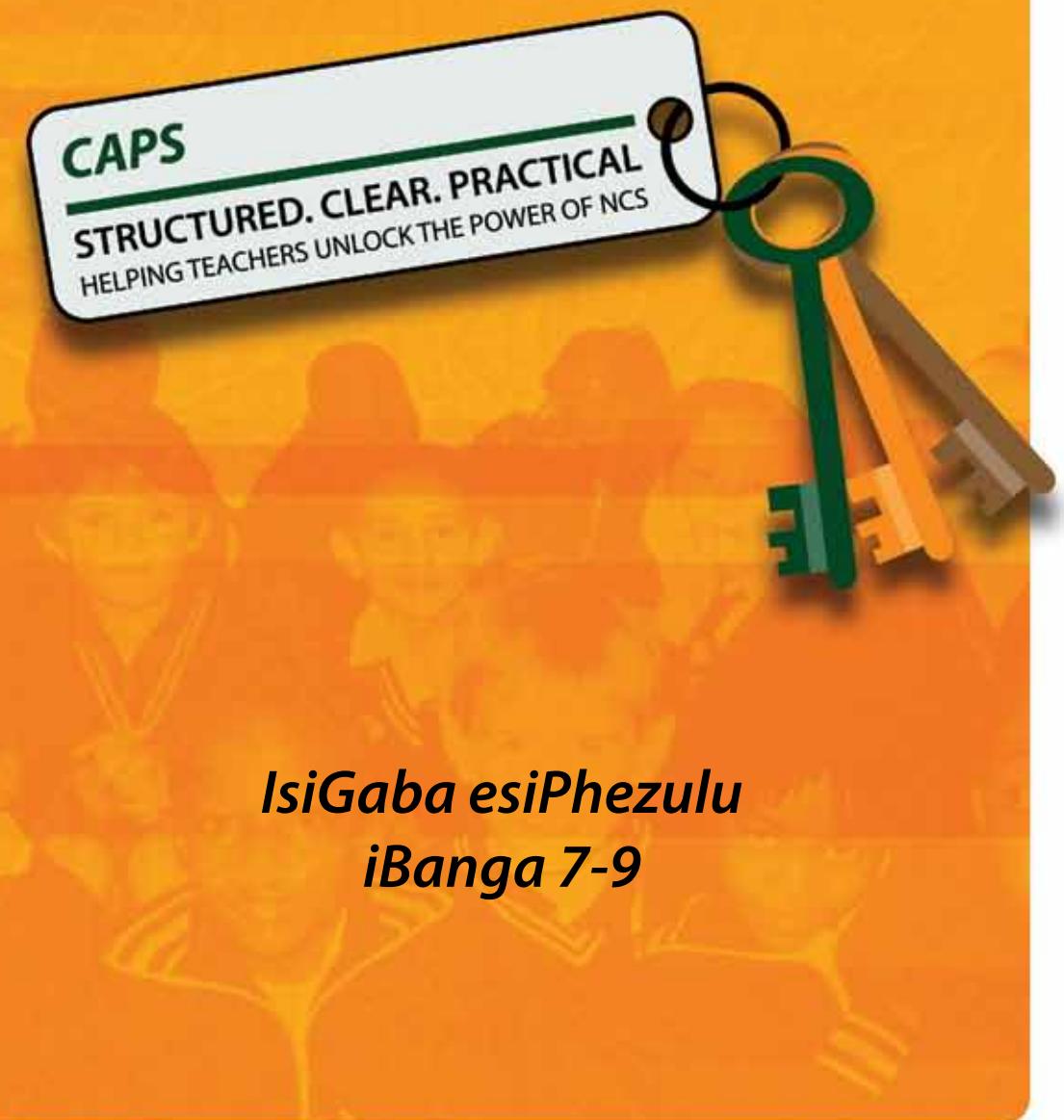


*INkazelo yeKharityhulam
yeSizwe (NKS)*

*INkazelo yePolisi
yeKharityhulam nokuHlola*



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**INKCAZELO YEPOLISI YEKHARITYHULAM NOKUHLOLA
YEBANGA 7 – 9**

ISIXHOSA ULWIMI LWASEKHAYA

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FOREWORD BY THE MINISTER



Our national curriculum is the culmination of our efforts over a period of seventeen years to transform the curriculum bequeathed to us by apartheid. From the start of democracy we have built our curriculum on the values that inspired our Constitution (Act 108 of 1996). The Preamble to the Constitution states that the aims of the Constitution are to:

- heal the divisions of the past and establish a society based on democratic values, social justice and fundamental human rights;
- improve the quality of life of all citizens and free the potential of each person;
- lay the foundations for a democratic and open society in which government is based on the will of the people and every citizen is equally protected by law; and
- build a united and democratic South Africa able to take its rightful place as a sovereign state in the family of nations.

Education and the curriculum have an important role to play in realising these aims.

In 1997 we introduced outcomes-based education to overcome the curricular divisions of the past, but the experience of implementation prompted a review in 2000. This led to the first curriculum revision: the *Revised National Curriculum Statement Grades R-9* and the *National Curriculum Statement Grades 10-12* (2002).

Ongoing implementation challenges resulted in another review in 2009 and we revised the *Revised National Curriculum Statement* (2002) and the *National Curriculum Statement Grades 10-12* to produce this document.

From 2012 the two National Curriculum Statements, for *Grades R-9* and *Grades 10-12* respectively, are combined in a single document and will simply be known as the *National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12*. The *National Curriculum Statement for Grades R-12* builds on the previous curriculum but also updates it and aims to provide clearer specification of what is to be taught and learnt on a term-by-term basis.

The *National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12* represents a policy statement for learning and teaching in South African schools and comprises of the following:

- (a) Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statements (CAPS) for all approved subjects listed in this document;
- (b) *National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12*; and
- (c) *National Protocol for Assessment Grades R-12*.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Motshekga".

MRS ANGIE MOTSHEKGA, MP
MINISTER OF BASIC EDUCATION

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ICANDELO LOKU-1: INTSHAYELELO YENKCAZELO YEPOLISI YEKHARITYHULAM NOKUHLOLA

1. 1 IMVELAPHI

INkcazelو yePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola yeBanga R-12 icacisa ipolisi yekharityhulam nokuhlola ezikolweni.

Ukuphucula ukusetyenziswa kwayo, INkcazelو yeKharityhulam yeSizwe ihlaziyiwe, yaye olu hlaziyo luya kuqala ukusebenza ngeyoMqungu/ngoJanyuwari 2012. Isifundo ngasinye senzelwe uxwebhu olunye IwePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola endaweni yala maxwebhu madala angala: INkcazelو yeKharityhulam yeSizwe, isiKhokelo seNkqubo yokuFunda kunye nesiKhokelo sokuHlola sesiFundo kwiBanga R-12.

1. 2 AMAGQABANTSHINTSHI

- (a) *INkcazelو yePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola yeBanga R-12 (eyoMqungu/Janyuwari 2012)* imele inkcazelو yepolisi yokufunda nokufundisa kwizikolo zoMzantsi Afrika yaye iquka oku kulandelayo:
 - (i) INkcazelو yePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola yesifundo ngasinye kwezo zifundo zivunyiweyo zesikolo;
 - (ii) Uxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, *National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12.*; kunye
 - (iii) Noxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, *National Protocol for Assessment Grades R-12 (eyoMqungu/Janyuwari 2012).*
- (b) Uxwebhu oluthi, *INkcazelو yePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola yeBanga R-12 (eyoMqungu/Janyuwari 2012)* lungena endaweni yala maxwebhu eNkcazelو yeKharityhulam yeSizwe mabini alandelayo:
 - (i) *iRevised National Curriculum Statement Grades R-9, Government Gazette No. 23406 of 31 May 2002,* kunye
 - (ii) *neNational Curriculum Statement Grade 10-12 Government Gazettes, No 25545 of 6 October 2003 and No. 27594 of 17 May 2005.*
- (c) Amaxwebhu eNkcazelو yeKharityhulam yeSizwe ekuthethwe ngawo kumhlathi b (i) no (ii), aquka la maxwebhu epolisi alandelayo, aza kuthi aye eyekiswa ngokuyekiswa, kuze endaweni yawo kungene iINkcazelو yePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola yeBanga R-12 (eyoMqungu/Janyuwari 2012) ngo2012 - 2014:
 - (i) INkcazelو yeKharityhulam yeSizwe yezifundo ngezfundo, isiKhokelo seNkqubo yokuFundisa kunye nesiKhokelo sokuHlola sesiFundo seBanga R-9 neseBanga 10-12;
 - (ii) Uxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, *National Policy on assessment and qualifications for schools in the General Education and Training Band, olubhengezwe kwiGovernment Notice No. 124 ekwiGovernment Gazette No. 29626 of 12 February 2007;*
 - (iii) Uxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, the *National Senior Certificate: A qualification at Level 4 on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF), olubhengezwe kwiGovernment Gazette No. 27819 of 20 July 2005;*

- (iv) Uxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, *An addendum to the policy document, the National Senior Certificate: A qualification at Level 4 on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF), regarding learners with special needs*, olupapashwe kwiGovernment Gazette, No. 29466 of 11 December 2006, lufakwe kuxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, *National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12*; kunye
- (v) Noxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, *An addendum to the policy document, the National Senior Certificate: A qualification at Level 4 on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF), regarding the National Protocol for Assessment (Grades R-12)*, olubhengezwe kwiGovernment Notice No. 1267 kwiGovernment Gazette No. 29467 of 11 December 2006.
- (d) Uxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, *National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12*; kunye namacandelo akwiPolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola njengoko ebonisiwe kwisahluko sesi-2, 3 nesesi-4 solu xwebhu aquelethe izithethe nemigangatho yeNkcazeloyeKharityhulam yeSizwe yeBanga R-12. Ngoko ke, olu xwebhu luya kuthi, ngokwecandelo 6A leSouth African Schools Act (uMthetho oLawula iZikolo zaseMzantsi Afrika), ka1996 (uMthetho wama-84 ka1996,) lwenze isiseko sokuxhobisa umPhathiswa wezeMfundu esisisiSeko ukuba akwazi ukubeka awona manqanaba aphantsi eziphumo nemigangatho, ngokunjalo neenkqubo nemigaqo yokuhlola impumelelo yabafundi, manqanaba lawo aza kusebenza kwizikolo zikarhulumente nezabucala.

1.3 IINJONGO EZIPHANGALELEYO ZEKHARITYHULAM YOMZANTSXI AFRIKA

- (a) INkcazeloyePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola yeBanga R-12 inika isikhokelo kulwazi, IIIVEKI nezithethe (izinto ezixabisekileyo) ezinokufundwa ezikolweni zaseMzantsi Afrika. Le kharityhulam ijonge ukuqinisekisa ukuba abafundi bafumana ulwazi bekwasebenzisa nezakhono ngeendlela ezihambelana nobomi babo bemihla ngemihla. Kungoko ke le kharityhulam ikhuthaza ulovo lokusebenzisa kakhulu iimeko zalapha, kodwa ibe ikwayise iso nemiba ebalulekileyo yehlabathi jikelele.
- (b) INkcazeloyePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola yeBanga R-12 yenza oku kulandelayo:
- Ixhobisa abafundi ngolwazi, IIIVEKI nezithethe eziya kubanceda ukuba bakwazi ukuzimela nokuthabatha inxaxheba ekuhlaleni njengabemi belizwe elikhululekileyo; nokuba bavela kweyiphi imo yezentlalo, uhlanga, isini, bekhangeleka njani ngokomzimba okanyebekuliphi inqanaba lengqiqo;
 - Ivulela abafundi amathuba okuya kwimfundoe phakamileyo;
 - Incedisa abafundi ukuba bakwazi ukuphuma kumaziko emfundobaye kumaziko omsebenzi; yaye
 - Inika abaqueshi umfanekiso ocacileyo ngobuchule nolwazi abanalo abafundi.
- (c) INkcazeloyePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola yeBanga R-12 isekelwe phezu kwale mithetho-siseko ilandelayo:
- *Ukuphuculwa kwezentlalo*: ukuqinisekisa ukuba kuyalungiswa ukungalingani kwezemfundookwabangelwa lixesha lobandlululo, nokuba bonke abemi banikwa amathuba emfundoolinganayo;
 - *Ukufunda ngokubandakanyeka kusetyenziswa ingqiqo*: ukukhuthaza indlela yokufundisa efuna abafundi ukuba bathathe inxaxheba bebonakalisa ingqiqo, endaweni yokufunda ngokubethelela izimvo nokufunda nje bengaziqiqisisi iinyaniso okanye izimvo abazinikwayo;

- *Ulwazi nezakhono ezikumgangatho ophakamileyo:* ukubekwa kweyona migangatho iseantsi yowlazi nezakhono ekufuneka abafundi bezibonakalise kwibanga ngalinye, kananjalo nokumiselwa kwemigangatho ephezulu enokufikelela kuzo zonke izifundo;
- *Ukuqhubela phambili:* umxholo wokufundwayo neemeko ekufundwa phantsi kwazo kwibanga ngalinye ubonisa ukuqhubela phambili, ukususela kokulula ukuya koko kuntsonkothileyo;
- *Amalungelo oluntu, uqukaniso, ukukhathalelwu kokusingqongileyo nobulungisa bezentlalo:* ukufakwa kwemithetho-siseko neendlela zokwenza ubulungisa kwezentlalo nokukhathalela indalo esingqongileyo kwanamalungelo oluntu, njengoko ebekiwe kuMgaqo-siseko weRiphablikhi yoMzantsi Afrika. INkcazeloyePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola yeBanga 10-12 ibonakalisa uvakalelo kwimiba yeyantlukwano enjengendlala, ukungalingani, uhlanga, isini, ulwimi, ubudala, ukuba nenkubazeko neminye imiba;
- *Ukuxatyiswa kolwazi lwemveli:* ukuthathela ingqalelo ubutyebi bembali kunye nelifa lemveli leli lizwe njengeentsika zokuxhasa izithethe eziqulethwe nguMgaqo-siseko; kunye
- *Nentembeko, umgangatho ophezulu, kunye negalelo elibonakalayo:* ukunika imfundo enokuthelekiseka neyamanye amazwe ngokomgangatho, ukunatyiswa kwanokungena nzulu kwayo kwimiba efundiswayo.

(d) INkcazeloyePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola yeBanga R-12 ijonje ukupuhhlisa abafundi abakwaziyo:

- ukuchonga nokusombulula iingxaki bathabathe iziggibo besebenzisa ingqiqo nokucinga okubonakalisa ubugcisa;
- ukusebenza ngempumelelo bebobwa naxa bekunye nabanye njengamalungu eqela;
- ukuzicwangcisa nokuzilawula bona buqu kunye nemisebenzi yabo, loo nto beyenza ngentembeko nangempumelelo;
- ukuqokelela, ukuhlalutya, ukucwangcisa nokuhlaba amadlala ulwazi;
- ukunxibelelana nabanye ngempumelelo besebenzisa ubuchule bokubonwayo, bemiqondiso kunye/okanye nezinye IIVEKI zolwimi ngeendlela ezahlukeneyo;
- ukusebenzisa inzululwazi nobuchwepheshe ngempumelelo nangokubonisa ukuba noxanduva ngokunengqiqo ekukhathaleleni indalo esingqongileyo nempilo yabanye; kunye
- nokubonisa ukuliqonda ihlabathi ukuba liyiseti yezinto ngezinto ezizalanayo ngokuqaphela ukuba iimeko ezisonjululwa phantsi kwazo iingxaki azizimelanga zodwa geqe.

(e) Ukuqukaniswa kwemfundo kufuneka kube ngundoqo ekulungiseleleni, ekucwangciseni nasekufundiseni kwisikolo ngasinye. Oku kunokwenzeka kuphela xa bonke ootitshala benolwazi oluphangaleleyo malunga nendlela yokuqonda nokusombulula izidingo zokufunda kunye nendlela yokucwangciselwa abafundi abangafaniyo.

Undoqo ekulawuleni ukuqukaniswa kwemfundo kukuqinisekisa ukuba izidingo ziyachongwa zize zisonjululwe ngawo onke amaqela enkxaso efanelekileyo asesikolweni, aquka ootitshala, amagosa esithili, amaQela eNkxaso amaZiko athile, abazali neZikolo zabaFundi abaneeMfuno eZizodwa njengamaZiko aXhobisa ngoLwazi. UKusombulula izidingo eklasini, ootitshala mabasebenzise iindlela ngeendlela zokujongana neyantlukwano kwikharthyhulam, ndlela ezo zifana nezo zikuxwebhu IweSebe leMfundu esisisiSeko oluthi *Guidelines for Inclusive Teaching and Learning (2010)*.

1. 4 UKWABIWA KWEXESHA

1. 4. 1 IsiGaba esisisiSeko

- (a) Ixesha elabelwe ukufundisa kwisiGaba esisisiSeko lumi ngolu hlobo:

ISIFUNDO	IBANGA R (IIYURE)	IBANGA 1-2 (IIYURE)	IBANGA 3 (IIYURE)
ULwimi lwaseKhaya	10	8/7	8/7
ULwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo		2/3	3/4
IMathematika	7	7	7
IzaKhono zoBomi	6	6	7
• ULwazi olusisiSeko	(1)	(1)	(1)
• EzobuGcisa	(2)	(2)	(2)
• EzemiThambo	(2)	(2)	(2)
• UkuziPhatha neNtlalo	(1)	(1)	(1)
LILONKE	23	23	25

- (b) Ixesha elabelwe ukufundisa leBanga R, 1 nelesi-2 ziiyure ezingama-23. KwiBanga lesi-3 ziiyure ezingama-25.
- (c) IBanga R-2 labelwe iiyure ezilishumi, zize zibe li-11 kwiBanga lesi-3. ULwimi lwaseKhaya lwabelwe ezona lwimi yure zininzi ezisi-8 nezona zimbalwa ezisi-7; luze uLwimi oloNgezelelweyo lwabelwe ezona zimbalwa zibe 2 zize ezona zininzi zibe 3 kwiBanga 1-2. KwiBanga lesi-3 ezona yure zininzi zisi-8, zize zibe si-7 ezona zimbalwa kuLwimi lwaseKhaya; kanti kuLwimi oloNgezelelweyo ezona zimbalwa zi-3, zize ezona zininzi zibe 4.
- (d) IMathematika yabelwe iiyure ezisi-7.
- (e) KwiIVEKI zoBomi, uLwazi lokuQala lwabelwe iyure e-1 kwiBanga R - 2, zi-2 kwiBanga lesi-3, njengoko kubonisiwe kwizibiyeli kwiBanga.

1. 4. 2 IsiGaba esiPhakathi

- (a) Ixesha elabelwe ukufundisa kwisiGaba esiPhakathi limi ngolu hlobo:

ISIFUNDO	IIYURE
ULwimi lwaseKhaya	6
ULwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo	5
IMathematika	6
INzululwazi nobuChwepheshe (neTeknoloji) beNdalO	3, 5
INzululwazi yezeNtlalo	3
IzaKhono zoBomi	4
• EzobuGcisa	(1, 5)
• EzemiThambo	(1)
• UkuziPhatha neNtlalo	(1, 5)
LILONKE	27, 5

1. 4. 3 IsiGaba esiPhezulu

- (a) Ixesha elabelwe ukufundisa kwisiGaba esiPhezulu lumi ngolu hlobo:

ISIFUNDO	IYURE
ULwimi lwaseKhaya	5
ULwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo	4
IMathematika	4, 5
INzululwazi yezeNdalo	3
INzululwazi yezeNtlalo	3
UbuChwepeshe (iTeknoloji)	2
INzululwazi yoLawulo lwezoQoqosho	2
IsiFundo ngezoBomi	2
EzobuGcisa	2
LILONKE	27, 5

1. 4. 4 iBanga 10-12

- (a) Ixesha elabelwe ukufundisa iBanga 10-12 lumi ngolu hlobo:

IZIFUNDO	IYURE
ULwimi lwaseKhaya	4. 5
ULwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo	4. 5
IMathematika	4. 5
IsiFundo ngezoBomi	2
Ubuncinane bazo naziphi izifundo ezithathu ezikhethwe kwi Qela B isiHlomelo B, iiTheyibhile B1 - B8 zoxwebhu lwepolisi oluthi, <i>National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12</i> , ngokuxhomekeke kwimigaqo ebekwe kumhlathi wama-28 wolu xwebhu lwepolisi.	12 (3x4yr)
LILONKE	27, 5

Ixesha elabelwe ukufundisa ngeveki malisetyenziselwe ukufundisa izifundo ngokweemfuno zezfundo zeNkcazeloyePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola yeBanga R-12 (NKS) ezichatshazelwe apha ngasentla, hayi ezinye izifundo ezonegezelelweyo. Ukuba umfundi ufunu ukongeza izifundo, makongezelwe elinye ixesha lezo zifundo azongezileyo.

ICANDELO LESI-2: UKWAZISA IILWIMI KWISIGABA ESIPHEZULU

2. 1 IILWIMI KWINKCAZELO YEPOLISI YEKHARITYHULAM NOKUHLOLA

Ulwimi sisixhobo sokucinga nokunxibelelana. Lukwayindlela yenkcubeko nothando lobuhle abathi abantu babelane ngayo ukuze bakwazi ukuliqonda ilizwe abaphila kulo. Ukufunda ukusebenzisa ulwimi ngendlela eyiyo kubangela ukuba abafundi bafumane ulwazi, bakwazi ukuzazi, ukwazisa iimvakalelo neengcinga zabo, ukunxibelelana nabanye nokukwazi ukulawula ilizwe abaphila kulo. Lukwanika abafundi imifanekiso etyebileyo nemandla kune neengcinga ezinokusetyenziswa kwilizwe labo ngokungcono nangokucacileyo kunokuba kunjalo. Kusetyenziswa ulwimi ukuvakalisa nokwakha iinkcubeko eziziintloblo ngeentloblo nobuhloblo kwaye kukwangokusebenzisa ulwimi apho olu lwakhiwo lunokuthi lutshintshatshintshwe, lwandiswe okanye lumphuculwe.

2. 1. 1 Imigangatho yolwimi

Ukufunda ulwimi kwisiGaba esiPhezulu kuquka zonke iilwimi ezisemthethweni eMzantsi Afrika, oko kukuthi iAfrikaans, English, isiNdebele, isiXhosa, isiZulu, isiSwati, Sepedi (Sesotho sa leboa), Sesotho, Setswana, Tshivenda, Xitsonga kwaneelwimi ezingekho semthethweni. Ezi lwimi zingafundiswa kwimigangatho eyahlukileyo.

ULwimi lwaseKhaya lulwimi lokuqala olufundwe ngabafundi emakhayeni abo kuba kuthethwa lona. Nangona kunjalo izikolo ezininzi eMzantsi Afrika azilufundisi uLwimi lwaseKhaya lwabafundi abathile okanye lwabafundi bonke abafunda kweso sikolo. Ezi zikolo zikhetha ukufundisa ulwimi olunye okanye iilwimi ezimbini ezikwinqanaba lolwimi lwaseKhaya. Ngenxa yoku amagama athi, uLwimi lwaseKhaya noLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelwego lubhekiselele kwinqanaba lolwazi lolwimi olo luthi lufundiswe hayi ngokubhekiselele kulwimi lokuzalwa (uLwimi lwaseKhaya) okanye ulwimi olufundwayo (njengolwimi olongezelelwego).

Umgangatho woLwimi lwaseKhaya unika abafundi izakhono ezingundoqo zokunxibelelana nabanye abantu ezifuneka kwimo yasekuhlaleni nezakhono zemfundu zokuqondwa kokusetyenziswa kolwimi ezifunekayo ngokwekharityhulam jikelele. Ugxininiso lusekufundisweni kwezi zakhono: ukuphulaphula, ukuthetha, ukufunda, ukubhala kulo mgangatho. Lo mgangatho ukwanika abafundi amathuba okufunda uncwadi nobugcisa nengqikelelo eya kubenza bakwazi ukuyila, ukuqikelela nokuxhobisa ukuqonda kwabo ilizwe abaphila kulo. Kodwa ugxininiso nomlinganiselo wokuphulaphula nokuthetha ukususela kwibanga lesi-7 ukuya phezulu ungaphantsi kwalowo wezakhono zokufunda nokubhala.

ULwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelwego lubhekiselele kulwimi olungelulo uLwimi lwaseKhaya kodwa olusetyenziselwa ukunxibelelana nabanye abantu ekuhlaleni, oko kukuthi njengolwimi lokufunda nokufundisa. Ikharityhulam inika inkxaso emandla kwabo bafundi abaya kuthi basebenzise uLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelwego okokuqala njengolwimi lokufunda nokufundisa. Ekupheleni kwebanga lesi-9 aba bafundi bayo kuba nako ukusebenzisa ulwimi lwabo lwasekhaya kune noLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelwego ngendlela efanelekileyo nangokuzithemba kwiimeko ezahlukileyo eziquka ukufunda.

EMzantsi Afrika abafundi abaninzi baqala ukusebenzisa uLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelwego, isiNgesi, njengolwimi lokufunda nokufundisa. Oku kuthetha ukuba kufuneka bafikelele kwelona zinga liphezulu lobuchule ekusebenziseni isiNgesi. Kufuneka bakwazi ukufunda nokubhala kakuhle ngesiNgesi.

Umgangatho woLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelwego uthatha ngokuba abafundi basenokuba abanalwazi kwaphela ngolu lwimi xa befika esikolweni. Kwiminyaka embalwa yokuqala yasesikolweni kugxilwa kakhulu ekukhuliseni izakhono zabafundi zokuqonda nokukwazi ukuluthetha olu lwimi - izakhono ezingundoqo zokunxibelelana nabanye abantu. KwiBanga lesi-2 nelesi-3 abafundi baqala ukwandisa ulwazi kwesi siseko sokunxibelelana ngomlomo. Bakwasebenzisa izakhono zelitheresi abasele bezifunde kuLwimi lwabo lwaseKhaya.

KwisiGaba esiPhakathi nesiPhezulu, abafundi bayaqhuba nokuqinisa izakhono zabo zokuphulaphula, ukuthetha, ukufunda nokubhala. Kweli nqanaba abantwana abaninzi bafunda ngokusebenzisa uLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo, oko kukuthi isiNgesi, kwaye kufuneka bafundiswe olu Iwimi ngakumbi. Ugxininiso olumandla ngoko ke malube sekusebenziseni uLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo ngeenjongo zokusinga nokuqqa. Oku kubangela ukuba abafundi bakhulise izakhono zabo zokuqqa, izakhono ezo abaza kufuna ukuzifunda nezinye izifundo ezifana neNzululwazi yezeNdalo neMathematika ngesiNgesi. Basebenza ngakumbi ngeetekisi zoncwadi kwaye baqalisa ukukhulisa izakhono zokuthanda ubuhle nokukwazi ukuyila engqondweni kuLwimi lwabo oloNgezelelweyo. Ngethuba abafundi befika, kwisigaba esiphezulu kufuneka babe sele bekwazi ukulusebenzisa ngokufanelekileyo ulwimi lwabo lokuqala olongezelelweyo ngokubhekiselele kwizakhono zokunxibelelana nabantu kunye nezokuqonda zemfundo.

Nakuba kunjalo eliyinyani lelokuba kweli nqanaba abafundi abakakwazi kakuhle ukunxibelelana ngoLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo. Ngoko ke umngeni kwisiGaba esiPhakathi kukunika inkxaso abafundi ngaxesha linye banikwe ikharityhulam eza kwenza ukuba abafundi bafikelele kwimigangatho efunekayo kumabanga alandelayo. Kufuneka le migangatho ibe kwimo yokuba abafundi bakwazi ukusebenzisa uLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo kwinqanaba eliphezulu ukubalungiselela imfundu yamaziko emfundu ephakamileyo okanye ilizwe lomsebenzi. Ngoko ke, kucetyiswa ukuba, apho kunokwenzeka, abafundi abakwisiGaba esiPhezulu bafundiswe imiba efanayo kumjikelo weeveki ezimbini kuyo yomibini imigangatho yowlimi - owoLwimi lwaseKhaya nowoLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo.

2.1. 2 Izakhono zolwimi

Ikharityhulam yoLwimi lwaseKhaya yenziwe ngokwezi zakhono zilandelayo:

1	Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha
2	Ukufunda nokubukela
3	Ukubhala nokunikezela
4	Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi

2. 1. 3 lindlela zokufundiswa kolwimi

lindlela zokufundiswa kolwimi kula maxwebhu zezisekelwe kwiitekisi, ezifundisa ulwimi ngokulusebenzisa nezifundisa ngokwenkubo.

Indlela yokufundisa esekelwe kwiitekisi kunye **nendlela yokufundisa ulwimi ngokulusebenzisa** zixomekeke kakhulu ekusetyenzisweni rhoqo nasekuvelisweni kweendidi ngeendidi zeetekisi.

Indlela yokufundisa esekelwe kwiitekisi ifundisa abafundi ukuba babe ngabafundi, ababhali, abaphononongi nabayili abagqesileyo, abazithembileyo nabaqiqayo. Oku kubandakanya ukuphulaphula, ukufunda, ukubukela nokuhlalutya iitekisi ukwenzela ukuqonda indlela eziveliswe ngayo nefuthe lazo. Le nto iphuhlisa izakhono zabafundi zokuphengulula nokuphendla iitekisi gabalala. Iitekisi zoqobo ngowona mthombo ekusekelwa kuwo umxholo nemeko yokufundwa nokufundiswa kolwimi ngendlela enxibelelano nedibeneyo. Indlela yokufundisa esekelwe kwiitekisi ikwabandakanya ukuveliswa kweendidi ngeendidi zeetekisi ezelungiselelwe iinjongo ezithile nabaphulaphuli/abafundi abathile. Le ndlela isekelwe kwingqiqo yokwazi indlela iitekisi ezakhiwe ngayo.

Indlela yokufundisa ulwimi ngokulusebenzisa icebisa ukuba xa efunda ulwimi, umfundi makanikwe ithuba elaneleyo lokulusebenzisa olu Iwimi alufundayo kunye namathuba okuziqhelisa okanye avelise ulwimi ngokuqhagamshelana ngeenjongo zemiba yasekuhlaleni neyokuziqhelanisa esebezisa lona. Ufundiso lolwimi malugxininiswe eklassini apho izakhono zokufunda/ukubukela nokubhala/ukunikezela zifundwa khona ngokufunda nokubhala rhoqo. Ufundiso lolwimi lwenzeka ngendlela enxulumeneyo, utitshala ebonisa indlela eyiyo nefanelekileyo, abafundi beziqhelia ngezakhono ezifanelekileyo emaqeleni phambi kokuzisebenzisa izakhono eyedwa umfundi. Ukwakhiwa kwesifundo

ngasinye makube koko kwenziwa yiklasi yonke ngaphambi kokuziqhelanisa emaqeleni nokusebenzisa isakhono esitsha ngabanye. Amagama asetyenziswayo ngala: ukuphulaphula nokuthetha, ukufunda nokubhala notitshala, amaqela, ukufunda nokubhala ngoncedo lukatitshala nayedwa.

Indlela yokufundisa ngokwenkqubo isetyenziswa xa abafundi befunda ze bavelisa iitekisi zomlomo nezibhaliweyo. Abafundi bathabatha inxaxheba kumanqanaba ahlukeneyo eenkqubo zokuphulaphula, ukuthetha, ukufunda nokubhala. Mabacinge ngababukeli/abaphulaphuli nangenjongo xa besenza ezi nkqubo. Loo nto iya kubenza bakwazi ukuqhagamshelana, ukuthetha nokuveza iimbono zabo ngobuchule. Umzekelo, ukufundiswa kokubhala akugxinini kwisiphumo kuphela, koko kugxininisa nakwinjongo nenkqubo yokubhala. Ngexesha lenkqubo yokubhala abafundi bafundiswa indlela yokuvelisa izimvo, ukucinga malunga nenjongo, nabantu abaza kufunda umsebenzi wabo, ukubhala iidrafti, ukuhlela umsebenzi wabo nokunikezela ngaloo nto bayibhalileyo bedandalazisa iingcinga zabo.

Iindlela zokufundiswa koncwadi

Ukufundiswa koncwadi makugxininise ekufundiseni ngenjongo yokuqonda yaye kuquka ubuchule/iindlela zenkqubo yokufunda (phambi kokufunda, ngeli xesha ufundayo, emva kokufunda). Esona sizathu sibalulekileyo sokufunda uncwadi eklasini kukukhulisa uvakalelo lwabafundi kusetyenziso lolwimi ngendlela ecolekileyo, enobuchule, enongiweyo, nemifanekiso-ngqondweni nemiqondiso nenzulileyo kunokuba befunda enye into engelulo uncwadi. Nangona ezinye iitekisi zoncwadi izezokonwabiso, ukuhlekisa, ukwandisa ulwazi, ababhali abazimiseleyo nabazinikezeleyo babhala iinovel, imidlalo, umbongo kuba beneengcinga, imibono nemiba, imithetho-siseko, imibono, neenkolelo abafuna ukwabelana ngazo nokuzivezelu abafundi beencwadi zabo. Ingqikelelo ekusetyenzisweni kolwimi yenyenye yeendlela ezongeziweyo zokutyhila, ukomeleza nokugxininisa iingcinga zaba babhali.

Ukufundiswa koncwadi akukho lula, kodwa kunzima ngakumbi xa zingekho iingcinga zabafundi eziya kumnceda ekufumaneni intsingiselo nokuphawula okunyanisekileyo okuvela kubafundi ngokwabo. Ngaphandle kokuba bazifundele ngokwabo ukuyazi intsingiselo engqalileyo yetekisi leyo, abayi kube bafunde okuninzi. Ootitshala mabazinxweme ekuchazeni uncwadi ngendlela abayiva ngayo incwadi, koko bavumele abafundi ukuba ibe ngabo abathabatha inxaxheba enku xa kuhlalutya. Uhlalutyo okanye ukuchazwa kwencwadi akukho malunga nokuchaneka okanye ukungachaneki kwezimvo, koko kukukhangela intsingiselo kulowo uyifundayo.

Ezona ndlela zingcono zokufundisa uncwadi zinokuquka ezinye zezi okanye zonke ezi zilandelayo:

- Ukufunda iitekisi eklasini ngaphandle kokuphazanyisa ngomnye umsebenzi. Oku akunakuthatha ngaphezulu kweeveki ezimbini. Kubalulekile ukuba abafundi babe nolwazi olucacileyo ngokuqhube kayo nokungundoqo wetekisi (ukuba ingantoni). Ukufunda iitekisi ithuba elide kukwenza ulahlekane nesakhiwo nomxholo; funda isiqanaqwana ngethutyana ukuze uve okuthethwayo. Kwiiklasi ezininzi iitekisi ifundwa ngaphandle kwale nkxaso. Oku makukhuthazwe. Fundisa *isihobe* gabalala, *hayi imibongo*. Fundani imibongo emininzi kangangoko ninako eklasini ze uqiniseke ukuba abafundi nabo babhala eyabo imibongo.
- Ukuhlahutya koncwadi kubaluleke kakhulu kwimfundu yaseyunesithi. Kulo mgangatho abafanelanga kufunda uhlalutyo oluntsonkothileyo. Kodwa ke wonke umsebenzi wokufundisa abafundi uncwadi kukubonisa ukuba ulwimi lwabafundi lungasetyenziswa mayana, ngobukrelekrele, ngokuqikelela nangokuvulekileyo. Oku kuthetha ukuqwalaselisa ukuba iitekisi yakhiwe njani, ubuchule obusetyenzisiweyo nokucwangcisa kwayo ngokutsha ukucacisa nokugxininisa loo nto iboniswayo. Lo msebenzi unokufuna uqwalaselio lobukho nokungabikho kwemifanekiso-ngqondweni. Nguwuphi umfanekiso-ngqondweni ophuhliswa ngumbhali? Usetyenziselwe ntoni? Ukwakhiwa kwezivakalisi nemihlathi, okanye ubume bemibongo, amagama akhethiweyo, umxholo kwitekisi jikelele, ukusetyenziswa kwemiqondiso, isandi, umbala, apha kuyimfumeko. Uninzi lwalo msebenzi maluxhomekeke kuloo ncwadi ifundwayo, kodwa ukuhlahutya komqolo ngomqolo kulo naluphi uncwadi olubhaliweyo akumkhulisi umfundu.

- Ubucisa bokubhala kufuneka buhambelane ngqo nokufundiswa kwayo nayiphi na itekisi yoncwadi. Imisebenzi ebhalwayo efuna ngamandla ulwazi lwetekisi efundiweyo ifunyaniswa ukuba incedisa ngakumbi ukuseka izinga eliphakamileyo lokuxabisa/lokuhluza kwicala labafundi. lingxoxo zaseklasini zingaba nempumelelo xa wonke ubani enokuthabatha inxaxheba. Kodwa ezo ngxoxo zigqibela ngokuba ngumsebenzi obhaliweyo zezona zifezekisa injongo ecacileyo, yaye zincedisa kokubini, kwizakhono zokuthetha nezokubhala.
- Elokuggibela, kabalulekile ukwazi ukuba uncwadi ayizompendulo zichanekileyo. Itekisi xa iyonke icacisa into ngokuzeleyo, hayi ngokweziqendwana zayo; ukufundisiswa kwetekisi okulungileyo kuquka yonke itekisi ekuchazweni kwentsingiselo yayo, isakhiwo, izimvo zakho, nokuphononongwa kwayo.

Ezinye iindlela zokufundisa uncwadi ezinokuqukwa xa kufundelwa ukuqonda nokwazi iimpawu eziphambili zoncwadi zezi zilandelayo:

Ukucwangcisa ngokwamaxesha eziganeko, ngokombhali, ngokomxholo/umongo nangokohlobo loncwadi.
Ezi zakhono zingadityaniswa.

Kwindlela yokucwangcisa ngokwamaxesha eziganeko abafundi bangaphanda ze badibanise ixesha eliqhubeka ngalo ibali neziganeko zezemba li zelo xesha.

Kwindlela yokufundisa ngokombhali, abafundi bangathabatha inxaxheba kufundo olubanzi nolunzulu ngombhali ngakumbi kwisihobe ukuze banxibeelanise isihobe sakhe nemba li ethile yelo xesha.

Kwindlela yokufundisa ngokomxholo/ngokomongo abafundi bajonga umongo/imixholo efana nezobulungisa, ezempumelelo, ezothando, njalo njalo, kwimibongo ngemibongo okanye kwiindidi ezahlukeneyo zoncwadi ukuze zithelekiswe neziganeko ezenzeka mihla le ebomini. Bangathabatha iziggibo/izigwebo ngezenzo zomdlali ukuze banike izimvo zabo ngomxholo.

Malunga nendlela yokufundisa ngokohlobo loncwadi, abafundi bangahlela, bathelekise, ze bachaze umahluko phakathi kweendidi zoncwadi, umzekelo, umahluko phakathi kwezakhiwo zenovelji/ibali elifutshane/idrama/uncwadi lwemveli.

Iindlela zokufundiswa kokusetyenziswa kolwimi

Ukufundiswa kwezakhi zolwimi makugxinise kwindlela yokusetyenziswa kwazo nento enokwenziwa ngolwimi, oko kukuthi, yenziwa njani intsingiselo, uhlangubezana njani neengxaki nokuxhokonxa umda, ubakhuthaza njani abahlobo noogxa bakho, ubenza njani ubomi obungcono. Ukufundisa ulwimi makube yindlela yokukwazi ukuqhubela phambili izinto.

Ukufundisa izakhi zolwimi makube yindlela esekelwe kwiitekisi kunye nendlela yokufundisa ulwimi ngokulusebenzisa.

Le migaoqo ilandelayo mayithathelwe ingqalelo xa kufundiswa izakhi zolwimi:

- Igrama mayifundiselwe ukwakha iitekisi kwimo yazo yokusetyenziswa – loo nto ihambelana nolwimi njengoko lunjalo.
- Ukusetyenziswa kwograma makungabi namigqaliselo yokuhlalutya izivakalisi ngokuzimeleyo - makuchazwe indlela ezakhiwe ngayo izivakalisi kwiitekisi ezipheleleyo, umzekelo, amabali amafutshane, izincoko, iileta, iingxelo ezifundiswayo, ezifundwayo nezibhalwa ngabafundi esikolweni.

- Makukhuthazwe ukusetyenziswa kwezixhobo ezixhasayo zoqobo/zenyani ezifana nencoko yababini nodliwano-ndlebe.
- Izakhi zolwimi mazidityaniswe nemisebenzi yowlimi kwiinkalo ezahlukeneyo zasekuhlaleni, umz. Ukuveza iingcinga ngezimvo zomntu, ukwazisa abantu, ukuthetha ngezinto/ukwenza ingxelo ngento, izenzo, iziganeko okanye abantu basekuhlaleni, izinto ezadlulayo okanye neziza kwenzeka: ukwenza izicelo, ukunika iingcebiso, ukudlulisa ukutya okanye izinto eziselwayo, ukwamkela nokwala ngokuphucukileyo, ukunika nokusabela kwimiyalelo, ukuthelekisa nokuchasanisa izinto.
- Sebenzisa imisebenzi yaseklasini efana neemo zolwimi nemisebenzi yazo, umz. Ukusebenzisa ixesha eladlulayo kunye/okanye nelidlulileyo xa kubhalwa isincoko esibalisyaso naxa kubhalwa ingxelo, ukusebenzisa uhlobo lokuqoshelisa/lolandelewano xa kubhalwa isincoko esinocamngco.
- Gxininisa kwimisebenzi enentsingiselo. Ukwazi imigaqo yowlimi akuthethi ukuba abafundi bayakwazi ukulusebenzisa ulwimi ngendlela ebumbeneyo/enamatheleyo nenentsingiselo. Eyona nto sinomdl kuyo sisakhi nomsebenzi waso ngaphaya komgangatho wesivakalisi, oko kukuthi, indlela abantu abalusebenzisa ngayo ulwimi oluthethwayo (intetho) okanye ulwimi olubhaliwego (itekisi) ngendlela ebumbeneyo/enamatheleyo nenentsingiselo.

2. 2 UKWABIWA KWEXESHA LOLWIMI LWASEKHAYA KWIKHARITYHULAM

Ngokwepolisi, ixesha lokufundisa kuLwimi lwaseKhaya ziiyure ezi-5 ngeveki, ze ibe ziiyure ezi-4 kuLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelwego. Kodwa ke kwisiGaba esiPhezulu kucetyiswa ukuba iiyure ezi-5 zabelwe ulwimi lokufunda nokufundisa, ze iiyure ezi-4 zabelwe olunye ulwimi olunyanzelekileyo. Ngoko ke, izikolo ezisebenzisa uLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelwego njengolwimi lokufunda nokufundisa kufuneka zilwabele iiyure ezi-5 olu Iwimi.

