yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngaphambi kokufunda/ Ukulungiseleta ukufunda (Ukwethula itheksti) Ngesikhathi sokufunda (Amatshwayo wetherksti) Ngemuva kokufunda (Ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukumadanisa, irarano, ukuhlunga) <p>Ikonndo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amatshwayo aqakathlekileko wekondlo Isakhiwo sekondlo esifihlekileko, iimfeng/ imifanekiso mqondo, ivumelwano, igido Isakhiwo sangaphandle sekondlo, imida, iindima, Ithiphografi Ihlathululo efanekisako Umoya wekondlo Ummongo nomlayezo 	<p>Amatheksti wokuthintana isib. Umlando kamufi/ idayari/ ikarada lesimemo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo esifaneleko Umnqopho Imibono eqakathlekileko nesekelako Ukusetjenziswa kwellimi. Irejista Ukuhleleka ngefaneleo kwemijijo. Ukusebenzisa iinhlanganisi ukuqiniseksisa ukukhambelana. Ukusebenzisa imihlolo ehlukahlukeneko yemijijo, ubude nezakhwo <p>Iwazimagama elisebujameni zehlelo nabatlolako</p> <p>Ukunqophisa ekambisweni yendlela yokutiola</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhlela Ukutthalithabeja Ukubuyekzeza Uku-editha Ukfundela ukulungisa iimphoso <p>Ukutiola umlando kamufi/ ukutiola idayari/ ikarada lesimemo rigokulandela indlela yekambiso yokutio</p>	<p>Ukungezelletwa kwehlelo elifundwe emvekeni esidlulileko</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezengeni lomutjho:</p> <p>izenzzo, amabizo</p> <p>Ihlathululo yegama:</p> <p>Ukutjhidisa ihlathululo, ukusebenzisa ilimi ngominqopho okhethekileko, igama ellodwa esikhundleni somtjhwanwa</p> <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutiola nokupeleda: amaphetheni wokupeleda</p> <p>Iwazimagama elisebujameni obuthileko</p> <p>Ukusiza abafundi abaneenqaboo</p>

IMVEKE	UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUTLOLA NOKWETHULA	IZAKHIWO NEMITHETJHWANA YELIMI
5-6		<p>UkuFundela ukuZwisia: (itheksti ethathelwe encwadini eqintelwe ukufundisa zemitiolo)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UkuSkima, ukuSkena, ukubona ngeilihlo lengqondo Ukufunda okungeneleko Ukuthatha isiquonto Ihlathululo yamagama Umbono womtloli Iphuzu nombono Ihlathululo efhlaakeleko <p>Ukutlola iphuzunofana isigaba esirhunyeziweko</p>	<p>Umsebenzi osezingeni legama: Ukubuyekeza</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni lomutjho: Ukubuyekeza</p> <p>Ihlathululo yegama: Igama elliodwa esikhundleni somutjhwanan</p> <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutiola nokupeleda: amaphetheni wokupeleda</p>	
7-8	<p>Amaqhingga wokulela nokukhuluma</p> <p>Ukubuyekeza</p>	<p>Ukufunda nokuBukela:</p> <p>Ukubuyekeza kwamatshwayo aqakathekileko, Izakhiwo nemithetjhwana</p>	<p>Ukutlola:</p> <p>Ukubuyekeza amatheksti atiolwako</p> <p>Ukubuyekeza indlela yekambiso yokutiola</p>	<p>Umsebenzi osezingeni legama: Ukubuyekeza</p> <p>Umsebenzi osezingeni lomutjho: Ukubuyekeza</p> <p>Ihlathululo yegama: Igama elliodwa esikhundleni somutjhwanan</p> <p>Amatshwayo wokufunda nokutiola nokupeleda: amaphetheni wokupeleda</p>
UMSEBENZI WOKUHLOLA OHLELEKILEKO NEWOKUPHELA KOMNYAKA WETHEMU YESI- 4				UMSEBENZI WESI - 2: INHLAHLUBO ZOKUPHELA KOMNYAKA
9-10	UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: ZOMLOMO	<p>Ikulumo-pikiswano/ i-inthavyu/ ingcoco/ ikulumo elungiselelweko/ ikulumo engakalungiselelwa/ iforam/ isiqhema/ iphaneli/ ukulalela ukuzwisisal/ indlela yekambiso yomhlangano</p>		

ISIGABA 4: UKUHLOLA ELIMINI LEKHAYA

4.1 ISINGENISO

Ukuhlola yindlela yekambiso eragela phambilii ehleliweko yoku fumana, ukubuthelela nokuhlathulula ilwazi ngokusebenza kwabafundi. Kufaka hlangana amagadango amane: ukukhiqiza nokubuthelela ubufakazi bepumelelo; ukuhlunga ubufakazi; ukurekhoda okutholiweko begodu kusetjenziswa ilwazi ukwenzela ukuzwisa begodu ngalokho kusizwe ukuthuthuka komfundu ukwenzela ukuthuthukisa indlela yekambiso yokufunda nokufundisa.

Ukuhlola kufanele kube ngikho kokubili okungakahleleki (ukuhlelela ukufunda) nokuhlekileko (ukuhlola okufundiweko). Kikho kokubili ukuhlola, kufanele abafundi banikelwe umbiko obuyako njalonjalo khona kuzokungezelewa ilemuko labo lokufunda.

Ukuhlola emaLimini kuragela phambilii bekusekele ukukhula netuthuko yabafundi. Kuyingceny ehlanganisiweko yokufunda nokufundisa njengombana kunikela umbiko obuyako ngokufunda nokufundisa. Kufanele kuhlanganiswe ekufundiseni nokufundeni kunokobana kwenziwe njengento ezijameleko. Ukuya phambilii, ukuhlola okuhlanganisiweko kwemihlobo ehlukeneko yelimi kufanele kujayezwe. Isibonelo, singathoma ngokufunda isiqetjhana bese kwenziwe ukuhlolwa kwesifundo sokuzwisa. Imibuzo yelwazi leLimi ingenziwa isuselwa ethekstini efanako. Ngemva kokufunda itheksti abafundi bangabawiwa bonyana baphendule imibuzo ngetheksti, isibonelo, ukutlola incwadi ngezinto eziphakanyiswe ethekstininofana ukutlola ezinye iimpendulo ngokumumethwe yitheksi. Ukusonga umsebenza lo, kungacociswana ngesihloko begodu ngalendlela kungenziwa woke amakghono welimi ngomsetjenzana owodwa otjhelelako, ohlanganisiweko.

Ukuhlola amakghono ahlukeneko welimi akukafaneli kubonwe njengomsetjenzana ozijameleko kodwana umsebenzi owodwa ohlangeneko. Ngalokho ke, amarubhrikhi wokuhlola afanele aqalelele amakghono ahlukahlukeneko welimi emsebenzini. *Amakghono wabafundi wokulalela, amakghono wokuphalisana ngezomlomo, ikghono lokuphendula imibuzo, ukuzibandakanya eengcocweni nemakghonweni wokurekhoda okutoliweko nakukghonakalako angatjhejwa ngamalanga.*

Kuqakathekile, godu, bonyana *ukuzwisa kwabafundi ngalokho abakufundako* kuyahlolwa ingasi ikghono labo lokukhumbulanofana ukuphula amagama. Ngakho-ke ukuhlolwa kokufunda kufanele kwenzeke ngamalanga kungabi nje kuhlola okwenzeka ngakanye. Ukuhlolwa kokufunda okuhlekileko kufanele bonyana kunqophe ekufundeleni phezulu begodu nemisetjenzaneni ezakurhelebha utitjhere abone bonyana umfundi uzwisise kangangani, isibonelo, ukubuyelela acoce indatjana nofana aphendule imibuzo.

Ukuhlolwa komsebenzi otoliweko kuzokunqopho ekghonweni lomfundu lokudlulisa ihlathululo, begodu nokuthi litoleke ngefanelo kangangani, isibonelo, izakhiwo nokusetjenziswa kwelimi ngefanelo, ukupeleda namatshwayo. Koke ukuhlola kufanele kukhumbule bonyana ukufunda ilimi kuyindlela yekambiso nokuthi ekuthomeni abafundi angekhe bakhiqize isiqetjhana somsebenzi esilungileko. Ngakho-ke iingaba ezahlukahlukeneko zeendalela yekambiso yokutlola nazo kufanele zihlolwe.

Lokha nawunikela umsebenzi ohlelekileko wokuhlola, kuzokuba nomnqopho wekghono elithile, isibonelo ukuLalela nokuKhuluma namkha ukuFunda nofana ukuTlola. Nanyana kunjalo, njengombana ukufunda ilimi kuyindlela yekambiso ehlanganisiweko, kuzokusetjenziswa ikghono elingaphezulu kwelilodwa. izakhiwo zelimi kufanele zihlolwe ebujameni obuthileko. Utitjhere ufanele aqinisekise bonyana ukuhlola akwenziwa emsebenzini otlolwako kwaphela, kodwana kuvumela nomsebenzi owenziwako nowezomlomo. Kuqakathekile ukuhlola lokho abafundi abakwaziko ingasi lokho abawkazi ngehloko, ngakho-ke hlola amakghono ebujameni ngendlela okungakghonakala ngayo, isib. abafundi bangahle bapelede woke amagama ngefanelo ngesikhathi sesivivinyo ngoLesihlanu, kodwana bayakghona ukusebenzisa wona amagama lawo abawapelede kuhle ngesikhathi nabatlolako/ nabarekhoda iindaba zabo nofana indatjana na?

Ukufundisa nokuhlolwa kwamalimi kufanele kuniikele ithuba lokufaka boke abafundi. Kufanele kutholakale amaqhinga wokusiza boke abafundi ukutholanofana ukukhiqiza amathekxi welimi.

Ihlelo lokuhlolalivumela ukuhlola okurhunyeziweko, okungathatha ubujamo besivivinyo namkha ihlahlubo, ekupheleni kwenye nenye ithemu. Umsebenzi okuhlolwa ngawo kufanele bonyana wensiwe ethemeni leyo. Izinto ezizokuhlolwa zifanele zibekwe emazingeni welwazi elihlukahlukenecho ukuqinisekisa ubuqiniso bazo.