Wonke umxholo wolwimi ufundisa ngomjikelo weeveki ezimbini (iiyure ezili-10 (ezisi-8)). Akunyanzelekanga ukuba ootitshala balandele lo mjikelo ncakasana, koko mabaqiniseke ukuba abafundi bayaqhelaniswa nezakhono zolwimi, ngakumbi ukufunda nokubhala. Ixesha elabelwe izakhono ezahlukeneyo zolwimi kwiBanga 7 - 9 ziiveki ezingama-36 ngonyaka. liyure ezine zezeemviwo - iiveki ezimbini zezikaJuni, ezimbini zezikaDisemba.

Isicwangciso sexesha masivumele iiphiriyodi ezimbini ezilandelelanayo ngeveki. Kumjikelo weeveki ezimbini kucetyiswa olu Iwabiwo lwexesha lwezakhono zeelwimi ezahlukileyo.

Ixesha elicetyiswayo IoLwimi lokuFunda nokuFundisa

IZAKHONO	UKWABIWA KWEXESHA NGOKOMJIKELO WEEVEKI EZIMBINI (IIYURE)		
	IBANGA LESI-7	IBANGA LESI-8	IBANGA LESI-9
Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha (I-orali)	liyure ezi-2		
Ukufunda nokubukela	liyure ezi-3 nemizuzu engama-30 (liyure e-1 nemizuzu engama-45 yokufundela ukuqonda neyure e-1 imizuzu engama-45 yeetekisi zoncwadi)		
Ukubhala nokunikezela	liyure ezi-4 nemizuzu engama-30		
Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi	lyure e-1 Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi nendlela ezisetyenziswa ngayo zinxulunyaniswe kwixesha elabelwe ezinye izakhono zolwimi ezine. Kukwakho ixesha elabelwe ukuiqhelanisa okusesikwensi. Izakhono zokusinga nokuqqa zinxulunyaniswe nezakhono neendlela ezifunekayo zokuphulaphula nokuthetha, ukufunda nokubukela nokubhala nokunikezela.		

2. 3 IZIXHOBO ZOKUXHASA UKUFUNDA NOKUFUNDISA

Abafundi mababe noku kulandelayo kuLwimi lwaseKhaya kwibanga lesi-7 ukuya kwele-9:

IBANGA LESI-7 - 9	
IZIXHOBO EZINGUNDOQO	
lincwadi zolwimi ezimiselweyo	✓
Inovelis	✓
Amabali amafutshane	✓
Uncwadi lwemveli	✓
Idrama	✓
Isihobe	✓
Isichazi-magama	✓
EZOKUSASAZA IIINDABA	
Amaphephandaba	✓
Iimagazini	✓
linkqubo zikanomathotholo/iidrama	✓
linkqubo zikamabonakude/iidrama/iidotyhumentari	✓

Ootitshala boLwimi lwaseKhaya mababe nezi zinto zilandelayo:

- (a) Inkcazeloyepolisyekharityhulamnokuhlolam
- (b) ILanguage in Education Policy (ipolisyeyokufundisa iilwimi)
- (c) lincwadi ezimiselwe zolwimi ukusetyenziswa ngabafundi nezo zinguvimba ukongeza kwezo zichongiwewo.
- (d) Isichazi-magama (esolwimi olunye, eselwimi ezimbini, ezininzi, ithesarasi ne-ensayiklophidiya)
- (e) lintlobozoncwadi ezimiselweyo
- (f) lindidi zemathiriyeli yokusasaza iiindaba: amaphephandaba, iimagazini, iibrowusha
- (g) Babe nethuba lokufumana izixhoboeziviwayo/ezibonwayo ukuze zisetyenziswe eklasini
- (h) Ezinyezixhobozokusasaza (intlobozamaphephandaba, iimagazini neebhrowutsha)

Izixhobozokufundisaeklasini

- a) Uluhlu lweetekisi ezibandakanya amanqanabaokfundaawohlukileyo umz. iincwadi zokufunda ezikhethiweyo zeklasi ezineekopi ezineetekisi ezaneleyo kwinqanabangalinye
- b) lintlobonegentlobozeemathiriyelieneetekisi ezibonwayo umz: amaphephandaba, iimagazini, ibrowutsha, iiflaya, izibhengezo, iipowusta, izaziso, njalo njalo.
- c) Izixhoboeziviwayo/ezibonwayo

ICANDELO LESI-3: UMXHOLO NEZICWANGCISO ZOKUFUNDISA IZAKHONO ZOLWIMI

3. 1 AMAGQABANTSHINTSHI EZAKHONO ZOLWIMI - IINKQUBO NEENDLELA ZOKWENZA, IINTLOBO NOBUDE BEETEKISI

3. 1. 1Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha

Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha ngundoqo ekufundeni kuzo zonke izifundo. Ngokuphulaphula nokuthetha okuyimpumelelo, abafundi baqokelela baphicothe ulwazi, bakha ulwazi, basombulula iingxaki bavelise izimvo neembono zabo. Izakhono zokuphulaphula ngokunzulu zenza abafundi baqonde izithethe neendlela zokucinga ezikwiitekisi batsho bakwazi nokucela umngeni ulwimi olunomdla othambekele ecaleni noluqhathayo. Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha zizakhono ezahlukeneyo kodwa esinye sixhomekeke kwesinye. Zozibini ezi zakhono zenziwa ngokungekho sesikweni eklasini ngethuba abafundi befumana ulwazi bekwaxoxa ngalo. Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha okusesikweni kweentlobo ezithile, umzekelo, ingxoxo-mpikiswano, kufuna ukufundiswa okungqalileyo. Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha okusesikweni nokungekho sesikweni kunxulunyaniswa nokufunda, ukubhala nokuziqhelanisa nolwimi, yaye ukuthetha kunokunkika itekisi ebhaliweyo ngohlobo lomlomo (umzekelo, ukufunda ngokuvakalayo).

Inkqubo neendlela zokuphulaphula

Ukufundiswa kokuphulaphula kudla ngokuquka ukusebenza ngeziqanaqwana zenqubo yokuphulaphula. Lo ngumsebenzi onamanqanaba amathathu abonisa iindlela zokuphulaphula ezizimeleyo ukwenzela ukucazulula nokuqonda intetho kune nezinye iintlobo eziphulaphulwayo. Akuyi kusoloko kulandelwa onke amanqanaba enqubo. Umzekelo, ukuba abafundi baphulaphule ingcaciso erekhodiweyo kuya kufuneka ukuba benze umsebenzi **phambi kokuba baphulaphule** obenza bafune ukuthi qwa balindele ukuphulaphulisia, ubancede ukuba banxulumanise oko bakuphulaphuleyo namava abo. Imisebenzi **yangexesha bephulaphule** ingabanceda bakhumbule iinkcukacha baze baphonononge umyalezo. **Emva kokuphulaphula** kungabandakanywa abafundi ekuphendulen i ngokuxoxa malunga naloo nto bayivileyo.

Imisebenzi nokuhlolwa kwezicatshulwa eziphulaphulwayo kunika ithuba lokufundisa abafundi indlela yokuphulaphula.

Okwensiwa **phambi kokuphulaphula** kungenisa abafundi kwimeko yokuphulaphula. Kuvumela abafundi kuba bazikhumbuze ngolwazi abasele benalo malunga neso sihloko, baze balungiselele ukuphulaphula.

- Ukuhlupheza/ukuvuselela ulwazi abasele benalo phambi kokuba baphulaphule
- Ukuqikelela ukuba itekisi inokuba ithetha ngantoni ngokujonga isihloko
- Ukujongana nesigama esiphambili abanokuba abasiqhelanga abafundi
- Utitshala unokuseta imibuzo yaphambi kokuphulaphula ukwenzela ukubuyisa umdla wabafundi.
- Abafundi mabazilungiselele ngokubonakalayo ngokuthi, umzekelo, babe nepenlothe nencwadana yokubhalela

Ngeli xesha bephulaphule – babuza imibuzo, baqaphela okuthile, bayathelekisa, babbala amanqaku, batolika abakuphulaphuleyo

- Bahlalutya

- Umyalezo,
- Isithethi kunye
- Nobungqina besithethi
- Badibanisa okuthethwayo nabakwaziyo ezingqondweni
- Bakhangela intsingiselo
- Babuza imibuzo
- Bayaqikelela baze baqinisekise oko bebekuthelekelele
- Bacinga ngezimvo abazibekileyo baze baphonononge.

Okwenzeka **Emva kokuphulaphula** kulandeleta amava okuphulaphula. Abafundi

- Babuza imibuzo
- Bancokola malunga nokuthethwe sisithethi
- Baphonononga amanqaku abawabhale phantsi
- Bashwankathela intetho ngomlomo
- Badlulisa ulwazi obeluthethwa ngomlomo lube kwimo yokubhalwa, umzekelo, ukusebenzisa olo lwazi ukufaka iinkcukacha kumzobo
- Bahlalutya baze baphonononge ngokunzulu oko bakuvileyo
- Baphicotha ulwazi olutsha besebenzisa ulwazi abasele benalo
- Bafikelela ezigqibeni; baphonononge; banike ezabo izimvo; baphendule ngokunzulu

IINTLOBO EZAHLUKENEYO ZOKUPHULAPHULA	
Ukuphulaphulela ukufumana ulwazi oluthile	<p>Ukuphulaphula, kunokuva nje, ngundoqo wokujongana ngengqiqo nayo nayiphi na imeko ohlangana nayo koko kukungqongileyo. Kwilizwe apho kusetyenziswa khona ubuchwepheshe (iteknoloji) obufana nezandi, amazwi, umculo, nokuthetha, kubalulekile ukufunda ukuphulaphula loo nto inentsingiselo kuphela. Okuninzi koku kudweliswe apha ngezantsi, kunokungaqheleki kubafundi kwesi sigaba, yaye ootitshala kufuneka basebenze kuphela kwezo nkubo bafumanisa ukuba kusafuneka begxininise kuzo.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukujonga ulwazi abanalo kuqala phambi kokuba baphulaphule • Ukuqondisisa injongo yesithethi • Ukuphulaphula ngenyameko loo msebenzi uwunikiweyo ubonisa umda • Ukukhangela intsingiselo • Ukujonga ukuba umyalezo uyavakala na ngokuthi unxulumanise, uqikelele uze ungginisise olo qikelelo, uthatha iziggibo, uphonononge, ucingisise ze ucinge kwakhona malunga nokuvileyo • Ukuthabatha amanqaku anentsingiselo ugqabaza, ubonisa icala eya ngakulo intetho, uyibeka ngohlobo oluthile, ushwankathela, usenza iitshekhillisti, ubeka intetho ngamazwi akho, ubalisa kwakhona, ucacise • Ukukhangela umyalezo wesithethi • Ukuqwalasela unxulumano phakathi kwemeko, uchongo-magama kune nemo • Ukukhetha/ukuchonga, ukucacisa ze uphonononge imiyalezo • Ukuphulaphula imiyalelo, ukhangela indlela emephini ukwalandela nemigaqo ebekiweyo • Ukufumana iingcinga ezingundoqo nezixhasayo • Ukusebenzisa ulwazi ngokuthelekisa, ukuphulaphula imiyalelo, ukuvala izikhewu, ukuqwalasela umahluko, ukukorekisha imiba ethile (kwitshekhillisti), ukudlulisa ulwazi, ukulandeelanisa, ukuyeelanisa, kune nokucacisa intsingiselo • Ukulandeleta loo ntetho ibisenziwa ngokuphendula imibuzo, ukuqwalasela kwakhona amanqaku akho obuwabhalile, ukuhlela iingcinga, ukushwankathela, ukucacisa, ukucingisisa, ukuthetha okanye ubhale
Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo nokuthetha	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukubalisa ibali ngokutsha • Ukukhumbula iinkukacha ezithile ezikwitekisi • Ukucingisisa malunga nezithethi nemiyalezo ekwitekisi • Ukucingisisa malunga neengcinga ezingeyonyani ezibethelelekileyo kune nezinomkhetha • Ukuxoxa ngabalinganiswa, umxholo nesimo sentlalo • Ukubeka izimvo zakho • Ukucacisa imibuzo
Ukuphulaphulela ukuhlalutya nokuphonononga	<p>Uninzi lwezi nkubo zidweliswe apha ngezantsi ziluncedo ekufundeni iitekisi zoncwadi, kwizibhengezo namaxwebhu ezopolitiko. Emva komsebenzi wokuphulaphula, ootitshala badla ngokuvulela amathuba okuxoxa, kodwa kuluncedo ukuba emva kwengxoxo benze umsebenzi obhalweyo. Kungacatshulwa indawana kwinggaoma yefilim, umzekelo, isetyenziselwe ukualala isincoko esibalisyayo. ("Yintoni kanye le uyivayo? Khangela intsingiselo yayo."). Ukukhethwa kwamagama 'achukumisayo' kwintetho, okanye kumbongo ofundwayo kungaquka ekubhaleni okuhambelana naloo meko okanye loo nto ubhala ngayo. Quka amagama kwintetho ephikisanayo naleyo ithethwa sisithethi; okanye usebenzise la magama kumbongo wakho ukuze ulwazi lwakho lwamagama lucace.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Khetha uchaze intsingiselo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi olulukuhlayo noluqhathayo, olunika ingcinga ecalanye nedleleelayo, ingcinga ebethelelekileyo engeyonyani • Yahlula phakathi kwenyani noluvo • Bonakalisa ulwazi malunga nethoni, isantya nokusetyenziswa kolwimi • Phendula kwisimbo, ithoni nerejista uphonononge ngendlela efanelekileyo • Kwazi ukulandeelanisa ulwazi ngokufanelekileyo • Thatha isiggibo ze unike ubungqina • Yenza ingqikelelo ze uthelkeleleli iziqhamo/iziphumo zoko • Phendula ngokusetyenziswa kolwimi, uchongo lwamagama, ifomathi, ukubizwa kwamagama.

IINTLOBO EZAHLUKENEYO ZOKUPHULAPHULA	
Ukuphulaphulela ukuncoma nokuxoxa	<p>Le misebenzi yokuphulaphula yenzeka ngokulula kwiingxoxo-mpikiswano, iingxoxo zamaqela amancinci, nakuyo nayiphi na ingxoxo elungiselelwego. Ukubukela iikliphu zefilim kungaba luncedo kakhulu ekuhlahleleni ezi mpawu zidweliswe apha ngezantsi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuphendula kwiimeko ngeemeko zoqhagamshelwano • Ukusebenzisa imigaqo yokunika amathuba xa nincokola • Ukuthethelela icala olikhethileyo • Ukuba imibuzo ukwenzela ukuqhubela phambili incoko. • Ukuphendula kulwimi, izijekulo, ukunamatheisa iliso nokusebenzisa amalungu omzimba. • Ukuboninsa ukuzalana phakathi kolwimi nenkcubeko ngokubonakalisa intlonipho kwizenzo zenkcubeko. • Ukuphendula kwimigangatho yobuhle beetekisi zomlomo, umzekelo, isingqi, isantya, ii-ifekthi zesandi, umfanekiso-ngqondweni

Ubude beetekisi ezisetyenziswa njengezicatshulwa eziphulaphulwayo

UMSEBENZI	IBANGA LESI-7	IBANGA LESI-8	IBANGA LESI-9
litekisi zezicatshulwa eziphulaphulwayo ezide, umzekelo, ibali, udlwano-nlebe, imidlalo, iindaba	Amagama ali-150-200/ukuya kwimizuzu emi-5	Amagama angama-200-250/ kwimizuzu emi-5	Amagama angama-250-300/ kwimizuzu emi-5
litekisi zezicatshulwa eziphulaphulwayo ezimfutshane, umzekelo, izaziso, iitekisi zolwazi, imiyalelo, izalathisi	Amagama angama-60-70/ umzuzu om-1-2	Amagama angama-70-80/ umzuzu om-1 - 2	Amagama angama-80-100/ umzuzu om-1 - 2
Isicatshulwa esifundwayo/ iitekisi ezifundwa ngokunzulu	Amagama ali-150 - 200	Amagama angama-200 - 250	Amagama angama-250-300

Ukuthetha

KwisiGaba esiPhezulu abafundi mabafundiswe okanye balungiselelwego ukuthetha ngokulula nangokuqhabalaka nanjengoko le iyeyona nto ixabisekileyo ebomini babo, bobuqu nobomsebenzi. Ukudala oku kuzithemba kubaluleke ngaphezu kwayo nayiphi indlela okanye icebo lokuthetha esidlangularaleni. Kufuneka abafundi bazi ukuba xa bethetha abazi kuhlekwa okanye bangxoliswe, yaye kufuneka baqiniseke ngenkxaso epheleleyo nenkuthazo katitshala ngawo onke amaxesha.

Abafundi besiGaba esiPhezulu mabafundiswe ezona ndlela zisisiseko zokwenza udlwabevu lwentetho. Kusenokuboniswa unyamezelo oluthile kubafundi xa kujongwa indlela ukuthetha nabantu ngomlomo okunezinto ezininzi okuzifunayo ngayo.

Inkubo nemigaqo (iindlela) yokuthetha

Ukufundiswa kokuthetha makuquke ulwazi lwenkubo neendlela zonxibelewano (ukukhangela ngokutsha, ukubeka ngawakho amazwi, ukubeka olunye ulwazi endaweni yolunikiwego, ukubonisa, ukusebenzisa izangotshe, ukulinganisa ungasebenzisi mazwi, izandi nokucela uncedo). Inkubo yokuthetha yenziwa ngala manqanaba alandelayo:

- Ukucwangcisa, ukuphanda nokulandeelanisa ngokufanelekileyo
- Ukwenza intetho

Ukucwangcisa - ukuphanda nokulandeelanisa ngokufanelekileyo

Abaundi mabakwazi ukubonakalisa izakhono zokucwangcisa, zokuphanda, nokulandeelanisa izimvo ngokufanelekileyo ukulungiselela intetho yomlomo:

- Ngokusebenzisa irejista, isimbo, ilizwi ngokwabantu abalungiselelwayo, injongo, imeko nomongo
- Ukusebenzisa ulwimi olwamkelekileyo (ukhetho lwamagama):
 - Ngokusetyenziswa kwezenzi, iintlobo zeziphawuli kunye nezihlomelo ukunika iinkcukacha nengcaciso ecacileyo xa kuthethwa, umzekelo, ukwenza intetho, ukubalisa ibali kunye nengxoxo-mpikiswano
 - Ukusetyenziswa kolwazi lwezithethantonye nezichasi, oomabizwafane, oomabizwahluke kunye nokubhala ibinzana lamagama ngegama elinye
 - Ukusebenzisa amagama amatsha nawemboleko
 - Ukusebenzisa isigama esinongiwego (izafofe, izaci, amaqhalo), ithoni, isimo okanye uhlekiso
 - Ukusebenzisa izifinyezo
 - Ukusebenzisa iingcambu, izimaphambili kunye nezimamva
 - Ukusebenzisa isini, isininzi kunye nezinciphiso
 - Ukusebenzisa iziphawuli kunye nezihlomelo
- Ukubonisa ulwazi olunzulu lolwimi:
 - Ngokunika iinyani nokuvvelisa izimvo
 - Ukuvelisa intsingiselo yentsusa, eyongezelelweyo kunye necingelwayo
 - Ukuchaza nokubonisa izithethe neendlela abacinga ngazo, ulwimi olulukuhlayo/oluqhathayo, izimvo ezicalanye nezidlelelelayo, iingcinga ezibethelelekileyo ezingeyonyani, ulwimi olucengayo nolulukuhlayo, umz. Intetho elukuhlayo nokukwazi ukuyisebenzisa
- Ukusetyenziswa kwezixhobo ezifana nezichazi-magama neethesarasi ukukhetha awona magama afanelekileyo nachanekileyo ukuze bakwazi ukwenza intetho besebenzisa amanqaku abhaliweyo (iinowuthsi) nezincedisi zaseqongeni, ezibonwayo kunye/okanye neziviwayo; iigrafu zokuncedisa ekwenzeni intetho ibe nomdla yaye ichaneke.

Ukuziqhelisa kunye nokwenza intetho

Abaundi mabakwazi ukubonakalisa izakhono zabo zokwenza intetho yomlomo ngolu hlobo:

- Ukuthetha ngqo nababukeli/abaphulaphuli
- Ukusebenzisa izixhobo ezininzi ukuqokelela ulwazi
- Ukudibanisa uluhlu lwamanqaku okuzixhasa nokunika imizekelo ngokwemfuno zomsebenzi

- Ukusebenzisa intshayelelo edlwengula umxhelo nodlwabevu lwasiphelo (umz. Ukucaphula kokubhaliweyo, iimbali ezimfutshane ezhlekisayo, nokusetyenziswa kweencwadi ezigunyazisiwego)
- Ukukhulisa ingcina nengxoxo – ngokunikezela ngentetho emxholo wayo ungebiwanga ndawo, unika umdla, undindeneyo, ubonakalisa ukukhula kwengqiqo nemiba yengxoxo, imizekelo nezimvo ezilandelana ngokufanelekileyo
- Ukusebenzisa imiba yentetho (umz. Intshayelelo, umhlathi wokuqala nowesibini, isiqu, isiphelo) ekwakheni ingxoxo ebonakalisa ingqiqo nokusebenzisa isakhono sokulukuhla nokwenza ingxoxo-mpikiswano
- Ukusebenzisa izakhiwo zokulungelelanisa intetho ezifana nezi zilandelayo: ukulandelana kweziganeko, umba osematheni, unobangela nesiphumo, ukuthelekisa nokuchasanisa, isisombulolo sengxaki, ukunika ulwazi nokulukuhla
- Ukusebenzisa imvakalozwi eyamkelekileyo
- Ukunikezela nokukhulisa ingxoxo ecacileyo nokukhetha ubungqina obusemgangathweni (umz. linkcukachamanani, ubungqina, iimeko ezithile) kuquka into ekholelekayo, eyinyani, engqinekayo nefanelekileyo
- Ukusebenzisa iindlela zokuthetha nabantu ezifanelekileyo okanye uphindaphindo: manene nani manenekazi; ndifuna ukugxininisa ukuba ...
- Ukusebenzisa izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi eyamkelekileyo efana nale:
 - Izakhi zezenzi kunye neentsiza-senzi ukubonakalisa ngokuchanekileyo ixesha nohlobo
 - Ukusebenzisa izigaba zentetho ukubonakalisa unxibelelwano lomlomo lwemihla ngemihla
- Ukusebenzisa imibuzo buciko, ukunqumama nophinda-phindo
- Ukusebenzisa ubuchule obuthethwa ngomlomo nobungathethwayo (umz. Usetyenziso lwethoni/imvakalozwi, ukunyuka nokuhla kwelizwi, ukuvakalayo ngokufanelekileyo, isithuba/isinqi, ukubekwa kwamazwi entetho, unamathele lwamehlo, iintshukumo zobuso, izijekulo neentshukumo zomzimba) ngokuchanekileyo xa kusenziwa intetho.

IINTLOBO ZEETEKISI ZOKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	
Intetho elungiselelwego	<p>Ukwazisa/ukucenga/ukwabelana nokuthethelela ulovo okanye icala olithathileyo.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuchonga isihloko sophando esifanelekileyo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Makubonakale uphando oluthile - Makube nesakhiwo (intshayebole, isiqu nesiphelo) • Makubekho unxulumaniso olucacileyo Iwezimvo nesihloko <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ingxoxo okanye ulovo maluxhokonxe iingqondo zabanye • lingcinga mazibhalwe cacileyo zibonakalise ukuqonda injongo yentetho kunye nabaphulaphuli
Intetho engalungiselelwanga	<p>Ukwenza intetho ungakhange ugale uzilungiselele/ukuyilandeelanisa ngoko nangoko/ukusebenzisa iindlela zokuthetha ngethutuya elingeph</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mayibe nesakhiwo esifanelekileyo (intshayebole, isiqu nesiphelo) • Mayifanele injongo • Sebenzisa ithoni, ilizwi, isantya, ukunamatelisa iliso, indlela yokuma nezijekulo • Ulwimi nethoni mazifanele abaphulaphuli • Sebenzisa isigama nezakhi zolwimi ezifanelekileyo nezifezekileyo • Mayibe mfutshane kodwa iyifezekise injongo
Ukufunda okulungiselelwego (Ukufunda ngokuvakalayo)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuqondwa komhlathi kuyabonakalisa • Umhlathi ufundwa ngotyibiliko • Ukuhla nokunyuka kwelizwi makuvakale • Amagama makabizwe ngokucacileyo • Ukunqumama makusetyenziswe ngendlela eyiyo • Makugcinwe umdla wabaphulaphuli/abaphulaphuli mabagcinwe bekhululekile • Ubude besicatshulwa mabubafanele abaphulaphuli
Ukufunda okungalungiselelwanga (ukufunda ngokuvakalayo)	<p>Ukwabelana nabanye ngetekisi azibhalele ngokwakhe okanye ebhalwe ngomnye umntu; esenzela ukonwabis</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuqondwa komhlathi kuyabonakalisa • Umhlathi ufundwa ngotyibiliko • Ukuhla nokunyuka kwelizwi makuvakale • Amagama makabizwe ngokucacileyo • Ukunqumama makusetyenziswe ngendlela eyiyo • Makugcinwe umdla wabaphulaphuli/abaphulaphuli mabagcinwe bekhululekile • Uchongo Iwesicatshulwa maluthathethle ingqalelo abaphulaphuli • Ubude besicatshulwa mabufaneleke

IINTLOBO ZEETEKISI ZOKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	
Ingxoxo-mpikiswano	<p>Ukuphikisana malunga nesihloko esikhethiwayo nimele amacala amabini ohlukileyo. Le yindlela esesikweni yentetho yomlomo eqhutyelwa ibukelwe esidlangularaleni.</p> <p>Indlela yokuqhuba ingxoxo-mpikiswano:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amaqela amabini ezithethi, adla ngokuba nabantu abathathu eqeleni, axoxela okanye aphikisa isindululo esibekiwayo. Ezi zindululo zibanga okanye ziphakamisa okuthile, umzekelo, 'Indebe yehlabathi ilusebenzele uqoqosho lwethu', endaweni yokuthi nje 'Indebe yehlabathi'. • Ukuqhuba kwengxoxo-mpikiswano kulawulwa ngusihlalo othi: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Azise isindululo anike amagqabantshintshi ngaso - Wazisa isithethi ngasinye - Ugcina ucwangco - Ubamba ixesha – izithethi zisikelwa ixesha elithile - Ulawula ingxoxo xa isindululo sibekiwe savulwa (jonga apha ngezantsi) - Ulawula ukuvota (jonga apha ngezantsi) • Usihlalo wazisa isindululo aze acele isithethi sokuqala esivumelana nesihloko (iqela elixoxela isindululo) ukuba sithethe. • Isithethi sokuqala esivumelana nesihloko sibeka ingxoxo yaso sixhaza isindululo. • Isithethi sokuqala sabo baphikisana nesihloko (abo bachasene nesindululo) sibeka ingxoxo yaso sichasa isindululo yaye sisenokugadlela (sihlasele) ingxoxo yesithethi sokuqala. • Isithethi sesibini esivumelana nesihloko siyibeka elubala ingxoxo yeqela laso, size neengxoxo ezintsha, size sihlasele izimvo ezibekwe sisithethi esidlulileyo. • Nesithethi sesibini esiphikisana nesihloko senza njalo. • Isindululo sivulelwa wonke umntu (abaphulaphuli) ukuba baxoxe ngaso babuze nemibuzo • Emva kwengxoxo kawonke-wonke iqela eliphikisayo lishwankathela kuqala. Isithethi sesithathu siphinda ingxoxo engundoqo yeqela laso size sizame ukujika iingqondo zabaphulaphuli ukuba bavote ngokuchasene nesindululo, sinika nezizathu. Esi sitethi sinokuhlasela iingxoxo ezidlulileyo. • Nesithethi sesithathu seqela elivumelana nesihloko senza njalo. • Ingxoxo inokuggitywa zize iziphumo ezifunyenwe ngeendlela ezahlukenyeyo, umzekelo ngokuhlolwa kweentetho (kunikwa amanqaku) yijaji, okanye kuvotelwe isindululo.
Ingxoxo yababini	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ibonisa incoko phakathi kwabantu ababini okanye nangaphezulu. • Ukuqala uqhube incoko • Ukusebenzisa imigaqo yokunikana amathuba, ugcine incoko • Ukusimela isiggibo osithathileyo ngokuzixhasa kwincoko • Ukuphulaphulana nithetha-thethane • Ukuvala izikhewu xa nincokola ukhuthaza lowo uncokola naye ukuba aqhube nencoko • Imiba ekuxoxwa ngayo mayicaciswe • Ukuthetha ngeembono namava akho ubonise ulwazi lwemiba enincokola ngayo

IIINTLOBO ZEETEKISI ZOKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	
Udliwano-ndlebe	<p>Ukufumana ulwazi okanye uluwo lomntu okanye Iwephaneli</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukusebenzisa izakhono zokubuza imibuzo, zokutshintsha iingqondo zabantu, ukubhala amanqaku, ukushwankathela nezijekulo ngokufanelekileyo • Ukucwangcisa uzungiselele: qaphela injongo, ulwazi lwangaphambili, amaggabantshintshi, imibuzo, ixesha, indawo, ukulandelelana kwemiba nobunjani bendawo (jonga iimpawu zokubhala) • Ukusebenzisa iindlela zokuqhube udliwano-ndlebe ezbekwe ngokwamabinzana: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Intshayelelo (ukuzazisa; ukunika injongo) - Ukwenza umbuzwa azive ekhululekile - Imibuzo (buza uqala ngemibuzo ephangaleleyo usiya kuleyo ingqalileyo, imibuzo efanelekileyo; sebenzisa ulwimi lwabantu abadala, olucingelayo, oluhloniphekileyo nolubuyisela ingqondo kule nto ithethwayo; phulaphulisia; phonononga impendulo, phendula ngokwanelisayo ukubonisa ukuba uayazi le nto uthetha ngayo) - Isishwankathelo (bhala phantsi iimpendulo ngokubhala amanqaku; shwankathela; landeelanisa iimpendulo neenkukacha ezibalulekileyo) - Ukuvala (bulela umbuzwa; nika iinkukacha zoqhamshelwano)
Ingxelo (elungiselelwego nengalungiselelwanga)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukunika impendulo echanekileyo ngemeko ekuyiyo, umz. Ingozi, nezinye iziphumo • Ukubonisa isihloko, intshayelelo (ingabula zigcawu, injongo kunye namaggabantshintshi ngesihloko), isiqu (Kwenzeke ntoni? Isenziwa ngubani? Nini? Phi? Njani?), isiphele, iingcebiso, imithombo yokwandisa ulwazi, izihlomele • Ukucwangcisa: qokelela ulungise ulwazi uze unike ulwazi oluyinyani • Ukusebenzisa ulwimi olukhokelela kolusesikweni nolungekhosesikweni kunye nesimbo • Sebenzisa <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ixesha langoku (ngaphandle kwengxelo yembali) - Izibizo gabalala - Umntu wesithathu - Inkcazeloyeyinyani - Amagama namabinzana asetyenziswa kwimeko ethile - Ulwimi oluvumelekileyo lungabhekisi mntwini (okanye olungangqalanga)
Ukunika izalathisi	<p>Ukuxelela umntu indlela yokuya endaweni ethile</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sebenzisa izalathisi xa uyalela umntu ukuze afike kwindawo aya kuyo. • Ukusetyenziswa kohlobo lokuyalela/isiyaleli • Ukusetyenziswa komntu wesibini ukumela unxibelewano phakathi kwsithethi nomphulaphuli. • Qaphela oku kulandelayo xa unika izalathisi: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Sebenzisa izivakalisi ezifutshane nezicacileyo - Sebenzisa izalathisi ngokokulandelana kwazo - Khangela indawo eqaphelekayo - Nika uqikelelo lomgama - Nika uqikelelo lwenani lezitalato eziza kudlulwa ukuze kufikelelwu kwindawo ekuyiwa kuyo - Nika ulwazi ngeempawu eziqaphelekayo ecaleni kwendlela - Sebenzisa amagama abonisa indawo - Sebenzisa amagama abonisa icala ekuyiwa kulo - Sebenzisa amagama ukubuza indlela - Sebenzisa amagama ukubonakalisa umbulelo

IINTLOBO ZEETEKISI ZOKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	
Imiyalelo	<p>Ukucacisa indlela yokusebenzisa isixhobo esithile, ukupheka ukutya, ukulungisa umonakalo, njalo njalo.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cacisa ukusebenza okanye ukusetyenziswa kwaso nasiphi na isixhobo; ukusebenzisa umatshini wokuhlamba impahla, njalo-njalo. Cwangcisa ulungiselele (jonga iimpawu zokubhala) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuqonda iimeko nokuba siza kuba yintoni isiphumo sokunika imiyalelo/sokubonisa Ukucacisa ukusebenza okanye ukusetyenziswa kwaso nasiphi isixhobo sokusebenza Ukubonisa cacileyo, nachanekileyo ukulandelelana kwemiyalelo. Ukusebenzisa incwadana esisikhokelo (imanyuwali), imiyalelo, nendlela zokwenza Ukuthathela ingqalelo isigama, ulwimi olusetyenziswayo xa kuyalelwya ngesixhobo eso sisetyenziswayo, intetho kunye namabinzana amagama anokusetyenziswa Ukunikezela
Ukunikezela ngentetho yomlomo/ingxelo yomlomo	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukunika intetho yomlomo ngeziganeko eziphuma kunomathotholo okanye kumabonakude okanye ngeziphumo zodliwano-ndlebe olwenziweyo Cwangcisa ulungiselele <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Yithi gqaba gqaba malunga nokuba yintoni efuneka njengemveliso/isiphumo sentetho yomlomo Qikelela isigama, ulwimi nentetho enokusetyenziswa, Phanda ukufumana ulwazi oluchanekileyo kwisithethi nolwimi olufunekayo ukucacisa ulwazi Nikezela; jonga oku kulandelayo: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uphando malube nobungqina Isakhiwo setekisi masime ngolu hlobo (intshayebole, isiqu nesiphelo) Itekisi mayibe nonxulumano olucacileyo nesihloko ze iveze izimvo ezizizo zibekwe ngendlela efanelekileyo. Ingxoxo okanye uluvo maluxhokonxe iingqondo zabanye lingcinga mazibhalwe cacileyo zibonakalise ukuqonda injongo yentetho kunye nabaphulaphuli; mazinikezelwe ngendlela efanelekileyo, engathathi cala, esebezisa irejista efanele abaphulaphuli Sebenzisa ulwimi olungakhethi cala (ulwimi olucacileyo nolwakhayo) ze usebezise irejista efanele abo bantu ujilose kubo. Sebenzisa intsukumo yomzimba efanelekileyo. Musa ukusebenzisa izijekulo ezibaxekekileyo. Lungiselela intetho yomlomo ngokwala manqanaba mathathu alandelayo: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Intshayebole: Bamba umdla wabaphulaphuli; phendula imibuzo enjengale Ngubani? Intoni? Phi? Nini? Isiqu: Lungisa iingongoma eziphambili zengxelo ngokulandelelana kwazo. Sebenzisa ulwazi oluchanekileyo; xhasa ingongoma ephambili ngolwazi olufumene kuphando; sebenzisa iinkcukacha kunye nezivakalisi ezichazayo ukwenza ingxelo enomdla. Isiphelo: Shwankathela uze udlulise eyona ngongoma ibalulekileyo. Bhala isiphelo ngokufutshane. Qukumbela uphinde ubeke ingongoma ephambili ngenye indlela. Caphula kwiingongoma eziphambili wenze olwakho uluvo ngokubhekiselele kwisihloko sengxelo Sebenzisa izixhobo ezibonwayo, ezinjengeepowusta okanye amacwecwe eprojekta (<i>overhead transparencies</i>) uziqhelise ukuzisebenzisa ngethuba usazilungiselela. Sebenzisa amanqaku (iinowuthsi) ukwenza amagqabantshintshi ngengxelo Sebenzisa amanqaku (iinowuthsi) xa unikezela ingxelo

IINTLOBO ZEETEKISI ZOKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	
Ingxoxo yeforam/yephaneli	<p>Ukwabelana ngezimvo ezahlukeneyo okanye ulwazi oluphuma kwimithombo eyahlukeneyo Izithethi mazenze oku kulandelayo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuphonononga ukuthontelana kweengcinga • Ukuphulaphulana • Ukuvuma iingongoma xa kuyimfuneko • Ukungaziphazamisi ezinye izithethi • Makubekho unxibelelwano phakathi kweengongoma • Ingxoxo mayihlale emxholweni • Ukuzama ukufaka abantu kwinguoxo • Ukuphazamisa ngendlela efanelekileyo kwinguoxo • Ukubonakalisa izimvo zixhase ngezizathu • Isithethi ngasinye sibeka ulovo oluthile ngesihloko eso • Ukusetyenziswa kwamabinzana aqhelekileyo • Imisebenzi kasihlalo: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ukugcina ucwangco - Ukugcina ixesha - Ujonga ukuba kulandelwa i-ajenda - Ukhuthaza ukuthathwa kwenxaxheba - Akathathi cala - Ubiza iziphakamiso okanye abanike ithuba lokuvota
Ukulinganisa	<p>Abafundi banikwa imeko, edla ngokuba yingxaki okanye isehlo, ekufuneka bejongene naso ngokudlala indima ethile. Ukwensiwa kwalo mdlalo kunokuba kungalungiselelwanga, okanye umfundsi aziswe kancinci ngaloo ndawo aza kuyidlala. Indlela yokuhlol apha yevulelekileyo yaye ixomekeke kumntu ngamnye.</p>
Ingxoxo engalungiselelwanga/ incoko	<p>Ukwabelana ngezimvo, iingcinga neembono namaqela azimeleyo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuqala uze uhlale encokweni • Ukusebenzisa imigaqo yokunikana amathuba • Ukusimela isigqibo osithathileyo • Ukuthetha-thethana • Ukungenelela encokweni ngenjongo yokukhuthaza isithethi • Ukwabelana ngeengcinga namava nibonakalisa ingqiqo
Ukwaziswa kwesithethi	<p>Ukuniqa abaphulaphuli ulwazi malunga nesithethi/undwendwe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufulana iinkcukacha ezifanelekileyo kwisithethi • Ukusebenzisa ulwimi olusesikweni • Ukudala umda nomnqweno kubaphulaphuli, umzekelo, ngokuxelela abaphulaphuli malunga neenkukacha zaso ezifanelekileyo neempumelelo zaso • Ukwakha umnqweno ngokuthi, umzekelo, umana unqumama umana uguqla ilizwi • Gqibezela ngodlwabevu nangokuzithemba
Ilizwi lombulelo	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukubulela isithethi emva kokwenza intetho kubaphulaphuli • Sebenzisa ulwimi olusesikweni • Siphulaphule ngenyameko isithethi, ukwenzela ukuthi gqaba gqaba ngemiba ebalulekileyo kwintetho yaso • Thetha ngemiba ebalulekileyo kwintetho yaso • Gqibezela ngodlwabevu nangokuzithemba

Ubude obucetywayo beetekisi eziza kuveliselwa intetho yomlomo

IITEKISI	UBUDE IBANGA 7 - 9
lincoko, iingxoxo-mpikiswano, iingxoxo zeforam/zeqela/zephaneli	Imizuzu eli-10 - 15
Ingxoxo yababini	Imizuzu emi-4 – 6
Izalathisi nemiyalelo	Imizuzu emi-2 – 4
Udliwano-ndlebe	Imizuzu emi-8 – 10
Ukufunda okulungiselelwego	Imizuzu emi-2 – 3
Intetho elungiselelwego, ingxelo, irivyu	Imizuzu emi-2 – 3
Intetho engalungiselelwanga	Imizuzu emi-2 – 3
Ukubalisa ibali	Imizuzu emi-5 – 7
Intlanganiso nemigaqo	Imizuzu esi-7 – 10

Intetho ezisetyenziswayo kwincoko – Uluhlu olubonisayo

UKUCELA IMVUME/UKWENZA IZICELO <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ndinga..... ? • Kungenzeka ukuba ndi..... ? • Ingaba kulungile ukuba..... ? • Kungakuhle ukuba..... ? • Ungakhathazeka ukuba ndinga..... ? • Ndicela undivumele ndi..... • Ungavuma uku..... ? 	UKUPHAZAMISA <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ndicela uxolo, ndinga..... ? • Uxolo, ndinga..... ? • Uxolo, uyazi ukuba..... ? • Ndicela uxolo ngokukuphazamisa, ungandinceda? (esesikweni).
UKUNIKA UNCEDO <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ndingakunceda? • Kukho into oyikhangelayo? • Ingaba ufunu uncedo kusini na? • Ungathanda ukuncediswa? • Ndingakwenzela ntoni namhlanje? 	UKUFUNA UNCEDO <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ndingancedisa nge..... ? • Ungandinceda ukuba ndi..... ? • Ndifuna uncedo..... • Nceda undincedise..... (esesikweni). • Nceda undincedise nge.....
UKUXOLISA <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uxolo. • Ndicela uxolo ngoku..... • Ndiyaxolisa..... • Ndicela undixolele ngoku..... • Ndiyaxolisa ngoku..... • Ndicela uxolo. • Ndixolele. • Ndicela undixolele. 	UKUKHALAZA <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ndicela uxolo ngokuthetha oku kodwa..... • Ndicela uxolo ngokukuphazamisa, kodwa..... • Mhlawumbi ulibele uku..... • Ndicinga unokuba ulibele uku..... • Ndicela uxolo bekungafanelekanga ukuba nditsho, kodwa..... • Ndicinga ukuba asiqondananga ngokuba..... • Ungandivi kakubi, kodwa.....

UKUNIKA INGCEBISO	UKUXELA OKUTHANDAYO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Andiqondi ukuba kufanele ukuba u..... Kufanele ukuba u..... Akufanelekanga ukuba u..... Ukuba bendinguwe, bendinga..... Ukuba bendikule ndawo ukuyo, bendinga..... Ukuba bendisezihlangwini zakho, bendinga..... Kungangcono ukuba u..... Akufanelekanga ukuba u..... Nokuba wenzani, musa uku..... 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ndingathanda ukuba u..... Kungangcono ndi..... Kutheni singa..... ? Ngoko ke, ndingathanda..... Ucinga ntoni? Ucinga ukuba sifanele senze ntoni? Ukuba bekuya ngokwam bendinga..... Ndicinga ukuba kufanele ukuba si.....
UKUQIKELELA, UKUZIGQIBELA NGENTO	UKUNIKA INGCOMBOLO YOLWAZI ENGACACANGA
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ndingathi sele eza kulungela uku..... Ingafuna i..... Ingangu..... Ibonakala ngokungathi..... Mhlawumbi ufuna..... Mhlawumbi bafuna..... Kunzima ukutsho, kodwa ndingathi..... Andiqinisekanga ncam, kodwa ndicinga ukuba..... 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Zimalunga..... Ziqikeleleka ukuba zimalunga..... Zininzi kakhulu ii..... Kuqikeleleka ukuya kutsho kwezi..... Ithande ukufana ne..... Ludidi lwe..... Zithande ukufana..... Kunzima ukutsho, kodwa ndingaqikelela ndithi..... Andiqinisekanga ncam, kodwa ndicinga ukuba.....
UKUVALELISA	UKUZIPHONONONGA
iihambo ezinde, iiholide, iihambo ezimfutshane <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uhambe kakuhle. Uyonwabele iholide yakho. Uzonwabele iiholide zakho. Wonwabe! Ube nexesha eliminandi e (indawo efana nendawo yokutyela) Ube nexesha eliminandi e (igama ledolophu) UKUBULISA EMVA KOHAMBO <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ibinjani iholide yakho..... ? Ubulonwabele ixesha lakho e (kuloo ndawo) ? Belunjani uhambo lwakho? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Oku kusebenze kakuhle kakhulu kuba..... Ndikwenze kakuhle oku kuba..... Bekuya kuba ngcono ukuba bendi..... Oku kungaphucuka ngoku..... Ikhona inkqubela phambili kuba..... Oku kuyaphumelela kuba.....

3. 1. 2 Ukufunda nokubukela

Izakhono ezipphuhlisekileyo **zokufunda nokubukela** ngundoqo ekufundeni kuzo zonke izifundo. Abafundi bakhulisa ukufunda nokubukela ngokuqiniseka uluhlu olubanzi lweetekisi zoncwadi nezingezizo ezoncwadi, kuquka neetekisi ezibonwayo. Abafundi baqaphela indlela uhlobo lwetekisi kunye nolwimi ezithi zibonise ngayo injongo, abaphulaphuli kunye nomxholo weetekisi. Abafundi bayaqqa bacinge nzulu ngokuthi bafunde eklasini naxa befunda ngokuzimeleyo.

Ukufunda/ukubukela kudibanisa imiba emibini: 1) ukufunda nokusebenza iindlela zokucazulula nokuqonda itekisi 2) ukufunda nokusebenza ulwazi lweempawu zetekisi. Yomibini le miba kufuneka ibe khona kumyalelo wokufunda/wokubukela iitekisi zoncwadi nezingezizo ezoncwadi.

Umxholo wokufunda/wokubukela ulungelelaniswe:

- 1) ekufundeleni ukuqonda
- 2) ekufundeleni ukufunda okusesikweni (uncwadi olumiselweyo) kunye
- 3) nokuzifundela uwedwa okwandisiweyo.

Inkqubo nobuchule bokufunda

Umyalelo wokufunda unokubandakanya amanqanaba amathathu awandisa ukuqondisisa itekisi. La manqanaba ale nkqubo akayi kusetyenziswa ngalo lonke ixesha kufundwa. Umzekelo, xa abafundi befunda udidi lwetekisi okanye loncwadi olungaqhelekanga kubo okanye abaqalayo ukudibana nalo kuya kufuneka benze umsebenzi **waphambi kokufunda** obabonisa iimpawu eziphambili zolu hlobo lwetekisi, loo nto ibancedisa ekunxulumaniseni oko kubhaliweyo kwitekisi namava abo. Imisebenzi **yangexesha lokufunda** ixhobisa abafundi ukuba bakwazi ukuhlalutya isakhiwo sayo kunye neempawu zolwimi ngokunzulu. **Umsebenzi wasemva kokufunda** usenokhuthaza abafundi ukuba babhale ngokwabo udidi loncwadi ngetekisi ebhaliweyo abaziyilele ngokwabo.

- Inkqubo yaphambi kokufunda
- Inkqubo yangeli xesha ufundayo
- Inkqubo yasemva kokufunda

Inkqubo yaphambi kokufunda

Abafundi bangalungiselelwa ukufunda itekisi ngeendlela ezininzi kuxhomekekwe kuhlobo lwetekisi kunye nomgangatho wokuqqa womfundi. Ivuselela unxulumanano nolwazi lwangaphambili.

- Abafundi bakhuthazwa ukuba baxoxe ngabakulindeleyo kwitekisi ngokubhekiselele kulwazi oluhambisana nemifanekiso okanye iifoto, uhlobo lwetekisi, uyilo, iphepha elibhalwe isihloko nombali wencwadi, isiqulatho, izahluko, uluhlu lweenkcazel magama olusetyenzisiweyo, isalathiso sencwadi, isihlomelo, iingcaciso eziba sekupheleni kwepepheta.
- Ukufunda ngokukhawuleza nangokukrwaqula iimpawu zetekisi, umz: isihloko setekisi, izahluko, izahlukwana, iinkcukacha zezinto ezibonakalayo nemizobo, umz. Ifonti nokudwelisa ngamanani, isalathiso, imizobo, itshathi, ingcaciso yemifanekiso, imibhalo ebhalwe ngqindilili, imibhalo ekekeleyo, izihloko, izihlokwana, nezinye iimpawu ezifumaneka kwitekisi ngokwahlukana, iimephu, iimenuy ezivela zisehla wakuzicofa ekhompyutheni, ukukhangela ngegama elingundoqo (ekhompyutheni) njalo njalo.
- Ukuqwaqula nokubalekisa amehlo ukhangela iindawo ezithile zencwadi, umz. Isihloko, isalathiso, izahluko, uluhlu lwamagama, i-indeksi, isihlomelo, iingcaciso eziba sekupheleni kwepepheta
- Ukufunda ngokukhawuleza ingcinga ephambili, nokunika izimvo zakho kwingxoxo yaphambi kokufunda
- Ukufunda ngokukhawuleza ukufumana izimvo ezixhasa ulovo oluphambili.
- Ukuqikelela usebenzisa iinkcukacha ozifumene ngethuba ufunda ngokukhawuleza

Inkqubo yangeli xesha ufundayo

- Ukuqikelela intsingiselo yamagama angaqhelekanga nemifanekiso ngokusebenzisa izakhono zokufunda amagama amatsha nomxholo
- Ukuphinda ufunde kwakhona/ukuphonononga
- Ukuzoba umfanekiso ngqondweni
- Ukuqonda intsingiselo (uzalwano, umxholo, ulwakhiwo lwamagama, njl-njl.)
- Ukuba nokuphendula imibuzo
- Ukuthatha amanqaku (ingcinga ephambili kunye neengcinga ezixhasayo)
- Ukushwankathela ingcinga ephambili neengcinga ezixhasayo ngokwamanqaku/ngokomhlathi ngokobude obulindelekileyo.
- Ukucacisa umcimbi ekufundwa ngawo
- Ukwenza ingqikelelo ngokubhaliweyo
- Ukuchaza/ukuphonononga iingqikelelo zombhali nokubeka izigqibo malunga netekisi

Inkqubo yasemva kokufunda

- Ukuphendula imibuzo emalunga netekisi ukususela kwelula ukuya kwenzima
- Ukubeka izigqibo/izimvo zakho malunga netekisi
- Ukuphonononga/ukuxoxa ngeendlela ezahlukeneyo evakala ngazo itekisi
- Ukuthelekisa nokuchasanisa
- Ukuphicotha/ukubhala isishwankathelo
- Ukusebenzisa itekisa ukufunda ulwimi nesigama, umz. Ukubhala itekisi ngokutsha usebenzisa elinye ixesha, njengexesha elizayo
- Ukuzakhela olwakhe uhlobo loncwadi (apho kunokwenzeka)
- Ulwazi olunzulu lolwimi:
 - Ukwahlula phakathi kolwazi oluyinyani noluvo
 - Intsingiselo ngqo nebekwe ngokumayana
 - Intsingiselo eyiyo necingelwayo
 - Ulwazi oluthile lwezentlalo nopolitiko kunye nezenkcubeko olumalunga neetekisi kunye nombhali
 - Ifuthe lokukhethwa nokushiywa kokuthile kwintsingiselo
 - Unxulumano phakathi kolwimi namagunya

- Ulwimi olunovakalelo nolulukuhlayo, olunomkhetho, olubonisa ukuthanda icala elithile, olunocalu-calulo, olusekelwe kwizimvo ezibethelelekileyo, iilwimi zengingqi, iingqikelelo, iingxoxo, injongo yokufaka okanye ukungafaki ulwazi oluthile
- Ukwenza iitekisi ezintsha, oko kuthi, ukutshintsha isincoko esibalisayo sibe ngumdlalo, ingxoxo; sebenzisa itekisi ukufunda ulwimi nesigama, umz: ukubhala ngokutsha usebenzsa elinye ixesa.

Ukufumana intsingiselo kwiitekisi ezibonwayo (uluhlu lweetekisi eziyimizobo nezibonwayo):

Abaundi abaninzi bafumana ulwazi ngokuphanda kwiintanethi endaweni yencwadi. Ilitherasi yokubonwayo yinkalo ebalulekileyo yesifundo, yaye ikhompyutha ngumthombo otyebileyo wolwazi. Qwalasela indlela ebaluleke ngayo indlela ekubhalwa ngayo (olumi ngayo ulwazi) kwiwebhusayithi ezithandwayo; indlela abafaki bezibhengezo abawutsala ngayo umdra; indlela ukuhamba-hamba nombala ezidlala ngayo indima ephambili ekukulukuhleleni ukuba uye kwezinye iiwebhusayithi.

- Izakhono zokucenga: ulwimi oluchukumisayo, olucengayo, oluthambekel bucala/oluqhathayo
- Indlela ulwimi nemifanekiso eziveza zithundeze ngayo izithethe neendlela zokucinga, imifanekiso nolwimi olunocalu-calulo ngokwesini, ngokobuhlanga, ngokobudala okanye oluxhomekeke ekuhlutshezweni ziingcinga ezingeyonyani kodwa esezi zibethelelekile ezingqondweni ngakumbi kwizibhengezo
- Ifuthe lokusetyenziswa kweendidi zeefonti nobungakani bazo, izihloko nengcaciso yemifanekiso.
- Ukuhlalutya, ukufumana intsingiselo nokuphendla uluhlu lweekhathuni/izicwili ezhilekisayo.

Imisebenzi yokufunda nohlobo lomfundu olindelekileyo

Ukufunda okulungiselelwego (Ukufunda ngokuvakalayo)

- Ukusetyenziswa kwethoni, ukunyuka nokuhla kwelizwi, isantya, ukujonga abaphulaphuli, indlela yokuma nezijekulo/iintshukumo zomzimba
- Ukubiza amagama ngendalela engayitshintshiyo intsingiselo

Ukufunda okungalungiselelwanga (ukufunda ngokuvakalayo)

- Ukufunda ngokutyibilika ngokwenjongo enikiweyo
- Ukubiza amagama ngendalela engatshintshi ntsingiselo
- Ukusetyenziswa kwethoni, ukunyuka nokuhla kwelizwi, isantya, ukujonga abaphulaphuli, indlela yokuma nezijekulo/iintshukumo zomzimba

Ukufundela ukuqonda

- Ukufunda itekisi ngocoselelo nangokunzulu (ukufundela ukuqonda)
- Ukuqonda itekisi ngokupheleleyo – iimpawu zetekisi – izihloko zeetekisi, imizobo, iigrafu, iitshathi, imizobo, izihloko ezingaphakathi, izihlokvana, ukulandelelana ngokwamanani, iingcaciso zemifanekiso, izihloko eziphambili, isakhiwo, umzekelo, iikholam zamaphephandaba, njalo njalo
- Ukubonisa ukufunda ngokuzimeleyo (ukufunda gabalala ufundela ukuzonwabisa, ulwazi nokufunda kwasesikolweni (*learning*))
- Ulwazi olunzulu lolwimi (ukwazi ngentsingiselo ecacileyo nefihlakeleyo yamagama nokuba ineentsingiselo nemiyalezo efihlakeleyo, umzekelo, izimvo ezibethelelekileyo kodwa ezingeyonyani, umdla neenjongo ezithambekele ecaleni zesithethi)

UKUFUNDA NGOKUNZULU

a) Ukufunda ngokunzulu iitekisi ezimfutshane ezibhaliweyo usenzela UKUQONDA kwizinga legama

Abafundi basebenzisa iindidi ngeendidi zeendalela zokucazulula iitekisi. Bakha isigama ngokusebenzisa amagama athile nokufundisa ngawo.

- Ukusebenzisa izichazi-magama, iithesarasi neminye imithombo yokwandisa ulwazi ukuqaphela intsingiselo, upelo nokuphinyiselwa (ukubizwa) kwamagama nesigaba sentetho zamagama angaqhelekanga.
- Ukuchonga intsingiselo yezimaphambili nezimamva.
- Ukuqaphela intsingiselo yamagama neempawu eziwafaka kumaqela athile amagama usebenzisa ulwazi lweengcambu, izimamva nezimaphambili eziqhelekileyo.
- Ukusebenzisa umxholo wetekisi (umzekelo, iintsingiselo zezivakalisi), iimpawu zokubhala (umzekelo, iziphumlisi, iimpawu zocaphulo) iimpawu zokubhala ezibhalwe ekhompyutheni (umzekelo, ukubhala ngqindilili) ukukhangela intsingiselo yamagama angaqhelekanga.
- Ukuqaphela usingiselo nokusetyenziswa kwezaci namaqhalo.
- Ukwahlula phakathi kwentsingiselo ecingelwayo nentsingiselo ecacileyo yentsusa.
- Ukuchonga imvelaphi yamagama nokusetyenziswa kwamagama amatsha umz iziyelelane, isitsotsi, amagama emboleko.
- Ukwahlula phakathi kwamagama ekulula ukuwahidanisa: Oomabizwahluke, comabizwafane, izithethantonye.
- Ukuqaphela uluhlu olubanzi Iwezishunqulelo, umz iiakhronimi (amagama akhiwe ngoonobumba bokuqala bamanye amagama), oonobumba bokuqala bamagama abantu (*initials*)
- Ukusebenzisa ulwazi Iwegrama ukucazulula intsingiselo. Jonga izakhiwo zolwimi – Uluhlu olubonisayo ngasezantsi.

b) Ukufunda ngokunzulu iitekisi ezimfutshane usenzela UKUQONDA kwizinga lesivakalisi nelomhlathi

Abafundi basebenzisa ulwazi abanalo lolwimi ukuqonda isakhiwo sesivakalisi nokucwangcisa kweetekisi. Ukufunda itekisi kweli zinga kunika ithuba lokufundisa izakhi zolwimi ngokuhlangeneyo.

- Ukuchonga, ukucacisa nokuhlalutya intsingiselo nemisebenzi yezakhi zolwimi nemigaqo kwiitekisi. Jonga Izakhi zolwimi – Uluhlu olubonisayo ngasezantsi.
- Ukuchonga isakhiwo seetekisi ezisetyenziswa kwiinjongo ezahlukeneyo (umzekelo, ingcaciso, inkcazel, unobangela nefuthe) kwikarityhulam xa iyonke ngokunxulumene namagama aguqu-guqukayo/ izibandakanyi, umz. Kwelinye icala, okokuqala, kuba). Jonga ekubhaleni/ekunikezeleni ngeendidi zetekisi ezifanelekileyo.

c) Ukufunda ngokunzulu iitekisi ezimfutshane ezibhaliwego usenzela UKUQONDA kwizinga letekisi epheleleyo

Abafundi basebenzisa ulwazi abanalo ngeentlobo nakufundo lwetekisi esesikweni ukwenzela ukuqonda intsingiselo, injongo nefuthe letekisi yonke.

- Ukuzalanisa itekisi namava abo.
- Ukuchonga uhlobo lwetekisi nenjongo yayo, umzekelo, ingxoxo elukuhlayo.
- Ukuchonga nokucacisa ingcinga yombhali neenjongo.
- Ukulungelelanisa amacandelo eetekisi okanye iitekisi ezipheleleyo ukwenzela ukufikelela kwizigqibo.
- Ukufikelela esiqqibeni; ukuveza nokuxhasa uluvo Iwakho

d) Ukufunda ngokunzulu iitekisi ezimfutshane usenzela UKUSHWANKATHELA NOKUTHABATHA AMANQAKU.

Abafundi basebenzisa ulwazi abanalo ngeempawu zetekisi ukushwankathela itekisi. Jonga ezi ndlela zokufunda zingasentla.

- Ukukrwaqua nokubalekisa amehlo kwiingongoma eziphambili nomxholo.
 - Ukuhluza iingongoma eziphambili kwiinkcukacha ezizixhasayo.
 - Ukubhala iingongoma eziphambili ngamazwi akho.
 - Ukulandeelanisa izivakalisi nokusebenzisa izibandakanyi neziqhagamshelanisi ukuzidibanisa zenze itekisi
- e) Ukufunda ngokunzulu kwiitekisi ezimfutshane usenzela ULWAZI OLUNZULU LOLWIMI.**

Abafundi basebenzisa ulwazi abanalo ngendlela ulwimi olunokudala lumilisele ngayo ulwalamano phakathi komvelisi wetekisi nomfundi. Bahlalutya uluvo oluthile oluvela kwitekisi ebhaliwego.

- Ukuchonga nokuxoxa/ukuphonononga ulwimi oluchukumisayo noluqhathayo.
- Ukuchonga, nokuxoxa/ukuphonononga ulwimi olucalanye, oludlelelelayo noluqulathe iingcinga ezibethelelekileyo.

- Ukuchonga, nokuxoxa/ukuphonononga iingqikelelo nokucacisa ifuthe lazo.
 - Ukuchonga nokuxoxa ngentsingiselo ecingelwayo nokuzigqibela.
 - Ukuchonga nokuxoxa ngentsingiselo ecacileyo nefihlakeleyo
 - Ukucebisa ngenjongo yokuqukwa nokwahlulwa kolwazi
 - Ukuqaphela uluvo lombhali/lomvelisi
- f) Ukufunda ngokunzulu IITEKISI EZINEEMO EZININZI KUNYE NEETEKISI EZIBONWAYO (itekisi ezineemo ezininzi zisebenzisa imathiriyeli ebonwayo nebhaliwego kwitekisi nganye, umzekelo, izibhengezo, iikhathuni. Oku kungadityanisa nolwimi oluthethwayo nezijekulo).

Abafundi basebenzisa ulwazi abanalo ngemifanekiso nezibonwayo ukuqonda indlela ezincedisa ngayo ekubhaleni iitekisi zemalthimidiya. Abafundi basebenzisa ulwazi olunzulu lolwimi lwefilim ukuqonda nokuqwalasela izinto zetekisi ezibonwayo nefuthe lazo.

- Ukuchonga nokuxoxa ngendlela izinto ezibonwayo ezihlanganiswe ngayo kwitekisi ebhaliwego kwiitekisi zemalthimidiya, umzekelo, inkangeleko, imifanekiso, ingcombolo yolwazi.
- Ukuchonga nokuxoxa ngenjongo nomyalezo kwiitekisi ezibonwayo ukhangela ulwazi, umzekelo, iigrafu, iitheyibhile, iidotyhumentari, iitshathi, iimephu.
- Ukuchonga nokuxoxa ngomyalezo nokusebenza ngokukuko kwezinto ezibonwayo zezibhengezo nobudlelwane phakathi kwezinto ezibhaliwego nezibonwayo.
- Ukuchonga nokuxoxa ngenjongo nomyalezo kwiitekisi ezibonwayo ezibonisa ulwalamano, umzekelo, ubungqina boyilo, imizobo, iiphayi-tshathi, iimephu, izicwangciso.
- Ukuchonga nokuxoxa ngenjongo, iimpawu zobugcisa noyilo lweetekisi ezibonwayo ezenzelwe iinjongo ezithile zoyilo, umzekelo, iifoto, ifilim, uyilo.
- Ukuchonga nokuxoxa ngenjongo nomyalezo kwiitekisi ezibonwayo kusenzelwa ukuzonwabiso nokuziyolisa, umzekelo, ifilim, iikhathuni, iividio zomculo, izicwili ezhlekisayo.
- Ukuchonga nokuxoxa ngomyalezo nokusebenza ngokukuko kweetekisi ezibonwayo ezixhasa ukuthetha, umzekelo, iipowusta, imizobo, idatha projektha.
- (Kufundo lokuzixhobisa lwefilim kuphela) Ukuchonga, ukuqonda, ukuhlalutya nokuphonononga ulwalamano phakathi kwesandi, intetho, isiganeko nezinto ezibonwayo kwifilim nezinye iisimo zokuviva-kubonwa

UKUFUNDA OKUSESIKWENI KWEETEKISI ZONCWADI

Abafundi bafunda, baphonononge baze baphendule ngeempawu zobugcisa kwitekisi yoncwadi. Basebenzisa ulwazi lwabo olunzulu ngesigama esisetyenziswa xa kuthethwa ngoncwadi ukwenzela ukuba babe nolwazi olunzulileyo ngeetekisi zoncwadi.

QAPHELA: Ugxininiso kufundo lwetekisi esesikweni luza kutshintsha ngokuxhomekeke kwiincwadi ezimiselweyo/itekisi echongiwego.

- Ukuqonda iimpawu eziveleleyo zeemo ezahlukeneyo zoncwadi, umzekelo, umbongo uneempawu ezahlukeneyo kwezo zenoveli.
- Ukuchonga nokucacisa izafobe nezangotshe zokubhala ngokweetekisi ezahlukeneyo, umzekelo, isifaniso, isikweko, isihloniph, isimntwiso, imfanozandi, izifanadumo, ubaxo/ubabazo/uggithiso, uchasaniso, isigqebelo, impoxo, ukudodobala kobushushu bovuthondaba, imiqondiso, ukudlala ngamagama.
- Ukuchonga nokuxoxa ngenjongo yombhali okanye umvelisi.
- Ukucacisa ngochongo nokusebenza kwesigama **kwisihobe** nezinto ezixhasa umxholo waso. Oku kungaqua izigaba zentetho, imifanekiso-ntelekelelo, isakhiwo nezigaba zentetho ezixhomekeke kwisandi, umz. Isingqi, isingqisho, imfano-zandi.
- Ukucacisa ngochongo nokusebenza kwesigama **kwidrama** nendlela esiwuxhasa ngayo umxholo. Ukongeza kwizigaba zentetho nemifanekiso-ntelekelelo, kungaqukwa isakhiwo esihambelana nomxholo, uvuthondaba, ukuzotya kwabalinganiswa, izalathisi zeqonga, isigqebelo, isimo-sentlalo.
- Ukucacisa ngochongo nokusebenza kwesigama **kumabali amafutshane/kwiinovel/kwiifilim** nezinto ezixhasa umxholo waso. Ukongeza kwizigaba zentetho nemifanekiso-ntelekelelo, fakela indima kanobalisa, izakhiwo, umzekelo, isakhiwo, ingabula-zigcawu, ukukhula kwempixano, impixano, uvuthondaba, ukuhla kovuthondaba, uthilo-ndaba/isisombululo, isimo sentlalo.

UKUFUNDA/UKUBUKELA NGOKUZIMELEYO OKONGEZELELWEYO

Abafundi basebenzisa iindlela ebezisenziwa ngexesha befunda ngokunzulu nezikwitekisi esesikweni efundwayo elungiselelwwe ukufunda ngokuzimeleyo ngenjongo yokuzonwabiso nokuphanda. Kubalulekile kakhulu ukuba uititshala abancedise abafundi koku kulandelayo ngasezantsi:

- Ukufikelela kwithala leencwadi nokwazi ngemigaqo yokugcina iincwadi.
- Ukunika ubungqina bokufunda/bokubukela okongezelelweyo kwiintetho, kwiingxoxo nakwiirvyu zencwadi/zefilim/zenqubo.
- Ukufunda/ukubukela uluhlu olubanzi lweetekisi ezipheleleyo, umzekelo, iincwadi, iimagazini, amaphephandaba, iiwebhusayithi, iifilim, iidotyhummentari, amabali aqhubekayo kamabonakude ngexesha lekiasi nasemva kwexesha lekiasi.

Imizekelo yeendidi zemibuzo

Imibuzo engolwazi	<i>Kwenzeka ntoni emva koko..... ? Xela igama..... Chaza okwenzekayo..... Ngubani othethe no..... ? Ithini intsingiselo..... ?</i>
Imibuzo yokuvavanya ukuqonda	<i>Ngubani umlinganiswa ophambili..... ? Nika umzekelo..... Cacisa oko ngawakho amazwi.....</i>
Imibuzo engokusebenzi-sa ulwazi	<i>Ukhona omnye umzekelo ongacinga ngawo apha..... ? Uyakhumbula ukuba besikhangela izihlonipho - ungasicacisa njani isihlonipho ezikulo mqolo?</i>
Imibuzo yokuhlalutya	<i>Oku kufana njani..... ? Oku kwahluke njani..... ? Nguwuphi umxholo ongundoqo apha..... ? Ucinga ntoni..... ?</i>
Imibuzo yoluphicotha	<i>Kuninzi esikufundileyo malunga nomlinganiswa oyintloko – khawukudibanise ucacise lo mlinganiswa. Ngumntu onjani?</i>
Imibuzo yokuphonononga	<i>Kuluncedo kanjani..... ? Ikhona enye indlela engcono..... ? Uthanda eyiphi imibongo kule mibini? Kuba kutheni?</i>

Ukukhetha uhlobo lwetekisi okanye loncwadi

Ootitshala kufuneka baqiniseke ukuba abafundi bafunda uluhlu lweetekisi neentlobo zoncwadi apha enyakeni. Kufuneka kubekho uhambelwano phakathi kweetekisi ezimfutshane nezinde naphakathi kokufundela iinjongo ezahlukenyeo, umzekelo, ukufundela ukuxabisa (ukufunda itekisi ngokusesikweni xa kufundwa uncwadi) iitekisi ezisasazwa ngokubanzi kumajelo osasazo, iitekisi ezibonwayo ezilungiselelwe ukonwatylewa (Jonga “litekisi ezityenziswayo ekufundiseni izakhono ezidityanisiwego zolwimi”).

IINTLOBO ZEETEKISI EZIFUNDWAYO	
Isihobe	<p>Mibini imibuzo afanele ukuzibusa yona umfundu xa efunda isihobe: Kuthethwa ngantoni? Ndazi kanjani? Umbuzo wesibini wongeza kulo wokuqala, owokuqala ukuxhobisa ngokuza kuvezwa ngowesibini. Bonke ababhali boncwadi babhala kuba benento yokuthetha - into enomtsalane nebalulekileyo kwelo qela labantu balibhalelayo. Itekisi siyifundela ukuxhasa, ukucacisa, ukutyhila oko umbhali akuthethayo kuthi. Lo msebenzi uquka ukujonga ukusetyenziswa kolwimi, ukwakhiwa kwezivakalisi, iivesi nemibongo ngokubanzi, ukukhethwa kwemifanekiso, isinqisho, isandi; seemvakalelo ezivuselelwa yiloo mifanekiso-ngqondweni. Konke oku ziinzame zokufikelela kwisigqibo esibalulekileyo esibonisa ukuba imbongi ifuna ukuthini. Kunqabile ukuba kubekho isiggibo ekufundweni kombongo osemgangathweni.</p> <p>Ezi zinto zidweliswe apha ngezantsi ziza kukwenza ukuba uwazi umyalezo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Intsingiselo ecacileyo • Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo • Isimo • Umongo nomyalezo • Imifanekiso-ngqondweni • Izafobe, imifanekiso-ntelekelelo, uchongo lwamagama, uhlalutyo, ithoni, imibuzo-buciko, uvakalelo, imiqolo, isigama, izitanza, isinqisho, iimpawu zokubhala, uphindha-phindo, imfanozandi, ienjambamenti

IINTLOBO ZEETEKISI EZIFUNDWAYO	
Idrama/umdlalo	<p>Idrama ayingomagama nolwimi nje kuphela: yintshukumo, ilizwi, ukukhanya nobumnyama, intsebenziswano nentetho, ukwenziwa komdlalo eqongeni. Indlela oqhubeka ngayo umdlalo ibalulekile, indlela abadlali abadlala ngayo, benza ntoni? Abathethi nini? Inkangeleko yobuso iyitshintsha njani intsingiselo yomqolo? – konke oku kuyalahleka xa umdlalo uwufunda njengenoveli. Noxa kunjalo akulunganga ukubonisa ividiyo yomdlalo ungekayifundisi/abafundi bengakayifundi ngokupheleleyo, bayixoxe ze bayidlale eklasini. Ngaphandle koko ividiyo ingawona (ingawonakalisa) umdlalo, kuncinci okuthi konakalise indlela eqondwa ngayo intsingiselo.</p> <p>Ingqikelelo idlala indima enkuwu ekufundweni komdlalo. Ukuba nombono wokuba abadlali banjani, imiqolo mingaphi, isithethi sithetha into eyiyo na, zezona zinto zidlala indima enkuwu ekusebenzeni ngedrama eklasini. Isakhiwo nezakhiwana, iindima yabalinganiswa, ukubunjwa kwabo, isimo sentlalo nengabula–zicgawu (kuphela aphi iya kuba yimfuneko ukuze uqondwe umdlalo), isantya, ukusetyenziswa kwemiqondiso nemifanekiso-ngqondweni, ubuchule bedrama obufana nokuthetha yedwa komlinganiswa; isigqebelo sedrama, izalathisi zaseqongeni, isihlekiso, ulunqa/ukuxhalaba (<i>tension</i>) intlekele okanye impoxo, zonke izithako zohlalutyo zibalulekile ukuba zifundwe xa kuhlalutya idrama.</p> <p>Oku kulandelayo kukhulisa ulwazi lwabafundi malunga netekisi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Isakhiwo nesakhiwana (intshayebole, ukukhula kwempixano, ungquzulwano, uvuthondaba, ukuhla kwempixano/ukusombuluka kwezinto nesiphelo, uphuphelo (<i>foreshadowing</i>) nosingiselo kwisiganeko esigqithileyo (<i>flashback</i>) • Ukuzotya/ukubunjwa kwabalinganiswa • Indima yombalisi/unobalisa/uluvo Iwakhe • Umongo nomyalezo • Imvelaphi nesimo sentlalo – ngokunxulumene nomlinganiswa nomxholo • Isakhiwo sedrama: Isakhiwo, isakhiwana (Intshayebole/ingabula-zicgawu, ukukhula kwempixano, uvuthondaba) • Isimo nethowuni/imvakalozwi • Isigqebelo/isiphelo esisisothuso (<i>ironic twist/ending</i>) • Izalathisi zaseqongeni • Unxulumano phakathi kwencoko yababini/incoko yoyedwa kune nesiganeko • Isigqebelo sedrama (<i>dramatic irony</i>) • Ixesha lokulandelelana kweziganeko (<i>timeline</i>)
Ufundu Iwefilim (abafundi bayifundisela ukwandisa ulwazi hayi ukuhlolwa)	<p>Ufundu Iwefilim aluyonto inye nokufunda inovel. Nangona ukufundwa kwefilm kunokuthatha indlela enye nokufundwa kwedrama nenovel, ‘ubuchule bomatshini wokubonisa umboniso bhanya-bhanya’ (<i>cinematographic techniques</i>) obudweliswe apha ngaphantsi bufuna uqwelaselo olulodwa. ‘Ukufunda’ ifilim ngovakalelo nangokuchanekileyo kuxhomekeke ekubenit uziqwalasele kangakanani na izinto ezifana nezi: ukuhlela, ukohlula Izitanza (<i>cutting</i>) ukufota (<i>camera shots</i>), indibaniso yeminye imifanekiso ukwenza umfanekiso omtsha (<i>montage</i>), umboniso (<i>mis-en-scene</i>) umculo, isinxibo, ukukhanya kune nesandi. Ukuwazi ukufunda ifilim kwesi isigaba kukhulisa lowo uyibukelayo: kumthatha kumbeke kumgangatho ongasentla ofana nokwazi ukuba abo bathatha inxaxheba, abafana nomphathi (<i>director</i>), umhleli, benza njani ukulawula uvakalelo lwethu ngaloo nto siyibukeleyo.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ingxoxo yababini kune nesenzo nonxulumano kubadlali nomxholo • Umxholo, umxholwana, ukuzotya kwabatlali, ungquzulwana, injongo yomdlalo, isigqebelo sedrama, isigqebelo esisisothuso nesiphelo • Isakhiwo somdlalo nezalathisi zeqonga • Umyalezo nomxholo nendlela ezithungelana ngayo kwitekisi • Ubuchule bomatshini wokubonisa umboniso bhanya-bhanya (<i>cinematographic techniques</i>) (obubonwayo, obuviyayo nobuviywa-bubonwa) obufana nokusetyenziswa kombala, ukubhalwa kwentetho yesithethi (<i>subtitle</i>), ukwakheka, Ingxoxo yababini, umculo, isandi, ukukhanya, ukuhlela, okuvela emfanekisweni wabatlali (<i>framing</i>), indlela yokufota, ubuchule bekhamera, ukuhambisa ikhamera, ukufotela kufutshane nokufotela kude abadlali okanye indawo ekwifilim.

IINTLOBO ZEETEKISI EZIFUNDWAYO	
Inovel, amabali amafutshane, amabali emveli (lintsomi, amabali angamaqhawe, iintsomi ezingembali)	<p>Amabali (inovel, ibali elifutshane namabali emveli) afuna ukufundwa, ukuxoxwa nokonwatyelwa. Ukufunda itekisi ngokuvakalayo eklasini kunexabiso elikhulu ngakumbi xa abafundi bengakuthandi okanye besonqena ukufunda. Funda ngokukhawuleza ugcine umda ngokulinganisa okanye ngokuthelekelela, ukujongisisa nokuxabisa. Imisebenzi elula efana nesishwankathelo esiqikelelwayo (ukushwankathela ibali ngokwale ndawo sele ifundiwe, ushwankathelela umhlobo ngamagama alinani elithile; ukugcina umzobo obonwayo aphi eklasini; ukuvula ifayile yabalinganiswa abaphambili) ibenza abafundi baliqonde ngokukhawuleza ibali. Emva kokuyifunda okokuqala incwadi, abafundi kufuneka bazi umahluko phakathi kokubalisa (<i>kwenzekani</i> emva koku?) nesakhiwo (<i>kutheni kwenzeke oku?</i>); ukuze bacinge ngeentsingiselo ezilindelekileyo nokuhlalutywa kwebali; bajonge indlela umbhali alusebenzise ngayo ulwimi ukuzoba abalinganiswa (ingcaciso nentetho ngqo); indlela abaphethene ngayo abalinganiswa; isimo sentlalo (ulwimi oluchazayo, ukrobiso olwenzeka kwinovel); nokuzama ukujonga iimbono, iingcinga neendlela zokucinga ezifihlakeleyo esekwe phezu kwayo inovel xa iyonke. Zonke iinkcube, noninzi lwabantu, ziphila ubomi obuzele ngamabali. Nokuba wenzani utitshala ngenovel namabali eklasini, okubalulekileyo kukuba abafundi mabalonwabele ukuze lihlale lihleli ezingqondweni zabo.</p> <p>Oku kulandelayo kukhulisa ulwazi lwabafundi malunga ngetekisi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uhlobo loncwadi neendidi • Isakhiwo nesakhiwana (intshayebole, ukukhula kwempixano, uvuthondaba, nesiphelo, uphuphelelo (<i>foreshadowing</i>), usingiselo kwisiganeko esigqithileyo (<i>flashback</i>) • Impixano • Abalinganiswa • Ukuzotywa/ukubunjwa kwabalinganiswa • Indima yombalisi/kanobalisa • Imiyalezo nemixholo • Imvelaphi nesimo sentlalo ngokunxulumene nomlinganiswa nomxholo • Ukuhlalutywa, Isimo, isigqebelo/isiphelo esisisothuso • Ulunqa nezothuso
Ezinye iitekisi ezifundwayo	lipowusta, iitshathi, iimephu, iigrafu, iikhathuni, iimagazini, amaphephandaba, iiwebhusayithi, iiflim, iidotyhumentari, uchunge-chunge lomdlalo kamabona-kude ngexesha lesikolo nasemva kokuphuma kwesikolo.

UBUDE BEETEKISI EZIFUNDWAYO			
ITEKISI	IBANGA LESI-7	IBANGA LESI-7	IBANGA LESI-7
litekisi zokufunda ngokuvakalayo	Izivakalisi ezi-5 – 6 Umhlathi om-1	Izivakalisi ezi-5 – 8 Imihlathi emi-2	Izivakalisi ezi-5 – 10 Imihlathi emi-3
litekisi zokufundela ukuqonda/ ukufunda ngokunzulu	Amagama angama-350-400	Amagama angama-400-450	Amagama angama-450-500
Ukufunda ngokuzimeleyo	Isihobe, ibali elifutshane, uncwadi lwemveli, inovel nedrama – ngaloo ndlela ibekwe yiCAPS kunye neetekisi ezingezizo ezoncwadi	Isihobe, ibali elifutshane, uncwadi lwemveli, inovel nedrama – ngaloo ndlela ibekwe yiCAPS kunye neetekisi ezingezizo ezoncwadi	Isihobe, ibali elifutshane, uncwadi lwemveli, inovel nedrama – ngaloo ndlela ibekwe yiCAPS kunye neetekisi ezingezizo ezoncwadi
Isishwankathelo	Amagama angama-70-80 kwitekisi enamagama angama-250	Amagama angama-70-80 kwitekisi enamagama angama-260	Amagama angama-70-80 kwitekisi enamagama angama-280

IITEKISI EZISETYENZISWAYO EKUFUNDISENI IZAKHONO EZIDITYANISIWEYO ZOLWIMI KWISIGABA ESIPHEZULU (IBANGA LESI-7 – 9)

Ukongeza kwiitekisi zoncwadi zokufunda okusesikweni, iindidi zoncwadi eziya kufundwa ukususela kwiBanga 7 – 9 ziquka iitekisi ezibhaliwego, ezibonwayo nezemalthimidiya ezineenjongo ngeenjongo. Ezinye iitekisi ziya kufundelwa umgangatho wokonwabeleka kwazo; ezinye iitekisi zifundwe njengemizekelo yeendidi zoncwadi nangezikhokelo (iimodeli) zokubhala.

Iitekisi zoncwadi zokufunda okusesikweni. Uluhlu ekufuneka lufundwe kwisigaba esiphezulu xa sisonke lindidi zoncwadi ezimiselwego Isihobe (ibanga lesi-7 – imibongo emi-10) (ibanga lesi-8 – imibongo emi-15) (ibanga le-9 – imibongo emi-15)	Iitekisi ezibhaliwego zolwazi Izichazi-magama liensayiklophidiya Izicwangciso zamaxesha lincwadi zeminxeba lincwadi zabafundi zokufunda / zolwimi lithesarasi lithayimtheyibhile Izikhokelo zeenkubo zikamabonakude	Iitekisi zemaltimidiya/iitekisi ezibonwayo zolwazi litshathi, iimephu ligrafu, iitheyibhile, iiphayi-tshathi Izazobe zokucinga (imephu yengqondo), imizobo lipowusta liflaya, iiphamflethi, iibrowutsha Izalathisi (<i>signs</i>) neesimboli lidotyhummentari zikamabonakude liwebhupheyiji, iisayithi zeintanethi, iiblogu Ifacebook nezinye iinethiwekhi zonxibelwelwano Uboniso lwedatha eludongeni (<i>Data projection</i>) Amacwecwe eprojektha (iitransparensi)
Amabali amafutshwane (ibanga lesi-7 – amabali ama-4 - 5 – amaphepha ama-3 - 5 kwibali ngalinye) (ibanga lesi-8 – amabali ama-5 - 7 – amaphepha ama-3 - 5 kwibali ngalinye) (ibanga le-9 – amabali asi-7 - 10 – amaphepha ama-3 - 5 kwibali ngalinye) Uncwadi lwemveli (ibanga lesi-7 – amabali ama-4 - 5 – amaphepha ama-3 - 5 kwibali ngalinye) (ibanga lesi-8 – amabali ama-5 - 7 – amaphepha ama-3 - 5 kwibali ngalinye) (ibanga le-9 – amabali ama-7 - 10 – amaphepha ama-3 - 5 kwibali ngalinye)	Iitekisi eziviwayo ezibhaliwego lingxoxo zababini lintetho lingoma Iziqhulo	Iitekisi zemaltimidiya/iitekisi ezibonwayo ezenzelwa ukuxabisa lifilim lifoto Imizobo
Idrama (ibanga lesi-7 – Umdlalo ondima-1 - 2 – amaphepha ali-10 - 20) (ibanga lesi-8 – Umdlalo ondima-2 - 3 – amaphepha angama-20 - 30 pages) (ibanga le-9 – Umdlalo ondima-3 - 5 – amaphepha angama-30 - 50)	Iitekisi ezibhaliwego zoqhagamshelwano nonxibelelwano lileta lidayari Izimemo li-imeyile Imiyalezo ebhalwayo yefowuni (<i>ii-sms</i>), itwitter Amanqaku abhaliwego (iinowuthsi) lingxoxo	Iitekisi zemaltimidiya/iitekisi ezibonwayo ezenzelwa ukwandisa ulwazi nokuzonwabisa lifilim linkqubo zikamabonakude lividiyo zomculo likhathuni, iicaricature Izicwili zezihlekiso / iikhathuni Iziqhulo (ezizotywego) Imizobo ekroliwego (<i>iigraffiti</i>)
Ezokwandisa ulwazi lifilim Amabali akhethiweyo aqhubekayo kamabonakude/iidotyhummentari Imidlalo yerediyo Izincoko	Iitekisi ezibhaliwego zokuthetha nabantu kushishino lileta ezisesikweni I-Ajenda nemizuzu	Iitekisi eziphulaphulwayo linkqubo zerediyo Ukufundwa kweedrama Ukufundwa kweenoveli namabali amafutshane lintetho ezirekhodiwego Izibhengezo zerediyo, zikamabonakude, zamaphephandaba nezeemagazini

3.1. 3 Ukubhala nokunikezela

Ukubhala sisixhobo esinamandla sonxibelelwano esivumela abafundi ukuba bayile baze badlulise ulwazi neengcinga ngokundindeneyo. Ukusoloko befumana ithuba lokubhala kuluhlu lwemixholo, imisebenzi nezfundo kwenza abafundi bakwazi ukunxibelelana ngokusebenzayo nangokunobugcisa. Ukubhala okwenziwa ngokwamazinga ngamazinga (kuqalwa kokulula kuye kungenwa kokunzima) kusetyenziswa izakhelo zokubhala (ngelo xesha zifuneka ngalo), kukhupha ababali ababalaseleyo, nabankubhala ngemiba ngemiba nabaya kukwazi ukusebenzisa izakhono zabo ukupuhlisa nokunika iitekisi ezifanelekileyo, ezibonwayo nezemaltimidiya ezilungiselelwe uluhlu lweenjongo.