4.2 UKUHLOLA OKUNGAKAHLELEKI NOFANA KWANGAMALAMGA

Ukuhlolela ukufunda kunomnqopho oragela phambili wokubuthelela ilwazi ngepumelelo yomfund. Ilwazi leli lingasetjenziselwa ukwenza ngcono ukufunda.

Ukuhlola okungakahleleki kukutjheja iragelo phambili yangamalanga yabafundi. Lokhu kwenziwa ngokuqala, ukucocisana, ukubonisa ngokwenza, iingcoco zabafundi nabotijhere, ukuthintana kwangetlasini okungakahleleki, njil. Ukuhlola okungakahleleki kungaba lula njengokujamisa isifundo utjheje abafundi nofana ukucocisana nabafundi ngeragelo phambili yokufunda. Ukuhlola kwekghono lelimi lizokuba ngendlela yokutjheja, umsebenzi otlolwako, imisetjezana yezomlomo nokwethula, iimvivinyo ezitlwako, ukufundela phezulu, nezinye iindlela zokuhlol. Ukuhlola okungakahleleki kufanele kusetjenziselwe ukunikela abafundi umbiko obuyako nokulungiselela ihlelo lokufundisa. Akutlhogeki bonyana kurekhodwe. Ukuhlola lokhu akukafaneli bonyana kubonwe njengento ezijameleko kunemisetjenzana yokufunda eyenzeka ngetlasini. Kesinye isikhathi, ungahle ufune ukuhlela/ ukuseta imisetjenzana yokuhlolal enqophileko ukugugquzelabafundi bakho bonyana bafunde, njengamatheksti wangamalanga wokupeleda. Abafundi nofana abotijhere bangatshwaya imisebenzi yokuhlolaleyo.

Kutjhukunyiswa bonyana utijhere asebenzise iimveke ezimbili zokuthoma zethemu ukwenza ukuhlola okusisekelo ebafundini. Kufanele asebenzise imisetjenzana enikelwe eemvekeni ezimbili zokuthoma zehlelo lokufundisa ukwenza ukuhlola lokhu. Lokhu kuzokuvumela bonyana uthole ihlobo letjhejo elitlhogwa bafundi bakho njengombana uragela phambili.

Imisetjenzana yokuzihlolalneyokuhlolwa mlingani ifaka hlangana abafundi ekuhloleni. Lokhu kuqakathekile njengombana kuvumela abafundi ukufunda nokuzindla ngepumelelo yabo. Imiphumela yemisebenzi yokuhlolakwamalanga okungakahleleki ayirekhodwa ngokuhlekileko ngaphandle kobana utijhere athande ukwenza njalo. Nanyana kunjalo, abotijhere bangahle bafise ukugcina amarekhodi wabo angakahleleki ngeragelo phambili lomfundinangamunye ezintweni ezihlukenecho zesifundo ukusiza ngokuhlela begodu nokuqinisekisa bonyana umfundinangamunye uthuthukisa amaghono nokuzwisia okulindelekileko. Imiphumela yemisebenzi yokuhlolakwamalanga ayisetjenziselwa ukudlulisela esigabeninofana umnqophowokuthola isitifikethi.

4.3 UKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO

Yoke imisebenzi yokuhlolalyakha ihlelo lokuhlolakuhlekileko konyaka, ithathwa njengokuhlolakuhlekileko. Imisebenzi yokuhlolakuhlekileko iyatshwaywa begodu *irekhodwe ngokuhlekileko* ngutitjhere ngeminqophoyokudlulisela phambili. Yoke imisebenzi yokuhlolakuhlekileko kufanele ilinganiswe ngomnqophowokuqinisekisabonyana iyikhwalithi begodu nezinga elifaneleko lihlala linjalo.

Ukuhlola okuhlekikokunikela abotijhere irherho lokuhlunga iragelo phambili labafundi egreyidini nesifundweniesithile. limbonelezokuhlolakuhlekikozifaka hlangana iimvivinyo, iinhlahlubo, imisebenzi yezandla, amaphrojekthi, ukwethula iinkulumo, iintjengiso (okufana nokubuyeleta ucoce indatjana, ukumadanisa/ ukumetjhisa), ukuphefoma/ ukwenza (okufana nokulingisa), ama-eseyi, ukuzibandakanya emisebenzinyezomlomo (afana nekulomo pikiswano, ikulumiswano, ukucocisana), imisebenzi etlolwako (okufana nokuqedelela iphepha lokusebenzela, ukutlola iingabanoftana eminye imihlobo yamatheksti), njil.

Umnqopho wokutlama iHlelo lokuHlola (HH) kuqinisekisa ubuqiniso, ukuthembeka, ukungasolisi nangokwaneliseka kokuhlolwa ngokunikela umhlahlo ohlathululwe kabanzi ngemihlobo yemisetjenzana namaphesende anikelwe elinye nelinye ikghono lelimi elisemsebenzini otlolwako. Godu lithula umnqopho wokuhlola, o.u. indlela umsebenzi okufanele wenziwe ngayo.

Ekuhlolweni okuhlekileko, kusetjenziswa amamemoranda, amarubhri, amarhelo wokuhlola neenkala zokulinganisa ukuhlola begodu nezinye iintlabagelo ezelungele ukuthjeja, ukuhlola nokurekhoda izinga labafundi lokuzwisia namakghono. Khetha isitlabagelo esifaneleko sokuhlola umhlobo othile womsebenzi. Isibonelo, irubhri, isitlabagelo esifanele khulu ukusetjenziselwa ukuhlola isiqetjhana sokutlolo wokuzitlamela kunememorandamu. Imemorandamu ifanela ukuhlola isivivinyo sokupeledanofana umsebenzi wokufunda ngokuzwisia.

4.3.1 Iimfuneko zokuhlola okuhlekileko zeLimi Lekhaya

Imisebenzi yokuhlola okuhlekileko kufanele ihole amahlangothi/ izinto ezihlukahlukene zamakghono welimi ukuze amahlangothi/ izinto eziqakathekileko zelimi zihlolwe esikhathini esiyithemu nonyaka. Abotitjhere bafanele baqinisekise bonyana amahlangothi/ izinto lezi zihlolwa ngokungakahleki, begodu nombiko obuyako unikelwe ebafundini ngaphambi kokobana bahlolwe ngokuhlekileko.

Koke ukuhlolwa esiGabeni esiPhakamileko kwensiwa esikolweni.

IHlelo lokuHlola okuhlekileko lamaGreyidi 7 - 9 lenziwa misebenzi elitjhumi nanye (11) yokuhlola okuhlekileko, okwenza 100%. Ukuhlolwa okwensiwa esikolweni kumaphesende ama 40%, njengombana ekupheleni konyaka kuzakuba maphesende ama 60%.

UkuHlola okwEnziwa eSikolweni (40%)

Isigaba esiPhakamileko sinemisebenzi elitjhumi (10) yokuhlola okuhlekileko eyenzelwe ukuhlola okwensiwa esikolweni. Imisebenzi yokuhlola okuhlekileko ihlewe ngendlela elandelako:

- IGreyidi 7- inemisebenzi yezomlomo emi- 4, imisebenzi etlolwako emi-2, iimvivinyo ezi-3 neenhlahlubo zaphakathi konyaka/ ngoMgwengweni yi-1
- IGreyidi 8- inemisebenzi yezomlomo emi- 4, imisebenzi etlolwako emi-3, iimvivinyo ezi-2 neenhlahlubo zaphakathi konyaka/ ngoMgwengweni yi-1
- IGreyidi 9 - inemisebenzi yezomlomo emi- 4, imisebenzi etlolwako emi-3, iimvivinyo ezi-2 neenhlahlubo zaphakathi konyaka/ ngoMgwengweni yi-1

linhlahlubo zokuphela konyaka (60%)

linhlahlubo yokuphela konyaka yensiwa misebenzi yezomlomo netlolwako. Imisebenzi yezomlomo, eliPhepha loku-1, ama 20.8%. Amaphesende kufanele abuthelelwabe asuselwa emisebenzini emine yezomlomo eyenziwe ngesikhathi saphakathi nonyaka. Imisebenzi etlolwako, okufanele itlolwe ngaphasi kobujamo obulawulwako, yensiwa maphepha amabili (2) namathathu (3) ngokulandelana emaGreyidini ye-7 neyobu-8, neGreyidini ye-9.

AmaGreyidi ye-7 neyobu-8

- Iphepha lesi-2- Isifundo sokuZwisia neLimi elisebujameni obuthile, begodu nokuphendula zemitlolo
- Iphepha lesi-3 - Ukutlola (Zemitlolo, i-Eseyi namatheksti wezokuthintana)

AmaGreyidi we- 9

- Iphepha lesi- 2 - Isifundo sokuZwisia neLimi elisebujameni obuthile
- Iphepha lesi -3 - Ukutlola (Zemitlolo, i-Eseyi namatheksti wezokuthintana)
- Iphepha lesi -4 - Ukuphendula zemitlolo

4.3.2 Imihlobo yemisebenzi yokuhlolwa ngeThemu

Imihlobo yokuhlolola esetjenziswako ifanele ibe sezingeni lobudala nokuthuthuka okufaneleko. Ukutlanywa kwemisebenzi le, kufanele kube nakho koke okumumethweko ngesifundo begodu kufake hlangana imihlobohlobo yemisebenzi etlanyelwe ukuzuza iinhoso zesifundo. Kufanele kusekelwe elwazini nemakghonweni enziweko ngethemu leyo. Sebenzisa ihlelo lethemu legreydi ngayinye ukukhetha imihlobo yemisetjenzana namasede wamakghono afunekako wene nenyе ingcenyе yomsebenzi wokuhlolola okuhlelekileko. Isibonelo, nange uhlela isiqetjhana sokutlola ngokuzitlamela eGreyidini ye-7, ngeThemu yoku-1, begodu ufunabafundi batole ikondlo ungalindela kwaphela bonyana batole imitjho elinganako ngobude nevumelwano, njengombana kuzabe kungilokho okufundisiweko. Nange uhlela itheksti yelwazi ngethemu yokuthoma, kufanele batole ngokusebenzisa ifremu efanelekonofana isakhiwo. Ngokunjalo ekuLaleleni nekuKhulumeni, angekhe ubawe abafundi bonyana banikele ikulumo efitjhani eGreyidini ye-7, ngeThemu yoku- 1, njengombana lokho kuzokufundiswa ngokukhamba kwesikhathi.