Ukubhala kubalulekile kuba kwenza abafundi bakwazi ukusinga ngegrama nopelo. Kukhuthaza abafundi ukuba bacingisise malunga nolwimi, kukhawulezisa ukuqondwa kolwimi kukwandisa ukuchaneka kokusetyenziswa kolwimi. Kwizigaba ezidlulileyo abafundi bafunde ukubhala uluhlu lweetekisi zoilo nezolwazi, besebenzisa izakhelo zokubhala njengenkxaso. Abafundi besigaba esiphezulu kulindeleke ukuba babbale iintlobo ezithile zeetekisi ngokuzimeleyo. Baya kuphinda basebenzise nenqubo yokubhala ukwenzela ukuvelisa iitekisi ezilungelelaniswe kakuhle, ezisebenzisa igramma ngokuchanekileyo.

Inkqubo neendlela zokubhala/ubuchule bokubhala

Ukubhala ngokukuko sisakhono esifuna ukupuhlisa sixhaswe. Nangona ukufunda kungumthombo obalulekileyo wokufakwa kolwazi engqondweni, kusetyenziswa ukubhala ukupuhlisa isakhono sokubhala. Umyalelo wokubhala uya kuquka ukusebenza ulandela inkqubo yokubhala. Noko kunjalo, akunyanzelekanga ukuba kusetyenziswe onke amanqanaba enkqubo yokubhala ngalo lonke ixesha. Umzekelo, ukuba umfundu ubhala uhlobo lwetekisi alwaziyo, akuyi kufuneka ukuba asihhalutye kakhulu isakhiwo sayo neempawu zolwimi. Kusenokubakho amaxesha apho ootitshala kuya kufuneka bajonge kakhulu kulwakhiwo lwezivakalisi okanye ukubhalwa kwemihlathi, okanye abafundi babbale iitekisi ezingenazidrafti xa belungiselela uviwo. Inkqubo yokubhala inala manqanaba alandelayo:

- Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala
- Ukuyila/Ukwenza iidrafti
- Ukuhlaziya
- Ukuhlela
- Ukulungisa iziphene
- Ukunikezela

Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala

- Ukuhlalutya isakhiwo, iimpawu zolwimi nolwimi olusetyenzisiwego kuhlobo lwetekisi olukhethiwego
- Thatha isiggibo malunga nenjongo kune nabaphulaphuli betekisi eza kubhalwa kune(okanye iyilwe
- Ukuggala iimfuno zesakhiwo, indlela yokubhala, icala elithatyathwayo okanye ulovo malunga noko abhala ngako
- Ukujula izimvo usebenzisa, umzekelo, izazobe zokucinga (imephu yengqondo), izintlu zeewebhu-sigcawu, iiflowu-tshathi okanye izintlu
- Ukuphanda kwimithombo efanelekileyo, uchonge ulwazi olufanelekileyo onokulusebenzisa

Ukuyila/Ukwenza iidrafti

- Ukusebenzisa izimvo ezingundoqo nezixhasayo ozifumene ngoku ubucwangcisa
- Ukwenza idrafti yokuqala uthathele ingqalelo injongo, abafundi bayo, isihloko nohlobo loncwadi
- Ukuqaphela uchongo Iwamagama ngokusebenzisa amagama, amabinzana neentetho ezifanelekileyo, ezichazayo nezivuseelayo ukwenza loo nto uyibhalileyo icace yaye ichaneke
- Ukubonisa uluvo lwakho ngokucacisa izithethe, iinkolelo namava
- Ukukhangela uluvo nohlobo lokubhala ngokulungiselela ulwimi nethoni eza kufanela abo baza kufunda loo nto ibhaliweyo kunye nenjongo yokubhala
- Ukufunda iidrafti ngokunzulu nokufumana izimvo zabanye (oogxa bakho baseklasini) malunga naloo nto uyibhalileyo;
- Ukubhala iinkcukacha ezichanekileyo zaloo tekisi ifunekayo (usebenzisa ucaphulo ukuxhasa izimvo zakho)

Ukuhlaziya, ukuhlela, ukulungisa iziphene nokunikezela ngokubhaliweyo

- Ukusebenzisa imilinganiselo emiselweyo ukuphendla umsebenzi wakho nowabanye usenzela ukuwuphucula.
- Ukuphucula uchongo Iwesigama, isakhiwo sezivakalisi nemihlathi (ukufaka ulwazi olongezelelweyo nokusebenzisa amagama afanelekileyo)
- Ukusebenzisa ulandelelana nokudityaniswa kwemihlathi
- UKususa ubumbolombini, isigama esingongezi ntsingiselo, uphinda-phindo olungafuneki nganto, ulwimi olungafanelekanga nolwimi oluthukayo
- Ukuphonononga umxholo, indlela yokubhala nolwimi olufanelekileyo
- Ukusebenzisa iimpawu zokubhala, upelo negrama ngokuchanekileyo nangokufanelekileyo
- Ukubhala idrafti yokugqibela equka ukuma okufanelekileyo, umzekelo izihloko neefonti
- Ukungenisa itekisi oyibhalileyo

Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi kwinkqubo yokubhala

Abafundi baza kufunda indlela **olusetyenziswa ngayo** ulwimi, baze bafunde ulwimi olusetyenziswa xa kuthethwa ngolwimi ('ulwimi olucacisa ulwimi'), ukwenzela ukuba bakwazi ukuphonononga iitekisi zabo nezinye ngokunzulu ngokwentsingiselo, ukufaneleka nokuchaneka. Baza kukwazi nokusebenzisa olu lwazi ukuziqhelanisa nolwimi ekwakheni intsingiselo ukususela kwinqanaba lamagama, elezivakalisi ukuya kweletekisi xa iyonke, kunye nokujonga ukuba itekisi izalana njani nomxholo wetekisi. Ngokusebenza ngoluhlu lweetekisi, abafundi bandisa ukusebenzisa kwabo isigama nokusebenzisa kwabo abakuqondayo malunga **nezakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi**.

Ulwazi Iwezakhi nemigaqo yolwimi luya kwenza abafundi bakwazi ukuvelisa iitekisi ezindindeneyo neziluqilima. Izakhi zolwimi kufuneka zifundiselwe ukwakha iitekisi ngokusemxholweni wokusetyenziswa kwazo. Ukusetyenziswa kwezakhi zolwimi makungaphelelei ekuhlalutyeni izivakalisi ezizimeleyo. Kufuneka kucacise indlela izivakalisi

ezakhiwa ngayo izivakalisi nokwakha iitekisi ezipheleleyo ezifana namabali, izincoko, iileta neegxelo abafunda ukuzifunda nokuzibhala abafundi esikolweni.

Imigaqo yolwimi (impawu zokubhala nopol)

- Ukusebenzisa izithuba, oonobumba abakhulu, iziphumlisi (iikoma), iimpawu zocaphulo, ikholoni, ukrwelelo lwamagama, ubhalo ngokukekeleyo, iqhagamshela, ubhalo ngokungqindilili, iisemikhloni, iideshi, izimeli-nobumba, izibiyeli
- Ukusebenzisa ulwazi lweendlela nemigaqo yokupela amagama ngokukuko nangokuchanekileyo:
 - Ulwazi ngokuma nemvelaphi yamagama.
 - Ulwazi ngeengcambu, izimaphambili nezimamva.
 - Ulwazi lwamalungu amagama.
- Ukusebenzisa izichazi-magama nezixhobo zokungqininisa upelo.
- Ukusebenzisa iimo zofinyezo noshuqulelo loonobumba ngokufanele uhlobo lobhalo nabantu ababhalelwayo

Uchongo/ukhetho lwamagama

- Ukusebenzisa iindidi zezenzi, zezichazi nezihlomelo ukunika inkukacha epheleleyo kunye nenkcazel evakalayo xa ubhala, umz, isincoko esibalisyaso nesichazayo.
- Ukusebenzisa izithethantonye, izichasi, oomabizwafane, oomabizwahluke, igama elinye kwibinzana ukuvakalisa ingqiqo ethile.
- Ukusebenzisa ulwimi olusesikweni kunye nolungekho sikweni ngokufanelekileyo.
- Ukusebenzisa amagama emboleko nalungiselewego asuka kwezinye ilwimi.
- Ukuxela okuyinyani wandule uvakalise izimvo zakho.
- Ukuvakalisa intsingiselo ecacileyo, efihlakeleyo nebhekisa kokuthile/enxulumene nemeko ethile.
- Ukuzenza umbhali ngokwendlela ogqithisa ngayo umyalezo.
- Ukuvakalisa izimvo zakho malunga neendlela zokuphila (izithethe), iindlela zokusinga, obona ngayo izinto, olusetyenziswa ngayo ulwimi olucalanye, oluvakalisa izimvo ezibethelelekileyo, oluchukumisayo, olulukuhlayo kunye noluqhathayo, umz, kwiitekisi ezicengayo ezinjengezincoko ezixoxayo namanqaku amaphephandaba.
- Ukubonisa imbeko nentlonipho ngokusebenzisa amagama athile xa ubhala iitekisi, umz. Kwingxoxo yababini nodliwano-ndlebe.
- Ukusebenzisa oovimba bolwazi abanjengezichazi-magama nethesarasi ukuchonga isigama esicacileyo nesivakalayo.

Irejista esetyenziswayo, isimbo sokubhala nelizwi lombhalo

- Ukusebenzisa irejista echanekileyo: esisekweni, esingekho sikweni, umz. Ukusebenzisa isimbo sencoko/ esingekho sikweni nomntu wokuqala kwileta yobuhlobo, ulwimi olusesikweni kwileta yaseburhulumenteni.
- Ukusebenzisa isigama esinongiwego (izafobe, izaci namaqhalo), ithoni, Isimo okanye uburharha ngokufanelekileyo.
- Ukuthetha ngqo nomfundi ngendlela eyodwa nefanelekileyo.
- Ukubhala ngokukholelekayo nangokuzithemba; musa ukubonakalisa ukungaluquineli uluvo lwakho.
- Ukusebenzisa izimvo/iimbono ezahlukeneyo xa kukho imfuneko

Ukwakhiwa kwezivakalisi ngokuchanekileyo

- Ukubhala iindidi zezivakalisi ezahlukeneyo ngokobude.
- Ukusebenzisa izigaba zentetho ngokukuko.
- Ukusebenzisa intloko, isenzi, injongosenzi, iindidi zamaxesha, iimo zezenzi, izilandulo, intetho ngqo, ingxelontetho, izixando.
- Ukusebenzisa imibuzo.
- Ukusebenzisa iindidi ezahlukeneyo zezivakalisi umz, isivakalisi esixelayo, umbuzo, izivakalisi ezifutshane, ezimbaxa, ezixananazileyo, ezixananazileyo zimbaxa
- Ukusebenzisa izibandakanyi, izimelabizo, izihlomelo, ukudibanisa izivakalisi zakho ngokukuko.
- Ukusebenzisa iindidi ezahlukeneyo zezimelabizo ukwenzela ukubonisa into ekujoliswe kuyo, ugxininiso, injongosenzi nokunciphisa uphinda-phindo olungeyomfuneko.
- Ukucwangcisa uze ulandeletanise amagama kwizivakalisi ngokukuko.
- Ukusebenzisa izivumelanisi ngokuchanekileyo

Ukubhalwa kwemihlathi ngokukuko

- Ukubhala ngokwamalungu ohlukeneyo omhlathi: isivakalisi esiyintloko, iingongoma ezingundoqo nezixhasayo, intshayelelo eyiyo, isiqu nesiphelo nesivakalisi sokuvala.
- Ukubhala imihlathi neetekisi ezahlukeneyo usebenzisa amagama namabinzana afana nala alandelayo:
 - Ukulandeletana kweziganeko: okokuqala, okwesibini, okwesithathu, phambi, emva, nini, de, okulandelayo, emva koko, kutshanje.
 - Ingcaciso/unobangela nefuthe: ngoko ke, ngenxa yesi sizathu, emva koko, ukusukela, ngenxa, kungenxa, kulandela, ukuba kuthe...kuya kuthi....
 - Umgaqo olandelwayo: okokuqala, okwesibini, okwesithathu.
 - Ukuthelekisa/ukuchasanisa: iyafana, yahlukile, incinci kule, inkulu kule, nangona, kodwa.

- Ukubeka ngokokubaluleka: rhoqo, ekugqibeleni.
- Ucwangcisa ngokobume bendawo: ngaphezulu, ngaphantsi, ngasekhohlo, ngasekunene, njalo njalo.
- Ukubhala ngokuthe gabalala: ngeliphandle, elokuggiba.
- Umhlathi obonakalisa izinto ozikhethayo: ngokokubona kwam, inkolelo, uluvo, ukuqonda, ndicinga ukuba, ndikhetha, ndikholelwa ukuba, kubonakala ngathi, ndikhetha/ndithanda/andithandi/ndithemba/ndibona ngathi.
- Umhlathi ocalulayo: ingohlulwa ngolu hlobo, luhlobo lwe..., ingena kwii..., yeyee..., ingena phantsi kwe... izalana ne..., inxulumene ne...
- Umhlathi ochazayo: ucaciswa kuthiwe luhlobo lomhlathi olucacisa uluvo ngendlela ebonakalisa ukungazibandakanyi kwestithethi.
- Umhlathi ophononongayo: entle/emb, echanekileyo/engachanekanga, evumelekileyo/engavumelekanga, elungileyo/egwenxa, ibalulekileyo/ayinamsebenzi, ukucebisa, ukuphakamisa isindululo, ukuxoxa
- Umhlathi ocacisayo: ucaciswa kuthiwe luhlobo lomhlathi ocacisa uluvo ngokungakhethe cala
- Umhlathi wokuvala: ukuvala ndingathi ..., ukuqukumbela..., ngelishwankathelayo..., ngokufutshane ..., kucacile ukuba ..., kuyabonakala ukuba

IINTLOBO ZEETEKISI EZIBHALWAYO	
IZINCOKO	
Isincoko esibalisyaso	<p>Amaxesha amaninzi ukubhala okubalisayo kukubekwa koluhlu lwezhlo ngendlela ethile evakalayo. Ezi zilandelayo ziimpawu zezinye zeempawu zesincoko esibalisyaso:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukubhala ngebali/ngesiganeko esenzekileyo/isiganeko esiqwetyiwego. • Ukubhala ibali elidlwengula umxhelo nelikholelekayo. • Kumaxesha amaninizi kusetyenziswa ixesha elidlulileyo / eladlulayo • Umhlathi wokuqala oyintshayelelo mawubhalwe ngendlela edlwengula umxhelo. • Qiniseka ngolovo ozama ukuluveza • Qinisekisa ukuba isipheko sesinika umdla nesingaqhelekanga • Qinisekisa ngokugcina umdla womfundi ngokusebenzia isimbo, izafobe nentshukumo • Iinkcukacha ezibalulekileyo mazigqanyiswe • Sebenzisa isigama esichazayo
Isincoko esichazayo	<p>Ukuchaza kudla ngokusetyenziswa kakhulu ukwakha imeko nemo: iifilim zikwenza oku ngemifanekiso, ababhali bakwenza oku ngamazwi, apho ukhetho lwamagama lugqalwa kakhulu yintsingiselo efihlakeleyo ngaphezu kokuchaneka kwavo nentsingiselo yawo ecacileyo.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chaza umntu/intu ukwenzela ukutsala umdla nokudlwengula umxhelo womfundi ngesihloko. • Sebenzisa amagama ukudala umfanekiso. • Chonga amagama ngobunono ukwenzela ukufezezisa isiphumo sokubhalayo. • Sebenzisa imifanekiso-ntelekelelo yokubonwayo, okuvakalayo, okungcamlwayo nokuphathwayo. • Sebenzisa izigaba zentetho ngokukuko

IINTLOBO ZEETEKISI EZIBHALWAYO	
Izincoko ezixoxayo	<p>Isincoko esixoxayo singamacala amabini aphikisanayo ('kutheni ndikholelwa ukuba oomama banamandla ngaphezu kootata').</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Isincoko esixoxayo</u> sidla ngokutyekela kwicala elinye; kubakho ukuxhaswa okanye ukuchaswa kolovo oluthile olukhabana nolunye kwaye oluvo ngalunye luxolelwa ngokupheleleyo. Nangona kunjalo, umbhali uphetha ethathe icala elithile aphi adandalazisa khona icala awela ngakulo nesizathu sokuba enze oko. - Ukubonisa uluvo/iingcinga ethile uze uxhase uthethelele isigqibo sakho - Ukugcina uluvo Iwakho kude kube sekugqibeleni - Ukuzama ukukhuthaza umntu ofunda esi sincoko ukuba aveze olwakhe uluvo - Ukuqala ngoluvo lombali malunga nesihloko esi ngendlela ebonakalisa intsusa nexhwila umdla - Ukunika uthotho Iwezimvo ukuxhasa nokubethelala uluvo - Ugugxininisa kwimiba exhasa OKANYE echasa uluvo othetha ngalo - Ukubonakalisa izimvo zakho ezomeleleyo - Ukusebenzisa izafobe ezahlukeneyo neendlela zokulukuhla - Ukusebenzisa ulwimi oluchukumisayo - Ukuqukumbela ngenkcazeloye eyomeleleyo, ecacileyo neyanelisayo ebonakalisa uluvo lombali.
Isincoko esivelela amacala amabini	<p>Isincoko esivelela amacala amabini sona sixxa ngamacala amabini akhabanayo ngokulinganayo kodwa umbhali uye alundandalazise olwakhe uluvo ekugqibeleni ('Ngaba oomama banamandla ngaphezu kootata? Kunjalo kuperhinde kungabinjalo, kodwa mna ndithi kunjalo'). Isincoko esivelela amacala mabini sithanda ukulungelelaniswa kwaye kuvelelwa zonke iinkalo xa kuxoxwa ngomba othile; isakhiwo saso sicwangciswa ngobunono sicacisiswe; injongo yoko kukuba umbhali angathathi cala lithile nangona enokuluvakalisa olwakhe uluvo; kunokusetyenziswa ilwimi oluchukumisayo, iingxoxo ezinkqenqzeza phambili apha zezo zixoxelwe ngokuvokothekileyo nangokuvakalayo. Isiphelo esisulungekileyo simshiya umfundu engenantandabuzo ngoluvo lombali.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuqinisekisa ngokuniqa uluvo olungekho calanye noluzinzile kumacala omabini engxoxo • Ukucingga ngemiba eyahlukeneyo yesihloko ekuxoxwa ngaso • Ukuika izimvo ezikhabanayo ungathathi cala • Ingxoxo mayilingane macala omabini, elixhasayo nelichasayo • Ubhalo malube sezinqondweni luqike lungakhethi cala • Ukunika iinkcazeloye eziqiqisiweyo nezixhaswe ngokupheleleyo • Ukusebenzisa ithoni engachukumisiyo nekhuthazayo ungadanga wabajongela phantsi abaphulaphuli • Ukuqukumbela ngokubeka uluvo oluthile
Isincoko esicamngcayo	<p>Isincoko esicamngcayo sisekelwe kuthotho Iweengcinga neembono anazo umbhali malunga nesihloko esithile akukho cala liroxelwayo kula macala mabini. Isincoko esicamngcayo simalunga nezimvo, iimbono, iingcinga neemvakalelo zombhali malunga nesihloko esithile, esidla ngokuba sisihloko avakalelwayo ngaso. Umbhali uvakalisa uluvo Iwakhe. Kufuneka sibe nesakhiwo esibunjwe ngobunono nangona kungekho mfuneko yokuba isiphelo sibe sesicacisiweyo. Singasesinika umdla okanye esinobunzinginzigi.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuqamngca ngomba othile • Ukubonisa izenzo novakalelo oluchukumisayo • Ukubonisa icala ongakulo aphi uvakalelo Iwakho luthatha indawo • Ukuzama ukutyala imo novakalelo lombali kulowo ufunda isincoko • Ukuvakalisa izimvo, iingcinga okanye uvakalelo oluphuhlisa ukunyaniseka nokuzibandakanya

IINTLOBO ZEETEKISI EZIBHALWAYO	
Isincoko esicacisayo (sesokwandisa ulwazi)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sidlulisa izimvo okanye ulwazi ngendlela eqiqisisiwyo • Sicacisa izimvo okanye sinike imiba ngendlela elandelelanayo • Kuphandwa izimvo zize zixhaswe ngeenyani namanani • Sicacisa imiba engaqhelekanga • Silungelelaniswa ngokufanelekileyo size siqale koko akwaziyo umfundsi simse nakoko angakwaziyo • Sithanda ukubhalwa ngexesha langoku
IITEKISI EZIYIMIHLATHI (ZONXIBELELWANO)	
Ileta yaseburhulumenteni/ sesikweni	<p>Kulindeleke ukuba babbale ileta ezichanekileyo ezisesikweni, xa kusenzeka bazithumele balinnde impendulo. Ileta ezicela ulwazi oluthile malunga neemveliso, iiyunesithi, ezohambo, ezemisebenzi, xa zithe zathunyelwa ngokuchanekileyo zinokuphendulwa.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Abafundi baqhelanise nokubhala iindidi ezahlukeneyo zeeleta ezisesikweni, umzekelo, ileta yokucela umsebenzi, ileta eya kumhleli wephepha-ndaba, ileta yesikhala, njalo njalo. • Mabanamathele kwimfuno ezahlukeneyo zeeleta ezisesikweni njengesimbo sokubhala nesakhiwo. • Mabahale ngolwimi oluvakalayo nolusulungekileyo. • Kufuneka bakhumbule ngabantu ababahalelayo ukuncedisana nokuba oko babbale ngako kuqondwe lula. • Indlela ababhala ngayo mayivakale, iyondelelane, icace, ibe semxholweni. • Mayibe nentshayebole, isiqu nesiphelo. • Mayibe needilesi ezimbini, eyombali neyombhalelw • Mayibe nesibuliso esifanelekileyo esilandela idilesi yombhalelw • Mayibe nomqolo wesihloko olandela isibuliso yaye ukrwelelw umgca ngaphantsi • Mabasebenzise ulwimi olwamkelekileyo. • Isiphelo esichanekileyo silandelwa yifani noonobumba-magama bombali.
Ileta yobuhlobo/ engekho sesikweni	<p>Nangona ukubhalwa kweleta yobuhlobo/engekho sesikweni sele kungenelelw ziindlela zonxibelewano lweteknoloji, umzekelo, i-meyle, ifeksi, umyalezo obhalwayo wefowuni (i-sms), xa sibalula ezimbalwa, kusabalulekile ukuba abafundi bafundiswe ukubhalwa kweleta. Abafundi Uluhlu lokubhalwayo kufuneka kusukele kwileta eziqhelekileyo eziya kwizihlobo zabo zegazi nabahlobo ukuya kwileta zobuhlobo eziya kumajelo eendaba, umzekelo.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mabahalele abantu ababathandayo, umzekelo abahlobo, usapho, njalo njalo • Mayibhalelw ukuvakalisa uvakalelo, umz. Ukuvuyisana, ukuvelana, ukucebisa, njalo njalo. • Mabasebenzise ulwimi olungekho sikweni ukuya kolusesikweni. • Mabahale ngolwimi oluvakalayo, olusulungekileyo nolutsala umdra. • Mabacwangcise ngokukuko baxoxe ngokukuko. • Ileta mayiqulathe intshayebole, isiqu nesiphelo. • Mayiqulathe idilesi enye, umbhali, umhla ebhalwe ngawo ngasezantsi kwayo. • Mayibandakanye isibuliso esichanekileyo esilandela idilesi yombhali • Akukho mgaqo uthile ulandelwayo ncum malunga nesiphelo kodwa silandelwa ligama lokuqala lombhali.

IINTLOBO ZEETEKISI EZIBHALWAYO	
I-ajenda yentlanganiso	<p>Imemorandam, i-ajenda nemizuzu mazibhalwe ngokuvakalayo. Eyona indlela iphucukileyo yokufundisa abafundi ngoku kungasentla kukuba babukele ividiyo yakho okanye bazimase intlanganiso yokwenyani bathathe imizuzu, benze i-ajenda yayo bandule bathelekise i-ajenda yabo nemizuzu yabo abayenzileyo neyentlanganiso leyo yokwenyani. Xa kungenzeki oku, abafundi mabakufundiswe oku kusetyenziswa ingqikelelo yabo. Bhala i-ajenda yentlanganiso yekomiti, wandule uyalele abafundi ukuba babbale imizuzu eqikelelwego yale ntlanganiso banamathele kwi-ajenda yakho.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Xela okuza kuxoxwa entlanganisweni. • Kuthumele oko kubantu abamenyiweyo ukuba bazimase intlanganiso. • Imiba yengxoxo idla ngokubekwa ngusihlalo nonobhala, bona ke eminye imisebenzi yabo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Kukujonga imizuzu yentlanganiso egqithileyo, ukulungiselela ukubeka imivuka - Ukudwelisa nokuqokelela imiba enokufuna ukuxoxwa entlanganisweni • Cwangcisa imiba ekuza kuxoxwa ngayo ngokokubaluleka kwayo. • Umba ngamnye wabele ixesha
Imizuzu	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Makubhalwe okwenzeke entlanganisweni. • Kwintlanganiso elandelayo makwamkelwe imizuzu njeneyinyani nebophelelayo, yaye kuya kuhlala kunjalo de kuvele into entsha • Mayibonise oku kulandelayo: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Igama lequmrhu - Umhla, indawo nexesha lentlanganiso - Ubhaliso lwamagama abakhoyo. • Caphula uze ubhale izindululo ezithathiweyo ngobunjalo bazo. • Nika isishwankathelo sezindululo ezenziweyo nekuggitywe kuko. • Ungazibhali ezinye izinto ezivana nezinto ebekuqhulwa ngazo. • Sebenzisa ixesha elidlulileyo. • Iba luxwebhu olusemthethweni yakuba ityikitywe yafakwa umhla ngusihlalo, emva kokuba iye yafundwa yavunywa kwintlanganiso elandelayo
Intetho	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Qala uze ulungise isimbo oza kusisebenzisa, ixesha, indawo, isizathu (injongo), abaphulaphuli noko oza kuthetha ngakho • Indlela oqala ngayo intetho mayitsale umdla • Kulisa amanqaku owabekayo yaye uzinxweme ekusebenziseni iintetho eselete zisetyenziswe kakhulu kangangokuba zidike. • Gqiba malunga nokuba uza kunqumama phi uzisebenzise phi izijekulo (ngendlela eyiyo nengabaxwanga) uzisebenzisela yiphi injongo. (Jonga abaphulaphuli.) • Sebenzisa izivakalisi ezifutshane ezikhatsa ziingcingane ezelula, usebenzisa imizekelo eqhelekileyo • Lungelelanisa izigxeko zakho nezincomo onazo • Isiphelo sakho siqiqisise. Shiya abaphulaphuli benento abaza kuyetyisa • Sebenzisa izincedisi ezibonwayo okanye eziphathekayo kodwa ibe ngamazwi eyona nto itshotsh' entla • Sebenzisa ulwimi olubonakalisa ukuvuthwa kwengqondo, izithethe nemvelaphi ecacileyo

IINTLOBO ZEETEKISI EZIBHALWAYO	
I-imeyile/umyalezo obhalwayo wefowuni (i-sms)	<p>Yenzelwa ukwazisa ngokuthile nokugcina ubudlelwane</p> <p>Idilesi yomthunyelelwa – edla ngokuba ligama lomthunyelelwa kanye neseva, ngokunjalo nelizwe ekulo iseva. Umzekelo, Moloiq (<i>igama</i>) @ webmail. (<i>iseva</i>) za (<i>ilizwe</i>). Moloi_q@webmail.co.za</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Abakotshelwa (CC): aba ngabanye abathunyelelwa ekufuneka beyibonile i-imeyile. • Isihloko: Esi sisishwankathelo somxholo we-imeyile. • Umyalezo • Igama lomthumeli. <p>Qaphela: Idilesi yomthumeli iyazibonakalela xa ifunyanwa i-imeyile. Umthumeli usenokukhetha ukunika ezinye iiinkcukacha ekupheleni. Oku kubizwa ngokuba lutyikityo (isignitsha)</p>
Udliwano-ndlebe	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Buza umlingwa (umbuzwa) imibuzo • Bonisa amandla, iitalente, ubuethe-ethe, bomlingwa, njalo njalo • Nika amagama esithethi kwicala elisekhhohlo ephepheni • Beka ikhloni emva kwegama lesithethi • Ukwahlula phakathi intetho yesithethi neyesinye, shiya umgca
Ingxelo (esesikweni nengekho sesikweni)	<p>Ingxelo luxwebu olusesikweni kwaye oko kuqulethwe kuzo kufanele kube yinyani kubafundi. Iyabakruqla kakhulu abafundi into yokubhalwa koosinga-ngxelo okanye iingxelo ezingesihloko abangenamdlia kuso.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nika iiinkcukacha ezichanekileyo ngesiganeko, umzekelo ingozi, nayo nantoni na ephandiweyo. • Bhala isihloko, intshayelelo (ingabula zigcawu, injongo nokuma kwayo), iesiqu (Ngubani? Owenze ntoni? Nini? Phi? Njani? Kuba kutheni?), isiphelo, izindululo, izalathisi, izihlomelo. • Cwangcisa: qokelela uze ucwangcise ingcombolo yowlazi; bhala iingongoma. • Sebenzisa ulwimi olungekho sikweni ukuya kolusesikweni. • Sebenzisa: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ixesha langoku (ngaphandle ngokuba yingxoxo yababini emalunga nezinto ezadlulyo) - Izibizo gabalala - Umntu wesithathu - Ingcaciso eggibeleyo - Amagama namabinzana abhekiswe kwimeko ethile (enjengobugcisa) - Ulwimi olusesikweni nolungakubandakanyiyo
Isivi (Sivi)	<p>Nanjengoko kule mihla uninzi lwabantu lusebenzisa iithempleyithi ukwenza iisivi zabo, kungaluncedo ukukhangela ukuba eyona thempleyithi ifanelekileyo yenantoni na, nendlela yokulungisa uyizalise ngokufanelekileyo. Kubalulekile ukuqaphela ukuba isivi kufuneka ijongane nemeko ethile, uzekele isivi yomsbeenzi othile kufuneka icacise ukubandakanyeka ombhali kwelo cala.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Zazise kangangoko unako elizweni usebenzisa le sivi yakho. • Zazise njengomntu owuqondayo umcimbi ekungawo kunjalonje njengokhutheleyo nokhathalayo. • Ingcombolo yowlazi oyinikayo mayicace, ivakale kwaye ingakhethi cala lithile. • Isivi yakho mayigxininise kweso sikhundla somsebenzi sibhengeziwego usifunayo. • Nika: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - linkcukacha ngawe buqu - Iziqjinisekiso zemfundo onazo - Amava onawo ngomsebenzi (xa unawo) - Abantu abanokwenza ingxelo ngokuziphatha kwakho

IINTLOBO ZEETEKISI EZIBHALWAYO	
Ungeniso kwidayari	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Idayari kukubonisa amava akho buqu. Ubhala uphononongo lwakho losuku okanye lomcimbi Ubhala izimvo zakho, ukubalisa usebenzisa umntu wokuqala kokona kufanelekileyo Ulwimi olusetyenziswayo lulula yaye lungqalile. Ithoni iya kuxhomekeka kuloo nto uyibhalayo
Ukwalathisa	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukwalathisa kusetyenziswa xa uxelela umntu indlela eya endaweni ethile. Kubhalwa kwisiyaleli. Kusoloko kusetyenziswa umntu wesibini kwisinye ('u-') xa isithethi sithetha nalowo simyalelayo. Qaphela oku kulandelayo xa usalathisa umntu indlela: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Thetha ngokucacileyo nokungqalileyo - <i>Izalathisi</i> masilandeletele ngokufanelekileyo - Soloko ukhomba kwicala elithile - Nika uqikelelo lomgama - Nika uqikelelo Iwezitalato eziza kweqiwa/kuwelwa ukuya apho - Nika iinkcukacah malunga nezinto eziqaphelekayo aza kudibana nazo apha endleleni - Sebenzisa amagama abonisa indawo - Sebenzisa abonakalisa icala emakuyiwe kulo (umz. Nyuka, yihla, thambeka) - Sebenzisa amagama abonakalisa ukubulela.
Ukunika imiyalelo	<p>Ukuchaza okanye ukuyalela ngendlela emayenziwe ngayo into okanye isixhobo, ukwenza ukutya, ukulungisa into eyonakeleyo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuchaza ukusebenza okanye umsebenzi wento nganye xa isetyenziswa; ukulungisa izitya/ukupheka ukutya; ukulungisa into eyonakeleyo; njalo njalo Ukucwangcisa nokulungiselela (jonga iimpawu zokubhala) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Qonda imeko/iimeko ze wazi ukuba imveliso yokunika imiyalelo/imiboniso iza kuba njani okanye kuza kwenzeke ntoni - Cinga ngokucacileyo, ngokufanelekileyo ze ulandeletenise ngobuchule bokuqiqisa imiyalelo - Sebenzisa iimanyuwali, imiyalelo nemisebenzi - Cinga ngesigama, ulwimi/igrama, iimbonakalo, ubuchule/ubugcisa bolwimi, namabinzana anokusetyenziswa Ukunikezela
Isibhengezo	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bamba ugcine umdla womfundu – uqinisekisa ukuba ayaggama amagama asebenzayo. Lukuhla umntu ukuba athenge into okanye inkozo ethile. Tsala umdla womfundu – uqiniseke ukuba amagama azizenzi ngawona agqamileyo. Thathela ingqalelo oku kulandelayo xa uyila: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Abantu ekujoliswe kubo (esenzelwe bona isibhengezo) - Indawo esibekwa kuyo (siza kuvela phi, nini kwinkqubo okanye ndawoni kwimagazini okanye iphepha-ndaba?) - Ngaba sinika umdla (sinika umdla njani?) - Ukuma kwaso nobungakanani befonti. - Uhlobo lwengcinga eveliswayo (nokuba yenyani sekileyo okanye hayi) kunye nothelekiso phakathi kwenyani noluvo. - Ifuthe lokukhethwa kwemibala esetyenziswayo okanye engasetyenziswayo - Ulwimi olusetyenziswayo (nokuba lulwimi olunomdintsi kuba kukudala lusetyenziswa, oluphindha-phindayo, olunezafobe, njalo njalo)

IINTLOBO ZEETEKISI EZIBHALWAYO	
lipowusta/iiflaya	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ingaziintloblo ngeentloblo Isebenzisa iziqubulo (izilogani) neelogo Indla ngokusebenzisa imbonakalo ethile (iba noyilo oluthile) Isebenzisa ubuchule bokubhengeza Isebenzisa uyilo ukwenza isibhengezo sakho sitsale umdla simile ezingqondweni zabantu Isebenzisa isigama esinongiweyo nezafobe zisetyenziselwa ukudala ifuthe Yenza ulwimi luhlale lunkenteza ezingqondweni zabantu, umzekelo, isikweko, isifaniso, imfanzandi, uphindaphindo, imvano-siphelo, isingqisho
Ukugcwalisu ifomu	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ifomu igcwalisu izizathu ezininzi, umz. Ukuftaka isicelo somsebenzi okanye ikhefu emsebenzini, ukungenela ukhuphiswano okanye oonobuhle, njalo njalo. Nika iinkukacha ezifunwa lelo ziko iya kulo ifomu. Bhala loo nto ifunekayo, ulandelise ngekhholoni, umz. Ifani. Yigcwaliise ngokuchanekileyo
I-obhitshuwari	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Igama nefani yalo mntu uswelekileyo, umhla awazalwa ngawo, indawo awazalelwu kuyo, amagama abazali bakhe; Imfundu yakhe neendawo aphangele kuzo; Izinto ezibalulekileyo ezimalunga nobomi bakhe ezifana nokutshata (ukuba kuyangena); Unobangela wokusweleka kwakhe: ukuba ugulile, imbali yokugula kwakhe ukuza kuthi ga ngomhla wokusweleka kwakhe; Abantu abashiya ngasemva, umz. Inkosikazi/umyeni, abantwana, njalo njalo; Amazwi okumkhapha, mhlawumbi nezibongo zesiduko sakhe; Sebenzisa ulwimi oluhloniphayo nolundilisekileyo, umz. ‘usishiye’ endaweni yokuthi ‘usweleke’.
Isivumelwano (ikhontrakthi)	<p>Sisivumelwano esibophelelayo esiphakathi kwamaqela amabini nangaphezulu. Injongo yesivumelwano kukudala imeko yokuzibophelela. Isivumelwano sinokwensiwa nangomlomo (sibe sesomlomo siphinde sibhalwe nokubhalwa ukubonisa umonakalo nendlela onokulungiswa ngayo)</p> <p>Imiba yesivumelwano</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amagama (Okwelinye icala lesivumelwano, nokwelinye, amangqina) Iziggibo neermeko (izinto ezibandakanyekayo) (okungaphakathi kwisivumelwano – kuquka inkonzo eza kunikwa, ixesha nemali ukuba kuza kubakho intlawulo) Utyikityo (lwabo bonke abachaphazelekayo) Umhla nendawo (apho sityikityelwe khona isivumelwano)
Umyolelo/Isingqinisiso	<p>Umyolelo uthatha isiggibo okanye ubeka ukuba kuya kwenzeka ntoni kwizinto zomntu emva kokusweleka kwakhe. Umyolelo uqinisekisa ukuba iminqweno yomfi iyafezekiswa emva kokusweleka kwakhe. Kufuneka umyalelo ugcinwe ungashiywanga lixesha yaye ube sendaweni ekhuselekielyo.</p> <p>Kufuneka ube nezi zinto zilandelayo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amagama omnini-myolelo Umhla owenziwe ngawo umyolelo Imali, impahla nezinto anazo Abashiwelwa ilifa Oza kuqinisekisa ngokulandelwa komyolelo (umhlobo, ilungu losapho, igqwetha)

IINTLOBO ZEETEKISI EZIBHALWAYO	
Umgaqo-siseko nepolisi	<p>Ubeka imithetho-siseko okanye ipolisi okanye imithetho elawula iqumrhu, umzekelo, ilizwe, umasingcwabane, umbutho wolutsha, umgalelo, iklabhu yebhola ekhatywayo.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Kufuneka kuvunyelwane ngemigaqo ngabo bachaphazelekayo • Imigaqo iyabophelela • Inokuhlaziywa • Isakhiwo kufuneka siquke igama lequmrhu okanye iziko, ubulungu, imiba ekuthethwa ngayo, umhla ovunywe ngawo, utyikityo, njalo njalo.
IITEKISI ZONCWADI NEZEMIDIYA	
Ibali ngawe	<p>Ukubalisa ngebali elingawe.</p> <p>Isikhokelo: ukubonakalisa isimo sentlalo okanye ukumilisela umxholo, umzekelo, <i>kwangungexesha leeholide, kuvalwe izikolo</i>.</p> <p>Ibali negeziganeko ezenzekileyo ngokulandelelana kwazo ngamaxesha, umzekelo, 'Ndiye kwatumelo... emva koko...</p> <p>Enye inkukachaka eyongezelelweyo malunga nesiganeko ngasinye, umzekelo, 'Waye mangalisiwe kukundibona'.</p> <p>Amazwi okuvala – inkcazelo evalayo enokuquka ingcaciso, umzekelo, 'Ndiyathemba ndizakuchitha ixesha elide notumelo. Besonwabile'.</p> <p>Libaliswa ngomntu wokuqala okanye wesithathu.</p> <p>Kusetyenziswa izihlanganisi zexesha, umzekelo, <i>Okokuqala, emva koko, ekuggibeleni, phambi koko, ngeli xesha</i></p> <p>Lidla ngokubhekisa kumntu okanye abantu abathile</p> <p>Isimbo sokubalisa ingaseso singekho sikweni</p>
Ingxoxo yababini	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Yincoko ephakathi kwabantu ababini nangaphezulu • Bhala le ncoko njengoko isenzeka, amazwi ezithethi uwabhala njengoko enjalo • Bhala amagama abalinganiswa ngasekhohlo • Sebenzisa ikholoni emva kwegama lomlinganiswa othethayo • Shiya umgca, ukwahlula phakathi kwentetho yesithethi neyesinye • Cebisa abalinganiswa (okanye abafundi) ngendlela yokuthetha okanye yokwenza ngokufakela umyalelo lowo kwizibiyeli phambi kokuba amagama athethwe • Banike omkhomba-ndlela wokuza kuthehwa ngako phambi kokuba ubabhalise
Irivyu	<p>Irivyu ayilandeli ndlela ithile yokubhalwa. Akukho mfuneko yokuba kuchatshazelwe imiba ethile encwadini, kwifilim okanye i-CD leyo kwenziwa irivyu yayo. Abantu abenza irivyu bajolisa kuloo nto benza irivyu yayo nakulowo ubandakanyekayo kuyo, bakugqiba bafakele nantoni na abayithandayo. Irivyu eyiyo yengathathi cala nengadleleleli bani, kodwa irivyu engeyiyo kuba lapho umntu adandalazisa nje uluwo lwakhe ngokuthile. Ezinye iirivyu ziba nezihlekiso: Abanye ababhalo bazo lolona phawu balusebenzisayo olo lwestihlekiso kwiirivyu zabo. Yenza iirivyu ezipuma kwimithombo yowlazi eyahlukeneyo ukubonisa abafundi indlela eyahluke ngayo le ndlela yokubhala.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ivezza imbono yakho buqu ngomsebenzi wobugcisa, ifilim, incwadi, umsebenzi othile, njalo njalo. • Dandalazisa indlela owubona ngayo loo msebenzi uphambi kwakho. • Lowo ufunda irivyu akunyanzelekanga ukuba avumelane nalowo ubeyibhala • Irivyu zithabatha icala elithile. Bangababini abantu abenza irivyu ngomsebenzi omnye kodwa bavakalise izimvo ezahlukeneyo ngomsebenzi lowo. • Nika iingongoma eziphambili nezichanekileyo, umzekelo, igama lombhal/umvelisi/igcisa, isihloko sencwadi/somsebenzi, igama lompapashi/lenkampani yokuvelisa, kunye nexabiso (xa likhona)