Ukuhlola okuhlelekileko kufanele kubonelele imihlobo ehlukahlukene ko yamazinga wamakghono njengombana atjengisiwe ngenzasi. Kufanele kusetjenziswe imihlobo ehlukahlukene ko yemibuzzo efana nemibuzzo lapho kukhethwa khona ipendulo eyodwa kezinengi (MCQ), lapho kuzalisa khona iinkhala ezitjhiyiweko esigaben, ukumadanisa begodu nemibuzzo enqophileko.

Ithebula loku-1

Ithebula lamazinga welwazi lomkhumbulo

AMAZINGA WELWAZI LOMKHUMBULO	UMSEBENZI	IPHESENDE YOMSEBENZI
Imibuzzo esobala (Izinga 1)	<p>Imibuzzo ephathelene nelwazi elivezwe kuhle ethekstini.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Yitjho izinto/ abantu/ iindawo/ ama-elemende... • Yitjho amaphuzu/ iinzathu / imibono... • Ukubona iinzathu/ abantu/ abonobangela... • Tlola irhelo lamaphuzu/ amagama/ iinzathu... • Hlathulula indawo/ umuntu/ umlingisi... • Hlobanisa isehlakalo/ isahluko/ ilemuko... 	Amazinga 1 no 2: 40%
Imibuzzo yokuhlela ngobutjha (izinga 2)	<p>Imibuzzo efuna ukuhlaziya, ukubuthelelanofana ukuhlela ilwazi elihlathululwe kuhle ethekstini</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukurhunyeza amaphuzu aqakathekileko/ imibono/ okuhle/ okumbi... • Ukubuthelela ndawonye ama-elemende avamileko... • Ukujho okufanako/ okungafaniko... • Nikela isirhunyezo salokhu... 	
Imibuzzo efuna kuthathwe iinqunto (Izinga 3)	<p>Imibuzzo edinga ukuzibandakanya komfundi nelwazi elihlathululwe kabanzi ethekstini ngokuya ngokwelemuko lakhe.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuhlathulula umbono oqakathekileko... • UKumadanisa imibono/ imikghwa/ isenzeko... • Iyini ihloso yomtlolinofana (yomlingisi) imikghwa/ ukukhuthaza/ isizathu... • Ukuhlathulula unobangela / umphumela we... • Isenzo / ukuphawula / umukghwa/ (njll) uveza ini ngomoci/ ngomtloli/ ngomlingisi... • Isingathekiso/ isifaniso/ nomfanekiso kuthinta bunjani ukuzwisia kwakho... • Ucabanga bonyana uzakuba yini umphumela/ unobangela, (njll)/ wesenzzo/ wobujamo... 	Izinga 3: 40%

AMAZINGA LELWAZI LOMKHUMBULO	UMSEBENZI	IPHESENDE YOMSEBENZI
Imibuzo efuna bonyana kuhlolwe/ kuhlungwe (Izinga 4)	<p>Imibuzo le iphathelele nokwehlulela okumayelana nobungako obulungele okuthile. Lokhu kufaka hlangana izahlulelo ezimayelana nokwamambala ukufaneleka, amaphuzu nemibono, ubuqiniso</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ukulandelana nokucabangisia, begodu nezinto ezifana nokufisa nokwamukelwa kweenqunto nezenze ko ngokuya ngamagugu wokuziphatha Ucabanga bonyana lokhu okuveleleko kuyakholweka/ kungokwamambala/ kuyakghonakala...? Ingabe ipikiswano yomtloli... inobuqiniso/ iyalandelana/ inesiphetho... Coca / tshwaya ngelihlo elihlabako ngesenso... / ngehlos/ isizathu/ umukghwa/ iimphakamiso/ ukuthinteka kokuthile... Uyavumelana nombono/ nestatimende/ ukutjheja/ ukurhumutja bonyana... Ngombono wakho, umtloli/ umcocci/ umlingisi uyaqinisa ngokutjhukumisa/ ngokujamisa bonyana...(Sekela ipendulo yakho/ nikela iinzathu zependulo yakho) Ingabe ummoya womlingisi wokwenza izinto / ukuziphatha/ izenzo zivumelekile nofana ziyamukeleka kuwe na? Nikela isizathu sependulo yakho Ingabe izenzo zomlingisi/ ummoya wokwenza izinto/ ihlos...zitjengisa ini ngaye ebujameni bamagugu wephasi loke? Ukucoca ngokuhlaba/ ukuphawula ngobungako bokwahlu lela okwenziwe ethekstini. 	Amazinga 4 no 5:20%
Imibuzo efuna kubukwe (Izinga 5)	<p>Imibuzo le ihlose ukuhlola ukubethana ngokomkhumbulo nabuthandabuhle betheksti emfundini. Inqophe eempendulweni zokuphakama kwemizwa ngokumumethweko, ukuzifanisa nabalingisi nofana izehlakalo, nokuphawula ngendlela umtloli asebenzise ngayo ilimi (okufana nokukhethwa kwegama nemifanekiso-mnqondo)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Coca ngependulo yakho mayelana netheksti/ ngezehlakalo/ ngobujamo/ ngokurarana/ ngobujamo lapho ufanele ukukhetha ezintweni ezimbili ongazithandiko. Ingabe uyazwelana nomlingisi? Ngisiphi isenzo/ isiquinto obugade ungasithatha nangabe nawe bewusebujameni obufana nalobu? Coca / phawula ngelimi elisetjenziswe mtloli... Coca ngendlela ephumelelisako yesitayela somtloli/ isingeniso/ isiphetho/ ukufanekiso/ iingathekiso/ ukusebenzisa amaqhingga wobukondlo/ iinsiza eziphathelele nezemiltolo ... 	

4.4 IHLELO LOKUHLOLA

Ihlelo lokuHlola littanyelwa ukunabisa imisebenzi yokuhlola okuhlelekileko kizo zoke iimfundu ezisesikolweni kiyo yoke ithemu. Ihlelo lokuhlola lifanele lenziwe esikolweni litjengise amalanga okuzokwenziwa ngawo imisebenzi.

limfuneko zesifundo

limfuneko zokwakha imisebenzi zinikelwe ngokuya ngamapesende. Lapho ihlelo litjengisa amaphesende ama-20 wekghono lelimi kutjho ukuthi ukunikelwa kokugcina kwamamaksi wekghono lelimi kufanele kube sisamba samaphesende ama-20 ingasi amamaksi amatjhumi amabili. linkolo azikabekelwa umkhawulo wenani lemisebenzi abelwe ikghono lelimi kwaphela nange isilinganiso sekghono selinye nelinye ikghono sitjhejwa ngomunye nomunye umsebenzi ngokuya ngamaphesende abiweko asehlelweni lokuhlola. Isibonelo eGreyidini yobu-8, ukuhlela isivivinyo

selwazi lelimi kunganikelwa amamaksi ama-50nofana ngaphezulu, kwaphela nange isilinganiso singeze sadlula isilinganiso esitjengiswe ehlelwendi lokuhlola.

Amathebula alandelako anikela iimfuneko zokuhlola okuhlelekileko zeLimi Lekhaya

IThebula leHlelo lokuHlola umSebenzi oHlelekileko

Igreyidi ye-7

UMSEBENZI WOKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO KWETHEMU YOKU- 1		
UMSEBENZI WOKU- 1: ZOMLOMO	UMSEBENZI WESI- 2: UKUTLOLA	UMSEBENZI WESI- 3: ISIVIVNYO SOKU-1
Ukubuyeleta ucoce indatjana/ ukucoca ikondlo/ ikulumo pendulwano/ ukucocisana kwesiqhema/ kwephaneli	I-eseyi ehlathululo / ecocwako Incwadi yobungani/ ukubuyekeza umtlolo / ikulumo-pendulwano	IsiFudo sokuzwisia nokusetjenziswa kwelimi
UMSEBENZI WOKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO KWETHEMU YESI- 2		
UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: ZOMLOMO	UMSEBENZI WESI- 2: ISIVIVNYO SESI-2	UMSEBENZI WESI- 3
Ikulumo pikiswano/ ukulumiswano/ ingcoco elungiselelwko/ engakalungiselelwko/ ukucocisana kwesiqhema ngokunikela iinlayelo	Zemitololo: imibuzo edinga iimpendulo ezide	linhlahlubo zaphakathi konyaka Iphepha lesi-2: Isifundo sokuzwisia, ukusetjenziswa kwelimi nezemitololo Iphepha lesi-3: ukuTlola: i-eseyi eyodwa netheksti yokuthintana eyodwa.
UMSEBENZI WOKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO WETHEMU YESI-3		
UMSEBENZI WOKU- 1: ZOMLOMO	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UKUTLOLA	UMSEBENZI WESI-3: ISIVIVNYO SESI- 3
Ukulungisa indlela yekambiso yomhlangano/ ukufunda okulungiselelwko/ ukufunda okungakalungiselelwko/ ukunikela ikombatjhuba/ iforam/ ingcoco yephaneli	I-eseyi ehlathululako / ecocako I-ajenda namaminidi	Umsebenzi wesifundo sokuzwisia nokusetjenziswa kwelimi NOFANA ZemiTlolo
UMSEBENZI WOKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO KOKUPHELA KONYAKA NEWETHEMU YESI -4		
UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: ZOMLOMO	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: INHLAHLUBO ZOKUPHELA KONYAKA:	
Ukufundela phezulu/ ikulumo-pendulwano/ ikulumo elungiselelwko/ engakalungiselelwko	Iphepha loku- 1: Zomlomo Iphepha lesi- 2: Isifundo sokuzwisia, Iphepha lesi- 3: UkuTlola (i-iri li-1) iLimi nezemiTlolo (ama-iri ama-2)	