IINTLOBO ZEETEKISI EZIBHALWAYO	
Itekisi yesihobe	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sibhala malunga nokuqapheleyo namava <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Abantu - Indalo - Imiba yasekuhlaleni - Iteknojji, njalo njalo Silandela isakhiwo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Isihloko - Izitanza Sisebenzisa izafobe Sibonisa ukukhululeka kombhali, umzekelo ukungasetyenziswa kweempawu zokubala okanye izakhi zolwimi eziqhelekileyo
Inqaku lephephandaba	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chaza ngokufutshane umba obhala ngawo kodwa ucace gca. Gqithisa umyalezo wakho uvakale kulowo umbhalelayo. Shwankathela ngokucacileyo ungayigqwethi into eyinyani. Nika isihloko esicacileyo nesivakalayo uze wongeze nesihlokwana esicacileyo. Qala ngokona kubaluleke kakhulu: umzekelo, ngubani, yintoni, nini, phi, kutheni kangakanani
Inqaku lemagazini	<p>Kwinqaku lemagazini kufanele umbhalu andandalazise izinto azithandayo nangazithandiyo yena buqu, oku kufanelwe kukhuthazwe kubafundi esikolweni. Kufuneka babbale amanqaku emagazini anomhluzi navakalayo ngayo nantoni na edla umzi, kananjalo banokubhala amanqaku emagazini ahlekisayo nangaso nasiphi na isihloko abasikhethileyo. Uninzi lwamanqaku eemagazini ezifundwa ngabafundi zilolu hlobo luchazwe ngasentla.</p> <p>Amanqaku emagazini amaninzi afumaneka kwi-intanethi nangona ebhalwe ngesinges, kodwa aqulethe okuninzi yaye ungawasebenzisa ukuzixhobisa. Ukukhuthaza ukusetyenziswa kwe-intanethi ngabafundi, Bangabhalu iiblogu zabo beqwalasela ukuba babhalela bani, okuqulethwe yiblogu nemvakalozwi yayo.</p> <p>Ungasebenzisa oku kulandelayo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isihloko masitsale umdla, sibe sesidlwengula umxhelo. Indlela yokubhala maybe yevela kuwe, uthethe ngqo nomfundi. Isimbo sokubhala singaba sesichazayo nesikhatshwa zizafobe, ukutsala umdla wabafundi. Amagama, iindawo, amaxesha, ubume bendawo kunye nezinye iinkcukacha ezifunekayo mazifikwe kwinqaku elo. Makungabhalwa imihlathi emide kakhulu. Inqaku malitsale umdla womfundu. Sebenzisa ifonti efundeka lula nengatyhafisiyo
Idotyumentari	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Luphando olucacileyo lobomi besihloko eso, umzekelo, iqhawe (lezemidlalo, lemfundo, lezenkolo), kunye nengxelo yokufunyanisiweyo. Oku kungaqua izinto ezibalulekileyo kunye nemingeni lowo kuphandwa ngaye athe wahlangana nayo phambi kokuba afikelele encotsheni. Amagama, iindawo, amaxesha, izikhundla kunye nazo naziphi ezinye iinkcukacha eziyimfuneko kufuneka zifakwe kwidotyumentari. Qala ngeyona miba ibalulekileyo: ukuba ngubani, yintoni, njani, nini, phi, njani nakangananani

UBUDE BEETEKISI ZOLWIMI LWASEKHAYA (EZIZA KUVELISWA NGABAFUNDI)			
UMSEBENZI	IBANGA LESI-7	IBANGA LESI-8	IBANGA LE-9
Umhlathi • Amagama • Izivakalisi	Amagama ali-100 –120	Amagama ali-120 – 140	Amagama ali-140 – 160
	Izivakalisi ezisi-8 – 10 Imihlathi emi-4 - 6	Izivakalisi ezisi-8 – 12 Imihlathi emi-5 - 8	Izivakalisi ezisi-8 – 12 Imihlathi emi-5 - 8
Isincoko	Amagama ali-140 – 200 Imihlathi emi-4 - 6	Amagama angama-200 – 250 Imihlathi emi-5 - 8	Amagama angama-250 – 300 Imihlathi emi-5 - 8
Umbongo	Izitanza ezi-2 -3	Izitanza ezi-3 -4	Izitanza ezi-4 -8
Ibali elifutshane, kuquka namabali emveli	Iphepha eli-1 Imihlathi emi+/-6	Amaphepha ama-2 Imihlathi eli+/-12	Amaphepha ama-3 Imihlathi engama+/-24
Ingxoxo yababini (umdlalo ondima-nye)	Iphepha eli-1	Amaphepha ama-2	Amaphepha ama-3
litekisi eziyimihlathi (zonxi-belelwano) ezinde, umz. lileta	Amagama ali-120 -140	Amagama ali-140 -160	Amagama ali-160 -180
litekisi ezimfutshane	Amagama angama-80 - 90	Amagama angama-90 – 100	Amagama ali-100 – 110
Isishwankathelo	Amagama angama-50 - 60 kwitekisi enamagama angama-240	Amagama angama-60 - 70 kwitekisi enamagama angama-260	Amagama angama-70 - 80 kwitekisi enamagama angama-280

UBUDE BEETEKISI ZOLWIMI LWASEKHAYA (EZIZA KUSETYENZISWA NGABAFUNDI)			
UMSEBENZI	IBANGA LESI-7	IBANGA LESI-8	IBANGA LE-9
litekisi zeziyatshulwa eziphulaphulwayo ezinde, umzekelo, ibali, udliwano-ndlebe, imidlalo, iindaba	150 - 200/ukuya kutsho kwimizuzu emi-5	200 - 250/ukuya kutsho kwimizuzu emi-5	250 -300/ukuya kutsho kwimizuzu emi-5
litekisi zeziyatshulwa eziphulaphulwayo ezimfutshane, umz. Izaziso, iitekisi zolwazi, imiyalelo, izalathisi	Amagama angama-60 - 70/ umzuzu om-1 - 2	Amagama angama-70 - 80/ umzuzu om-1 - 2	Amagama angama-80 - 100/ umzuzu om-1-2
litekisi zokufundela ukuqonda/ukufunda okunzulu	Amagama ali-150 -200	Amagama angama-200 -250	Amagama angama-250 -300

Ubude beetekisi zokufunda okwandisiweyo akumiselwanga nanjengoko kuxhomekeke kuhlobo lwetekisi, ubunzima bolwimi Kunye nezinga lokufunda labafundi.

3. 1. 4 Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi

Izakhi nemigaqo yowlimi zibhekisa kwimigaqo elawula ukusetyenziswa kweempawu zokubhala, oonobumba abakhulu, oonobumba, izandi, amagama, izivakalisi, imihlathi kumsebenzi womlomo nobhaliweyo. Le migaoqo iquka upelo, indlela yokubiza amagama, igrama, ulwanzi olunzulu lolwimi, njalo njalo.

Izakhono zokuphulaphula, ukuthetha, ukufunda nokubhala azinakwenziwa zingaziwa izakhi zolwimi nokuziqhelisa ukuzisebenzia. Abafundi bakwafuna isigama esibanzi, nto leyo mhlawumbi ingowona mba ubalulekileyo wokwenza umntu anxibelelane ngokukuko. Isigama esibanzi siyimfuneko kuzo zonke izakhono zolwimi, kodwa nangakumbi ekufundeni nasekubhaleni. Eyona ndlela isebezayo yokuba abafundi baphucule ulwazi lwabo lwograma bandise nesigama sabo kungokufunda ngokunzulu ngaphakathi nangaphandle kweklasi.

Abafundi bayo kufunda indlela **izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi** ezisetyenziselwa ngayo, batsho bakhulise ulwimi abanokwabelana ngalo xa bethetha ngolwimi ('ulwimi olusetyenziswa xa kuthethwa ngolwimi'), ukwenzela ukuba baphonononge ngokunzulu iitekisi abazibhaleleyo nezibhalwe ngabanye bejonga intsingiselo, ukufaneleka nokuchaneka kwazo. Baza kukwazi nokusebenzisa olu lwazi ukusebenza ngolwimi ukwakha intsingiselo ukusukela kwinqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama nelesivakalisi ukuya kutsho kweletekisi iyonke, nokubona ukuba itekisi izalana njani nomxholo. Ngokusebenza ngoluhlu lweetekisi, abafundi bandisa ukusebenzisa kwabo isigama baze basebenzise ngokuchanekileyo ulwazi lwabo **Iwezakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi**.

Kulindeleke ukuba izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi ifundiswe ngokusemxholweni xa kufundiswa kukhuliswa ezinye izakhono zolwimi. Izicwangciso zokufundisa zinoluhlu Iwezakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi (izigaba zentetho) ezinokufundiswa kwibanga ngalinye. Xa ukhetha iitekisi zokuphulaphula nokufunda kwisithuba seeveki ezimbini, qiniseka ukuba zinezigaba zentetho ofuna ukuzifundisa. Yila imisebenzi enxulumene nezi tekisi eya kwenza abafundi basebenzise ezi zigaba zentetho ngokusemxholweni. Ngokufanayo, iitekisi zokubhala ezibhalwa ngabafundi ziya kuquka ezinye zezi zigaba zentetho. Khokela abafundi ngendlela efanelekileyo nechanekielyo yokusetyenziswa kwezi zigaba zentetho. Khetha ezinye zezi zigaba zentetho abanengxaki kuzo uze ubanike ithuba baziqhelanise nazo ngokusesikweni. Kwisigaba esiphezulu, iyure enye ngeeveki ezimbini ibekelwe bucala ukuba abafundi bafundiswe baqhelaniswe nezakhi nemigaqo yowlimi ngokusesikweni.

Le theyibhile ingezantsi ibonisa izakhi nemigaqo yowlimi ekulindeleke ukuba abafundi bazifunde ngethuba lenkqubo yokuphulaphula, ukuthetha, ukufunda nokubhala. Ezi zakhi mazifundiswe ngokusemxholweni ngokudityanisiwego kusetyenziswa iitekisi zomlomo, ezibonwayo nezibhaliweyo. Kufuneka zifundiswe ngokungqalileyo kubekelwe bucala ixesha ngokuyimfuneko.

UMZEKELO WEZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI	
limpawu zokubhala	lqhagamshela (-) liikhloni (:) lsemikhloni (;) lsimeli-nobumba (') limpawu zocaphulo ("...") Izibiyeli [()] Uphawu loshiyelelo lwamagama okanye amabinzana kwisivakalisi (...) lsingxi (.) lkoma (,)
Upelo	lindlela zopelo, imigaqo yopelo, ushunqulelo, ufinyezo-magama, ukusetyenziswa kwesichazi-magama
Izakhi zamagama	lizimaphambili, iingcambu nezimamva
Izibizo	Izibizo ezakhiwe kwizenzi Izibizo ezakhiwe kwezinye izibizo Izibizo ezakhiwe kwizichazi Izibizo ezakhiwe kwizifanekisozwi Izibizo ezakhiwe kwizikhuzo Izibizo ezimbaxa Intloko nenjongosenzi Isini Isininzi Izinciphiso Isandiso Izibizo ezakhiwe kwezinye izigaba zentetho
Izimelabizo	Isimelabizo soqobo Isimelabizo soqobo sokugxininisa Isimelabizo sokukhomba Isimelabizo soquko Isimelabizo sochazo Isimelabizo sokukumbi Isimelabizo sokunye
Izichazi	Isiphawuli Isibaluli Isimnini Esoquko Esokukumbi/esobalo

UMZEKELO WEZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI	
Izenzi	<p>Izenzi namaxesha azo Isilandulo Ixixando zezenzi Iintlubo zezenzi</p> <p>Iintlubo zezenzi</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uhlobo lolandelelwano/lokuposhelisa • Uhlobo lokuyalela • Uhlobo lokungathiza • Uhlobo lokupondisa • Ihlobo lokuhubeka <p>Imo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Imo evumayo • Imo elandulayo <p>Amaxesha ezenzi</p> <p>Ixesha langoku Ixesha elizayo Ixesha elidlulileyo</p> <p>Izivumelanisi</p> <p>Isivumelanisi sentloko, umz. <i>Abantwana bahambile</i></p>
Izihlomelo	lindidi zezihlomelo
Izikhuza	Umz. Kwekh! Kowu! Awu! Yhooo!
Izihlanganisi namagama asetyenziswa kwimihlathi	<p>Ukulandelelana kweziganeko: okokuqala, okwesibini, okwesithathu, phambi, emva, nini, de, ekugqibeleni, ngaphambili, okulandelayo, emva koko, kutshanje.</p> <p>Ingcaciso/unobangela nefuthe: ngoko ke, ngenxa yesi sizathu, emva koko, ukusukela, ngenxa, kungenxa, ngoko ke, kulandela, ukuba kuthe ... kuya kuthi</p> <p>Umgaqo olandelwayo: okokuqala, okwesibini, okwesithathu.</p> <p>Ukuthelekisa/ukuchasanisa: iyafana, yahlukile, incinci kune, inkulu kune, nangona, kodwa</p> <p>Ngokokubaluleka: rhoqo, ekugqibeleni.</p> <p>Ucwangciswa ngokobume bendawo: ngaphezulu, ngaphantsi, ngasekhohlo, ngasekunene, njalo njalo.</p> <p>Ukubhala ngokuthe gabalala: gabalala, ukugqiba.</p> <p>Umhlathi okhethekileyo: ngokoluvo lwam, inkolo, uluwo, ingqiqo, ndicinga ukuba, ndithathela inqalelo, ndikholelwa ukuba, ndithanda, ndithemba.</p> <p>Ukuhlela imihlathi: inokwahlulwa, inxulumene, ihambelana, izalana, iyinxalenye.</p> <p>Umhlathi ochazayo: ngasentla, ngasezantsi, ecaleni, kufuphi, emntla/empuma/emazantsi/entshona, isayizi, ibala, Isimo sentlalo, injongo, ubude, ububanzi, ubunzima/umthamo, isantya, ifana.</p> <p>Umhlathi wokuphonononga: entle/emb, echanekileyo/engachanekanga, evumelekileyo/engavumelekanga, ebalulekileyo/engabalulekanga, ukucebisa/ukundulula, ukubonisa, ukuxoxa.</p> <p>Umhlathi ocacisayo: inokucaciswa, ludidi oluthile.</p> <p>Umhlathi wokuvala: ukuququmbela, ukushwankathela, ushwankathela, ngokufutshane, njengoko ubona.</p>
Izifanekisozwi	La magama abonisa uvakalelo okanye noluvo lwasithethi (noxa ezinye izihlanganisi zinenkcazelu ecacileyo). Ngamanye amaxesha siboniswa njengagama elinye or ibinzana elingesisivakalisi, lilandelwe laphawu lokubhala. Umz. Dyumpu, ngqu, pam

UMZEKELO WEZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI	
Uphuhliso Iwesigama nezigaba zentetho zolwimi	<p>Izithethantonye/izithethantonye Izichasi Amagama angcambu-nye Oomabizwahluke Oomabizwafane Igama elinye endaweni yebinanza Izafofe (isifaniso, isihlonipho, isimntwiso, oksimoroni, isinxulumaniso, isifanodumo, ubaxo/ubabazo/ugqithiso, uchasaniso, isigqebelo, isihlekiso, ukuphela kovuthondaba, isimboli, isihlonipho, uvumephika, iparadoksi, ukndlala ngamagama antsingiselo imbaxa, intetho engenabuzaza, igama elimele elinye.) Izaci namaqhalo, amagama emboleko, amagama amatsha nemvelaphi yamagama. Amagama emboleko, amagama afunyenwe kwezinye iilwimi, amagama amatsha, inzululwazi/ingxelo ngemvelaphi yamagama Ukuntshokotha/intsingiselo-mbini, intetho esetyenziswa rhoqo de idike, ikruqule, ukungafuneki/ubuninzi, ukuthetha into enye ngmagama-ngamagama amabini kwisivakalisi esinye, intetho engaphucukanga, intethoexutywe namagama antsonkothileyo asetyenziswa ngabantu bomsebenzi othile, indlela yokuthetha/isicinezelo, intetho okanye ingcinga esoloko njalo, ukuqal'ugwebe, umtsalane bucala/ukuthambekela bucala, ulwimi oluhselayo, ulwimi oluchukumisayo, ulwimi oluzetyenziswa sisini esithile njalo njalo Ukusetyenziswa ulwimi ngokwenjongo ethile, oko kukuthi irejista ejoliswe kubantu abathile umz Mhlekazi, Obekekileyo, Nkosi, Aa! Dilizintabal! njalo njalo Ukutshintsha kwentsingiselo, umz inja (isilwanyana, umtu okhunjulwa njengomntu owaziwayo – ulwimi lokuzonwabisa nelusetyenziswa lulutsha)</p>
Amagatya nezivakalisi	<p>Igaty elimbaxa nelongezelweyo Igaty elimbaxa, elihamba nelibalulayo Intetho ngqo nengxelo-ntetho Igaty elibalulayo Igaty eliyintloko Isivakalisi esilula Isivakalisi esimbaxa Ucwangciso Iwamagama ngokukuko</p>
Izivakalisi	Isivakalisi esilula, esimbaxa nesixandileyo

3. 2 ITHEYIBHILE YOKUNATYISWA KWEETEKISI

IIVEKI	IBANGA LESI-7	IBANGA LESI-8	IBANGA LE-9
IKOTA YOKU-1			
1 - 2	Ibali	Ibali	Itekisi yowlazi - isibhengezo, ipowusta
3 - 4	Umbongo	Itekisi yowlazi enentetho	Inovel, idrama, ibali elifutshane, isihobe
5 - 6	Umbongo, idrama	Inovel, idrama, ibali elifutshane	Itekisi yowlazi - itekisi yesivumelwano (yekhontrakthi)
7 - 8	Ibali elifutshane, uncwadi lwemveli	Itekisi yowlazi, umzekelo, inqaku lephephandaba okanye lemagazini	Inovel, idrama, ibali elifutshane, isihobe
9 - 10	Ibali elifutshane, umbongo	Itekisi yengxelo yophando	Itekisi yowlazi, umzekelo, ingxelo yephephandaba okanye yemagazini

ISIXHOSA ULWIMI LWASEKHAYA IBANGA 7-9

IIVEKI	IBANGA LESI-7	IBANGA LESI-8	IBANGA LE-9
IKOTA YESI-2			
1 - 2	Inoveli emfutshane, idrama, isihobe	Itekisi enika ulwazi enezinto ezibonakalayo, umzekelo, iimephu/iindawo eziqaphelekayo/imilinganiso/iitshati/imifanekiso	Inoveli, idrama, ibali elifutshane, isihobe
3 - 4	Itekisi enika ulwazi enezinto ezibonakalayo, umzekelo, imizobo yezibhengezo/imifanekiso/iigrafu; iipowusta; ingcaciso yezinto, itekisi ebonwayo	Itekisi yolwazi, umzekelo, itekisi eviwayo/ebonwayo - ukulinganisa/ingxoxo yeforam/yephaneli	Uphononongo lwetekisi - inoveli, idrama, ibali elifutshane, isihobe
5 - 6	Itekisi zolwazi, umzekelo, iindlela ezilandelwayo, imiyalelo, itekisi enika ulwazi enezinto ezibonakalayo, umzekelo, iitshathi/iitheyibhile/imizobo/imifanekiso/iigrafu	Itekisi yolwazi, umzekelo, udliwano-ndlebe	Inoveli, idrama, ibali elifutshane, isihobe - isaziso, iajenda nemizuzu
7 - 8	Inoveli/idrama	Uphononongo lwebali	Itekisi yolwazi enezinto ezibonwayo, umzekelo, isibhengezo - uphononongo
9 - 10	UKUHLOLA KWANGOJUNI/KWAPHAKATHI ENYAKENI		
IKOTA YESI-3			
1 - 2	Itekisi yolwazi, umzekelo, iphepha lemibuzo yophando okanye ifomu Umbongo	Idrama	Itekisi yolwazi - umyolelo nomyolelo obhaliweyo
3 - 4	Idrama, umbongo	Itekisi yolwazi - inqaku lephephandaba/lemagazini	Inoveli, idrama, ibali elifutshane, isihobe - ukubhalwa kwetekisi engumhlathi (wonxibelewano) - isivi neleta eyikhaphayo
5 - 6	Itekisi engesaziso, iajenda nemizuzu	Inoveli, idrama, ibali elifutshane; umbongo - ileta yoburhulumente/yobuhlobo	Inoveli, idrama, ibali elifutshane, isihobe - ukubhala isincoko
7 - 8	Inqaku lephephandaba/lemagazini malunga nezisematheni	Inoveli, idrama, ibali elifutshane; umbongo - ukubhalwa kwebali	Inoveli, idrama, ibali elifutshane, isihobe - ukubhalwa kwetekisi engumhlathi (wonxibelewano) - ikhadi lesimemo nokuvuma
9 - 10	Itekisi yolwazi - izalathisi	Itekisi ebalisayo - inoveli, ibali elifutshane; isihobe	Idrama - ukubhala ingxoxo yababini
IKOTA YESI-4			
1 - 2	Idrama/inoveli/ibali elifutshane	Itekisi yolwazi: inqaku lemagazini/lephephandaba	Inoveli, ibali elifutshane - ukubhala ileta yesicelo
3 - 4	Itekisi yolwazi nedayari, i-imeyile, umyalezo obhalwayo wefwouni (i-sms), iiflaya	Inoveli, idrama, ibali elifutshane, umbongo	Inoveli, idrama, ibali elifutshane, isihobe - ukubhala ii-imeyile
5 - 6	Inoveli, idrama, ibali elifutshane, uncwadi	Idrama/umdlalo, umbongo - ingxelo yeendaba	Inoveli, ibali elifutshane, isihobe - ukubhala iobhitshuwari, ungeniso kwidayari, ikhadi lesimemo
7 - 8	Uhlaziyo lweetekisi - kulungiselelw uviwo	Uhlaziyo lweetekisi - kulungiselelw uviwo	Uhlaziyo lweetekisi - kulungiselelw uviwo
9 - 10	UKUHLOLA KWASEKUPHELENI KONYAKA		

3. 3 IZICWANGCISO ZOKUFUNDISA

Imfundu enyanzelekileyo iphela kwisiGaba esiPhezulu kubafundi abaninzi abanelishwa. Emva kweBanga le-9 uninzi lwabafundi luyaphuma luye kukhangela imisebenzi okanye balandele amakhono obugcisa bezandla. Kungoko ke kufuneka izinga lokufundisa libe phezulu kubafundi besiGaba esiPhezulu. Abafundi mabanikwe ithuba lokufikelela kuluhlu olubanzi lolwazi, nto leyo iya kubashiya bekulungele nangakumbi ukujongana nekamva labo.

Izinga lokufundisa koLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo kwiilwimi liphantse lilingane nelo loLwimi lwaseKhaya. Umahluko bubunzuлу beetekisi ezisetyenziswayo / ezifundwayo kunye neetekisi eziveliswayo. Abafundi abakwisiGaba esiPhezulu kufuneka bafumane ithuba lokufikelela kuluhlu lweendidi zoncwadi, ngokunjalo noluhlu lweetekisi ekufuneka bezivelisile. Le nto iya kubenza abafundi bakwazi ukujongana nayo nayiphi imeko abajongana nayo, iphucule nokubamba kwabo ulwazi lomxholo.

Isicwangciso sokufundisa sibonisa ubuncinane bomxholo onokwenziwa ngezithuba zeeveki ezimbini ngekota. Indlela olandelelaniswe ngayo lo mxholo ayithethi ukuba kufuneka kulandelwe yona yaye nexesha eliniwiweyo luqikelelo olubonisa ukuba kunokuthatha ixesha elingakanani ukufundisa loo mxholo. Ootishala kufuneka baziyilele ezabo iziCwangciso zokuFundisa besebenzisa ezi zicwangciso zokufunda, iincwadi ezimiselweyo kunye nazoziphi na ezinye izixhobo ukufundisa umxholo, besebenzisa ulandeletwano nesantya esifanelekileyo. Ootishala bayakhuthazwa ukuba basebenzise umxholo okanye imiba ehambelana neemeko zeendawo zabo.

3. 3. 1 Indlela ezidibana ngayo iitekisi ngeeveki ezimbini

Kusetyenziswe iitekisi ezahlukeneyo njengesiseko sokuyila umjikelo wokufundisa ngeeveki ezimbini. Zikhethwe ngokokuba zidibana njani ukwenza uqlima oludibeneyo, umzekelo, abafundi baya kuphulaphula ibali baze bafunde ibali. Baya kucelwa ukuba babhale ingcaciso yomlomo yendawo okanye yomntu (eya kudibana nebali) okanye banokucelwa ukuba babhalele iletu umlinganiswa webali. Ukukhetha umxholo weeveki ezimbini oya kukwenza ukwazi ukudibanisa imisebenzi ngokuyimpumelelo. Izizathu zokusebenzisa imixholo kukwenza ukuba isigama nesakhi solwimi sikhazi ukubekelwa ukumana sisetyenziswa kwimixholo enentsingiselo.

Izakhi nemigaqo yolwimi ezicetyiswayo kumjikelo ngamnye zenzelwe ukomeleza itekisi leyo iza kuveliswa kuloo mjikelo. Utitshala angongeza ezinye izakhi zolwimi ezinokuba lunchedo.

3. 3. 2 Indlela ezilandeletlaniswa ngayo iitekisi/imisebenzi ngeeveki ezimbini

Akunyanzelekanga ukuba iitekisi zifundiswe ngokulandeletana okuthile. Kumaxesha amaninzi, kufuneka kubekho umsebenzi/itekisi wokuphulaphula wokuthetha owenzelwa ukulungiselela umsebenzi wokufunda okanye wokubhala. Ngamanyi amaxesha, umsebenzi wokuphulaphula nokuthetha kufuneka ususelwe kwitekisi yokufunda. Abafundi kufuneka basebenze ngeentlobo ngeentlobo zeetekisi xa besenza umsebenzi womlomo naxa befunda phambi kokuba baxeletwe ukuba mababhale ezi tekisi. Kwiimeko ezininzi, kufuneka ziphulaphulwe iitekisi, umzekelo, ibali okanye ingxelo yeendaba iya kwahluka yaye ibe kwinqanaba eliphezulwana kunelo baya kulifunda abafundi. Le nto yenziwa kukuba izakhono zabo zokuphulaphula sele ziphuhlisekile kunezakhono zokufunda.

3. 3. 3 Uhlobo lweetekisi ezimiselweyo nezicetyiswayo

Intlobo zeetekisi ezimiselwe ukuba zifundiswe ngeeveki ezimbini zibekiwe kwicwangciso sokufundisa yaye kufuneka zibekho kwincwadi yomfundi (itekstbhukhu). Kumaxesha amaninzi, akumiselwa uhlobo oluthile lwebali. Kungakhethwa kuluhlu lwamabali aziwayo, amabali engqikelelo (umzekelo, angokulinga izinto, awenzululwazi) amabali embali (umzekelo, amabali amalunga nabantu abathile) kunye neentsomi (umzeleko, ezingembali, ezingamahawne nezingamabali njee) ezifumanekayo. Oku kuyafana nakwimibongo nemidlalo.

Ezi iya kuba ziitekisi ezikhethwe kwincwadi yamabali/iincwadi zamabali/ezinye iincwadi yaye ziya kuxhasa ezi tekisi zimiselweyo. Zingaziitekisi zohlobo olufanayo (zokugxinisa ukuqondwa kwsakhiwo setekisi) okanye iiintlobo ezahlukenyero zeetekisi (ukuhlupheza umdra wabo nangakumbi nokwandisa uluhlu lwabo lokukwazi ukufunda). Kuzo zonke iimeko, oku kufunda kongezelelweyo kufuneka kuhambelane nezihloko nemixholo ekhethelwe ezo tekisi zimiselweyo kwezo veki zimbini.

3. 3. 4 Ukunxulumanisa zonke izakhono zolwimi kwiiveki ezimbini

Nangona izakhono ezikwisikhokelo sokufundisa zibekwe ngokwahlukenyero, kufuneka zifundiswe ngendlela enxulunyisiweyo xa kusenzeka, umzekelo xa kufundiswa udliwano-ndlebe lomlomo abafundi bangafunda itekisi ebhaliweyo kubaze emva koko kufuneke banike udliwano-ndlebe olubhaliweyo. Ukukhethwa kwezakhi zolwimi eziza kufundiswa kwiiveki ezimbini ezithile kufuneka kuncedisane nokuveliswa kwanokuqondwa kweetekisi zomlomo nezibhaliweyo eziya kuveliswa ngelo thuba, umzekelo, izichazi, izithethantonye, izichasi, izihlomelo nexesha elidlulileyo zilungiselela abafundi ukuba babbale isincoko esibalisyalo okanye esichazayo. Imo evumayo (*subjunctive mood*) ibalulekile kakhulu xa ubhala isincoko esinocamngco.

Indlela zeorali nezibhalwayo eziza kufundiswa ngesithuba seeveki ezimbini mazibekwe ngokohlobo Iwetekisi eza kuveliswa, umzekeko, xa ufundisa isincoko esibalisyalo abafundi kufuneka bafundiswe indlela yokubhala imihlathi elandelelana ngokukuko, kodwa xa bebhala isincoko esicacisayo basenokufundiswa indlela yokubhala umhlathi obonisa inkqubo yokwenza izinto.

3. 3. 5 Indlela ezifundiswa ngayo izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi

Umxholo wecandelo 'lezakhi nokusetyenziswa kolwimi' uthathwe kwiintlobo zeetekisi ezimiselwe phantsi kwezihloko ezithi ukuphulaphula nokuthetha, ukufunda, nokubhala yaye uya kufundiswa ngoethuba kufundwa iitekisi nanethuba elabelwe ukuphulaphula nokuthetha, ukufunda nokubhala. Umzekelo, ukuba kufuneka kwenziwe ibale, abafundi baza kusebenzia ixesha elidlulileyo baze bafunde iitekisi besebenzia eli xesha. Kodwa ke, kabalulekile ukuba kwenziwe imisebenzi egxile kwisakhi esithile solwimi ngokusemholweni. Khetha izigaba zentetho kwicandelo 'lezakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi' ukwenzela ukufundisa abafundi ulwimi olubonakala njengoko lunjalo xa ujunge kuhlobo Iwetekisi yaye oko ukwenze ngendlela exhosa indlela ezenzekelayo nelandelelanyo yokufundwa kolwimi. Akufunekanga kufundiswe zonke izigaba zentetho kwezo veki zimbini kodwa qiniseka ukuba zonke izigaba zentetho ezidwelisiweyo ziyagqitywa ekupheleni konyaka. Ezinye iiveki ezimbini zinokugwaliswa zizigaba zentetho zezakhi nemigaqo yowlimi; loo nto ayithethi ukuba zonke kufuneka zifundiswe kwezo veki zimbini. Kucingelwa ukuba uninzi lwezi zigaba zentetho sele zifundiwe kwisigaba esiphakathi. KwisiGaba esiPhezulu ukufundiswa kwezi zigaba zentetho kuya kuba ngohlobo lohlaziyo.

Yenza imisebenzi enentsingiselo kubafundi yaye enxulumene neetekisi abazifundayo kwezo veki zimbini. Kufuneka kwenziwe eminye imisebenzi efana nale ngokuya abafundi beqhuba ukusuka kwiBanga lesi-7 ukuya kwele-9. Yikhethi ngobunono imigaqo oza kubacacisela yona abafundi uze uyigcine imbalwa kangangoko. Ukufunda kufuneka kudibanise zonke izakhono nezakhi zolwimi nanjengoko zihambelana. Zonke ezi zakhono mazifundiswe ngokusemholweni. Qaphela ukuba nangona kunjalo kukho ixesha elilodwa elibekelwe ukufundiswa okusesikweni kwezakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi.

3.4 ITHEYIBHILE YESICWANGCISO SOKUFUNDISA

IBANGA LE-7 IKOTA YOKU- 1 UMXHOLO			
IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA
	Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha Ukuphulaphula ibali elifutshane <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuhonga ingcina engundoqo nexasayo kwibali elifutshane Ukuthatha amanqaku Ukwabelana ngeengcina namava ukubonisa ukwonda iingqiqo Ukubalisa ibali kwakhona <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukulalisa iziganeko ngokulandelejanisa ngokuchanekilyo Ukuxela abalinganiswa ngokuchanekilyo Ukuxela ixesa lokulandelelana kweziganeko <p>1-2</p>	Itekisi yoncwadi: Amabalana <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zetekisi ezifana nezi: abalinganiswa ukwakhwiwa kwabalinganiswa, isakhiwo, impikano, imvelaphi, isimo sentiao, unobalisa, umxholo Inkqubo yokufunda: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonongqa) Ubuchule baphambili kokufunda <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukunakana impawu zetekisi ezifana netayitile, izhloko, imizobo Ukunakana iindawana zencwadi ezifana nezi uqweqwé, iphepha ekubhalwe kulo itaytile, izahluko, inkcazelo yamagama, isalathiso Isicatshulwa esifundwayo nobuchule <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukufunda ngokukhawuleza nokukrwaqua Ukufunda ngokunzulu Ukucinga/ukuthelekela Ukuthelekela intsingiselo neziggibo, Inyani nolovo Intsingiselo zamagama 	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI Inqanaba lokusebenza ngegama: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Izibizo, izakhi zezibizo, isimaphambili, ingcambu, isiqu, indidi zezibizo Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakali: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Izivakalisi ezilula, intloko, isivisa, injongosenzi, ixesa langoku, ixesha elidulileyo Impawu zokubhala nopolو, isingxi, ikoma, ikholonii, isemi kholonii, oonobumba abakhulu nabancinci <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusebenzisa izihlanganisi ukuvelisa ukunamatnelana kwemihlathi Ukuchaza liimfuno zeetekisi ezifana nokubalisa ibali Ukusebenzisa amaggama nesimbo sokubhala esifanelekleyo Ukubhala usebenzisa ixesa elidulileyo Ukugxininisika winkqubo yokubhala <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambili kokubhala, Ukuyila/ukwenza iiddrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela Ukubhala ibali elisekelwe kumava akhe.

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
3-4	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha</p> <p>Ukuphulaphula nokuxoxa ngombongo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukwabelana ngeengcinga nangamava nokubonisa ukwqonda iinqiqo Ukuphendula imibuzo Ukuchazela umhlobo wakho ukuba kutheni uthanda umbongo othile <p>Ukfundu ngokuvakalayo okulungiselelweyo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ithoni, imvakalozi, ubizo-magama, ukunamathela kweleiso Ukuthathela ingqalelo iimpawu zokubhala Intshukumo yamalungu omzimba ngokufanelekileyo 	<p>Itekisi yoncwadi: Isihobe lindlela zokufunda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuzfundela ngabanye <p>Ubuchule baphambi kokufunda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukunakana iimpawu zetekisi ezifana netayitile, izihloko, imizobo Ukunaka iindawana zencwadi ezifana noqweqe, iphepha elbonisa itayitile yencwadi, isalathiso, izahluko, inkcazelo yamagama, isalathiso <p>Isihobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> iimpawu eziphambili zombongo Intshukumo yamalungu omzimba ngokufanelekileyo 	<p>Ukubhala okuyilwayo: Ukubhala umbongo wakhe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imigaqo yokubhala kwezitanza Isakhiwo sesitanza Ukusebenzisa izihlanganisi ukwakha imihlathi enamatheleneyo Ukusebenzisa iintubo zezivakalisi ezahlukileyo eznobude nezakhwo ezahlukileyo Ukhetho-magama Intsingiselo efihlakaleyo <p>Ukgxininista kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, izigaba zentetho zentetho/umfanekiso ntelkelelo, imvano-siphelo, isinqisho iimpawu zombongo zangaphakathi, imigca, izitanza, ubuchule bokushicela Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama: izenzi, izimelabizo, izichazi</p> <p>Iintsingiselo zamama: imvano zipheho, amagama abolekiweyo, Izaci namaqhalo</p> <p>Imfanozandi</p> <p>Izafobe: izifaniso, izikweko, Izikhuzo</p> <p>Izifanekisozwi</p> <p>Izithethantonye, izichasi</p> <p>Iimpawu zokubhala:</p> <p>Isingxi, ikoma</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha Ukuncokola ngedrama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuthatha inxaxheba kwiincoko ezingekho sesikweni malunga nesihloko esilula Ukusebenzisa amagama awohlukileyo, isimbo, ithoni ukulungiselela imeko ezahlukileyo Ukgucina incoko Ukuchonga iingcinga ezingundoqo nezixhasayo Ukuthatha amanqaku Ukuphendula imibuzo <p>Ingxoxo yababini</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuthatha inxaxheba kwingsxoxo yababini Ukusebenzisa ulwimi olufanelekileyo Ukuphendula ngokufanelekileyo Ukuqaphela imigaqo yencoko phakath kwaabantu ababini umz ukunkikana amathuba <p>5-6</p>	<p>Itekisi yoncwadi: Idrama (umboniso omnye)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> limpawu eziphambili zoncwadi ezifana nabalinganiswa, ukwakhinya kwabalinganiswa, isakhiwo, impixano, invelaphi, isimo sentialo, unobalisa, umxholo Ukukhettha amagama <p>Inkqubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (limpawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) <p>Ishobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukulungisa iziphene Ukulungisa iziphene Ukulungisa iziphene Ukulungisa iziphene <p>Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izigaba zentetho, umfanekiso ntelikelelo, imvano-sipheho, isinqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandle zombongo, imigca, izitanza, ubuchule bokushicela</p> <p>Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo <p>Ukfundela/ukubukelela ukuqonda (iindlela)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukfunda ngokucokisekileyo Ukuthelekela intsingiselo yamagama angaqhelekanga esebeenzisa isakhono sokukwazi ukuthelekela amagama kwitekisi efundwayo. Ukuqonda ulwimi ngokunzulu 	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama:</p> <p>Iribizo ezimbaxa Izenz,</p> <p>Izimelabizo: izimelabizo zoqobo, Izichazi: isiphawuli nesibaluli</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakali:</p> <p>Izivakalisi ezilula, iintetho, ixesha langoku, ixesha elidulileyo, intoko, isivumelani sentoko</p> <p>Intsingiselo yamagama:</p> <p>izithethantonye, izichasi, izaci namaqhalo, izafobe: isimntwiso, isikweko, isiraniso, isihlonipho</p> <p>Impawu zokubhala: ikholonii, impawu zocaphulo, iikoma, uphawu lombuzzo, uphawu lokhuzzo</p>	

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula ibali elifutshane okanye uncwadi lwemveli/intsoni</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuchonga ingcina engundoqo nexasayo nokuthatha amanqaku Ukwabelana rgezimvo namava nokubonisa ukulandela iingqiqo Ukuchonga ubuchule bokucenga nokuqhatha ngobuchule apho kuyimfuneko Ukuphendula imibuzo <p>Ingxoxo yeqela/yephaneli</p> <p>Ukuxoxa ngebalaana/intsoni ebiyifundwe kumsebenzi ongaphambili</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuchonga abalinganiswa Ukuxoxa ngomxholo Ukuxoxa ngolovo oluthile Ukunxulumanisa Umxholo nokwenzeka ebomini bakhe <p style="text-align: right;">7-8</p>	<p>Itekisi yoncwadi: ibalana/uncwadi lwemveli</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> limpawu eziphambili zetekisi ezifana nezi: abalinganiswa ukwakhwiwa/ukuzotywa kwabalinganiswa, isakhiwo, impixano, imvelaphi, isimo sentiao, umobalisa, umxholo <p>Inkqubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (limpawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukutheleksa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) <p>Ishobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> limpawu eziphambili zombongo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izigaba zentetho, umfanekiso nttelekelelo, imvano-siphelo, isinqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandle zombongo, imigca, izitanza, ubuchule bokushicela Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo <p>Ukfundela/ukubukelela ukuqonda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukfunda ngokukhawuleza nokukwaqua Ukfunda ngokucokisekileyo Ukuthelekelela intsingiselo yamagama angaqhelekanga usebenzisa isakhono sokukwazi ukuthelekelela amagama kwitekisi efundwayo. 	<p>Ukubhalo isigxeko ncomo sencwadi (irivyu/iletta)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> limfuno zojlo nesimbo sokubhala Injongo yabaphulaphuli nemeko Ukudibanisa imihlathi Ukukhethwa kwamagama <p>Ukguxininis ka winkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, Ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Ukubhalo ileta/isigxeko ncomo sencwadi ulandela inkqubo yokubhala</p>	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama: isinye nesininzi, isinciphiso, isandiso, izchazi: isimnini</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi, ixesha langoku, ixesha elidiluleyo, imo evumayo nelandulayo</p> <p>Intsingiselo yegama: oomabizwafane, ooqashi-qashi, izaci namadhalo</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZSWA KOLWIMI
	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha</p> <p>Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuchaza inkubo yokuphulaphula Ukuthathha amangaku Ukuphendula imibuzzo <p>Ingxoxo yeqela</p> <p>Ukuxoxa ngebalana/intsoni ebifundwe kumsebenzi ongaphambili</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuchonga abalinganiswa Ukuxoxa ngomxholo Ukuxoxa ngolovo oluthile Ukunxulumanisa umxholo namava akhe 	<p>Itekisi yoncwadi: amabala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zetekisi ezifana nezi: abalinganiswa ukwakhwiwa kwabalinganiswa, isakhiwo, imipxano, imvelaphi, isimo sentalo, unobalisa, umxholo <p>Inkubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambii kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukuthelikisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphononongna) <p>Isihobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zombongo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izigaba zenetho, umfanekiso ntelekelelo, imvano-sipheho, isingqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandle sombongo, imrigca, izitanza, ubuchule bokushicela Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo <p>9-10</p>	<p>Ukubhalu isincoko esichazayo</p> <p>Imigaqo yokubhala imihlathi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isivakalisi esiyintloko somhlathi lingcinga eziphambili nezixhasayo Ukusebenzisa izihlanganisi ukwakha umhlathi odibeneyo <p>Ukugxinimisa kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, Ukuylilarukwenza iiddrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, <p>Ukunikezela isincoko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukulungjisa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Ukufundela/ukubukeleta ukuqonda (iindlela/ubuchule)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukufunda ngokucokisekileyo nokukwaquila Ukufunda ngokucokisekileyo Ukuthelikela intsingiselo neziggibo Inyani noluvvo/ingcinga Intsingiselo zamagama Ukuthelikela intsingiselo yamagama angaqhelekanga esebebenzisa isakhono sokukwazi ukuthelikela amagama kwitekisi efundwayo. 	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama:</p> <p>izimaphambili, izimamva, ingcambu, izenzi, izimelabizo zoqobo zokugxininisa, izihlanganisi</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakali:</p> <p>izivakalisi ezimbaxa</p> <p>Intsingisela yegama:</p> <p>izichasi, izithethantonye</p> <p>Impawu yokubhala nopol:</p> <p>Ukusebenzisa isichazi-magama, iipateni zokupela, imigaqo yopelo</p>

UKUHLOLA: IKOTA YOKU- 1	
UMSEBENZI WESI-1: I-ORALI	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UKUBHALA
Ukubalisa ibali/uküxoxa ngombongo/ingxoxo yababini/ ingxoxo yeqela/ingxoxo yephaneli	Isincoko esichazayo/ësibalisayo Ileta yobuhlobolirivyu/ingxoxo yababini

IBANGA LESI-7 IKOTA YESI-2 UMXHOLO			
IIWEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA
	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha Isincoko esiphulaphulwayo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucacisa inkqubo yokuphulaphula Ukuthathha amanqaku Ukuphendula imibuzo Ukubalisa ibali <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukubunjwa kwabalinganiswa Ukukhetho-magama Intshukumo yamalungu omzimba Ukutolika Isimo, imvakalozi/ithoni, iziqgabelo, izizothuso nesiphele 	<p>Itekisi yoncwadi enjenge noveli yolutsha/umdlalo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zetekisi ezifana nezi: abalinganiswa ukwakhwiwa kwabalinganiswa, isakkhiwo, impixano, invelaphi, isimo sentalo, unobalisa, umxholo <p>Inkqubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula inibuzzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphononongqa) <p>Ukufunda/ukubukelela ukuqonda (sebenzisa itekisi ebhaliwayo okanye ebonwayo efana nezicwili zokuhlekisa (iikhathuni)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukufunda ngokukhawuleza Ukukraquia Ukufunda ngokucokisekileyo Ukwenza intelekelelo (abalinganiswa, isimo sentalo, imekobume, umyalezo) Ulwimi oluchukumisayo Ukuthelekela intsingiselo yamagama angaqhelekanga esebeenzisa isakhono sokukwazi ukuthelekela amagama kwitekisi efundwayo. 	<p>IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI</p> <p>Umgangatho wemagama: Izibizo ezimbaxa, isivisa, injongosenzi, izibizo ezintsingiselo mbini, izenzi, izichazi</p> <p>Inqanaba Okusebenza ngezivakali: izivakalisi ezilula, ixesha langoku, ixesha elidulileyo</p> <p>Intsingiselo yamagama: izithethantonye, izichasi, Intsingiselo ecacileyo nefihlakelyo, ulwimi oluchukumisayo</p> <p>Impawu zokufunda: isingxi, ikoma, uphawu lokhuzzo, uphawu lombuzzo</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
3-4	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo (itekisi ebhalwayo/ukufundwa kweendaba zikamabonakude)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukfundela ngokukhawuleza Ukuvacisa inkubo yokuphulaphula Ukuthatha amanqaku Ukuphendula imibuzo Indlela ezahlukileyo zonxibelelwano ngomolmo: Ingxoxo-mpikiswano (ngokubhengeza) Khetha isihloko esifanelekileyo Ukunikezela ingxelo evakalayo Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha Ukusebenzisa isixobo sokunamatheisa ngokufanelekileyo Ukusebenzisa isigama nezakhi zolwimi ezichanekileyo, noluqathayo Ukusebenzisa ultimi oluchukumissayo, noluqathayo Ukulandela iinkubo 	<p>Ukfundela/ukubukelela ukugonda itekisi ebhalwayo okanye ebonwayo efana nesibhengezo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukfunda ngokukhawuleza Ukuvrqaqua Ukfunda ngokucokisekileyo Ukwenza intelekelelo (abalinganiswa, isimo sentalo, imekobume, umyalezo) Ukuthelekelela intsingiselo yamagama angaqhelekanga esebeenzisa isakhono sokukwazi ukuthelekelela amagama kwitekisi efundwayo. Ulwimi oluqaththa ngobuchule Ulwimi olusesikweni/ulwimi olungekho sesikweni <p>Itekisi yoncwadi enjengenoveli emfutshane</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusebenzisa ultimi oluchukumissayo, noluqathayo Ukulandela iinkubo 	<p>Ukubhala itekisi emfutshane eresakhiwo esithile: Isibhengezo/Ipowusta</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> limfuno zojilo Injongo, abaphulaphuli ekujolisive kubo nemeko Ulkukhethwa kwamagama nokwakhiwa kwezivakalisi Izinto ezibonwayo ezifana nohlolo loshiclelo nobungakanani, izihloko, umqondiso, umbala) Ulwimi olucengayo <p>Ukugxinintsa kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Inkqubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi/ Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula inibuzzo, ukutheleksa, ukuchasansisa, ukuphonononga) 	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama: Izibizo, isini sobuduna nesobukhomokazi, isinye nesinzi Izichazi, izikhuzzo Izimelabizo: esokwalatha, esogobo</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakali: Intetho nggo nengxelo-ntetho, izivakalisi ezilula nezimbaxa</p> <p>Intsingiselo yegama: izithethantonye, izichasi, intsingiselo ecacileyo nentsingiselo effihakaleyo, uzalwano nolwalamano (igama elinye endaweni yebinzanna)</p> <p>Impawu zokubhala nopolu: ikholonii, isemi-kholonii, ifonti, izafobe: isikweko, isifaniso, ubaxo</p> <p>Uphawu lokhuzzo, isimeli-nobumba, isinqisho, isifanadumo, imfanozandi, izifanekisozwi</p> <p>Ukusebenzisa isichazzi-magama</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha Ingxoxo yeqela/yeklasi malunga nokunika imiyalelo inkqubo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukukhetha isihloko Ukwabelana ngezimvo Ukunikana amathuba nokuphulaphula ngononophelo Ukgcwaliswa izithuba Ukusebenzisa amagama azimeleyo angayigququlio intsingiselo yesivakalisi ukugcina ingxoxo Intetho elungisellelwango nengalungisellelwanga <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukukhetha nokusebenzisa amagama nemvakalozi Ukusebenzisa imikhondo xa unikezela Intshukumo yamalungu omzimba ngokufanelelkleyo 	Funda itekisi enika imiyalelo enjengetekisi enika imiyalelo yenqubo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> limpawu eziphambili zetekisi ezifana nezi: abalinganiswa ukwakhwiwa kwabalinganiswa, isakhiwo, impixano, invelaphi, isimo sentialo, unobalisa, umxholo Inkqubo yokufunda: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula inibuzzo, ukutheleksa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphononongga) Isihobe <ul style="list-style-type: none"> limpawu eziphambili zombongo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izigaba zentetho, umfanekiso ntelekelelo, imvano-siphelo, isingqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandle sombongo, inigca, izitanza, ubuchule bokushicela Intsingiselo effilatekeyo Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	Itekisi emfutshane: itekisi enika imiyalelo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> limfuno zojilo nesimbo sokubhalo Injongo, abaphulaphuli ekujoliso we kubo nemeko Ukunamatheletana kwemihlathi Ulkukhetwa kwamagama nokwakhwiwa kwezivakalisi Ukugxininisa kwinkqubo yokubhala <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, Ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela Ukubhala itekisi enika imiyalelo	Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama: <p>Izenzi: iindidi zezenzi, isiyaleli; Isimelabizo sokwalattha Izichazi</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi:</p> <p>Amaxesha ezenzi: ixesha elizayo, ixesha langoku, ixesha elidulileyo</p> <p>Intsingiselo yegama: izaci namaqhalo, isifanadumo, izifanekisoziwvi</p> <p>Impawu zokubhala: iqhagamsihela; isimeli-nobumba</p>
5-6				

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
7-8	Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha Ukulinganisa <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukulinganisa iindawo abelwe yona Ukusebenzisa ulwimi olufanelekileyo Ukulandela imigaqo Intshukumo yamalungu omzimba olufanelekileyo Uphando ngolininganiso <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukwenza uxwebhu lwemibuzzo Ukulandela imigaqo Ukusebenzisa ulwimi olufanelekileyo Ukwenza ingxelo ngeziphumo zophando 	Ukfundu itekisi yoncwadi enjengomdialo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> lmpawu eziphambili zetekisi ezifana nezi: abalinganiswa ukwakhiwa kwabalinganiswa, isakhiwo, impixano, invelaphi, isimo sentialo, unobalisa, umxholo Inkqubo yokufunda: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (iimpawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukutheleksa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) 	Ukubhala irivyu sedrama Imigaqo yokubhala umhlathi: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isivakalisi esiyinttoko somhlathi lingcnga eziphambili nezixhasayo Ukusebenzisa izihlanganisi ukwakha umhlathi onamatheleneyo Ukusebenzisa iinttobo zezivakalisi, ezinobude nesakhwiw esahlukileyo. Ukugxininisa kwinkqubo yokubhala <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela 	Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama: Izenzi ezinokusetyenziswa nenjongosensi okanye ngaphandle kwayo Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakali: Ixsha langoku; intetho ngqo nengxelo-ntetho Intsingiseloyegama: Izithethantonye nezichasi, intsingiselo ecacileyo nentsingiselo effihakeleyo Iimpawu zokubhala: ikholoni; iimpawu zocaphulo, uphawu lombuzzo; ikoma, isingxi
9-10				

UMSEBENZI WOKU- 1: ORALI	UKUHLOLA: IKOTA YESI-2	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UVAVANYO LWESI-2	UMSEBENZI WESI-3
Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulawayo/ingxoxo-mpikiswano/ incoko/intetho engalungisellelwanga/ingxoxo yeqela malunga nokunkika imiyalelo	Uncwadi: Imibuzzo ebhekiselele kuncwadi	Imiviwo zaphakathi enyakeni/zika Juni	Iphepha lesi-2: Isicatshulwa, ukusetyenziswa kolwimi noncwadi Iphepha lesi -3: Ukkubhala: Isincoko esi-1umhlathi/itekisi yonxibetelwano e-1 (iyure e-1)

IBANGA LESI-7 IKOTA YESI-3
UMXHOLO

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
1-2	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha</p> <p>Iscatshulwa esiphulaaphulwayo malunga yokugcwalisai ifomu/ uxwebhu lwemibuzo</p> <p>• Ukuqizihelanisa nenkqubo yokuphulaphula</p> <p>• Ukuhathha amanqaku</p> <p>• Ukuphendula imibuzo</p> <p>Indela ezahlukeneyo zonxibelelwano ngomlomo usebenzisa uxwebhu lwemibuzo okanye ifomu</p> <p>Ingxoxo yeforam, iingxoxo zephaneli</p> <p>• Ukkheththa</p> <p>• Ukwabelana ngezimvo</p> <p>• Ukuunikana amathuba nokuphulaphula ngononophelo</p> <p>• Ukgcwalisai izithuba</p> <p>• Ukuusebenzisa amagama azimeleyo angayiguquliyo intsingiselo yesivakalisi ukugcina ingxoxo</p>	<p>Ukfundu itekisi ngokubaluleka koxwebhu lwemibuzo nendlela yokulugcwalisia</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ulwazi olufunwayo • Ulwimi olusetyenziswayo • Utikityo <p>Inkqubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi/ Ngeli xesha ufundayo) • (impawu zeetekisi) <p>Indela ezahlukeneyo zonxibelelwano ngomlomo usebenzisa uxwebhu lwemibuzo okanye ifomu</p> <p>Ingxoxo yeforam, iingxoxo zephaneli</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) <p>Ukufundela/Ukubukelela ukuqonda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukfundu ngokukhawuleza • Ukuqwaqua 	<p>Imihlathi/itekisi zonxibelelwano ezimfutshane; ukugcwalisai ifomu okanye uxwebhu lwemibuzo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukulandela imiyalelo echanekileyo • Ukunika ulwazi oluchanelekileyo ngexesa elifanelekileyo • Ukuusebenzisa ulwimi olufanelekileyo <p>Ukugxininisika kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuwangcisa/phambhi kokubhala, Ukuylia/ukwenza iiraffi, • Ukuhla, • Ukuhla, • Ukuhla, <p>Ukufundela/Ukubukelela ukuqonda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuungisa iziphene • Nokunikezela 	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama: izibizo; isihlomelo sobunjani nesexesa; izichazi</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Izibizo ezimbaxa <p>Intsingiselo yegama: Izithethantonye nezicasi, oomabizwafane</p> <p>Impawu zokubhala: Uphawu lombuzo; oonobumba abakhulu; iqhagamsihela Izifinyezo (umz. Nkosk.)</p>

IIVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha</p> <p>Ukuphulaphula umdlalo (Inoko phakathi kwabantu ababini/udliwano-ndlebe)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuqulunqa uxwebhu lwemibuzo Ukulandela imigaqo Ukusebenzisa ulwimi olufanelekileyo Ukuthatha amanqaku Ukunikezela ingxelo yophando <p>Indlela ezahlukileyo zonxibelelwano ngomlomo</p> <p>Ukulinganissa</p> <p>Ukutshintsha uhlolo oluthile lwetekisi uluse kolunye</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukulinganisa ingxoxo yababini nangaphezulu Ukulinganisa kugcinwe umoya nenjongo yetekisi yentsusa Ukuveliswa kwabalinganisa usebenzisa isinxibo esithile Ukusebenzisa isinxibo esifanelekileyo ukuyila isimo sentialo <p>3-4</p>	<p>Ukfundu itekisi yoncwadi umz umdlalo wolutsha/umdlalo kanomathotholo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambilli zetekisi ezifana nezi: abalinganiswa ukwakhija kwabalinganiswa, isakhiwo, impixano, imvelaphi, isimo sentialo, unobalisa, umxholo <p>Inkqubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphononongga) <p>Ishobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambilli zombongo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izigaba zenitetho, umfanekiso ntelekelelo, imvano-siphelo, isinqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandle zombongo, imigca, izitanza, ubuchule bokushicilela Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	<p>Imihlathi/itekisi ezinde zonxibelelwano umz</p> <p>Ingxoxo yababini/ Udlwano-ndlebe olubhaliweyo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu zojilo Injongo, abaphulaphuli ekujoliswe kubo nemeko <p>Ukguxininsa kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukukhettha amagama Ukusebenzisa ulwimi olufanelekileyo Ukucwangcisa/phambhi kokubhala, ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlazya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela 	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalis!</p> <p>Izivakalisi ezilula, izivakalisi ezimbaxa, lsivumelanisi sentioko nesivumelanisi senjongsenz!</p> <p>Intetho ngqo nengxelo-nietho</p> <p>Intsingiselo yamagama</p> <p>Impawu zokubhala: ikholonii, ijmpawu zocaphulo; ikoma; isimeli-nobumba; uphawu lombuzzo</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha</p> <p>lindela ezahlukileyo zonxibelewano ngomlomo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukulinganisa: inkqubo yentlanganiso Ukuvula okuncomekayo/intshayelelo Ukusebenzisa ithoni, isantya nemvakalozi Ukusebenzisa ulwimi Intshukumo yamalungu omzimba olufanelekileyo Isiphelo esincomekayo <p>Isicatshulwa esiphulaaphulwayo (tekisi ebhalliweyo/iindaba zikamabonakude)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucacisa inkqubo yokuphulaphula Ukuthatha amanqaku Ukuphendula imibuzo <p>5-6</p>	<p>Funda itekisi ngendela yokubhala isaziso/i-ajenda nemizuzu</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Abadlai Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi Uyilo Ukudala indima <p>Inkqubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (iimpawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) <p>Ukufundela/kubukelela ukuqonda itekisi ebhalliweyo/itekisi ebonwayo/igrafu</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukufundala ngokukhawuleza Ukukwaqua/ukufuna iinkcukacha ezixhasayo Ukufunda ngokucokisekileyo Ukwenza intelekelelo Ukuthelekela iintsingiselo zamagama angaqhelekanga nemifanekiso Ukuchonga ingcina engundoqo nexhasayo Ukuveza izimvo zakhe 	<p>Imihlathi emide yonxibelelwano umz isaziso/i-ajenda nemizuzu</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuchonga abaphulaphuli nenjongo yokubhala; Ukwenza isiqqibo gesimbo, imbono noyilo nendlela yokubhala; Ukukhettha amagama nezakhi zolwimi <p>Ukugxininisa kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, ikholonii Ukuylila/ukwenza idrafti, Ukuhazyaya, Ukuhlela, <p>Ukulungisa iziphene</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nokunikezela 	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama</p> <p>Izmelabizo: ezoquko Izimini.</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi:</p> <p>ixesha langoku, ixesha elidulileyo; intetho ngqo nengxelo-ntetho; izixando</p> <p>Intsingiselo yamagama:</p> <p>Izibizo ezakhwi kwizzenzi</p> <p>Impawu zokubhala: isimeli-nobumba, oonobumba abakhulu; ikoma; isingxi;</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
7-8	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha</p> <p>Ukuphulaphula nokuxoxa indaba zanamhla ezisekelwe kumaphephanda namanqaku emagazini</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukusebenzisa ithoni, isantya nemvakalozwi • Ukusebenzisa ulwimi oluvuseela umxhelo • Ukusebenzisa imikhondo • Ukulandela imigaqo • Intshukumo yamalungu omzimba elufanelekleyo • Ukusebenzisa intshayetelo nesphele esisiso ukutsala umda • Injongo, abaphulaphuli nemeko. <p>Ukufunda ngokuvakalayo okulungiselwelweyo lephepha nokungalungiselwelwanga kwenqaku</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukusebenzisa imvakalozwi nesantya esifanelekleyo, ukusebenzisa ithoni, isantya nemvakalozwi • Ukuqaphela iimpawu zokubhala • Intshukumo yamalungu omzimba efanelekleyo 	<p>Ukfundela/ukubukelela ukufumana ulwazi (ukusebenzisa iitekisi ezifana: inqaku lephephanda/lemagazini/ intetho ezibhalweyo)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufunda ngokukhawuleza • Ukukwaqula ukufuna iinkcukacha ezixhasayo • Ukuqikelela • Ukuhonga inyani nezimvo • Ukuhonga izimvo zombali • Ukuthelekelela amagama • Angaqhelekang a nemfanekiso • Ukusebenzisa ulwimi olusesikweni nolungekho sesikweni • Intsingiselo ecacileyo necetyiswayo ngaphandle kokuba ixelwe ngco • Ukuqaphela izigaba zentetho <p>Ukubhala inqaku lephephanda/abokalayo</p>	<p>Imihlathi emide/nemifutshane yonxibeletwano: inqaku lephephanda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • limfuno zoyilo, isimbo sokubhala kubo nemeko • Injongo, abaphulaphuli ekujoliswe kubo nemeko • Ukukhethwa kwamagama nezakhi zolwimi <p>Ukugxininisa kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuwangcisa/phambili kokubhala, • Ukyilia/ukwenza idrafti, • Ukuhlaizya, • Ukuhlela, • Ukulungisa iziphene • Nokunikezela <p>Iimpawu zokubhala: iimpawu zocaphulo; uphawu lokhuzo isingxi; uphawu lombuzo</p>	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lindidi zezebibizo lzichazi <p>Inqanaba lesivakalisi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukulandelelanisa izinto ngokukubaluleka; umhlathi ochazayo, ulwimi olucengayo, ulwimi oluvuseela umxhelo, ukuxhassa icala elinye, ingcinga okanye intetho esoloko isetyenziswa njalo ebonisa abantu abathile nohlolo oluthile, intetho esetyenziswa ngumbhalu ukuvuseela nokucenga abaphulaphuli umz. izafobe. <p>Intsingiselo yegama</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Izithethantonye, izichasi, intsingiselo ecacileyo nefinalakeleyo

IIWEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
9-10	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha</p> <p>Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo esisekelwe ekuniken iyalathisi</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuziqhelanisa nenkqubo yokuphulaphula • Ukuthatha amanqaku • Ukuphendula imibuzzo • Lindela ezahlukileyo zonxibelelwano ngomilomo • Ukusebenzisa ulwimi olufanelekileyo • Ukusebenzisa izivakalisi ezifutshane ezinefuthe • Ukulandela iinkcukacha 	<p>Itekisi yoncwadi enjengenoveli yolutsha/ambabali amafutshane/ umdlalo/umdlalo kanomathotholo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • limpawu eziphambili zetekisi ezifana nezi: abalinganiswa ukwakhwiwa kwabalinganiswa, isakhiwo, impixano, imvelaphi, isimo sentialo, unobalisa, umxholo <p>Inkqubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) • Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) • Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukutheleksa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) <p>Ishobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • limpawu eziphambili zombongo • Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izigaba zentetho, umfanekiso ntelekelelo, imvano-siphelo, isinqisho • Isakhiwo sangaphandle zombongo, imigca, izitanza, ubuchule bokushicelela • Intsingiseloe effihakeleyo • Isimo • Umxholo nomyalezzo 	<p>Ukubhala isincoko esibalisyayo/ esichazayo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • limfuno zojilo, isimbo sokubhala, imbono • Injongo, abaphulaphuli ekujoliswe kubo nemeko • Ukukhethwa kwamagama nezakhi zolwimi <p>Ukugxininisa kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuwangcisa/phambbi kokubhala, • Ukuyila/ukwenza idrafti, • Ukuhlazya, • Ukuhlela, • Ukulungisa iziphene <p>Intsingiseloe yamagama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • isithethantonye, isichasi, intsingiseloe ecacileyo, intsingiseloe effihakeleyo <p>Impawu zokubhala: isingxi; ikoma; ikholonii, isemi kholonii, ijmpawu zocaphulo</p>	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi: umhlathi, izivakalisi ezilula, izivakalisi ezimbaxa, ixesha langoku, ixesha elidulileyo, ixesha elizayo, isihlomelo sendawo nesexesha</p>

IIVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	I'ZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
		<p>Ukufundela/ukubukelela ukuponda ulwazi umz itekisi ebhaliweyo/itekisi ebonwayo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufunda ngokukhawuleza ezixhasayo • Ukuqikelela • Ukuchonga inyani nezimvo • Ukuchonga izimvo zombali • Ukutelekelela amagama • Nemifanekiso • Ukkusebenzisa ulwimi olusesikweni nolungekho sesikweni • Intsingiselo ecacileyo necingelwayo • Ngaphandle kokuba ixelwe ngqo. 		
			<p>UKUHLOLA: IKOTA YESI-3</p> <p>UMSEBENZI WESI-1: ORALI</p> <p>UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UVAVANYO LWESI-2</p> <p>UMSEBENZI WESI-3</p>	<p>Isicatshulwa nokussetyenziswa kolwimi OKANYE Uncewadi</p>

IBANGA LESI-7 IKOTA YESI-4
UMXHOLO

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZSWA KOLWIMI
1-2	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha</p> <p>Intetho engalungiselelwanga</p> <p>Ukwazisa isithethi/ukwenza umbulelo/ukubalisa ibali</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukukhetha isihloko ngokufanelekileyo • Ukucwangcisa ulwazi ngokuvakalayo • Ukuchonga isigama, izakhi zolwimi • Ukusebenzisa intshayelelo nesiphele esinefuthe • Impawu nemigaqo (ubuchule bokwenza intetho, isakhiwo.) <p>Ukfundu ngokuvakalayo</p> <p>Ithoni, imvakalozi, ukubiza-magama</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuathathela ingqalelo impawu zokubala • Intshukumo yamalungu omzimba efanelekileyo 	<p>Itekisi yoncwadi enjengenoveli yolutsha/amabali amafutshane/umndalo/ umdlalo kanomathotholo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Impawu eziphamibili zetekisi ezifana nezi: abalinganiswa ukwakhwa kwabalinganiswa, isakhiwo, impixano, imvelaphi, isimo senthalo, unobalisa, umxholo <p>Inkubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi/ Ngeli xesha ufundayo) • (Impawu zeetekisi) • Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukutheleksa, ukuchassanisa, ukuphononionga) <p>Ukfundela/ukubukelela ukuqonda (sebenzisa itekisi ebhaliweyo/itekisi ebonwayo)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukfundala ngokukhawuleza • Ukuwqaqla ukufuna iinkcukacha ezixhasayo • Ukuqikelela • Ukuhelekelela amagama angaqhelekanga nemifanekiso • Ukuhonga ingcina engundoqo nexhasayo • Ukuhonga inyani nezimvo • Ukwenza iintelekelelo neziggqibo • Ukuvakalisa izimvo zakhe 	<p>Imihlathi emide/emifutshane-Umz.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Imfuno zojilo, isimbo sokubala • Abaphulaphuli ekujoliswe kubo, Injingo, nemeko • Ukukhethwa kwamagama nezzaki zolwimi <p>Ukugxininisa kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuqwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, • Ukuyla/ukwenza iidrafti, • Ukuhlaziya, • Ukuhlela, • Ukulungisa iziphene • Nokunikezela 	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Izibizo ezimbaxa • Izichazi: iziphawuli, izibaluli <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Izivakalisi ezilula, izivakalisi ezimbaxa • Izivakalisi ezixananazileyo amagatya, obalulo <p>Intsingiselo yegama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Izithethantonye, izichasi • Intsingiselo ecacileyo, intsingiselo efihlakeleyo, izichazi, • Izihlomelo <p>Impawu zokubhala: isemikhlonili; impawu zocaphulo; isingxi; isimeli-nobumba</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZSWA KOLWIMI
3-4	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha</p> <p>Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo (itekisi ebhalwayo/ufundo lweendaba zikamabonakude)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucacisa inkubo yokuphulaphula Ukuthatha amangaku Ukuphendula imibuzo <p>Indlela ezahlukleyo zonxibelewano ngomlomo</p> <p>Ingxoxo-mpiakiswano/ingxoxo yeqela: xoxa ngokusetyenziswa kweimeyile/ ipowusta/idayari/ifiplaya</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu nemigaqo Ukucwangcisa, uphando, ukulungisela nokunikezela 	<p>Ukfundu itekisi enedayari/i-imeyile/ ifplaya</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uyilo Ulwimi olusetyenzisisiweyo Abaphulaphuli <p>Inkubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchassanisa, ukuphonononga) <p>Ishobe/uncwadi lwemveli</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu nemigaqo Ukucwangcisa, uphando, ukulungisela nokunikezela 	<p>Imihlathi emide/emiutshane yonxibelewano: umz. I-imeyile, ipowusta/idayari/ifiplaya</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> limfuno zojilo, isimbo sokubhala, imbono Injongo, abaphulaphuli ekujoliswe kubo nemeke Ukukhethwa kwamagama, iinkcazelozingathanga gca Ukwakiwa kwezivakalisi, ubude neentlobo. <p>Ukugxininisa kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, imibuzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchassanisa, ukuphonononga Ukuyila/ukwenza iiddrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhelia, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Velisa enye yezi tekisi zikhankanywe ngasentia.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isimo Umxholo nomylezo 	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama izmelabizo – sokwalatha, izibizo izenzi izichazi</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Intetho ngqo, imibuzo, isivumelanisi sentloko, intetho <p>Intsingiselo yegama: izichasi; intsingiselo ecacileyo nefhlakeleyo</p> <p>Impawu zokubbala impawu zocaphulo, impawu zemibuzo; ikoma; impawu zokhuzzo; ifonti</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZSWA KOLWIMI
5-6	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha</p> <p>Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucacisa inkqubo yokuphulaphula Ukuphendula imibuzo Intetho elungiselelweyo Ukusebenzisa ithoni/isandi, isantya nemvakalozi Ukusebenzisa ulwimi olucengayo Ukusebenzisa imikhondo Ukulandela imigaqo Intshukumo yamalungu omzimba ngokufanellekileyo Ukusebenzisa intshayelelo nesipheло esitsala umdla Ukuthathela ingqalelo injongo, apaphulaphuli, imeko. 	<p>Ukfufunda itekisi yoncwadi umz inoveli yoluusha/ibali eifutshane/ umdlalo/intscomi</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Limpawu eziphambili zetekisi ezifana nezi: abalinganiswa ukwakhiwa kwabalinganiswa, isakhiwo, impixano, imvelaphi, isimo senthalo, unobalisu, umxholo <p>Ishobe: imibonggo emiselweyo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Limpawu eziphambili zombongo Isakhiwo sangaphrakathi sombongo, zigaba zentetho, umfanekiso mtelekelelo, imvano-sipheло, isinqisho Isakhiwo sangaphanole sombongo, imigca, izitanza, ubuchule bukushicela <p>5-6</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo Isimo Umxholo nomylezo 	<p>Ukuhlaziya nokulungiselela uvivo Izincoko</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama Izienzi Izichazi</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi: Ukulandelelanissa izinto ngokokubaluleka; umhlati ochazayo, ulwimi olucengayo, ulwimi oluvuselela umxhelo, ukuxhaha icala elinye, ingcina okanye intetho esoloko isetyenziswa njalo ebonisa abantu abathile nohlobo oluthile, intetho esetyenziswa ngumbhali ukuvuselela nokucenga abaphulaphuli umz. izafobe.</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama: isithethantonye, isichasi</p> <p>limpawu zokubhala: isingxi; ikoma; iimpawu zokhuzzo; uphawu lombuzzo</p> <p>Ukguxinisa kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi Kokubhala, ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlaziya, ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Ukuhlalutya umbongo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imigca, amagama, izitanza, iqagamshela, ukuphindaphindo, ubuchule bukushicela, iimpawu zokubhala. Intsingiselo: efihlakeleyo necacieleyo 	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama</p>

IIVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZSWA KOLWIMI
	<p>Uhlaziyo nokulungiselela uviwo</p> <p>Ukuthetha:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Intetho elungiselelweyo/ingxoxo mpikiswanou/ndlebe/nccko Ukfunda okulungiselelweyo Ukfunda okungalungiselelwanga Ukuphulaphula Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo 	<p>Uhlaziyo nokulungiselela uviwo</p> <p>Ukfunda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukfunda okulungiselelweyo Isicatshulwa Isishwankathelo Uncwadi: - Inovel /amabalana/fntsomi - Umdhalo/ukufunda ngefamilim - Imibongo 	<p>Uhlaziyo nokulungiselela uviwo</p> <p>Ukubhala:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imihlathi/itekisi zonxibelelwano 	<p>Uhlaziyo</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama: izimelabizo, izibizo, izenzi, izihlomelo, izichazi</p> <p>Umangatho wesivakalis: izivakalisi ezilula nezimbaxa; intetho; izivumelanisi zentloko, imibuzo</p> <p>Intsingiselo yamagama: izithethantonye, izichasi, intsingiselo ecacileyo nentsingiselo efihlakeleyo</p> <p>Impawu zokubhala</p>
7-8				UKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI NOKUHLOLA KWASEKUPHELENI KONYAKA: IKOTA YESI-4
9-10		<p>UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: I-ORALI</p> <p>Ukfunda ngokuvakalayo/ingxoxo-mpikiswanu/ingxoxo yeqela/intetho engalungiselelwanga/udliwano-ndlebe</p>	<p>UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UVWO LASEKUPHELENI KONYAKA</p> <p>Iphepha loku-1: I-orali Iphepha lesi-2: Ukubhala (iyure e-1) Iphepha lesi-3: Isicatshulwa, ukusetyenziswa kolwimi noncwadi (iyure ezi-2)</p>	

IBANGA LESI-8 IKOTA YOKU-1
UMXHOLO

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
1-2	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha:</p> <p>Ingxoxo yeqela – Ukuqokelela/ ukujula izimvo; ukukhetha liingcinga ezifamelekileyo; ukulandelelanisa liingcinga eziphambili</p> <p>Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukurekhodisha liingcinga eziphambili nezixhasayo ngokuthatha amanqaku Ukwabelana ngeengcinga nangamava nokubonakalisa ukuqonda liingqiqo Ukuconga ubuchule bukucenga nobokuqhattha Ukuphendula imibuzo 	<p>Itekisi yoncwadi enjengamabali amafutshane olutsha</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ingxoxo gabalala kwiimpawu eziphambili, njengomlinganiswa, impawu, isakhwi, impixano, invelaphi yebali, Isimo sentalo, unobalisa, umxholo <p>Inkqubo yokufunda</p> <p>Ubuchule baphambi kokufunda</p> <p>Ukfundisa abafundi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu zetekisi – igama lencwadi, izihloko, izihloko, imfanekiso Izahlulo zencwadi – iphepha lokuqala encwadini, uluhlu leengongoma, izahlulo, uluhlu lweenkazelo, isalathiso sencwadi, ishlomelo, inibhalo ebhalwe emazantsi ephepha, njil njil. <p>Inkqubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi/ Ngeli xesha ufundayo (iimpawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasarisa, ukuphonononga) 	<p>Ukubhala isincoko:</p> <p>Esibalisayo/isincoko esicamngcayo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukhetho lwamagama Ilizwi lakhe nesimbo sokubhala Inkcazeloo ecacileyo Ithoni lingcinga eziphambili nezixhasayo limephu zengqondo yokulungelelanisa lingcinga ezinamathelyo Ukunikezela isincoko ukulungisela ukuhlolwa Ukgxininisika kwinkqubo yokubhala Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhazziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Ukubhala isincoko ulandela inkqubo yokubhala</p>	<p>Izakhi nemigaqo yokusebenza ngamagama:</p> <p>Indidi zezibizo, izakhi zezibizo: isimaphambili, ingcambu, isimamva isinye, isinanzi</p> <p>Umsebenzi wezinga lwezivakalisi:</p> <p>Intoko, isivisa, injongosenzi</p> <p>Isivumelanisi sentoko nesenzi, ukwakhwa kwasivakalisi, izithethantonye, izichasi</p> <p>Intsingiseyo yamagama</p> <p>izithethantonye, izichasi</p> <p>Impawu zokubhala nopolonokufunda:</p> <p>Uqhawulo-magama, ukusebenzisa ischazi-magama, Isingxi, Koma, Kholoni, isemi-kholoni</p> <p>Uphawu lokuba, Uphawu lokhuzzo</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha:</p> <p>Ukuphulaphula intetho (kapresidenti/ ilungu elinemppembelelo ekuhlaeni)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuxoxa ngeempawu zentetho elungiselelweyo Ukuchongga nokucacisa ukusetyenziswa kolwimi Ukuchongga nokuxoxa ngeempawu ezikwintetho <p>Intetho elungiselelweyo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UkuKhetha 'isihloko esifanelekileyo Ukulungiselela ulwazi ngokucacileyo Ukuchongga isigama esisiso nezakhi zolwimi Ukulungisa intshayelelo nesipheyo esifanelekileyo Ukuqiqhelanisa Ukunikezela 	<p>Ukufunda intetho</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuchongga nokuxoxa ngeempawu eziphambili Ukuhela ukusetyenziswa kolwimi Ukuchongga nokuxoxa ukusetyenziswa kolwimi oluchukumisayo okanye ukusetyenziswa kolwimi ngobuchule Ukuhela intshayelelo nesipheyo <p>Inkubo yokufunda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukutheleksa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) <p>Ubuchule bokufunda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukufunda ngokukhokhelia, ukufunda ngamaqela, ukuzifundela ngokwakhe <p>Ukufunda/ukubukela itekisi ebhaliweyo/ebonwayo ngenjongo yokuqonda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukufunda ngokukhawuleza nokukwaquila Ukufunda ngokunzulu Injongo neqela ekujoliswe kulo Ukuthelekelela intsingiseloe nezgqibo ngobuchule Ifuthe kukhetho noshiyo lwentsingiseloyetekisi 	<p>Ukubhala intetho</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, Ukuyla/ukwenza iindratti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene <p>Nokunikezela</p> <p>Ukubhala intetho</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucacisa okulindelekileyo kwitekisi xa kubhalwa isincoko esichazayo Ukuchonga abantu ekujoliswe kubo ukwenza isiggibo ngesimbo sokubhala, injongo nesakhiwo Ukusebenzisa amagama afanelekileyo Ukubonisa ukukhula, uvutho ndaba isipheyo <p>Impawu zokubhala nopolu: uphawu lokhuzo, uphawu lombuzzo, ikoma, isingxi Izifinyezo, izishunqulelo</p>	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama:</p> <p>Izbizo: isimaphambili, isimamva, Izibizo ezimbaxa, izikhankanyi, izinciphiso, isandiso, isiduna nesikhomokazi</p> <p>Irenzi: ezithatha injongosenzi nezingathathi njongosenzi</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi:</p> <p>Amabinzana ezenzi, amagatyat ezenzi: isivakalisi esiyintloko, amabinzana ezibizo, izihlanganisi, ulwimi oluchukumisayo noluqhathayo</p> <p>Intsingiseo yamagama:</p> <p>izithethantonye, izichasi, izafobe</p> <p>Impawu zokubhala nopolu: uphawu lokhuzo, uphawu lombuzzo, ikoma, isingxi Izifinyezo, izishunqulelo</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha Ingxoxo zamaqela ngetekisi ebonwayo, eviwa ibonwa/ imalithimidiya</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuvuselela ulwazi lemvelaphi Ukuthelekelela injongo yetekisi Ukukhangela intsingiselo Ukuthatha amanqaku Ukuqonda umyalezo <p>Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo (isandi sodwa)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukurekhodisha liingcina eziphamibili nezixhasayo ngokuthathia armanqaku, ukwenza iitshkeklisti, ukushwankathela, ukwenza inkcazelio-niteito nokuphindu ubalise <p>Ukuphindu uyile imiboniso</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuvumelana ngenguqulelo/ ngentingsiselo eboniweyo Ukuliganisa ukwenzekileyo kwimiboniso yomibini 	<p>Itekisi yoncwadi enjengenovel/ amabali amafutshane/umdlalo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphamibili zetekisi yoncwadi: niengomlinganiswa, ukuphawula umlinganiswa, isakhiwo sebali, impixano, imvelaphi, Isimo sentalo, unobalisa, umxholo <p>Ubuchule bokufunda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) <p>Isihobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphamibili zombongo <p>Ukuphindu uyile imiboniso</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuvumelana ngenguqulelo/ ngentingsiselo eboniweyo Ukuliganisa ukwenzekileyo kwimiboniso yomibini 	<p>Imihlathi/itekisi zonxibelelwano</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu zetekisi Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi Irejista nesimbo sokubhala Intshayelelo nesipheho <p>Ukubhala ileta esekelwe kwitekisi ebonwayo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambili kokubhala, ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhla/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, <p>Ukugxininis ka kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambili kokubhala, ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhla/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, <p>Impawu zokubhala nokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uwakhwiwlo lwapakathi kombongo, izafobe/izigaba zentetho, umfanekiso ntelakelelo, imvano-sipheho, isinqisho Uwakhwiwlo sangaphandle sombongo, imigca, izitanza zombongo, ukushicilela Izafobe Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama:</p> <p>Izhlomelo sobunjanji, esexesha, esendawo</p> <p>Izichazi</p> <p>Izihlanganisi</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakali:</p> <p>Izivakalisi ezilula, izivakalisi ezimbaxa</p> <p>Izithethantonye, izichasi, izafobe: isifaniso, isikweko, isimntwiso, ubaxo/ ubabazo</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	<p>5-6</p> <p>OKANYE</p> <p>Ukufunda/ukubukela isicatshulwa ngenjongo yokuqonda (ubuchule)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufunda ngokukhawuleza nokukraquila • Ukufunda ngokunzulu • Ukuthelekelela intsingiselo neziphele • Ukuchohga ulwimi olusetyenziswe ngobuchule • Ifuthe lokhetho nokushiyiwa kwintisingiselo yetekisi • Ukuthelekelela intsingiselo yamagama angaqhelekanga ngokusebenzisa izakhono zokugxininisa amagama • Inyani noluvo 			

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
7.8	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha Intetho engalungiselelwanga kwinqaku lephephandaba okanye imagazini</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukulungisa ulwazi ngokucacileyo Ukuhonga isigama esisiso nezakhi zolwimi Ukuphendula itekisi Intshayelelo nesiphelo esinefuthe Ingxoxo yeforam/ingxoxo yeqela ngenqaku lephephandaba okanye imagazini <p>7.8</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> lmpawu zetekisi Izakhi nemigaqo yetekisi Ukubiza amagama Irejista nesimbo 	<p>Ukfundu inqaku lephephandaba okanye imagazini</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> lmpawu eziphambili zetekisi yoncwadi: niengomlinganiswa, ukwakhwa/ukubunjiwa komlinganiswa, isakhiwo, impixano, imvelaphi, isimo sentalo, unobalisa, umxholo <p>Inkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (lmpawu zetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula inibuzzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) <p>Ishiobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> lmpawu eziphambili zombongo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izafobe, izigaba zenetho, umfanekiso ntelekelelo, imvano-siphelo, isinqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandle sombongo, imigca, amagama, izitanza zombongo Ukushicilela Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	<p>Imihlathi/itekisi zonxibelelwano</p> <p>Ingxelo/inqaku lemagazini: lmpawu zetekisi</p> <p>Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi Irejista nesimbo sokubhala Intshayelelo nesiphelo</p> <p>Ukubhala ingxelo/inqaku lemagazini elisekelwe kwimpembelo yokubonwayo</p> <p>Ifuthe kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, Ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela 	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama: izikhuzo, izichazi: iziphawuli, izimelabizo: esogobo, esoqobo sokugxininissa</p> <p>Inqanaba Okusebenza ngezivakalisi: izivakalisi ezilua, izivakalisi ezimbaxa, ixesa langoku, ixesha eladlulayo, ixesa elizayo, ukuxhasa icala elinye, ulwimi olucengayo nolwimi oluveselela umxhelo, ingcinga okanye intetho esoloko isetyenziswa njalo ebonisa abantu abathile ngohlolo oluthile.</p> <p>Intsingiselo yamagama:</p> <p>Izafofe, isigama ngokusemjholfweni, ngokwentsingiselo yegama, intsingiselo ecacileyo, engundoqq,</p> <p>Impawu zokubhala nopol:</p> <p>lmpawu ecingelwayo/efihlakelyeo</p> <p>lmpawu zocaphulo, ikoma, isngxi, uphawu lokhuzo, isimeli-nobumba, ukushiywa kwamagama kwisivakalisi</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI		
	Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I-orai: udlwano-ndlebe/ukuzalisa uxwebhu lwemibuzzo yengxelo/ ingxoxo yeqela Ukuphanda ngesihiko Ukulungiselela/ukulungisa imatheriyeli – uxhasa ngemizekelo ngokucacileyo Ukuchonga nokukhetha isigama esisiso, ulwimi nemigaqo Ukulungisa intshayelilo nesiphelo ngokufanelekileyo 	Ukfufunda ingxelo yophando <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zengxelo Isakhiwo Ukuseyenzziswa kolwimi Inkubo yokufunda <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi/ Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) 	Itekisi emfutshane umz. Ingxelo yophando <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Injongo, iqela ekujoliswe kulo nesakhiwo Imigaqo yomhlathana Izihlanganisi ukucacisa Ukusebenzisa iintloblo zezivakalisi, ubude nezakhiwo Isimbo esisesikweni sokubhala Ukubhala ingxelo yophando	Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> izenzi, izikhankanyi, izimelabizo: esokwalatha, esoquko Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Intetho ngo nengxelo-ntetho, intetho, imibuza, ixesha langoku neladullayo, ukuxhassa icala elinye, ingcingga okanye intetho esoloko isetyenziswa njalo ebonisa abantu abathile nohlobo oluthile. Intsingiseo yamagama: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> izithethantonye, izichasi, iintsingiselozamagama ngokusemzholweni, 		
9 – 10	Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulhulwayo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukurekhodisha liingcinga eziphambili nezxhasayo ngokuthatha amanqaku Ukwabelana rgeengcinga namava nokuqonda ingqiqo Ukuchonga ubuchule bokucenga/ bokuhatha Ukuphendula imibuzzo 	Ishobe <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zombongo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izafobe, izigaba zentetho, umfanekiso ntelekelelo, imvano-sipheho, isinqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandile sombongo, imigca, amagama, lzitanza zombongo Ukushicilela Intsingiseloe fefihlakelyeo Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	Impawu zokubhala nopol <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izafobe, izigaba zentetho, umfanekiso ntelekelelo, imvano-sipheho, isinqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandile sombongo, imigca, amagama, lzitanza zombongo Ukushicilela Intsingiseloe fefihlakelyeo Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	UKUHLOLA IKOTA YOKU - 1 UMSEBENZI WESI-1: I-ORALI Ingxoxo yeqela – itekisi ezibonwayo/isicatshulwa esiphulaphulhulwayo/intetho engalungisiselelwanga/ingxoxo yeforam/udliwano-ndlebe	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UKUBHALA Isincoko esibalisyayo/esicamngcayo	UMSEBENZI WESI-3: UVAVANYO LOKU-1 Isicatshulwa nokusetyenziswa kolwimi