Igreyidi yobu-8

UMSEBENZI WOKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO KWETHEMU YOKU- 1		
UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: ZOMLOMO	UMSEBENZI WESI- 2: UKUTLOLA	UMSEBENZI WESI- 3: ISIVIVINYO SOKU- 1
Ingoco yesiqhema/ Amatheksti abukelwako/ ikulomo elungiselweko/ ikulomo engakalungiselelwa/ ukucocisana kweforamu/ kwesiqhema/ isifundo sokuzwisia/ i-inthavyu	i-eseyi ecocako / eveza imizwa/ i-athikili/iripoti yephephendaba	ILimi nesifundo sokuzwisia
UMSEBENZI WOKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO KWETHEMU YESI-2		
UMSEBENZI WOKU- 1: ZOMLOMO	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UKUTLOLA	UMSEBENZI WESI- 3: IINHLAHLUBO ZAPHAKATHI KONYAKA
UkuLalelela isifundo sokuzwisia/ ukunikela iiinkombatjhuba / ukucocisana kweforamu/ kwephaneli/ ikulomo pikiswano	I-inthavyu / itheksti elayelako/ ukubuyekeza indatjana	Iphepha loku- 1: Zomlomo Iphepha lesi- 2: Isifundo sokuzwisia, ukusetjenziswa kweLimi nezemiTlolo. Iphepha lesi- 3: UkuTlola
UMSEBENZI WOKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO KWETHEMU YESI- 3		
UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: ZOMLOMO	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UKUTLOLA	UMSEBENZI WOKU-3: ISIVIVINYO SOKU-1
Ikulomo pendulwano/ ikulomo elungiselweko/ engakalungiselelwa/ ukucoca indatjana/ ukufunda okulungiselelweko	I-eseyi ehlathululako/ ephikisanako Incwadi yobungani/ ikulomo-pendulwano	Isifundo zokuzwisia nokusetjenziswa kweLimi
UMSEBENZI WOKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO KOKUPHELA KONYAKA NEWETHEMU YESI -4		
UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: ZOMLOMO	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: IINHLAHLUBO ZOKUPHELA KONYAKA.	
Ikulomo-pikiswano/ ikulumiswano/ ukucocisana kwesiqhema/ ikulomo pendulwano	I phepha loku- 1:Zomlomo Iphephalesi- 2: Isifundo sokuzwisia, Iphepha lesi- 3: Ukutlola (i-iri li-1) iLimi nezemiTlolo (ama iri ama-2)	

Igreyidi ye- 9

UMSEBENZI WOKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO KWETHEMU YOKU-1		
UMSEBENZI WOKU- 1: ZOMLOMO	UMSEBENZI WESI- 2: UKUTLOLA	UMSEBENZI WESI 3: ISIVIVINYO 1
Ukufunda okulungiselelweko/ ingcoco	I-eseyi ehlathululako / ecocako Incwadi yobungani/ ukubuyekeza / ikulumo-pendulwano	Isifundo sokuzwisia nokusetjenziswa kweLimi
UMSEBENZI WOKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO WETHEMU YESI -2		
UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: ZOMLOMO	UMSEBENZI WESI- 2: UKUTLOLA	UMSEBENZI WESI-3: IINHLAHLUBO ZAPHAKATHI KONYAKA
Ukufunda okungakalungiselelwa/ iforam/ ukuocisana kwesiqhema	Ukubuyekeza/ idokhyumentari/ isaziso/ i-ajenda namaminidi	Iphepha loku- 1:Zomlomo Iphepha lesi- 2: Isifundo sokuzwisia, ilimi (ama- iri ama-2) Iphepha lesi- 3: ukuTlola(i-iri eli-1) Iphepha lesi- 4:Ukuphendula zemiTlolo (i-iri li-1 namaminithi ama-30)
UMSEBENZI WOKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO KWETHEMU YESI -3		
UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: ZOMLOMO	UMSEBENZI WESI- 2: UKUTLOLA	UMSEBENZI WESI 3: ISIVIVINYO SESI-2
Ikulomo elungiselelweko/ ukulingisa/ ikulomo pendulwano/ ukucocisana ngekharikhyulamu vithaye/ incwadi yo kwaba amafa/ isitatimende	i-eseyi ehlathululako/ ecocako / eveza imizwa/ ephikisanako Incwadi esekelako nekharikhulamu vithaye	Isifundo sokuzwisia nokusetjenziswa kweLimi
UMSEBENZI WOKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO KOKUPHELA KONYAKA KWETHEMU YESI -4		
UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: ZOMLOMO	UMSEBENZI WESI- 2: IINHLAHLUBO ZOKUPHELA KONYAKA	
Ikulomo-pikiswano / i-inthavyu / ukukhulumisana(ingcoco) / ikulomo elungiselelweko / ikulomo engakalungiselelwa/ ukucocisana kwephaneli/ iforam/ siqhema/ isifundo sokuzwisia/ indlela yekambiso yomhlangano	Iphepha loku-1:Zomlomo Iphepha lesi- 2: Isifundo sokuzwisia, iLimi (ama -iri ama -2) Iphepha lesi- 3: UkuTlola (i-iri li-1) Iphepha lesi- 4: Ukuphendula zemitololo (i-iri li-1 namaminithi ama-30)	

Umsebenzi wokuHlola okuHlelekileko eGreyidini ngayinye**Ithebula 1: Igreyidi ye- 7**

UKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO		
PHAKATHI NONYAKA	IINHLAHLUBO ZOKUPHELA KONYAKA	
40%	60%	
Ukuhlola Okwenziwa Esikolweni (HEK)	Amaphepha weenHlahlubo zokuPhela koNyaka	
40%	39.2%	20.8%
Imisebenzi yokuHlola okuHlelekileko eli -10 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • imisebenzi yokuhlola Zomlomo emi -4 • imisebenzi etlolwako emi -2 • iimvivinyo ezi -3 • Ihlahlubo yi -1 (yaphakathi konyaka) 	linhlahlubo ezitlolwako Iphepha lesi- 2: Umsebenzi wesifundo sokuzwisia, ukusetjenziswa kwelimi nezemitololo Iphepha loku- 3: Ukutlola	Umsebenzi wokuHlola Zomlomo: Iphepha loku-1 Ukulalela Ukukhuluma Ukufunda Imisebenzi yokuhlola eyenziwa phakathi nonyaka iyingcenye yokuhlolwa kokuphela konyaka.

Ithebula yesi-2: Igreyidi yobu-8

UKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO		
PHAKATHI NONYAKA	IINHLAHLUBO ZOKUPHELA KONYAKA	
40%	60%	
Ukuhlola Okwenziwa Esikolweni (HEK)-	Amaphepha weenHlahlubo zokuPhela koNyaka	
40%	39.2%	20.8%
Imisebenzi yokuHlola okuHlelekileko eli -10 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • imisebenzi yokuhlola zomlomo emi -4 • imisebenzi etlolwako emi-3 • iimvivinyo ezi -2 • Ihlahlubo yi -1 (yaphakathi konyaka) 	linhlahlubo ezitlolwako Iphepha lesi- 2: Umsebenzi wesifundo sokuzwisia, ukusetjenziswa kwelimi nezemitololo Iphepha loku- 3: Ukutlola	Umsebenzi wokuHlola Zomlomo: Iphepha loku-1 Ukulalela Ukukhuluma Ukufunda Imisebenzi yokuhlola eyenziwa phakathi nonyaka iyingcenye yokuhlolwa kokuphela konyaka.

Ithebula lesi- 3: Igreyidi ye-9

UKUHLOLA OKUHLELEKILEKO		
PHAKATHI NONYAKA	IINHLAHLUBO ZOKUPHELA KONYAKA	
40%	60%	
Ukuhlola Okwenziwa Esikolweni (HEK)-	Amaphepha weenHahlubo zokuPhela koNyaka	
40%	39.2%	20.8%
Imisebenzi yokuHlola okuHlelekileko eli -10 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • imisebenzi yokuhlola zomlomo emi -4 • imisebenzi etlolwako emi -3 • iimvivinyo ezi -2 • Ihlahlubo yi -1 (yaphakathi konyaka) 	linhlahlubo ezitlolwako Iphepha lesi 2: Umsebenzi wesifundo sokuzwisia, ukusetjenziswa kwelimi begodu Iphepha loku 3: Ukutlola Iphepha lesi 4: Ukuphendula zemitlolo	Umsebenzi wokuHlola Zomlomo: Iphepha loku-1 Ukulalela Ukukhuluma Ukfunda Imisebenzi yokuhlola eyenziwa phakathi nonyaka iyengcenyeyokuhlola kokuphela konyaka.

Isakhiwo samaphepha weenHahlubo - AmaGreyidi 7-9

ISAKHIWO SAMAPHEPHA WEENHLAHLUBO (IINHLAHLUBO ZAPHAKATHI NONYAKA NEZEKUPHELENI KONYAKA)					
IGREYIDI 7	%	IGREYIDI 8	%	IGREYIDI 9	%
Iphepha loku -1: Zomlomo: Ukufundela phezulu, ukulalela nokukhuluma	30	Iphepha loku -1: Zomlomo: Ukufundela phezulu, ukulalela nokukhuluma	30	Iphepha loku -1: Zomlomo: Ukufundela phezulu, ukulalela nokukhuluma	30
Iphepha lesi -2: Okutlolwako Ukufundela ukuzwisia (15) Ilimi ebujameni (15) Ukuphendula zemitlolo (10)	40	Iphepha lesi -2: Okutlolwako Ukufundela ukuzwisia (15) Ilimi ebujameni (15) Ukuphendula zemitlolo (10)	40	Iphepha lesi -2: Okutlolwako Ukufundela ukuzwisia (10) Ilimi ebujameni (15) Ukurhunyeza (amamaksi ali -10 atjhugululelwema 5%)	30
Iphepha lesi -3: Okutlolwako Ukutlola - i-Eseyi (20) Amatheksti wokuthintana (10)	30	Iphepha lesi -3: Okutlolwako Ukutlola - i-Eseyi (20) Amatheksti wokuthintana (10)	30	Iphepha lesi-3: Okutlolwako Ukutlola - i-Eseyi (20) Amatheksti wokuthintana (10)	30
				Iphepha lesi-4: Ukuphendula zemitlolo (10) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • linkondlo • Umtlolo-ndabuko • Indatjana efitjhani • Inoveli • Umdlalo (Amamaksi ama - 20 kenyenye yamajenri amane atjhugululelwema 10%)	10

Imihlolo yokuhlola esetjenziswako ifanele ibe sezingeni lobudala nokuthuthuka okufaneleko. Ukutlanywa kwemisebenzi le, kufanele kube nakho koke okumumethweko ngesifundo begodu kufake hlangana imihlobohlolo yemisebenzi etlanyelwe ukuzuza iinhoso zesifundo.