IBANGA LESI -8 IKOTA YESI -2
UMXHOLO

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuphulaphula imiyalelo/izalathisi Ukuthatha amanqaku Ukuphendula imibuzo Ukuphendula ezahlukileyo Ukuphendula ngomlomo, umz. Ukufundwa kweendaba okungalungiselelwanga/intetho <p>Ukunika izalathisi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu zetekisi Ulwimi nemigaqo Ukusebenzisa amalungu omzimba 	<p>Ukfufunda itekisi ebonwayo enika ulwazi, umz. Ilmephu, inndawo eziqaphelekeyo ezisisikhokelo, isikali</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo Ukuseyenziwsa kolwimi Impawu <p>Inkqubo yokubhala:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Envra kokufunda (ukuphendula inibuzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) <p>Ishobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zombongo Isakhiwo sangaphakatti sombongo, Izafobe, izigaba zentetho, umfanekiso ntelekelelo, imvano-sipheho, isinqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandile sombongo, inigca, amagama, izitanza Ubuchule bokushicilela/ubuchule bokubhala Intsingiseloo zekelisayo/efhlakeleyo Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	<p>Ukubhala itekisi ezimfutshane, umz. Izalathisi/Ukunika imiyalelo,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imofomathi efanelelekleyo Ukulungiselela umxholo (isazobe sokucinga (<i>mind map</i>)) Lingcinga eziphambili nezixhasayyo Imigaqo yemihlathana Ukukhulisa imihlathana ngengqiqo ukujiniseksisa ukunamathelana Ukusebenzisa izihlanganisi ukunamathelanisa Imigaqo yolwimi <p>Ukugxininis a kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambili kokubhala, Ukuylala/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Ukubhala itekisi enika imiyalelo</p>	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama: iziphawuli, izibizo, izihlanganisi izibaluli</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakali: intoko, intetho, ephambili nexhasayso, amaxesha, izivakalisi ezilula nezimbaxa</p> <p>Intsingiseo yamagama: izithethantonye, izichasi, izafobe</p> <p>Impawu zokubhala nopolu: iipateni yopelo, isingxi, ikoma</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha Ingxoxo foramyephaneli</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Izithethi zinkana amathuba Ukucacisa iindela ababona ngazo nokufikelela kwisivumelwano ekuvunyelwana ngaso Ukusebenzisa ulwimi, isimbo nerejista ngokufanelekileyo <p>Ingxoxo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukubonisa iindawo ezilinganiswayo Ukfunda imigaqo yetekisi Izithethi zinkana amathuba Ukucacisa iindela ababona ngazo nokufikelela kwisivumelwano ekuvunyelwana ngaso Ukusebenzisa ulwimi, isimbo nerejista ngokufanelekileyo Ukuqizghelanisa <p>3-4</p>	<p>Itekisi yoncwadi enjengengxoxo erekhodiweyo kamabonakude/ kanomathotholo/yeforam</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zetekisi Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi Isakhiwo Abalinganisi <p>Inkqubo yokufunda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (iimpawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukutheleksa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) <p>Ishobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusebenzisa ulwimi, isimbo nerejista ngokufanelekileyo Ukuqizghelanisa 	<p>Ukubhala ingxoxo yababini Imigaqo yemihlathana</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isimo sentalo Izivakalisi zentshayelelo lingcinga eziphambili nezixhasayo Ukulandeletana nokunamathehana Ukhetho lwamagama neempawu zakufunda nokubhala Imigaqo yowlimi <p>Ukugxininis a kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambibi kokubhala, Ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Ukubhala ingxoxo yababini</p>	<p>Inqanaba okusebenza ngamagama: Izenzi, izimelabizo, izichazi: isimnini</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi: ixesa langoku, ixesa elidululeyo, ukusebenzisa izivakalisi ezichukumisayo nezinobuchule, ulwakhivo lwezivakalisi, imo evumayo nelandulayo, imibuzzo, intetho, izivakalisi ezmibaxa</p> <p>Intsingiselo yamagama: Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo, intsingiselo ecacileyo yamagama, amagama akwitekisi, ukudlala ngamagama, izafobe</p> <p>Iimpawu zokubhala nokupela: imigaqo nemithetho yopelo</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
		<p>Ukufunda/ukubukela isicatshulwa (ukusebenzisa itekisi ebhaliweyo okanye/nebonwayo njengeekhathnuni)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukukrwaquila • Ukufunda ngokukhawuleza • Ukufunda ngokunzulu • Ukuthelekelela (abalinganiswa, isimo sentalo, imeko bume, umyalezo) • Ukuthelekelela intsingiselo yamagama angaqhelekanga ngokusebenzisa isakhono sokukwazi ukuthelekelela intsingiselo yegama kwetekisi • Ulwimi oluchukumisayo 		

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inkubo yokuphulaphula Ukubhala liimpendulo Udliwano-ndlebe Ukfundisa iimpawu nenigaqo Ukwenza ucwangciso/iscwangciso nophando Ukukhetha isimbo, irejista nesigama Ukunikana amathuba lindlela zokucenga <p>5-6</p>	<p>Itekisi yoncwadi enjengedrama/ umdialo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zetekisi yoncwadi: niengomilinganiswa, intshukumo, ingxoxo yababini, isakhiwo, impixano, imvelaphi, isimo sentalo, unobalisa, umxholo <p>Inkqubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (iimpawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphononganqa) <p>Isihobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zombongo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izafobe, izigaba zentetho, umfanekiso ntelekelelo, imvano-sipheho, isinqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandile sombongo, inigca, amagama, izitanza zombongo Ubuchule bokushicilela/ubuchule bokubhala Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	<p>Umhlathi umz. Udliwano-ndlebe olubhaliwayo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo neempawu ezifanelekileyo Ukulungiselela umxholo (imephu yengqondo) lingcinga eziphambili nezixhasayao Imigaqo yemihlathana Ukulandeleanisa imihlathi ngokwengqiqo ukuqinisekisa ukunamatheleana Ukusebenzisa izihlanganisi ukulungiselela ukunamatheleana Imigaqo yowimi <p>Ukugxininis ka winkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambni kokubhala, Ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Ukubhala udliwano-ndlebe</p>	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama: izihlomele: esendawo, esexesha, esobunjanani</p> <p>Inqanaba Okusebenza ngezivakalisi: Ulwakhiwo lezivakalisi, isimo, izivakalisi ezilula nezimbaxa, amagaty namabinzana</p> <p>Intsingiselo yamagama: Izafobe, amagama ngobunjalo, ngokusemxholweni, ukudiala ngamagama</p> <p>Iimpawu zokubhala nopolو: izifinyezo; iimpawu zokubuza, iimpawu zokhuza, isingxi, ikoma</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
5-6	<p>Isicatshulwa esifundwayo:</p> <p>Udliwano-ndlebe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukukrwaqula nokufunda ngokukhawuleza Ukfunda ngokunzulu Ukuthelekelela Ukuthelekelela intsingiselo yamagama angaqhelekanga nemitanekiso ngokusebenzisa isakhono sokukwazi ukuthelekelela intsingiselo yegama kwetekisi Inyani noluvo Ulubo lombhalu/Indlela umbhalu abona ngayo Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo/ecingelwayo 	<p>Isicatshulwa esifundwayo:</p> <p>Udliwano-ndlebe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukukrwaqula nokufunda ngokukhawuleza Ukfunda ngokunzulu Ukuthelekelela Ukuthelekelela intsingiselo yamagama angaqhelekanga nemitanekiso ngokusebenzisa isakhono sokukwazi ukuthelekelela intsingiselo yegama kwetekisi Inyani noluvo Ulubo lombhalu/Indlela umbhalu abona ngayo Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo/ecingelwayo 	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama:</p> <p>Izixando, izichazi: isibaluli</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi:</p> <p>ulwakhiwo lwezivakalisi, iintlobo zezivakalisi, amaxesha ezenzi, intetho, isihlonipho, izaci namaqhalo, igatyaya lobalulo, iintsingiselo zamagama, izafobe: isimntwiso, isikweko, ubaxo/ubabazo, isihlonipho, isifanadumo Oomabizwafane noombizwahluke</p> <p>Impawu zokubhala nopolو</p> <p>Oonobumba abakhulu, isingxi, ikoma</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukubhala iriyu yebali/inoveli Isakhiwo setekisi Impawu nemigaqo Ukubizwa kwamagama Irejista Abaphulaphulii/babukeli Ithoni/imvakalo-zwi <p>Ukugxininita kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga), ukuvaranya <p>Ingxoxo yemaqela</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukubonisa inxaxheba Izithethi zinikanu amathuba Ukucacisa indlela abona ngayo ze kufikelewe kwisivumelwano Ukusebenzisa ulwimi, isimbo nerejista ngokufanelekileyo 	<p>IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuthelekelela intsingiselo yamagama angaqhelekanga nemitanekiso ngokusebenzisa isakhono sokukwazi ukuthelekelela intsingiselo yegama kwetekisi Inyani noluvo Ulubo lombhalu/Indlela umbhalu abona ngayo Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo/ecingelwayo
7-8	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha</p> <p>Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo (itekisi eyinyani umz. Inqaku lephephandaba)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuphulaphulela ukuqonda Ukuthetha amaqaku Ukuphendula imibuzo <p>Ingxoxo yemaqela</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukubonisa inxaxheba Izithethi zinikanu amathuba Ukucacisa indlela abona ngayo ze kufikelewe kwisivumelwano Ukusebenzisa ulwimi, isimbo nerejista ngokufanelekileyo 	<p>Itekisi yoncwadi enjengenoveli</p> <p>yolutsha/bali elifutshane</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zetekisi yoncwadi: ezifana nabalinganiswa, intshukumo, ingxoxo yababini, isakhiwo, impixano, imvelaphi, isimo sentialo, umbalisa, umxholo <p>Inkqubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga), ukuvaranya <p>Ukugxininita kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, Ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhla, ikoma Ukuhla, ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhla, ikoma Ukuhla, ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhla, ikoma <p>Impawu zokubhala nopolو</p> <p>Oonobumba abakhulu, isingxi, ikoma</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukubhala iriyu yebali/inoveli Isakhiwo setekisi Impawu nemigaqo Ukubizwa kwamagama Irejista Abaphulaphulii/babukeli Ithoni/imvakalo-zwi <p>Ukugxininita kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga), ukuvaranya <p>Ingxoxo yemaqela</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukubonisa inxaxheba Izithethi zinikanu amathuba Ukucacisa indlela abona ngayo ze kufikelewe kwisivumelwano Ukusebenzisa ulwimi, isimbo nerejista ngokufanelekileyo 	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama:</p> <p>Izixando, izichazi: isibaluli</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi:</p> <p>ulwakhiwo lwezivakalisi, iintlobo zezivakalisi, amaxesha ezenzi, intetho, isihlonipho, izaci namaqhalo, igatyaya lobalulo, iintsingiselo zamagama, izafobe: isimntwiso, isikweko, ubaxo/ubabazo, isihlonipho, isifanadumo Oomabizwafane noombizwahluke</p> <p>Impawu zokubhala nopolو</p> <p>Oonobumba abakhulu, isingxi, ikoma</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukubhala iriyu yebali/inoveli Isakhiwo setekisi Impawu nemigaqo Ukubizwa kwamagama Irejista Abaphulaphulii/babukeli Ithoni/imvakalo-zwi <p>Ukugxininita kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga), ukuvaranya <p>Ingxoxo yemaqela</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukubonisa inxaxheba Izithethi zinikanu amathuba Ukucacisa indlela abona ngayo ze kufikelewe kwisivumelwano Ukusebenzisa ulwimi, isimbo nerejista ngokufanelekileyo 	<p>IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuthelekelela intsingiselo yamagama angaqhelekanga nemitanekiso ngokusebenzisa isakhono sokukwazi ukuthelekelela intsingiselo yegama kwetekisi Inyani noluvo Ulubo lombhalu/Indlela umbhalu abona ngayo Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo/ecingelwayo

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI						
		<p>Isihobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Impawu eziphambili zombongo • Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izafobe, izigaba zentetho, umfanekiso ntelekelelo, imvano-siphelo, isinqisho • Isakhiwo sangaphandle sombongo, inigca, amagama, Izitanza zombongo • Ubuchule bokushicilela/ubuchule bokubhala • Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo • Isimo • Umxholo nomyalezo <p>lindlela zokufunda isicatshulwa</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Injongo neqela ekujoliswe kulo • Ukwenza uthelekelelo • Ukunika uluvo lwakho • Ukwahlula phakathi kwenyani namava • Intsingiselo eitsolileyo necingelwayo 								
7-8				<p>UKUHLOLA IKOTA YESI-2</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: I-ORALI</th> <th>UMSEBENZI WESI: UKUBHALA</th> <th>UMSEBENZI WESI-3: UWVO LWAPHAKATHI KONYAKA/UWIWO LUKAJUNI</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo/izalathisi/ingxoxo yetoram/ingxoxo yephaneil/ingxoxo-mpikiswano</td><td>Udliwanondlwbe/itekisi enika imiyalelo/iriyu yebali</td><td>Iphepha loku – 1: I-orali Iphepha lesi – 2: Ukubhala Iphepha lesi – 3: Isicatshulwa, ukusetyenziswa kolwimi noncwadi</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: I-ORALI	UMSEBENZI WESI: UKUBHALA	UMSEBENZI WESI-3: UWVO LWAPHAKATHI KONYAKA/UWIWO LUKAJUNI	Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo/izalathisi/ingxoxo yetoram/ingxoxo yephaneil/ingxoxo-mpikiswano	Udliwanondlwbe/itekisi enika imiyalelo/iriyu yebali	Iphepha loku – 1: I-orali Iphepha lesi – 2: Ukubhala Iphepha lesi – 3: Isicatshulwa, ukusetyenziswa kolwimi noncwadi
UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: I-ORALI	UMSEBENZI WESI: UKUBHALA	UMSEBENZI WESI-3: UWVO LWAPHAKATHI KONYAKA/UWIWO LUKAJUNI								
Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo/izalathisi/ingxoxo yetoram/ingxoxo yephaneil/ingxoxo-mpikiswano	Udliwanondlwbe/itekisi enika imiyalelo/iriyu yebali	Iphepha loku – 1: I-orali Iphepha lesi – 2: Ukubhala Iphepha lesi – 3: Isicatshulwa, ukusetyenziswa kolwimi noncwadi								

IBANGA LESI-8 IKOTA YESI-3				
IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	UMXHOLO
	Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha (sebenzisa ingxoxo yababini erekhodiweyo) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuphulaphula ingxoxo yababini Ukuthathha amanqaku Ulwimi namandla Ithoni/imvakalozwi Isimo Intshayelelo nesiphelo Ukuphendula imibuzo Ingxoxo yeqebla/ingxoxo yababini <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukubonisa imaxheba Izithethi zinikana amathuba Ukuacisa indlela ababona ngayo nokufikelela kwisivumelwano Ukusebenzisa ulwimi, isimbo nerejista Ukunikezela <p style="text-align: center;">1 - 2</p>	Itekisi yoncwadi enjengedrama nomdalo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu zetekisi yoncwadi: ezifana nomlinganiswa, intshukumo, ingxoxo yababini, isakhiwo, impixano, invelaphi, Isimo sentialo, unobala, umxholo Inkqubo yokufunda: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) Ubuchule baphambili kokufunda: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu zetekisi – amagama enowadi, izihloko, imitanekiso Izahlu zencwadi – iphepha lokuqala, uluhlu iweziqualatho, izahluko, ululu lwamagama, isalathiso sencwadi, amanqaku abhalwe emazantsi ephepha, njii njii. Isihobe <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zombongo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izafobe, izigaba zentetho, umfanekiso ntelekelelo, imvano-sipheho, isinqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandle sombongo, inigca, amagama, izitanza zombongo Ubuchule bokushicilela/ubuchule bokubhala Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	Imlilathi emide/itekisi ezinde zoxibelelwano umz ingxoxo yababini/neriyvu <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imigaqo yemihlathi: ukusebenzisa Imofomathi efanelekileyo Injongo neqela ekujoliswe kulo Ukulandeelanisa izivakalisi ngokukuko Ukusebenzisa izihlanganisi ukupqinisekisa unamathelwano Ukusebenzisa iintlobo ezahlukileyo zezivakalisi, ubude nesakhivo Ukugxininis a kwinkqubo yokubhala <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambili kokubhala, ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, ukuhlela, ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungissa iziphene Nokunikezela 	Iinqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ibibizo Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakali: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ixesha langoku, ixesa elimiyo, ixesa eladluilavo, intetho ngqo, ingxelo-ntetho, ixesa langoku nelidluilleyo, izivakalisi ezimbaxa Intsingiselo yamagama: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Izichasi, izithethantonye, amagama akwitekisi intsingiselo ecacileyo nefihlakeleyo Impawu zokubhala nepelo: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> iindlela zokupela, isingxi, ikoma, uphawu lokubuza

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
1 - 2		lindlela zokufundela ukujonda <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Injongo neqela ekujoliswe kulo • Ukwenza uthelekelelo • Ukunika ulovo lwakho • Ukwahlula phakathi kwenyani namava • Intsingiselo engqalileyo necingelwayo 		

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
3-4	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha</p> <p>Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuphulaphula ileta ebhalelwé iintatheli Ukuthatha amanqaku Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi Irejista Imigaqo Ukwabelana ngamanqaku <p>Ingxoxo ngamaqela</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukunxulumansisa namava akhe Ukusebenzisa ulwazi olusuka kwitekisi ukuphendula imibuzzo Ukuuxoxa ngokuxabiseka kwezentialo, imfundiso nezenkcubeko ezikwitekisi Ukuthatha inxaxheba kwingxoxo yamaqela <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ukkunkana amathuba - Ukunamathela emxholweni - Ukuubuzza imibuzzo 	<p>Ukfufunda inqaku lephephandaba/ inqaku lemagazini elingemibandela yokwenzekayo kwilizwe/lmibandella yezentialo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo Impawu zetekisi Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi Ithoni Ukulandelelanisa <p>Inqubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula inibuzzo, ukuthalekisa, ukuchasansisa, ukuphononongga) <p>Isihobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Ukubhalala umhleli ileta</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zombongo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izafobe, izigaba zentetho, umfanekiso ntelekelelo, imvano-siphele, isinqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandile sombongo, imigca, amagama, izitanza zombongo Ubuchule bokushicilela/ubuchule bokubhalala Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo/ezekelisayo Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	<p>Umhlathi/itekisi yonxibelelwano:</p> <p>Ileta ebhalelwé umhleli</p> <p>Imigaqo yemihlathi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imofomath efanelekileyo Injongo lingcinga eziphambili nezihxasayo neqela ekujoliswe kulo Ukusebenzisa izihlanganisi ukujinisekisa ukunamathelana Ukusebenzisa iintlobo ezahlukileyo zezivakalisi, ubude nolwakhiwo <p>Ukugxininiisa kwinkqubo yokubhalala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambni kokubhalala, Ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene 	<p>Inqanaba okusebenza ngamagama:</p> <p>izihlomele: esobunjani, esendawo nesobungakanani</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi:</p> <p>isivakalisi esilula, isivakalisi esimbaxa, ulwakhiwo lweisivakalisi, ulwimi oluchukumisayo nolusetyenziswa ngobuchule/ngokuqhathayo, inyani nolovo, ukuxhasa icala elinye, ukugal'ugwebe</p> <p>Intsingiselo yamagama:</p> <p>Izithethantonye, omabizwafane</p> <p>Impawu zokubhalala nopoló:</p> <p>lindela zopelo, ikoma, isingxi, ukushiywa kwamagama</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	3-4	<p>OKANYE</p> <p>Ukudlala indima enye</p> <p>Ukusebenzisa ubuncinane:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Isicatshulwa esinye esiphuma kwincwadi yokufunda • Itekisi enye yoncwadi - Ukuacisa isakhiwo, ukuzoba abalinganiswa, impixano nempendulo ngokomdlalo - Ukuchonga imixholo, isimo nemvakalo zwi 		

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha Intetho engalungiselelwanga <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Izakhono zokuthetha esidlangulareni Ukucwangisa, ukuphanda nokulungiselela Ukunikezelala, imvakalo zwi, ukuvakalisa ilizwi, indela yokubiza amagama, ukunamathela kweliso, iziekulo, izixhobo zokuthetha ngobuciko Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi: isigama Isimbo nerejista Intetho elungiselelwayo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuqizqhelanisa nezakhono ezingasentia Ukuvakalisa izimvo ngeentetho zabo Ukuphawula intetho 	Itekisi yoncwadi enjengenoveliyolutsha/ibali ellifutshane/umdlalo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zetekisi yoncwadi: niengomlinganiswa, intshukumo, ingxoxo yababini, isakhiwo, impixano, imvelaphi, Isimo sentalo, unobalisa, umxholo Inkqubo yokufunda: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (limpawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) Ishiobe <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zombongo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izafobe, izigaba zentetho, umfanekiso ntelekelelo, imvano-siphelo, isinqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandle sombongo, imigca, amagama, Izitanza zombongo bokubhala Ubuchule bokushicilela/ubuchule bokubhala Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	Ukubhala ileta esesikweni/yobuhlobo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo esifanelekleleyo Injongo lingcinga eziphambili nezixhasayyo Ukulandelelanisa izivakalisi ngokwengqiqo Ukusebenzisa izihlanganisi ukuqinisekisa ukunamathelela Ukusebenzisa iinttobo zezivakalisi, ubude nesakhiwo Ukugxininisika kwinkqubo yokubhala <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, Ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungissa iziphene Nokunikezelala Ukubhala nopolole: imithetho yopelo nemigaqo	Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama: izichazi, izimelabizo Izifnyezo, ingcambu izimaphambili nezimamva Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi: izivakalisi ezilula, izivakalisi ezimbaxa, ixesa eladulaylo, ixesha elizayo elidulileyo, ulwakhwiwo lwestivakalisi, ulwimi oluchukumisayyo nolusetyenziswa ngobuchule/oluhathayyo, inyani nolovo, umtsalane bucala, ukudgal'ugwebe nengcinga esoloko isetyenziswa njalo, intsingiselo zamagama, izafobe
5 – 6				

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	<p>5 – 6</p> <p>Ukfundula/ukubukela isicatshulwa (ukusebenzisa itekisi ebhaliweyo/ ebonwayo njengekhathuni)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukukwala • Ukfunda ngokukhawuleza • Ukfunda ngokunzulu • Ukwenza intekelo (abalinganiswa, isimo sentalo, imeko bume, umyalezo) • Ukuthelekelela intsingiselo yamagama angaqhelekanga ngokusebenzisa isakhono sokukwazi ukuthelekelela intsingiselo yegama kweetekisi • Ulwimi oluchukumisayo 			

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
7 - 8	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha</p> <p>Ukuphulaphulela ulwazi</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuphulaphula itekisi enika ulwazi Ukuphulaphula unikezelo, ukusetyenziswa kolwimi, isantya nokusetyenziswa kweleziwi Ukuphulaphula isakhiwo sebali Ukuoxxa nomlingane <p>Ukubalisa ibali</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukukhetha ibali Ukuwangcisa nokuphanda Ukukhetha isimbo, irejista nesigama Ukunikezelza ibali 	<p>Itekisi yoncwadi enjengebali elifutshane, inoveli</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zetekisi yoncwadi: nengomlinganiswa, intshukumo, ingxoxo yababini, isakhiwo, impixano, imvelaphi, isimo sentalo, unobalisa, umxholo <p>Inqubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (limpawu zetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukutheleksa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphononongga) <p>Ishobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zombongo 	<p>Ukubhalala itekisi yoncwadi: ibali elifutshane</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusebenzisa lmo/ifomathi efanalekleyo Injongo lingcina eziphambili nezixhasayso Ukulandelelanisa izivakalisi ngokwengqiqo Ukusebenzisa izihlanganisi ukquiniseksisa ukunamathelana ubude nolwakhwi Ukugxininita kwinkqubo yokubhalala Ukuwangcisa/phambi kokubhalala, ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Ukuyila elakhe ibali etandela inkubo echaziweyo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ibali eliphume phambili liyapapashwa/lifundwe ekiasini Isimo Umxholo nomylezo 	<p>Inqanaba okusebenza ngamagama:</p> <p>izibizo ezakhiwe kwezinye izigaba zentetho, izenzi</p> <p>Inqanaba okusebenza ngezivakalisi:</p> <p>Amaxesha ezenzi</p> <p>Intsingiselo yamagama:</p> <p>izithethantonye, izichasi, omabizwafane, izafobe: umbuzo-buciko</p> <p>Limpawu zokubhalala nopolu: iindlela zopelo, ukushiywa kwamagama, izifinyezo</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NE MIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
7 - 8	<p>Isicatshulwa esifundwayo: (itekisi ethathwe kwincwadi yoncwadi emiselweyo)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukukrwaqula, ukufunda ngokukhawuleza, ukuzakhele umfanekiso ngqondweni • Ukufunda ngokunzulu • Ukwenza uthelakelelo • Ukunika intsingiselo yamagama • Indlela umbhalu abona ngayo • Inyani noluvo • Intsingiselo ecingelwayo 			

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
9-10	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha</p> <p>Ukuphulaphula itekisi efundwa ngokuvakalayo evela kwibali elifutshane</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Itekisi erekhodiweyo iyadallwa Izakhono ezifanelekleleyo zokufunda ziyanbonakalisa kubafundi Ukusetyenzuswa kweempawu zokubhala kwitekisi efundwayo Ukuvula nokuvula <p>Ukufunda ngokuvakalayo okulungiselelwewayo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukukhetha itekisi yokufunda ngokuvakalayo Ukusebenzisa izakhono ezifanelekleleyo zokufunda njenge: thoni/mvakalozi, ukuhla nokunyuka kweleizwi, isantya, ukuvakalisa ilizwi, ukubiza amagama, ukufunda ngokuqhabalaka Ukuqiziqhelanisa Ukufunda itekisi 	<p>Ukfufunda itekisi yoncwadi enjengebalu elifutshane/inoveli</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zetekisi yoncwadi: niengomlinganiswa, intshukumo, ingxoxo yababini, isakhiwo, impixano, imvelaphi, Isimo sentalo, unobalisa, umxholo <p>Inkqubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi/ Nezih xesha ufundayo • (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) <p>Ishiobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zombongo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izafobe, izigaba zentetho, umfanekiso ntelekelelo, imvano-sipheho, isinqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandile sombongo, imigca, amagama, izitanza Ubuchule bokushicilela/ubuchule bokubhala Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	<p>Ukubhala isincoko:</p> <p>Isincoko esiphikisayo/esichazayao</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukukhetha amagama Ukuvalisa ilizwi lakhe nesimbo Inkcazelo ecacileyo Ukusebenzisa ithoni <p>Ukusebenzisa iingcina eziphambili nezixhasayao</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusebenzisa iimenu zengqondo ukucwangcisa iingcina ezinamatheleneyo Ukunikezela isincoko ngenjongo zokuhlolwa <p>Ukugxininis ka kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, Ukuylila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Ukubhala isincoko elandela inkqubo yokubhala</p>	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama:</p> <p>izibizo, izensi: izixando zezenzi</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi:</p> <p>umhlathi oyintshayeloo, umhlathi onika inkcazeloo, umhlathi osisipheo, ukwakhwa kwasivakalisi, iinttobo zezivakalisi</p> <p>Intsingiselo yamagama:</p> <p>Izithethantonye, izichasi, oomabizwafane, izafobe</p> <p>Impawu zokubhala nopol:</p> <p>lindlela zopelo, iindidi zeempawu zokubhala</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
9-10		<p>Ukufundela/ukubukelela ukugonda (sebenzisa itekisi ebhaliweyo/ ebonwayo njengekhathuni/zicwili ezihlekisayo)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukukrwaqua • Ukfunda ngokukhawuleza • Ukfunda ngokunzulu • Ukwenza uthelekelelo (abalinganiswa, ismo sentalo, imeko bume, umyalezo) • Ukunika intsingiselo yamagama angaqhelekanga ngokusebenzisa isakhono sokukwazi ukuthelekelelo intsingiselo yegama kweetekisi • Ulwimi oluchukumisayo 		

UKUHLOLA IKOTA YESI - 3**UMSEBENZI WESI - 1: I-ORALI**

Ingxoxo yababini/intetho engalungisitelwanga/ukubalisa
ibali/ukufunda okulungiseelweyo

UMSEBENZI WESI - 2: UKUBHALA

Isincoko esichazzayo/esixoxayo
ileta yobuhlobo/ingxoxo yababini

UMSEBENZI WESI - 3: UVAVANYO LOKU-1

Isicatsihluwa nokusetyenziswa kolwimi

IBANGA LESI-8 IKOTA YESI-4

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
1-2	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulawayo (njengokuphulaphula itekisi ebhaiweyo/eviwa-ibonwa)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuchonga iingcina eziphambili nezihasayo Ukubhala amanqaku Ukvabelana neengcina namava nokubonakalisa ukugonda ingqiqo Ukuchonga iindela ezicengayo/ezisetyenziswa ngobuchule apho kufaneleke khona Ukuphendula imibuzo <p>Incoko:</p> <p>Ingxoxo esekelwe kwinqaku lephephandaba/lemagazini</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukubonisa inxaxheba Izithethi zinikana amathuba Ukucacisa iindela ababona ngayo nokufikelela kwisivumelwano Ukusebenzisa ulwimi, isimbo nerejista ngokufanelelekyo 	<p>Ukufunda inqaku lephephandaba/lemagazini</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi Impawu zetekisi Ukulandelelanisa <p>Inkubo yokufunda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (iimpawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukuthelekeisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) <p>Isihobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zombongo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izafobe, izigaba zentetho, umfanekiso ntelekelelo, imvano-sipheho, isinqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandle sombongo, imigca, amagama, izitanza zombongo Ubuchule bokushicilela/ubuchule bokubhala Intsingiselosifihlakeleyo Isimo 	<p>Umhlathi onde umz inqaku lephephandaba/lemagazini</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo esifanelelekileyo Injongo Ukusebenzisa iingcina eziphambili nezihasayo Ukulandelelanisa izivakalisi ngokwengqiqo Ukusebenzisa izihlanganisi ukuginisekisa ukunamathehana Ukusebenzisa iintlobo zezivakalisi, ubude nolwakhiwo <p>Ukugxininisika winkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, Ukuylila/ukwenza lidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhla, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Ukubhala inqaku lephephandaba/lemagazini</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuqikelela Ukufunda ngokunzulu Intsingiselosifihlakeleyo Umxholo nomylezo <p>Ukufundala/ukubukela ngenjongo yokufumana ulwazi ngokusebenzisa (itekisi ebhaiweyo/ebonwayo/itekisi zemalthimidiya)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukufunda ngokunzulu Ukuqikelela Intsingiselosifihlakeleyo Inyani nolovo <p>Ukubhala isishwankathelo</p>	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama: Isinye nesiminzi, isini, isinciphiso</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi: Intetho ngqo, ingxelo-ntetho, iindidi zemibuzo, inyani nolovo, isakhiwo sezivakalisi, ubumbolo-mbini bezivakalisi, ilizwi, izikhankanyi</p> <p>Intsingiselosifihlakeleyo: izithethantonye, izichasi, isihlonipho, amabizwafane, intsingiselosifihlakeleyo refihlakeleyo/ezekelisayo</p> <p>Iimpawu zokubhala nopol: iimpawu zocaphulo, iindela zopelo</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha Ingxoxo-mpikiswano</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukvalatha iindawo ezilinganiswayo Ukfunda imigaqo yetekisi Izithethi zinikanamathuba Ukucacisa indela babona ngayo nokufikelela kwisivumelwano Ukusebenzisa ulwimi, isimbo noxinzelelo ngokufanelekleyo Ukuziqhelanisa <p>Ingxoxo-mpikiswano ngokwamaqela</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukvalatha iindawo ezilinganiswayo Izithethi zinikanamathuba Ukucacisa indela babona ngayo nokufikelela kwisivumelwano Ukusebenzisa ulwimi, isimbo noxinzelelo ngokufanelekleyo 	<p>Itekisi yoncwadi: enjengenoveli, ibali elifutshane/ndrama</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambilli zetekisi yoncwadi: njengomlinganiswa, intshukumo, ingxoxo yahabini, isakhiwo, impixano, imvelaphi, Isimo sentiao, unobalisa, umxholo <p>Inkubo yokufunda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (iimpawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibizo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphononongga) <p>Isihobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambilli zombongo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izafobe, izigaba zentetho, umfanekiso ntelekelelo, imvano-sipheho, isinqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandle sombongo, imigca, amagama, izitanza Ubuchule bokushicilela/dubuchule bokubhala Intsingiselo efinlakeleyo Isimo 	<p>Ukubhalu umhlathi/itekisi yonxibelelwayo: ingeniso kwidayari</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imofomathi efanelekleyo Injongo Ukusebenzisa iingcinga eziphambilli nezixhasayo Ukulandelelanisa izivakalisi ngokwengqigo Ukusebenzisa izihlanganisi ukuginisekisa ukunamathehana Ukusebenzisa iintlobo zezivakalisi, ubude nowakhiwo <p>Ukguxininisika kwinckqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, Ukuylla/ukwenza iiddrafti, Ukuhazziya, Ukuhela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Ukubhala incwadi yezehlo zemihla ngemihla</p>	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama:</p> <p>Izihlomelo, izichazi ezakhiwe kwezinye izigaba zentetho</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi: Amaxesha ezenzi, iintlobo zezivakalisi, intetho, ulwakhwiwo lwezivakalisi, intetho rengxelo-netho, ukubuza imibuzzo, inyani noluvo, ubumbolo-mbini bezivakalisi</p> <p>Intsingiselo yamagama: intsingiselo ecacileyo nefinlakeleyo, izafobe</p> <p>Impawu zokubhala/ukufunda: iindlela zopelo</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha ngokuvakalayo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuphulaphula itekisi erekhodiweyo Ukvalatha izakhono ezifanelekileyo zokufunda Ukusebenzisa iimpawu zokufunda/ ukubhalia kwitekisi efundwayo Ukuvula nokuvula <p>Ingxoxo yababini isekelwe kwhiteki efunowa ngokuvakalayo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukugqiba ngesihiloko Ukuqlwalesela imigaqo kwakhona Ukusebenzisa amagama azimeleyo ukugcina ingxoxo Inxaxheba yabaphulaphuli Ukuvula nokuvula ingxoxo yababini Ukuziqhelanisa Ukunikezela <p>5 – 6</p>	<p>Itekisi yoncwadi enjengomdalo</p> <p>Inkubo yokufunda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi/ Ngeli xesha ufundayo (iimpawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) Ishobe Impawu eziphambili zombongo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izafobe, izigaba zentetho, umfanekiso ntelkelelo, imvano-sipheho, isinqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandle sombongo, imigca, amagama, izitanza zombongo Ubuchule bokushicilela/ubuchule bokubhalia Intsingiselo effihlakeleyo Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo Ukunikezela 	<p>Ukubhalia ingxelo yokuntathela</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imofomatti efanelekileyo Injongo Umtsalamane bucala nokuqal'ugwebe Ukusebenzisa ulwimi ngobuchule Intetho esetyenziswa rhoqo ebonisa abantu abathille ngothrobo oluthile lingcina eziphambili neziqhasayay Ukulandelelanisa izivakalisi ngokufanelekileyo Ukusebenzisa izihlanganisi ukujinisekisa ukunamathehana Ukusebenzisa intlobo zezivakalisi, ubude nesakhiwo <p>Ukugxininis ka winkqubo yokubhalia</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhalia, Ukuylila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlala, Ukulungisia iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Ukubhalia ingxelo ualandela inkquo yokubhalia</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuthelekilela Ukuniika uluwo lwakhe Intsingiselo ecacileyo nefihlakeleyo Imvelaphi yepolitiki, yezentalo neyenkcubeko yetekisi neyombhai 	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama: isinye nesirinzi, izihlomelo, izichazi, izimelabizo</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi: Inkubo, ukuthelekisa, ukwahlu, umhlathi oħażayeo, umhlathi wokuvula/ oyintshayeloh noxesipheho, izivakalisi ezimbaxa, intetho, umtsalane oħambekelie buċala nokuqal'ugwebe</p> <p>Intsingiselo yamagama: izithethantonye rezichasi</p> <p>Iimpawu zokubhalia nopol: iimpawu zocaphulo, iindlela zopelo, iimpawu zokufunda</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
7 – 8	<p>Ukulingiselela uviwo</p> <p>Ukuthetha:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Intetho elungiselelweyo/ingxoxo-mpikiswano/udliwano-ndlebe/incoko Ukfunda okulungiselelweyo Ukfunda okungalungiselelwanga Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo <p>Ukuphulaphula</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo 	<p>Ukulungiselela uviwo</p> <p>Ukfunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isicatshulwa esifundwayo Ushwankathelo Uncwadi - Inovel/aramabali amafutshane/uncwadi lwemveii - Idrama/ukufunda ngefilm - Imibongo 	<p>Ukulungiselela uviwo</p> <p>Ukubhalá:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Izincoko Imihlati emide/itekisi ezinde zonxibelelwano Imihlati/itekisi ezimfutshane zonxibelelwano 	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama: Ukuhlaziya Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi: Ukuhlaziya Intsingiselo yamagama: Ukuhlaziya Impawu zokubhala nopol: Ukuhlaziya</p>
9-10		<p>IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA ESESIKWENI NEEMVIWO ZOKUPHELA KONYAKA IKOTA YESI - 4</p> <p>UMSEBENZI WOKU - 1: I-ORALI</p> <p>Ingxoxo mpikiswano/incoko/ingxoxo yeqela/ingxoxo yababini</p>	<p>UMSEBENZI WESI - 2: IIIMVIWO ZOKUPHELA KONYAKA</p> <p>Iphepha loku – 1: I-orali Iphepha lesi – 2: Ukubhala (iyure e-1) Iphepha lesi – 3: Isicatshulwa, ukusetyenziswa kolwimi noncwadi (iyure ezi – 2)</p>	

IBANGA LE-9 IKOTA YOKU-1 UMXHOLO				
IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUNIKEZELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NE MIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
1-2	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha Ingxoxo yeqela/Inoko: (ukuphulaphula/ukubukela isibhengezo ze nioxo)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ithoni Isantya Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi oluchukumisayo noluqhathayo noluheshayo Ubungakanani befonti Intshukumo yamalungu omzimba <p>Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo: isibhengezo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukubhala iingongoma eziphamibili nezixhasayo ngokuthatha amanqaku Ukwabelana rgeengongoma namava nokubonisa ulwazi olunzulu ngeengiqiqo. Ukuconga ubuchule obucengayo nobuqhathayo Ukuphendula imibuzo 	<p>Ukfufunda/ukubukela ukuqonda (itekisi ezibonwayo ezifana neibhengezo/Ipowusta/ikhathuni/izicwili)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukfufunda ngokukhawuleza Ukfufunda ngokukwaquila Ukfufunda ngokuzulu Ukwenza intelekelelo (abalinganiswa, isakhiwo, imekobume, umyalezo) Ukithelekelela iiintsingiselozamagama angaqhelekanga ngokusebenzisa isakhono sokukwazi ukuthelekelela intsingiseloyegama kwetekisi Ulwimi oluchukumisayo Ukubhala iingongoma eziphamibili nezixhasayo ngokuthatha amanqaku Ukwabelana rgeengongoma namava nokubonisa ulwazi olunzulu ngeengiqiqo. Ukuconga ubuchule obucengayo nobuqhathayo Ukuphendula imibuzo 	<p>Imihlathi/itekisi zonxibetelwano ezimfutshare: Isibhengezo/Ipowusta</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imo/ifomathi efanelelekleyo Injongo Impawu zetekisi Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi Irejista <p>Ukugxininisika kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, ukuyila/ukwenza idrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela. <p>Ukubhala isibhengezo/Ipowusta</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zetekisi) Emva kokufunda (phendula imibuzo, thelekisa, chasanisa, xabis) 	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama: Izibizo: izakhi Indidi zezenzi, iziphawuli, izimetabizo</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakali: Izakhi zezi/akali: intloko, isivissa, injongosenzi</p> <p>Isivumelanisi sentloko nesenjongosenzi Izivakalisi ezilula, ixesha langoku</p> <p>Intsingiseyo yamagama: Izafobe, iintsingiselozamagama</p> <p>Impawu zokubhala nopol: Upelo nendelia yopelo, izifinyezo, uphawu lombuzzo, uphawu lokhuzo, impawu zocaphulo</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
		<p>Itekisi yoncwadi eniengenoveli yolutsha/amabali amafutshane/drama</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) - ukuphicotha limpawu zoncwadi ezifana: igama lencwadi zhiokwana, imifanekiso, ubungakanani befonti, ubunjani befonti, - ukuphicotha iindawo zencwadi ezifana noqweqwé, iphepha lesihloko, isalathiso, izahluko, uluhlu lwenkcazelo <p>Ubuchule bokufunda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufunda ngokukhawuleza • Ukufunda ngokukrwaquia • Ukufunda ngokunzulu • Ukushwankathela • Ukcina/ukuthelekelela • Ukuthekelela intsingiselo nesiphelelo 		