Ukuhlola okuhlelekileko kufanele kubonelele imihlolo ehlukahlukenecho yamazinga namakghono wabafundi njengombana atjengisiwe ngenzasi.

4.5 UKUREKHODA NOKUBIKA/ UKURIPOTA

Ukurekhoda yindlela yekambiso esetjenziswa ngutitjhere nakabuthelela ubufakazi ngezinga lokusebenza komfundi emsebenzini wokuhlola onqotjhiweko. Ukurekhoda kuveza/ tjengisa iragelo phambili lomfundu epumelelwani yokuzuza ilwazi eliqintelweko *esiTatimendeni somThetho-kambiso weKharikhyulamu nokuHlola*. Amarekhodi wokusebenza kwabafundi kufanele anikele ubufakazi beragelo phambili labafundi ngokwengqondo kileyo greyidi nokulungela kwakhe ukudlulela egreyidini elandelako. Amarekhodi wokusebenza kwabafundi kufanele asetjenziselwe ukuqinisekisa iragelo phambili likatitjhere nabafundi ekufundeni nekufundiseni.

Ukubika yindlela yekambiso yokwazisa ngokusebenza womfundu ebafundini, ababelethini, eenkolweni nakabanye abadlali ndima. Ukusebenza kwabafundi kungabikwa ngeendlela ezihlukahlukenecho. Ukubika kufaka hlangana amakarada wokubika/ amaripoti, imihlangano yababelethi, amalanga wokuvakajthela isikolo, amakhomferensi wababelethi nabotitjhere, ukubika ngomtato, iincwadi, incwadi yeendaba zetlasinofana zesikolo, njll. Abotitjhere bamagreyidi woke basebenzisa amaphesende ukubika ngesifundo. Amazinga ahlukahlukaneko wokuphumelela namabhendi wamaphesende akhambelana nawo anjengoba atjengiswe ethebuleni engenzasi.

AMAKHOWUDU NAMAPHESENDE WOKUREKHODA NOKUBIKA

IKHOWUDU YAMANANI	UKUHLATHULULWA KWEKGHONO	AMAPHESENDE
7	Uphumelele kuhle khulu	80 - 100
6	Uphumelele kuhle	70 - 79
5	Uphumelele ngokusezingeni eliphezulu	60 - 69
4	Uphumelele ngokwanelisako	50 - 59
3	Uphumelele ngokulingeneko	40 - 49
2	Uphumelele ngezinga eliphasi	30 - 39
1	Akakaphumeleli	0 - 29

Abotitjhere bazakurekhoda amamaksi wamambala womsebenzi atholwe bafundi akhambelana nomsebenzi ngokusebenzisa iphepha lokurekhoda; begodu babike ngokwamaphesende ngokukhambelana nesifundo ngasinye ekaradeni lomfundu lokubika/ eripotini yomfundi.

4.6 UKULINGANISA UKUHLOLA

Ukulinganisa kutjho ikambiso eqinisekisa bonyana imisebenzi yokuhlola ayithathi hlangothi, inobuqiniso nokuthembeka. Ukulinganisa kufanele kusetjenziswe ezingeni lesikolo, lesifunda nelephrovinsi. Izinga lokulinganisa kweliZweloke lingensiwa emaProvinsini, iimFunda, neenkolo ezikhethekileko. Kufanele kusetjenziswe ukulinganisa okuzeleko nokufaneleko khona kuzokuqinisekisa ikhwalithi eemfundweni zoke.

4.6.1 UkuHlola okuHlelekileko

- limvivinyo neenhlahlubo zama Greyidi 7 no 8 zilinganiswa esikolweni. Umeluleki wesifundo kufanele alinganise isampula yemisebenzi ngesikhathi sakhe sokuvakatjhela isikolo ukuqinisekisa amazinga wemisebenzi nokulinganisa kwangaphakathi.
- limvivinyo neenhlahlubo zamaGreyidi 9 kufanele zilinganiswa ezingeni lesifunda nezingeni lephrovinsi. Indlela yekambiso le izakulawulwa ezingeni lomnyango wezefundo wephrovinsi.

- Abaluleki beemfundo kufanele balinganise isampula yamaphepha weemvivinyo neenhlahlubo ngaphambi kokobana zitlolwe bafundi ukuqinisekisa amazinga nokweluleka abotitjhere ngendlela yokuhlela/ yokuseta imisebenzi le.

4.6.2 Imisebenzi yokuHlola yeZomlomo

- **Amagreyidi 7-9:** Omunye nomunye umsebenzi wokuhlola wezomlomo ozakusetjenziswa njengengceny yeHlelo lokuHlola kufanele unikelwe ihloko yomkhandlu wezeFundo esikolweninofana ihloko yesifundo bonyana awulinganise ngaphambi kokobana abafundi bawulinge umsebenzi lowo. Ngemva kwalokho, abotitjhere bangahlola abafundi ngomsebenzi wezomlomo wokuhlola.
- Umeluleki wesifundo nofana umlinganisi othunyelweko ovela ephrovinsini ufanele alinganise isampula yemisebenzi yezomlomo ngesikhathi sakhe sokuvakatjhela isikolo ukuqinisekisa amazinga wemisebenzi nokulinganisa kwangaphakathi.
- Umlinganisi othunyelwe mnyango wefundoesekelo angalinganisa isampula yemisebenzi yokuhlola yezomlomo yamagreyidi 9.

4.7 OKUVAMILEKO

Umtlolo lo kufanele ufundwe kanyekanye ne:

- 4.7.1 *National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R - 12; ne*
- 4.7.2 The policy document, *National Protocol for Assessment Grades R - 12.*

IGLOZARI

Ukulalela kokuzibandakanya - ngilokha umuntu azama ukuzifaka endaweni yesikhulumi begodu alalelisise lokho azokutjho.

I-akhronimi/ ibizo-sirhunyezwa - ligama elibizekako, elakhiwa ngamaledere wokuthoma wegama (isib. FET-Further Education and Training)

ilimi lokwEngeza - (Qala ilimi lekhaya)- ngelinye ilimi elifundwa mfundi ngaphandle kwelimi lakhe lekhaya

ubulimi-nengi bokungezelela: umuntu lokha nakafunda ilimi (nanyana amalimi) ukungezelela elimini lakhe lekhaya. Ilimi leli alithathi indawo yelimi lekhaya kodwana lifundwa kanye kanye nelimi lekhaya. Ehlelweni lobulimi-nengi, ilimi lekhaya liyaqinisekiswa ngesikhathi lelo lokungezelela lithathwa njengelinje lesibili elisekelako (isib.woke amalimi wokungezelela, kufakwe hlangana ilimi lokuFunda nokuFundisa nawo afundiswa kunye nelimi lekhaya kodwana akalijamiseleli).

thanda ubuhle belimi - 1. ukuba nezwelo ngobuhle belimi ngalokho kea be nezwelo begodu abuke amagugu angapheliko wetheksti

2. i-ayesthethe mumuntu onobuzwelano nobuhle boktlama. "Aesthetic" kutjho ubuhle obutholakala emsebenzini wezobukghwari. Umuntu anga coca ngobukghwari bomsebenzi,nofana enze okwehlulela kobukghwari.

ifana-tjhada- kubuyabuyeleta itjhada elifanako, ivamisa itjhada elingukamisa nanyana elingungwaqa. Ukubuyeleta kungabonakala ekuthomeni emagameni alandelanako nanyana ngaphakathi kwamagama.

ukungahlathululeki kuhle- ukuhlathulula okubili okwenzeke ekusetjenzisweni kwegama nawulisebenzisa ungakatjheji, ukungahlathululeki kuhle kutjhugulula umqondo (isib. Ubaba uthi ingahlatjwa ikomo emhlophe)

Umqondophika-igama eliphikisanako ngehlathululo egameni elinye iLimini elifanako (isib.'ukujabula' 'nokudana')

i-analoji - 1. ukuthola okufanako ezintweni ezibonwa njengezihlkileko.

2. ukuthola okufanako ezintweni ezibonakala njengezihlkileko, indlela yokuhlathulula nanyana yokutjengisa okuthileko, kodwana ingasi ubufakazi. Umuntu kufanele atjheje i-analoji emamala. Kufanele kube nokukhambisana kuhle phakathi kwento ehlathululwako kanye neminingwana ye-analoji.

ukuveza umlingisi - ukucoca ngezehlakalo ezincani nanyana ukukhuluma ngezehlakalo ngomnqopho wokuthula umbiko, ukuzithabisa, ihlaya nanyana ukuveza umlingisi

abopopayi - maqhinga wokusebenzisa umlandelande weenthombe ukwakha isithombe-ngqondo sonyakazo somsikinyeko nanyana sepiilo.

irhobho-ndaba/ ibohlololo - kungazaliseki kwesiphetho egade silindelwe, sekunalokho indaba yehliswe sisehlakalo nje esingatjho litho nofana esilihlaya eliseqadi.

bunqopho - indlela yokuveza imibono emibili nanyana ehlukileko elinganako (isib. ukujarha khulu, ngebelo elincani)

Mqondondophika/ igama eliphikisako - ligama elitjho ihlathululo engafaniko neyelinje igama ngelimi elifanako (isib.'haba' kanye 'notlhluwa')

ngokufaneleko - nangabe ilimi lifanele, lelo limi lifanelekile ngokuya ngobujamo elisetjenziswe kibo/lapho lisetjenzliswe khona (isib. Ukuthi nilale kuhle kuzakukhambelana nesikhathi sokulala kodwana ukuthi kusile kungakhambelana nokuphuma kwelanga)

Ukuhlola - Yindlela eyakhake kuhle. eragela phambili yokubuthelela ilwazi ngekhgono lomfundu ngeendlela ezihlukahlukaneko

Ukubuyelela abokamisa- 1. ukubuyelela kwabokamisa emagameni amabili nanyana emagameni amanengi isib." angene ngendlini, ahlale phasi, andzinze, abuze bonyana umraro ukuphi"

2. ukwengeza- itjhada labokamisa akunafuneko bonyana linembe: ukubuyelela kungakha umlandelande wetjhada labokamisa endaweni ethileko

abamukelilwazi - 1. mumuntu nanyana abantu abalalelako, abafundako, nanyana ababukela amatheksti ngomnqopho wokuthola ilwazi (Isib. abalaleli behlelo lomrhatjhi weendaba)

2. ukwengeza- khulukhulu, bamukeli-lwazi abakhambela imidlalo yeengoma nanyana umdlalo

itheksti ephathekako - itheksti enomsebenzi obonakalako begodu ayingabazeki (isib. imagazini namaphephanda, ama-athikili, agadangiswe emirhatjhweni nakumabonwakude, imikhangiso, amabhrotjha wokuvakatjha, iindlela zakarhulumende, iimbonelo zeencwadi eziliqiniso)

ubuhlangothi - 1. kuthatha enye intonofana umbono ngendlela yokukhethulula nanyana ukuthanda elinye ihlangothi nanyana umuntu kunomunye okwenza kube budisi ukobana kuhlolwe kuhle.

ikheptjhini - sihloko se-athikili, isithombe, ifotho njll.

Isihloko - sihloko sencwadi, magama atlolwa phezulu ekhasini/ esahlukweni sencwadi

Isihloko sencwadi- sekondlo/ sesithombe

ikharikhetjha - 1. kungezelela ebunjälweni bento ukwenzela bonyana abantu bahleke (okutloliwekonofana okubukelwako ukwenzela ukuhlekisa)

2. ukungezelela. imigwalo yabantu bamakhathuni emaphephandaen enzelwe ukuba yikharikhetjha begodu iseberna ngokungezelelanofana ukulahlekisa izakhiwo zalokho okubonakalako ngomqopho wokuba bukhomikhinofana ukwenza into bonyana ihlekise.

unobangela (qala umphumela) - lokho okubangela bona kube nokwenzekako nanyana ubujamo.

amathekiniki asetjenziswa emasinema - izinto ezisetjenziselwa ukwakha amafilimu(isib. ukwakheka, umkhanyo umhlobo wesithombe esithathwako)

hlathulula - ukwenza ihlathululo izwakale kuhle kumfundi

Umutjhvana (ITLOZI) - beka endaweni efaneleko. "indoda eyabe yembethe irhembhe ebovu yabaleka". Umutjhooiyihloko ngothi, "Indoda yabaleka". Amagama athi, 'yabe yembethe irhembhe ebovu 'mumutjho oyamileko'. Angeze wakghona ukuzijamela uwodwa, nalokha isenzo siphelele. Imitjhvana eyamileko ithoma ngeenhlanganiso (begodu, nanyana) nanyana nesabizwana senani (ngubani, yiphi). Isihlanganiso sihlanganisa umutjhvana nenye ingcenyeyomutjhoo oyihloko. "Indoda eyembethe irhembhe ebovu yabaleka". Kilomutjhoo "ukwembatha irhembhe ebovu" akusiwo umutjhvana nanyana ibinzana lamagama. Isenzo asikapheleli (kulicezwana).

Ifreyizi / isingamutjho - umtjhvana inesenco esithoma ngo 'uku' isib. ukuvakatjhela eKruger National Park kusithabisile

isitlhori/ isiqongo - lizinga eliphezulu kunawo woke (lokugcina) lesehlakalo endaben. Lelizinga liqakatheke khulu. Sisehlakalo esizidlula zoke izehlakalo ngokuqakatheka okuthusako/ okukarisako nanyana okwenzekako endaben.

ukukhambelana - 1. itjhebiswano elizwakalako elingabonakaliko elihlanganisa imibono ibumbane bese yenza bona indima nanyana indinya ibumbane

2. Ukungezelela: kungafaka nehlelo elaneleko ukuletha ihlathululo, nanyana ukuhlela imitjho ngokulandela. Ihlelo elinomraro lingenza isitatimende bona singakhambisani.

ukukhambisana - ukukhambelana nangabe imitjho, iindima ngokuhlanganiswa kuhle ngokufana neenhlanganiso, izabzwana kanye nebuyelelo.

ikholokhyalizimu (qala **isirhumutjha**) - ilimi eliba ngelekulomo engaziwa ngabanye nanyana elingakajayeleti kodwana elingasetjenziswa elimini elihlelekileko.

Nciphisa/ -khulisa - mazinga wokumadanisa nokukhulisa (njengeemphawulo neembaluli u- "omkhulu", omkhudlwana", "omkhulu khulu")

madanisa- (qala **okungakhambisaniko**) - ukuhlola indlela izinto ezifana ngayo.

irarano - Kukulwa nanyana kuphikisana okuvela hlangana nabalingisi bodwa nanyana kwabalingisi nobujamo obuthileko bezinto. Irarano lingavela ekuqhulaneni kwemicabango yomlingisi ayedwa.

isihlanganiso - ligama elisetjenziselwa ukuhlanganisa imitjhwana emibili, amagama, ifreyizi kanye nemitjho.

ihlathululo enqophileko(qala ihlathululo **esobala**) - kokubili ukuhlangana okuhle nokumbi igama elikubuthako ngokukusebenzia okudlula ihlathululo esobala (esisekelo).

ubujamo - itheksti ngaso soke isikhathi iyasetjenziswa bese ikhiqizwa ngokobujamo, ubujamo bufaka hlangana ubujamo obunabileko kanye nobumsinya kufakwe hlangana izinto ezifana nehlalakuhe, isiko kanye nesendalelo sepolotiki, ithemu lingatjho godu lokho okwenzeke ngaphambilini nanyana okulandela igama nanyana itheksti begodu kuqakathekile ehlathululweni yalo.

imitlhala yobujamo - amatshwayo wobujamo kusebenzia amagama akhambisana negama elingaziwako ukunikela ihlathululo. Iqhingeli lokufunda lingafundiswa kanye nelwazi-magama.

ukungafani/ ukuhlukana(qala godu ukumadanisa) - ukutjheja indlela izinto ezihlukana ngayo.

imithethjhwana yelimi - iindlela kanye nemithetho efaneleko yokusebenzia ilimi. eminye imithetho isiza ukudlulisa ihlathululo (isib. Imithetho yehlelo, amagabhadlhela); eminye isiza ekwethuleni lokho okumunyethweko (isib. Okumunyethweko, isithombe esivamileko, iinhloko, ilwazi elingezeleko elitolwa phasi, amatjhadi, iinhloko, amarhelo, iinthombe, i-indeksi); begodu eminye itjengisa iphetheni yelimi ebe eselet litlanyiwe (isib. Ukulotjhisa, ukukhuluma kancazana).

ukuhlola okuragela phambili- kufaka hlangana imisebenzi ehlolwako eyenziwa unyaka woke.

ukulemika ilimi ngokuhlabako - ukutsenga indlela yokwakha ihlathululo ngokuzwisa ubudlelwano bamandla ngaphakathi begodu nahlangana namalimi; kuthuthukisa abafundi bonyana bangavumeli ukusetjenziswa butjhuleni begodu nokusebenzisa ilimi ngokuthlogomela.

ikulumo-pikiswano - kukulumo-pikiswano, iinqhema ezimbili ziphalisana ngokwazo. Umnqopho kutjhugulula ijaji nabamukelilwazi ukobana umbonwabo ngesihloko abaphiwe sona uzwakala kuhle begodu ungfaneleko kunaloyo wesinye isiqhema.

ihlathululo etholakala kusihlathululi-mezwi - (qala ne hlathululo engakapheleli)- yihlathululo epheleleko yegama.

Igama elisuselwe kweline - igama elisuselwe kweline nanyana emrabhini, esikhathini esinengi lakkhiwa ngokufaka isithomo nanyana isilungelelo (isib. ‘ikosikazi’ lisuselwa egameni ‘ikosi’).

ilimi lesigodi - indlela yelimi elisetjenziswa mphakathi othileko; lihluke khulu kunezinye iindlela zelimi elifana nalo ngokwamagama, ukwakheka begodu/ kanye nokuphimiswa kwamagama.

itshimo lomdlalo - lenzeka lokha abamukelilwazi/ ababukeli / abafundi/ bazi izinto ezinengi ngobujamo kanye nemiphumela yazo kunabalingisi ababandakanyekako, kwenza bona ukutjhube komoya kurhagale, ukuthaba kanye nokuzibandakanya kwabamukelilwazi.

isakhiwo somdlalo - 1. Indlela ekhethekileko yesitayela semitlolo imidlalo etboleke ngayo

2. ukuhleleka kwesakhiwo, iinkundla, iinqephu, abadlali nakukghonakalako namatshwayo welimi emdlalweni.

ukuthatha isiphetho; ukusebenzisa okutloliweko nanyana imithala ebonakalako ukubona lokho okungakavezwa bunqopho nakafundako.

uku-editha - indlela yekambiso yokwenza itlhathlabejo nanyana ukwenza ngobutjha itlhathlabejo yetheksti, kufakwe hlangana ukulungiswa kwemitjhapho yelimi, amatshwayo nemitjhapho yokutloka kwamagama nokuhlolola ukutlolola ukobana imibono ikhambelane begodu nesakhiwo esikhambelanako, kunrhatjhi, uku-editha kufaka hlangana ukwakha, ukukhetha nokutlama amatheksti

umphumela (qala godu unobangela) - umphumela nanyana isiphetho sesenzo nanyana ubujamo.

ilimi elithinta imizwa - ilimi elivusa imizwa ebukhali.

i-yufenizimu - yikulumo ephakathi naphakathinofana engazwakaliko ejanyiselelwamcabango nofana *igama* ezwakala kwangathi yikulumo ebukhali/ embi/ enelunya.

okunqophileko/ okubonakalako (ukuphikisana nokungabonakali)- ihlathululo etjhatjhalazi nanyana evezwe bunqopho.

ukuhlolola kwangaphandle - kuhlolwa okwenzeka ngaphandle kwasikolo nanyana etlasini isib. ANA.

ukuhlunga: ukwenza imibono, ukwenza isahlulelo bese uthuthukisa imibono ekufundeni.

ukufanekisa (okuphikisana nokunqophileko) - amagama nofana imitjhwana esetjenziswa ngendlela engakanqophi ukwakha umphumela onqotjhiweko; amatheksti wezemitlolo esikhathini esinengi asebenzisa ilimi lokufanekisa(isib. isifaniso, isingathekiso ukwenza-samuntu)

butjhhelela - 1. igama libuya ekugelezeni komlambo begodu liphakamisa ukukhambisana nokuhlangana okunikela

ilimi ikhwalithi yokuba nemvelo, ukusetjenziswa lula nokulirhumutjha lula

2. Ukungeza nendlela ehle yokulawula ihlelo (mhlamunye ingasi indlela ehle yehlelo).

ifonti - ubukhulu nomhlobo weledere/ ubungako bobukhulu beledere elitlolweko nanyana umhlobo wamaledere asetenzisela ukutlola (Isib.i-12pt kukhompyutha nanyana i- *Times New Roman* (umhlobo wamaledere asetjenziswako)

ukubeka ngaphambili (okungafani **nengemva**) - ngokusetjenziswa njengombana kusitjho, kutjho ukubekwa kwento phakathi nanyana eqadi kwefreyimu ngaphambili; nalisetjenziswe ngokufanekisa, kutjho ukugandelela nanyana ukutjheja into eyodwa ukudlula enye.

iforamu - ukukhulumu ngesiqhema nanyana iforamu yekulumo-pikiswano ingasetjenzisela ukuphalisana nezinye iinkolo, nanyana ngetlasini ngokuhlukanisa abafundi ngeenqhema ezine, isiqhema ngasinye sizakukhulumu ngehlangothi elihlukileko lesihloko. Ijaji lizakuthatha isiquinto ngesiqhema esithumbileko.

ijenri (zemitlolo) - imihlobo nanyana imikhakha leyo amatheksti enziwa abe ziinqhema, isib. Inovela, umdlalo, iinkondlo, incwadi yangokomthetho kanye nencwadi yobungani.

ukukhulumu ngezitho zomzimba - umsikinyeko wobuso nanyana womzimba okhambisana nehlathululo (isib. Ukuvuma ngehloko)

amagrafu - imikhiqizo ebonwako nobukghwari obuthekhnikhali (isib. ukudweba, nokutlama)

iLimi leKhaya/ lokuBelethwa - lilimi umfundi alifunda kumbelethi ombelethako. Lilimi lokumunywa ekungelakamma obeletha umfundi, isikhathi esinengi. Lilimi umntwana alifunda ekhaya. Lilimi afunda ngalo ukucabanga nokuthintana nabanye

abomafana-peledwa - igama elinetjhada elifanako nokupeledwa okufanako nelinye kodwana libe nehlathululo ehlukileko (isib. ibizo ithanga ‘umgade’ ithanga ‘igoji’)

irhwala - ukuthuthukisa ngamabomu (isib. Ukuhlathulula into ngendlela yokobana ibe yikulu kunalokho engikho kwamambala: ‘wangipha intabakazi yokudla.’).

umfanekiso - sithombenofana ukutjengisa ngokubukela into ethile

ibuyelelo - kubuyeleteka komuda endaweni efanako ekondlwani

ivumelwano - kuvumelana amalunga wegama emideni elandelanako yekondlo

isithombe - isithombe nanyana okhunye okusitjengiso okubonwako.

ukufanekisa - amagamanofana imitjhwana nemitjho eyakha isithombe engqondweni yethuokufana nesifaniso, isingathekiso ukwenza-samuntu.

okutjhiwo kungabekwa bunqophapha(kunalokho **okunqophileko**) - into enqophileko nanyana ephakanyisiweko kutheksti kodwana kungavezwa bunqophapha

okungakanqophi (kunalokho okutjho **ihlathululo ebunqophapha**) - ihlathululo ephakanyiswa yitheksi kodwana engavezwa bunqophapha.

ukufaka hlangana abafundi abaneenqabo - ikambiso yokobana ifundo kufanele itholwe ngibo boke abafundi kungakhathaleki bonyana banaziphi iintayela zokufunda, ivelaphi kanye namakghono.

ukuthatha isiqunto - kuthola ihlathululo ngalokho okuvezweko bese ukuthatha isiqunto ngakho koke.

ukuthoma - ukuthoma (isib. kuthoma ikulumiswano)

i-inuwendo - yinto / ikulomo engasimnandi ekhulunywa ngokuthintwa phezulu kunokuthi ikhulunywe bunqopho.

inthavyu - umsebenzi wokubuthelela ilwazinofana ikulumiswano yobuso nobuso ukucocisana okuphakathi kwabantu, kunqotjhiswe ehlosweni ethile

ihluka lizwi - 1.iphetheni yokuba phezulu kwelizwi nanyana itjhuni yokukhuluma etjengisa izakhiwo zehlelo ezifana nemitjho nanyana imitjhwana

2. ukungezelela. begodu kuhlukaniswa phakathi kwesitatimende begodu nemibuzo bese iveza imizwa nanyana imikghwa yesikhulumi.

itshimo - kukutjho nanyana ukutlola usebenzise ikulomo ephambene nalokho umuntu akutjhoko ngomnqopho wokukhubekisa nanyana ukuhlekisa ngomunye.

ijagoni - yikulomonofana amathemu asetjenziswa emsebenzini/ ebujameni obuthileko (isib. Abasebenzisa ikhomphyutha bakhuluma "ngestifi", "i-RAM", "ikhondlwana", nokhunye)

umahluko welimi - imahluko yelimi itholakala lokha amatjhuguluko amancani ngokwelwazi-magama, isakhiwo begodu/ nanyana ukuphimisa okwenziweko, kungehluka ngokweendawo nanyana ngokweenarha.

amalitheresi - imihlobo ehlukenenko yelitheresi (isib. okubonakalako, igrafu, ikhomphyutha, isirhatjhi, amasiko nehlalakuhle)

ilitheresi (qala amalitheresi) - ikghono lokukhambisa nokusebenzisa ilwazi mayelana neminqopho ehlukahlukenenko kanye nobujamo begodu nokutlolela iminqopho ehlukenenko; ikghono lokurhumutjha amatheksti, kuvumele umuntu ukobanab azwisise iphasi lakhe. Ikghono lokufunda nokutlola.

ihlathululo esobala (ingasi ukufanekisa) - ihlathululo etjhatjhalazi, ihlathululo ebunqopho khulukhulu engatjengiswa ngamandla wamaga

imalaphrophizimu/ ukuhlanakela ngephoso - kuphambanisa nokuraranisa amagama ngomnqopho wokufuna ukubukwa ngendlela yokobana lamagama nanyana apheze aphimiseke ngokufana kodwana ahluke ngokwaneleko ukobana angahlekisa ngesimanga sokobana angakafaneli.

ilimi elidlelezela - ilimi elinqophe ekutholeni inzuzo ngendlela engakafaneli nanyana ngokudlezelabanye, isib. Imikhangiso, ukukhuluma ngokuthengiswako iinkulomo zepolotiki.

ilimi eliphathelene nehlelo - lilimi elisetjenziswa ebujameni obuthize behlelo nakukhulunywa ngeenkondlo nelimi namathemu wehlelo;kufaka hlangana amagama afana 'nobujamoobuthile', 'isitayela', 'isakhiwo', 'ikulomo-pendulwano'.

isingathekiso - kuhlathulula okhunye ngokusebenzisa okhunye okunamatshwayo afanako (isib. Ifundo silodlhelo esinqophe epumelelwani).

umebhe-ngqondo - umgwalo wamagama neenthombe ezihlanganiswe ngemida, ukuze zinikele ummongo-ndaba nanyana isihloko.

indlela yokwenza - indlela nanyana isenzo lapha into ethileko yethulwa khona; indlela yokuthintana (isib. Indlela yokutlola, indlela yokukhuluma nanyana yomlomo, indlela yokubonakalako (okufaka hlangana iindlela zamagrafu ezifana namatjhadi); ilwazi lingatjhugululwa ukusuka kwenye indlela uye kwenye (isib. Ukutjhugulula igrafu uyenze indima).

umoya wekondlo - ukuzwa nanyana ukuthatheka kumatheksti atlowlako, kutjengisa umuzwa nanyana ukwakheka kwengqondo yabalingisi; itjho godu nomuzwa okhiqizwe matheksti abukelwako, alalelwako kanye neweendlela ezahlukeneko zokuthintana.

iindlela ezinengi zokuthintana - ihlanganisela yemihlobo yezinto ezingafaka hlangana amatheksti atloliweko, amamethiriyali abukelwako, itjhada, ividiyo njll.

ingcoco - okukhulunywako/ zomlomo nanyana okutloliweko okumayelana nezehlakalo ezihlangeneko ngokokukhambisana, nanyana indatjana.

ilizwi lokucoca / umbono - lilizwi lomuntu ococa indaba (isib. Kungahlukaniswa phakathi komuntu wokuthoma odembako- “Mina” esikhathini esinengi ongumlingisi endatjaneni, nanyana umuntu wesithathu odembako lapha umdembni abiza abalingisi njengokuthi ‘yena’ nanyana ‘bona’.

i-onomatopiya/ ifuzatjhada - ukusebenzisa amagama ukwakha itjhada lalokho akuhlathululako.

i-okzimoroni - ihlanganisela yamagama aneenhlathululo eziphikisanako, asetjenziswa ngabomu mayelana nomphumela esikhathini esinengi obunjwa ngokusebenzisa isiphawulo ukuquinisekisa ibizo elinehlathululo ephikisako (isib. ifihlo epepenene)

i-enjambment: mumuda osekondlwani organatshwayo lokutlola umqondo wawo uphelela emdeni olandelako

ukucocisana ephanelini - kubunjwa kwenqhema bese kucocwa ngesihloko, kuperhendulwa imibuzo bese kwenziwa imisebenzi

ipharadoksi - isitatimende esiziphikisako nanyana esiqaleka singakhambisani nokuliqiniso, sibhaqe ngemva kokutjhayisana okungaphezulu, kuhona okuzwakalako nanyana okusizathu

umtjhwanza obuyelewako - isitatimende esikhuluniweko godu sombono nanyana ngetheksti umuntu ayibeka ngawakhe amagama

Ipharonimi - igama elisuselwe egameni langaphandle

Iphazeli yamagama-yokuzaliselela amagama avundlako nehlako

ukwenza-samuntu - zizinto ezingaphiliko zinikelwa amatshwayo wabantu abaphilako (isib. Kufa ngiyakwesaba amazinywakho neenziphlo zakho)

isakhiwo - yindlela eveza indawo, umraro nabalingisi emtlolweni wamanovela, amadrama. Siveza ukulamana kwezehlakalo, iphetheni yetjhebiswano hlangana kwezehlakalo nokurarana.

umbono - yindlela indaba icocwa ngayo - umbono womtloli ngiwo oquntako bonyana ofundako uzakuvezelwa njani abalingisi, izehlakalo nendawo

izindlekelo - ukungabekezeli nanyana ukwehlulela kwangaphambili okwenziwa emntwini ngamunye, isiqhema, umbono nanyana unobangela

phothimontewu - ukuhlanganiswa amagama amabili nofanana ngaphezulu ukunikela igama elitjha isib. Jabulani noJabulile = Ja Ja

ukuphakama kwephimbo - ukubekwa nokwethulwa kokuba phezulu, ukuzwakala, kanye nokuhlukana kwamaphimbo nawukhuluma nabamukelilwazi

idlalo-magama - kudlala ngamagama afanako nanyana afana ngomdumo (iisib.. “unomlandu anganamlandu”)

iridandensi - kusetjenziswa kwamagama nemitjhvana engatlhogekiko

ifuthinowuthi - ilwazi elingezelelweko elitlolwa ekugcineni phasi kwephepha

irejista - ukusetjenziswa kwamagama ahlukahlukene, isitayela, ihlelo, ukuphakama kwelizwi kanye nephimbo mayelana nobujamo obuhlukene nanyana ubujamo (isib. Imitlolo yangokomthetho/ ehlelekileko itlolwa kurejista esemthethweni bese iincwadi zobungani esikhathini esinengi zitlolwa kurejista engakahleki).

Isolilokhwi: ukukhulumela phezulu komlingisi akhuluma imicabango yakhe ayedwa

umbiko - (olungiselelweko kanye nongakalungiselelwa) Ukunikela umbiko obuyako wobujamo obuthileko, isib. ingozi.

ukubuyeleta ukufunda - liqhinga lokufunda ngokubuyeleta elinikela umfundu elinye ithuba lokwenza bona itheksti enesitjhijilo izwakale.

ukubuyeleta - utjho ngamagamawakho liqhinga lokufunda lapha ofundako azakutjho godu into, arhunyeze, nanyana arhunyeze ihlathululo yendima nanyana yesahluko, kungaba ngomlomo nanyana ngendlela yokuyitlola.

iqhinga lokubeka ikulumobugagu - iqhinga elifana nokuthi unande uthula lokha nawethula ikulomo, begodu ubuyelete amagama owakhulumileko, assetjenziswa sikhulumi ngepumelelo lokha nakarherha abamukelilwazi bonyana bamulalele. Amany amaqhinga angasetjenziselwa ukwenzeleta.

imibuzo ebugagu - imibuzo ebuzwako kodwana kungalindelwa ipendulo kodwana ukwenzela ukugandeletanofana ukwenza samdlalo(isib. ‘uyazi bonyana unetjhudu kangangani?’)

ivumelwano - amagama nanyana imida yekondlo ephetha ngetjhada elifanako ukufaka hlangana abokamisa

igido - yiphetheni yamatjhada ebuyelelwako emagameni ukuze inikele igido elimnandi nawuwaphimisako

ihlekisa - yikulomonofana iphimbo elisetjenziselwa ukungathembekinofana ukukhubekisnofana ukuhlekisangomuntu.

isathaya - mathebeti aziveza nanyana ahlola umukghwa omumbi

ukuskena - kukhambisa amehlo emtlolweni ngehoso yokufumana ilwazi elithile (isib. ukuqala irherho leenomboro zomrhala, ukuqala isikhathi sokufika nanyana sokusuka kwesitimela)

isifaniso - kumadanisa into ethileko nenyne (isib. njenge-, njenga-, kwe-)

ukuskima - kufunda umtlolo msinya (isib. ukuqala iinhloko zeendaba ephephandaben)

isirhumutjha/ isilengi - lili mi elingasilo langokomthetho (elingakamukelwa) elivame ukusetjenziswa siqhemu esithileko (isib. "gcwala" "ngimnandi", "nginje"

buqobolwana - ikghono lokwenzisa/ ilimi lokwenzisa

HOD: - ihloko yomkhandlu wezeFundu esikolweni

ukudlelezela/ ukudzimelela kokholelwa kikho - umthetho ondzindzileko (esikhathini esinengi uyadlelezela) ombono ngendima umuntu othileko alindelwe bona ayidlale

amaqhinga - indlela evulekileko yekambiso nanyana indlela yokusetjenziswa ekuraruleni umraro

ukugandelela (egameni nanyana emtjhweni) - ukuveza amandla ehlavini legama nanyana igama emtjhweni

isitayela - Indlela ehlukileko nekhethekileko umtloli ahlela ngayo amagama ukuze azuze imiphumela ethileko. Isitayela kuhlekuhle sihlanganisa umbono okufanele uvezwe kumtloli ngamunye. Amahlelo la afaka hlangana ikhetho lamagama lomuntu ngamunye kanye neendaba ezinjalo ezifana nobude kanye nesakhiwo somutjho, iphimbo, kanye nokusetjenziswa kwetshimo.

isakhiwana - isehlakalo esingaphasi esingakhambisani nesakhiwo esiqakathekileko somdlalo nanyana **inovela**

itshwayo - litshwayo elijamela enye into nanyana elijamela into ethileko

amagama atjho okufanako (ingasi aphikisanako) - igama elinehlathululo efanako nanyana epheze ifane kunelinye igama ngelimi elifanako. Amagama atjho okufanako esiNdebeleni esikhathini esinengi aba nendlela akhambisana ngayo.

ukuhlanganisa imibono - ukuhlanganisa kwemibono ebua emithonjeni ehlukahlukene; isirhunyezo esitjhatjhalazi semibono ehlanganisiweko

itheksti- sitatimende nanyana isakhiwo emtlolweni, ekulumeni nanyana ikulomo ebonwako

ummongo - umbono ophakathi nanyana imibono kutheksti; itheksti ingaba nemmongo-ndaba embalwa begodu lokhu angeze kwabonakala nanyana kwaba tjhatjhalazi.

iphimbo - ikhwalithi yelizwi elethula imilayezo eyenza umuntu athatheke ekulumeni. Ethebstini etloliweko, lizuzwa ngamagama akhuluma ngemikghwa yomtloli. Efilimini iphimbo lingakhiwa ngokombhino nanyana ngemiphumela ebukelwako

imitlolo yokuthintana - imitlolo yokuthintana(isib. incwadi, amaminidi womhlangano, imibiko, amafeksi)

imithetho yokudlhegana - mithetho esekela ukutjhidelana kweenkulomo zabantu (isib. ukuvumela ukuvezwa kwemibono yabanye, ukubuyeleta umbono ngomnqopho wokuhlathulula, ukungeneleta ngomnqopho wokubuyisela ikulomo endleleni efaneleko, ukubawa ihlathululo)

isitatimende esingakapheleli - ukuveza into ethile ngendlela yokukatelewa kunokuveza iqiniso nanyana amaphuzu apheleleko, esikhathini esinengi ukwenela ukugandelela, kumbeni njengendlela yokugegeda kumbeni njengendlela yehlaya.

ivebhosithi- ilimi elisebenzisa amagama amanengi kunalawo afunekako

amatheksti abukelwako - mtlolo wananyana yini oyibukela ngamehlo. Kungaba sithombe, ifilimu nanyana itshwayo elitjengisa okuthileko

ilizwi/ iphimbo - ubuwena bomtloli: ukobana umtloli ngubani; lokha nakufundwako nanyana nakubukelwako umuntu uba nokukghona ukubona umtloli kanye nalokho akuhlosileko. Qala ilizwi lomdemb.

ukuhlakanipha - okungakalindeleki, ikghono lokuhlanganisa imibono engakhambelaniko ngokurhabako bonyana yenze umqondo ozwakalako.

ikghono lokusahlela/ lokukghedlha amagama - amaqhinga assetjenziswako nakufundwa amagama angaziwako (**isib.** Ukuliphula/ ukulikghedlha libe masilabhulinofana ukuqala ihlathululo yesithomo nanyana isilungelelo)

isinemathografiki - bukghwari nofana isayensi yokwenza amafilimi weenthombe ezinomsikinyeko