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
3-4	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chonga ze unike uluvu: Ukusetyenziswa kweilzwi Ukusetyenziswa kwemvakalo-zwi nesantya Impawu zokubhala xa ufunda Intshayelelo nesiphele/uкувулa nokuvula Xoxa ngezimpawu zingentia <p>Ukufunda ngokukwaza okulungiselelweyo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusebenzisa izakhono zokuthetha ezifanelekleyo ezifana nethoni, isantya, umthamo, ukusetyenziswa kweilzwi, ukubizwa kwamagama, ukufunda ngokuqhabalaka Abafundzi bazikhethela iitekisi zabo zokufunda ze bazifunde eklasini. 	<p>Itekisi yoncwadi eniengenoveli yolutsha/amabali amafutshane/drama</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ingxoxo gabalala ngempawu eziphambili ezifana nabalinganiswa, ukwakhwa kwabalinganiswa, isakhiwo, impixano, imvelaphi, isimo sentialo, unobalisa, umxholo <p>Inkqubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi/izganeko - imvelaphi/isimo senthalo/ukucarmngca ngomxholo/ukuoqokelela izimvo rigomxholo Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula inibuzzo, ukutheliksa, ukuchasana, ukuphononongga) <p>Ishobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhiwo sangaphandle sombongo, izigaba zentetho, imfanekiso ngqondweni, imvano-sipheho, isinqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandle sombongo, iniqolo, amagama izitanza 	<p>Ukubhala ileta yovakalelo/ukuphicottha ngokunzulu uncedo/icebiso ubulufumene</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imo/ifomathi efanelekleyo Injongo Impawu zetekisi Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi Irejista Ukulandelelana okufanelekleyo kwezivakalisi Ukusebenzisa izihlanganisi ukubonisa ukunamathelelana Ukusebenzisa iindidi zezivakalisi, ubude nesakhiwo <p>Ukugxininis ka winkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, Ukuyla/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela. <p>Bhala ileta yovakalelo ngoncedo/ngecebiso ubulufume</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Intsingiselo efinlakeleyo Izafobe Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	<p>Inqanaba okusebenza ngamagama:</p> <p>Izibizo, izichazi: iziphawuli izimelabizo, isigu, izimaphambili nezimamva, izibizo ezilula nezimbaxa</p> <p>Inqanaba okusebenza ngezivakalisi:</p> <p>Amaxesha ezenzi, intetho ngqo nengxelo-nitetho, izakhi zezivakalisi, izivumelanisi</p> <p>Ukusetyenziswa okunzulu kolwimi:</p> <p>Izaci namaqhalo; izafobe; isihlonipho Izifinyezo/izishunqulelo</p> <p>Impawu zokubhala nopelo</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
3-4		<p>Ukufunda/ukubukela itekisi ezibonwayo/zemalithimidiya (ubuchule)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufunda ngokukhawuleza • Ukufunda ngokukrwaqua • Ukusetyenziswa kwamalungu omzimba • Ukuthelekelela iintsingiselo zamagama angaqhelekanga ngokusebenzisa isakhono sokukwazi ukuthelekelela iintsingiselo yegama kwtetekisi <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ukucacisa - Ukuqikelela 		

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha Ukuphulaphula incoko yefowuni/ Ingxoxo yababini phakathi komsebenzi weziko lonxibelelwano nalo wo uncedwayo malunga ngokungaboni ngasonye ngombandela wesivumelwano • Ithoni • Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi • Irejista • Imigaqo Ukulinganisa incoko phakathi Komthengisi nomthengi nokungaboni ngasonye okulandela isivumelwano somlomo esiy e sangahambi kakuhle • Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi • Ithoni • Ukusetyenziswa kwamalungu omzimba • Ubunyani Ukunikezelia	Ukfufunda usivumelwano phakathi komthengisi nomthengi • Ubume • Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi • Okuthethwa sisivumelwano • Ukubaluleka kwentsayino • Uncedo xa kundokuphikiswana Ishobe • Impawu eziphambili zembongo • Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izigaba zentetho, imfanekiso ngqondweni, imvano-sipheho, isingqisho • Isakhiwo sangaphandle sombongo, iniqolo, amagama izitanza • Ubuchule bokushicilela/ubuchule bokuhala • Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo • Izafobe • Isimo • Unxholo nonyalezo Ukufundaukuphonononga isivumelwano ngenjongo yokuqonda (ubuchule)	Umhlathi/itekisi yonxibelelwano: bhala ingxelo ngokufumanise kwimpikiswano phakathi komthengisi nomthengi • Imo/omathsi efanelelekleyo • Izimvo eziphambili nezixhasayo • Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi • Irejista • Ukulandelelana okufanelekleyo kwezivakalisi • Ukusebenzisa izihlanganisi ukubonisa uthungelwano • Ukusebenzisa iindidi zezivakalisi, ubude nesakhiwo Ukgxininisa kwinkqubo yokubhala • Ukwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, • Ukyula/ukwenza iidrafti, • Ukuhlaziya, • Ukuhlela, • Ukulungisa iziphene • Nokunikezelia Bhala ingxelo ulandela inkqubo elandelwayo yokubhala	Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama: Izihlanganisi, izichazi, izihlomeo: esendawo, esexesa, esobunjani Inqanaba lokusebenza ngzivakalisi Izakhi zezivakalisi; iindidi zezivakalisi bemibuzzo, amagaty a namabinzana Intsingiselo yamagama: Izaci namaqhalo, izafobe Isigma ngokusem xholweni: ulwimi Iwesivumelano noloxwebhu lomthetho Impawu zokubhala nepelo: Ipateni zopelo, izifinyezo, izishunquelo, oonobumba bokujala begama lomntu, uphawu lombuzzo, ikholoni
5-6				• Ukuhleleka iintsingiselo zamagama angaqhelekanga ngokusebenzia izakhono zokuseberzisa ulwazi lwamalungu amagama, zokulijonga ulibize igama

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHLA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
7-8	Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo (Ingxoxo yababini) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuphulaphula ingxoxo yababini Ukuthatha amanqaku <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ulwimi namanda <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ithoni Isimo Intshayelelo nesiphelelo Ukuphendula imibuzo I-orai: Intetho engalungiselelwanga <p>Khettha isihloko esifanelekileyo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukulandelelaninsa ulwazi ngokufanelekileyo Ukuchonga isigama nezakhi zolwini ezifanelekileyo Intshayelelo nesiphelelo esifanelekileyo Ukusebenzisa izixholo ezbironwayo neziviwa-zibonwa apho kuyimfuneko 	<p>Itekisi yoncwadi eniengenoveltyoltssha/amabali amafutshane/drama</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zoncwadi ezifana: abalinganiswa, intshukumo, ingxoxo yababini, isakhwi, impixano, invelaphi, isimo sentialo, unobalisu, umxholo <p>Inkqubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) <p>Ishobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zembongo Isakhwi sangaphakathi sombongo, izigaba zentetho, imfanekiso ngqondweni, imvano-siphelo, isinqisho Isakhwi sangaphandle sombongo, imiqolo, amagama, izitanza Ubuchule bokushicilela/ubuchule bokubhalala Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo Izafobe Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	<p>Ukubhalo isincoko: esibalisayo/ esichazayolesicamngcayo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukhetho lwamagama, Ilizwi lakho nesimbo Inkcazel oecacileyo Ithoni Imephu yengqondo/ubungqina boyilo bezimvo eziphambili nezixhasayo Isazobe/Ubungqina boyilo/isazobe sokucinga ukulandelelanisa lingcinga/izimvo ngokucacileyo nangokuvakalayo Ukunikezela ngesincoko ukuze sihiowe <p>Ukugxininisika kwinkqubo yokubhalo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhalala, Ukuylala/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Bhala isincoko ulandela inkqubo elandelwayo yokubhalo</p>	<p>Inqanaba okusebenza ngamagama:</p> <p>Irenzi, izichazi, izimelabizo, izihlanganisi</p> <p>Inqanaba okusebenza ngezivakali:</p> <p>Intetho ngqo nengxelo-ntetho, izivakalisi ezimbaxa, imihlathi</p> <p>Intsingiselo yamagama:</p> <p>Izaci namaqhalo, izafobe</p> <p>Impawu zokubhalo nopol:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> lindlela zopelo, isingxi, unobumba omkhulu, ikoma, impawu zocaphulo

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
7-8	<p>Isicatshulwa esifundwayo: (itekisi ethatyathwe kuncwadi oluvunyiweyo)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufunda ngokukhawuleza • Ukufunda ngokukrwaqula • Ukufunda ngokuzulu • Ukuthekelela • Intsingiselio yamagama • Uluvo lombali • Inyani noluvo • Intsingielo efihlakeleyo/ecingelwayo 	<p>Ukufunda ingxelo yephephandaba/yemagazini</p> <p>Ubuchule bokufundab a</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Isakhiwo • Impawu • Ukuseyenziswa kolwimi • Ithoni • Irejista • Intshayelelo nesiphelo • Ingxoxo ngokufunyaniweyo • Ukunikezela ngengxelo yeoral • Ukuseyenziswa kolwimi • Irejista • Ithoni • Ukuseyenziswa kwamalungu omzimba • Intshayelelo nesiphelo 	<p>Umhlathi onde/ itekisi yonxibelelwano ende:</p> <p>Ofana nengxelo/udliwano-ndlebe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Umfuno zomsebenzi nohlobo lwetekisi umz isakhiwo, abalinganiswa, isimo sentialo, unobalisa, umxholo, isimo sikanobalisa. • Ukuthelelela iintsingiselio zamagama angaqhelekanga ngokusebenzisa isakhono sokukwazi ukuthellekelala intsingiselio yegama kwetekisi • Intsingiselio engqallileyo nefinfakeleyo/ecingelwayo <p>Inkqubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) • Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) • Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukutheleksa, ukuchasarisa, ukuphonononga) <p>Ishobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Impawu eziphambili zembongo • Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izigaba zentetho, imfanekiso ntelekelelo, imvano-sipheho, isingqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandle sombongo, iniqolo, amagama izitanza 	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama:</p> <p>Intlobo zezenzi -</p> <p>Uhlolo lokuyalela</p> <p>Uhlolo lokugondisa</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakali:</p> <p>Izivakalisi ezilula; izivakalizi ezimbaxa; isivakalisi esixananazleyo, imibuzzo, intetho, amaxesha ezensi.</p> <p>Intsingeselo yamagama:</p> <p>Izaci namaqhalo</p> <p>Intsingiselio yentsusa nefihlakteleyo, imfano-zandi, isimntwiso, ukudlala ngamagama</p> <p>Impawu zokubhala nopol o:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lindlela zopelo; • Impawu zocaphulo, isimela-nobumba, ikholoni, isingxi, ikoma, oonobumba, ifonti <p>Ukubhala ingxelo ulandela inkqubo elandelwayo yokubhala</p>
9-10				

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
9-10		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ubuchule bokushicilela/ubuchule bokubhala Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo Izafobe Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo <p>Ukufundela/ukubukelela ukugonda (ukusebenzisa ingxelo yephephandaba)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukufunda ngokukhawuleza Ukufunda ngokukrwaqua Ukufunda ngokuzulu Ukuthekelela (abalinganiswa, isimo sentalo, imekobume, umyalezo) Ukuthelekelela iintsingiselo zamagama angaqhelekanga ngokusebenzisa isakhono sokukwazi ukuthelekelela intsingiselo yegama kwetekisi Ulwimi oluchukumisayo Ukuphendula imibuzo 		

UKUHLOLA IKOTA - 1

UMSEBENZI WESI-1: I-ORALI	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UKUBHALA	UMSEBENZI WESI-3: UVAVANYO LOKU-1
Ukufunda okulungiselelweyo/inkoko	Isinoko esichazayo/esibalisayo Ileta engekho sesikweni/iriyvu/ingxoxo yababini	Isicatsnulwa nokusetyenziswa kolwimi

IBANGA LE-9 IKOTA YESI-2 UMXHOLO				
IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUNIKEZELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	<p>Ukuphulaphulela ukuqonda</p> <p>Ukuphulaphula ibali</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chonga izimvo eziphambilli nezixhasayo Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi Irejista Ukuphendula imibuzzo <p>Ingxoxo yeforam/ingxoxo yeqebla:</p> <p>inkubeko</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukubonisa inxaxheba Izithethi zinkana amathuba okuthetha Chaza izimvo ze kufikelewe esigqibeni Ukusebenzisa ulwimi, isimbo, nerejista efanelekileyo Ukunikezela 	<p>Ukfundula itekisi yoncwadi umz idrama/ibali elifutshane/uncwadi</p> <p>Iwemvelli/intsoomi</p> <p>Ubuchule bokufunda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukfundula ngokunkzulu Impawu zetekisi umz isakhiwo, abalinganiswa, isimo sentalo, unobalisa, umxholo, isimo sikanobalisa. Ukuthelkela iintsingiseloo zamagama angaqhelekanga ngokusebenzisa isakhono sokukwazi ukuthelkela iintsingiseloo yegama kwetekisi Izakhi zolwimi nesimbo <p>Inkquubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukuthelkisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphononongna) <p>Ishobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambilli zembongo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izigaba zentetho, imfanekiso ngqondweni, imvano-siphelo, isinqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandle sombongo, iniqolo, amagama izitanza Ubuchule bokushicilela/ubuchule bokubhala Intsingiseloo efihlakeleyo Izafobe Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	<p>Umhlathi:</p> <p>Ungeniso Kwidayari/imithetho yolawulo/umgaqo-siseko/opolisi</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imo/fomathi efanelekileyo Izmivo eziphambilli nezixhasayo Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi Irejista Ukulandelelana okufanelekileyo kwezivakalisi Ukusebenzisa izihlanganisi ukquinisekisa ukunamatheleena Ukusebenzisa iindidi zezivakalisi, ubude nesakhiwo <p>Ukugxininitsa kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambni kokubhala, Ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungissa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Ukubhala ingeniso kwidayari/ imithetho yolawulo/umgaqo-siseko/ opolisi ulandela inkqubo elandelawayo yokubhala</p>	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama:</p> <p>Izichazi: iziminni, izibaluli, iziphawulli izimelabizo</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi:</p> <p>Iindidi zezivakalisi;</p> <p>Intetho ngqo/ingxelo-ntetho; amaxesha ezensi</p> <p>Intsingiseloo yamagama:</p> <p>Izaci namaqhalo</p> <p>Intsingiseloo yentsusa nefhlakeleyo, Izafobe</p> <p>Iimpawu zokubhala nopol:</p> <p>lindlela zopelo;</p> <p>Iimpawu zocaphulo, izfinyezo</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
		<p>Ukufunda/ukubukela itekisi ngenjongo yokufumana ulwazi: ilifa nomyolelo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufunda nokubukela ngokunzulu • Injongo yetekisi • Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi • Abalinganiswa, ikhathuni • Imvelaphi nesimo sentalo • Umyalezo nomxholo • Ukushwankathela itekisi <p>Isishwankathelo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ubume • Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi <p>Isakhiwo</p>		

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
3-4	<p>Ubuchule bokphulaphula nokuthetha</p> <p>Ukuphulaphulela ukuqonda: ibali ngobomi bomntu/ukushicilewa kokulinganiswa kwentetho</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chaza ubuchule benkqubo yokphulaphula Phendula imibuzo ngokubhala phantsi/encwadini <p>Ukufunda okungalungisellelwanga</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusetyenziswa kwelizwi okufanelekleyo, ithoni, nesantya Impawu zokubhala xa ufunda Ukusebenzisa amalungu omzimba Unxibelelwano nabaphulaphuli 	<p>Ukfunduta itekisisi umz idrama/ibali elifutshane/uncwadi lwemveli</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukugxininissa kwiimpawu zetekisi yoncwadi Ukubonakalisa ukugonda ukukhula kwasakhiwo nempixano, impawu zabalinganiswa, ukuijja kwezinto, invelaphi, imeko bume, ixaxheba kanobalisa, umxholo, isipheo <p>Inkqubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokutunda (ukuphendula inibuzzo, ukuthelkisa, ukuchasana, ukuphonononga) <p>Ishobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zembongo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izigaba zentetho, imfanekiso ntelekelelo, imvano-sipheo, isinqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandle sombongo, imiqolo, amagama izitanza Ubuchule bokushicilela/ubuchule bokubhala Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo Izafobe Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	<p>Ukubhala: irivyu yetekisisi (itekisi engalungisellelwanga yokufunda)/idotyhumentari</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uyilo olufanelekleyo Izimvo eziphambili neizxhasayo Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi Irejista Ukulandelelana okufanelekleyo kwezivakalisi Ukusebenzisa izihlanganisi ukubonisa uthungelwano Ukusebenzisa iindidi zezivakalisi, ubude nesakhiwo <p>Ukugxininisa kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, Ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Ukubhala irivyu/idotyhumentari ulandela inkqubo elandelwayo yokubhala</p>	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama:</p> <p>Izenzi ezithatha injongosenzi nezingathathi njongosenzi linnlobo zezzenzi: oluquhubekayo, ololandelelwano/olokuqoshelisalnqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi</p> <p>Izivakalisi ezixananazileyo; Intetho ngqo/ingxelo-ntetho</p> <p>Intsingiselo yamagama:</p> <p>Izaci namaqhalo, izafobe</p> <p>Limpawu zokubhala nopol:</p> <p>Ilimpawu zocaphulo, izifinyezo</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
		<p>Ukufunda/ukubukela itekisi umz inqaku lephephandabal/lemagazini ngenjongo yokufumana ulwazi nokuqonda</p> <p>Ubuchule bokufunda</p> <p>Isicatshulwa esithathwe kwincwadi emiselweyo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufunda ngokukhawuleza nokufunda ngokukrwaquila • Ukufunda ngokunkulu • Injongo nabantu ekujoliswe kubo • Ukuthelekelela intsingiselo nesiphelo • Inyani noluvo • Ukunika olwakho uluvo • Intsingiselo yamagama angaqhelekanqa • Chonga ulwimi oluqhathayo <p>Ukushwankathela itekisi</p>		

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha ukuphulaphula itekisi yeorali efana: udlwano-ndlebe/intetho/ukubalisa ibali engenjongo yokuqonda</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuthatha amanqaku ngexesha uphulaphule Ukuphulaphula ngokukhwencayo Ingxoxo yeqeļa/yeforam Ukwenza ingxoxo esekelwee kwelekisi yeorali Ukunikana amathuba okuxoxa Ukusebenzisa amagama azimeleyo umz. Izhlangani Imigaqo <p>5-6</p>	<p>Ukfufunda itekisi umz idrama/ibali elifutshane/uncwadi lwenveli</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukugxininissa kwiiimpawu zetekisi yoncwadi Bonakalisa ukugonda ukukhula kwasakhiwo nempixano, ukubunjwa kwabalinganiswa, ukujya kwezinto, invelaphi, imeko bume, ixaxheba kanobalisa, umxholo, isiphelo <p>Inqubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula inibuzzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) <p>Ishobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zembongo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izigaba zentetho, imfanekiso ntelekelelo, imvano-sipheho, isinqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandile sombongo, imiqolo, amagama izitanza Ubuchule bokushicilela/ubuchule bokubhala Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	<p>Ukubhala umhlathi/itekisi zonxibeletwano: isaziso, iagenda nemizuzu</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukhetho lwamagama, Ilizwi lakho nesimbo Inkcazel oecacileyo lingcingga/zimivo eziphambili nezixhasayo Imephu yengqondo ukucwangcisa izimvo ezipacileyo Ukunikezela ngesincoko ukuze sihlowe <p>Ukguxinintsa kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, Ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Ukubhala isaziso, iagenda nemizuzu ulandela inkubo elandelwayo yokubhala</p>	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ishlomelo sexesha, sendawo Izxando, izichazi <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakali:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Umhlathi ochazayo; umhlathi oyintshayelelo, umhlathi wesipheho; Intetho ngqo nengxelo-ntetho Amaxesha ezenzi; izakhi zezivakali; indidi zeziyakali; izivakali ezimbaxa <p>Intsingiselo yamagama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Izaci namaqhalo, izafobe <p>Impawu zokubhala nopol:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Indlela zopelo, oonobumba abakhulu, isingxi, ikoma

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
		<p>Ukufundela/ukubukelela ukugonda (sebenzisa itekisi ebhalwego/ ebonwayo efana nekhathuni)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukufunda ngokukhawuleza nokufunda ngokuknwaquila Ukufunda ngokunzulu Injongo nabantu ekujoliswe kubo Ukuthelekelela intsingiselo (abalinganiswa, isimo sentalo, imekobume, umyalezo) Intsingiselo yamagama angaqhelekanga Ukuthelekelela intsingiselo zamagama angaqhelekanga ngokusebenzisa isakhono sokukvazi ukuthelekelela intsingiselo yegama kwetekisi Ulwimi oluchukumisayo <p>Ukuhlaziya isakhiwo sesishwankathelo</p>		

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha izibhengeso esishicileweyo/isibhengeso seredyo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi Ithoni Isantya Imigaqo Ukuthatha amanqaku Unikezelo lweorali: ukucazulula isibhengeso Ukuchaza indlela ekusetyenziswe ngayo: ifonti, ubungakanani boshicelo, indlela ekuthathwe ngayo imifanekiso Ukuchaza indlela elusetyenziswe ngayo ulwimi oluqhathayo Ukuchaza ukuba ushiyo lwamagama ufinyezo lwezivakalisi, uthelekiso nokusetyenziswa kolwimi lubadhattha njani abo kujoliswe kubo 	Umhlathi omfutshane/itekisi ezibonwayo umz iriyu yesibhengeso <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imo/fomathi efanelekileyo Izimvo eziphambilli nezixhasayo Izimvo eziphambilli nezixhasayo Irejista Ukulandelelana okufamelekileyo kwezivakalisi Ukusebenzisa izihlanganisi ukujinisekisa ukunamatelana Ukusebenzisa iindidi zezivakalisi, ubude nesakhiwo Ukugxininisa kwinkquo yokubhala <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ingaba ulwimi nemifanekiso zibonaka lisa ze zihibumbe njani indlela yokuziphatha nendlela yokucinga Ifuthi lokusetyenziswa kohlobo nobungakanani befonti, izihloko, ikhapshini kwintsingiselio Isiswankathelo: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uhlaziyo Uncwadi: Uhlaziyo 	Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Izibizo: ezakhwi kwezinye izigaba zentetho, ezimbaxa Izmelabizo: esokukhomba, esokukumbi, Amakesha ezenzi; imihlathi; izivumelanisi, izivakalisi ezimbaxa, intetho, imibuzzo Intsingiseloyamaga: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Izithethantonye, isichasi, izafobe, imfanozandi, izafanadumo, imvanosipheho Impawuzokubhala nopol: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Indlela zopelo Impawu zocaphulo, izifinyezo, uphawu tokhuzo Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, ukuyila/ukwenza iiddrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela Ukubhala iriyu yesibhengeso	Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Izibizo: ezakhwi kwezinye izigaba zentetho, ezimbaxa Izmelabizo: esokukhomba, esokukumbi, Amakesha ezenzi; imihlathi; izivumelanisi, izivakalisi ezimbaxa, intetho, imibuzzo Intsingiseloyamaga: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Izithethantonye, isichasi, izafobe, imfanozandi, izafanadumo, imvanosipheho Impawuzokubhala nopol: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Indlela zopelo Impawu zocaphulo, izifinyezo, uphawu tokhuzo Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, ukuyila/ukwenza iiddrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela
7-8			UKUHLOLA IKOTA YESI 2	
9-10	UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: I-ORALI	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UKUBHALA	UMSEBENZI WESI-3: IIMVIWO ZAPHAKATHI ENYAKENI/IIMVIWO ZIKAJUNI	
	Ukfundfa okungalungiselelwanga/ingxoxo yeforam/ingxoxo yeqela	Iriryu/Idotyhumentari/Isaziso/I-ajenda nemizuzu	Iphepha lesi-1: I-orali Iphepha lesi-2: Ukubhala (iyure e-1) Iphepha lesi-3: Isicatshulwa nokusetyenziswa kolwimi (iyure ezi-2) Iphepha lesi-4: Uncwadi (iyure e-1)	

		IBANGA LE-9 IKOTA YESI-3 UMXHOLO		
IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NE MIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
1-2	<p>Ingxoxo yababini/uthethwathethwano Ukuphulaphula umboniso wotheithwathethwano phakathi kwabantu ababini (Ingxoxo yababini)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isakhwiw nokuukhula kwezinvo Ukusebenzisa izakhkono zothethathethwano ukuze kufikelewe esigqibeni. <p>Ingxoxo ngokuphathethelole ekwenzeni ilifa romyolelo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusebenzisa kolwimi Ukuqhatha Ukunikana amathuba okuthetha Ukuvula nokuvala ingxoxo Iziggibo 	<p>Ukfundua umyoolelo Umyoolelo ofinyenziweyo nesinqinisiso</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Abathathi nxaxheba Umhla Umnikazi-ilfa (estate) Abafumana uncedo Ulwimi loxwebu Ukwabiwa kwelifa <p>Inkqubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukutheleksa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphononongga) <p>Ishobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zembongo Isakhwiw sangaphakathi sombongo, izigaba zentetho, imfanekiso ngqondweni, imvano-siphelo, isngqisho Isakhwiw sangaphandle sombongo, iniqolo, amagama, izitanza Ubuchule bokushicilela/ubuchule bokubhala Intsingiselo efihlakteleyo Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	<p>Umhlathi: ukubhala umyoolelo nesinqinisiso</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imofomathi efanelekleyo Injongo Izimvo eziphambili nezixhasayo Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi Irejsta Ukulandelelana okufanelekleyo kwezivakalisi Ukusebenzisa izihlanganisi ukuqiniseksa unamathelwano Ukusebenzisa iindidi zezivakalisi, ubude nesakhwiw <p>Ukugxininisika kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisia/phambbi kokubhala, Ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungissa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Ukubhala ilifa nomyolelo</p>	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Iindidi zezibizo: ezakhwiw kwezinve izigaba zentetho Izichazi: isimnini, isichazi sokukumbi izihlanganisi <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Intetho; amaxesha ezzeni; iindidi zezivakalisi; iindidi zemihlathi; amagatya; namabinzana. <p>Intsingiselo yamagama</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Oomabizwahluke omabizwafane, izafobe lindela zopelo;

IIVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
1-2	<p>Ukufundela ukugonda nobuchule bokufunda: itekisi ebomwayo - ikhathuni</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufunda ngokukhawuleza ukufumana izimvo ephambili • Ukufunda ngokukrwaqua ukufumana iinkcukacha ezixhasayyo • Ukuqikelela • Ukuthekelela intsingiselo yamagama angaqhelekanga nemifanekiso • Ukunika ulovo lwakhe netekisi ukukhulisa ukugonda • Ifuthie lensingiselo efihi lakeleyo nombuzobuckiko • Ifuthie lokubonwayo 			

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
3-4	<p>Iimpawu zokubhala nopo: lindlela zopelo;</p> <p>Ukuphulaphula udliwano-ndlebe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuvacisa ngendima Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi Ulwimi namandla <p>Ukuxoxa ngesivi njengenye yeemfunozokuqeshwa/kwamkelwa</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ulwazi Unxulumaniso Umntu ekunokwenzewa kuye isinqiniso Uthungelwano neleta ekhaphayeo 	<p>Ukfufunda itekisi umz idrama/ibali elifutshane/uncwadi lwemveli zoncwadi</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukgxininissa kwiimpawu zetekisi Bonakalisa ukucqonda ukukhula kwesakhiwo nempixano, iimpawu zabalinganiswa, ukuijya kwezinto, invelaphi, imeko bume, inxaxheba kanobalisa, umxholo, isipheo <p>Inkubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (iimpawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukuthelikisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) <p>Ishobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Iimpawu eziphambili zembongo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izigaba zentetho, imfanekiso ngqondweni, imvano-sipheo, isingqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandle sombongo, imiqolo, amagama izitanza Ubuchule bokushicilela/ubuchule bokubhala Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	<p>Umhlathi/itekisi zonxibelelwano: umz.</p> <p>Illeta ekhaphayeo nesivi</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> limfuno zesimo, isimbo abantu ekujoliswe kubo, injongo nemeko Ukhetho Iwamagama, ulwimi olufihlakeleyo, imiqordiso, umbala, Izakhiwo zezivakalisi, ubude neendidi Ukukhettha izinto ezibonwayo nezenziweyo Ukugxininis a kwinkqubo yokubhala Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Iimpawu zokubhala nopo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> lindlela zopelo Ukubhala ileta ekhaphayeo nesivi 	<p>Inqanaba okusebenza ngamagama: izichazi, izimelabizo, izibizo, iinttobo zezenzi: olukunathiza!</p> <p>Inqanaba okusebenza ngezivakalisi: Intetho; amaxesha ezensi; iindidi zezivakalisi; iindidi zemihlathi; amagaty; namabinzana</p> <p>Intsingiselo yamagama: izithethantonye</p> <p>Izichasi</p> <p>Omabizwafane</p> <p>Oomabizwahluke</p> <p>Izafone</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	<p>3-4</p> <p>Isicatshulwa esifundwayo (ubuchule) (sebenzisa iitekisi ezibonwayo nezibhaliveyo)</p> <p>Ubuchule</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufunda ngokukhawuleza ukufumana izimvo ephambili • Ukufunda ngokukwaqula ukufumana iinkukucha ezixhasayo • Ukuqikelela • Ukuqikelela intsingiselo yamagama angaqhelekanga nemifanekiso • Ukuqonda • Ifuthe lokukhetha nokushiya kwintsingiselo • Ifuthe lentsingeselo efinhlakeleyo nemibuzo buciko • Ifuthe lobuchule lokubonwayo 			

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHLA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	<p>Ubuchule bokphulaphula nokuthetha</p> <p>Ukuphaluphula ingxoxo-mpikiswano</p> <p>kunomathotholo/umabonakude</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Abathabathi nxaxheba • Ukuseyenziswa kwellizi • Isantya • Ukuunikezela ngesindululo ze usikhusele • Ukuphikisa isindululo • Isiqqibo • Ukuuthatha amanqaku • Ukuuxoxa ze nabelane ngamancqaku <p>5-6</p> <p>Ukuthatha inxxheba kwingxoxo-mpikiswano</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Imigaqo yengxoxo-mpikiswano • Ulwimi olusetyenziwyo • Ukuunikezela ngesindululo ze usikhusele • Ukuphikisa isindululo • Abathabathi nxaxheba • Isiqqibo 	<p>Ukfunduta itekisi umz idrama/ibali elifutshane/uncwadi lwemveli</p> <p>Umz amavo, iintsumi</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Impawu zetekisi yoncvadsi ezifana: isakhiwo, umlinganiswa, imeko-bume, isakhiwo, impixano, imqondiso, ukukhula kxesandi, umfanekiso-nqqondweni ukuqwalasela izmivo <p>Inkqubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) • Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) • Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukithelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) <p>Ishobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Impawu eziphambili zembibongo • Isakhiwo sangaphakatti sombongo, izigaba zentetho, imfanekiso nqqondweni, imvano-siphelo, isinqisho • Isakhiwo sangaphandile sombongo, imiqolo, amagama izitanza • Ubuchule bokushicilela/ubuchule bokubhala • Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo • Isimo • Umxholo nomyalezo 	<p>Ukbhala isincoko: esibalisayo/ esichazayolesicamngcayo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukhetho lwamagama, • Iizwi lakkho nesimbo • Inkcazel eoecacileyo • Lingcina/izimvo eziphambili nezixhasayyo • Isazobe sokucinga, ukucwangcisa izmivo ezicacileyo/ezivakalayo • Ukuunikezela ngesincoko ukuze sihlowe <p>Ukgxininis a kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, • Ukuhlaziya, • Ukuhlela, • Ukulungissa iziphene • Nokunikezela <p>Ukbhala isincoko ulandela inkqubo elandelwayo yokubhala</p>	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama:</p> <p>Iizchazi, izibizo, izimelabizo, izihlomeo</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi:</p> <p>Intetho: amaxesha ezzenzi; iindidi zezivakalisi; iindidi zemihlathi;</p> <p>Intsingiselo yamagama:</p> <p>Intsingiselo yentsusa nefhlakeleyo, Izafobe: isimntwiso, isifanadumo, ubaxo/ubabazo</p> <p>Impawu zokubhala nopol:</p> <p>Indlela zopelo</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
5-6	<p>Ubuchule</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuqfunda ngokukhawuleza ukufumana izimvo ephambili • Ukuqfunda ngokukrwaqula ukufumana iimkukacha ezichasayo • Ukuqikelela • Ukuqikelela intsingiselo yamagama angaqhelekanga nemifanekiso • Izimvo eziphambilli nezixhasayo • Ifuthe lokukhetha nokushiya kwintsingiselo • Ifuthe lentsingeselo efihlakeleyo nombuzobuciko • Intelekelelo yombhalo nezigqibo <p>Ukushwankathela itekisi</p>			

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha obalulekileyo ekuhaleni</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ulwimi olusetyenzisiweyo Ukuuxhasa icala elinye ukugweba phambi kokuwa Inginga okanye intetho esoloko isetyenziswa njalo ebonisa abantu abathile nohlubo oluthile. Ithoni Ulwimi namandla Ukuphendula imibuzo <p>Intetho elungiseseleweyo</p> <p>Abafundu baza kwenza uphando ngengomsenenzzi wokulungiselela.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imigaqo yokunikezela Ukusetyenziswa kwamalungu omzimba Intshayelelo nesiphelo Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi 	<p>Itekisi yoncwadi efana nebali elifutshane/inoveli yolutshai/noveli</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zoncwadi: ezifana: umlinganiswa intshukumo, Ingxoxo yababini, isakhiwo, impixano, invelaphi, isimo sentialo, unobalisu, umxholo <p>Inkqubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) <p>Isihobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zembongo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izigaba zentetho, imfanekiso ngqondweni, imvano-siphelo, isingqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandle sombongo, iniqolo, amagama, izitanza Ubuchule bokushicilela/ubuchule bokubhala Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	<p>Umhlathi/itekisi yonxibelwano umzikhadi lesimemo, isivumo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> lifmuno zojlo, isimbo, ulubo abantu ekujoliswe kubo, injongo nemeko Ukhetho lwanagama Inkcazelo ecacileyo Izakhiwo zezivakalisi, ubude neendidi <p>Ukugxininisika kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambipi kokubhala, Ukuyila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Ukwenza ikhadi lesimemo nesivumo simemo ngaxeshanye</p>	<p>Inqanaba okusebenza ngama gama:</p> <p>izichazi, izibizo, izimelabizo, izihlomelo, izikhuzzo</p> <p>Inqanaba okusebenza ngezivakalisi:</p> <p>Umhlathi ochazayo; umhlathi okhethiweyo; umhlathi ohleliweyo; amaxesha ezenzi</p> <p>Intsingiseo yamagama:</p> <p>Igama elinye endaweni yebinzana, izafobe</p> <p>Impawu zokubhala nopol:</p> <p>Indlela zopelo, uphawu lokhuze</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
		<p>Ukufundela/ukubukelela ukuqonda (itekisi ezibonwayo nezibhaliwyo)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufunda ngokukhawuleza ukufumana izimvo ephambili • Ukufunda ngokukrwaqula ukufumana iinkuikacha ezichasayo • Ukuqikelela • Ukuthekelela intsingiselo yamagama angaqhelekanga nemifanekiso • Izimvo eziphamibili neziixhasayo • Uluvo lwakho • Ukushwankathela • Ifuthe lokukhetha nokushiya kwintsingiselo • Ifuthe lentsingiselo efihlakeleyo nombuzobuciko • Ifuthe lokubonwayo • Intelekelelo yombhali nesiphelo 		

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	<p>Ukubalisa ibali</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Qwaliasela: izakhono zokuthetha, ithoni, ukubizwa kwamagama; isantya, imvakalo-zwi, indlela yokuma, izijekulo Imigaqo neempawu zebali <p>Ingxoxo yababini: Ukulinganisa Ingxoxo yababini</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukusesetyenziswa kolwimi Ukunikana amathuba okuthetha Ukusebenzisa intshukumo yomzimba Impawu zetekisi 	<p>Ukfundu itekisi yoncwadi efana nedrama</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zoncwadi: ezifana: umilinganiswa, intshukumo, ingxoxo yababini, isakhiwo, impixano, imvelaphi, isimo sentialo, unobalisa, umxholo <p>Inkqubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasana, ukuphonononga) <p>Ishobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zembongo Isakhiwo sangaphakathi sombongo, izigaba zentetho, imfanekiso ngqondweni, imvano-siphelo, isingqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandle sombongo, imiqolo, amagama izitanza Ubuchule bokushicilela/ubuchule bokubhala Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	<p>Umhlathi/itekisi yonxibelwano umz Ingxoxo yababini</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukhetho lwamagama, Ilizwi nesimbo Inkcazel o ecacileyo Ithoni <p>Intsingiselo yamagama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gama elinye endaweni yebinzana <p>Impawu zokubhala nopol:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Indlela zopelo, ikholoni <p>Ukgxininisa a kwinkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, Ukuylila/ukwenza iidrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Ukubhala i-ajenda nemizuzu ulandela inkqubo eiandelwayo yokubhala</p>	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Izenzi, iintlubo zezenzi, izibizo ezimbaxa <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakali:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inkqubo ukulandeletana ngokwesithuba, ukulandeletana ngokubaluleka, umhlathi wesiphe/o/wokuphetha <p>Intsingiselo yamagama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gama elinye endaweni yebinzana <p>Impawu zokubhala nopol:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Indlela zopelo, ikholoni

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
		<p>Isicatshulwa esifundwayo: (itekisi ethatyathwe kwincwadi yoncwadi emiselweyo)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufunda ngokukhawuleza ukwakha umfanekiso-ngqondweni • Ukufunda ngokunzulu • Ukuthekelela • Intsingiselo yamagama • Uluvolombhalu • Inyani noluvo • Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo/ecingelwayo 		

UKUHLOLA IKOTA YESI-3

UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: I-ORALI	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UKUBHALA	UMSEBENZI WESI-3: UVAVANYO LWESI-2
Intetho elungiselweyo/ukullinganisa/ingxoxo-mpikiswano/ingxoxo ngesivi/umyolelo/isinqinisiso	Isincoko; esichazayo/esibalisayo/esicamngcayo/esixoxayo lleta ekhaphayo nesvi	Isicatshulwa nokusetyenziswa kolwimi

IBANGA LE-9 IKOTA YESI-4
UMXHOLO

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
1-2	<p>Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuphendula ngokuzulu iindidi ngeendidi zetekisi Ukuphulaphulela ulwazi oluthile Phulaphula ze wonwabele iintsumi nezihloko Phendula imibuzzo <p>Imigaqo yentlanganiso</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Abathabathi nxaxheba Imigaqo yentlanganiso Banikana amathuba okuthetha Ulwimi olusetyenzisiweyo Ukgungavumelani/ukungaboni ngosolinye entlanganisweni Intshayeleo nesiphezo 	<p>Itekisi yoncwadi efana nebali eliftushane/inovelty yolutsha/inovelty</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zoncwadi: ezifana: umlinganiswa, intshukumo, Igxoxo yababini, isakhiwo, impixano, invelaphi, isimo sentiao, unobalisa, umxholo <p>Inkubo yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (iimpawu zeetekisi) <p>Isihobe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) Impawu eziphambili zemibongo Isakhiwo sangaphakatti sombongo, izigaba zentetho, imifanekiso ngqondweni, imvano-siphelo, isingqisho Isakhiwo sangaphandle sombongo, imiqolo, amagama izitanza Ubuchule bokushicilela/ubuchule bokubhalala Intsingiselo efinlakeleyo Izafobe Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	<p>Umhlathi/itekisi yonxbelelwano ende umz ileta yesicelo (yaseburhulumenten)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imo/fomathu efanelekileyo Injongo Izmvo eziphambili nezixhasayo Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi Irejista Ukulandelelana okufanelekileyo kwezivakalisi Ukusebenzisa izhihanganisi ukubonisa unamathelwano Ukusebenzisa iindidi zezivakalisi, ubude nesakhiwo <p>Ukugxininisa kwinkqubo yokubhalala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhalala, Ukuyila/ukwenza iidraffi, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Ukubhalala ileta yesicelo</p>	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama: izenzi , izichazi, izmelabizolinqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi:</p> <p>Intetho ngqo nengxelo-ntetho</p> <p>Intsingiselo yamagama:</p> <p>Intsingiselo ecacileyo, izithethantonye, izafobe</p> <p>Impawu zokubhalala nopol:</p> <p>lindlela zopelo, oonobumba</p>

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
1-2		<p>Isicatshulwa esifundwayo: (itekisi ethatyathwe kwincwadi yoncwadi emiselweyo)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufunda ngokukhawuleza, ukuzakhela umfanakisso-ngqondweni • Ukufunda ngokunzulu • Ukuthekela • Itsingiselo yamagama • Uluvolombhalu • Inyani noluvo • Itsingiselo efihlakeleyo 		

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo (sebenzisa ingxoxo yababini eshicileweyo)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukuphulaphula ingxoxo yababini Ukuthatha amanqaku/inowuthsi <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ulwimi namandia Ithoni Isimo - Intshayebole nesiphele <p>Inqanaba yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (limpawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) <p>Ingxoxo yeforam/yephaneli/yeqela</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Abathabathi nxaxheba Imigaqo yengxoxo yeforam Banikana amaathuba okuxoxa Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi Ukungavumelani/ukungaboni ngosolinye engxoxo Intshayebole nesiphele <p>Amaqela athetha malunga nezinto ezisematheni nezitsala umdia.</p>	<p>Itekisi yoncwadi efana nebali elifutshane/inoveli yolutsha/inoveli</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> limpawu eziphambili zoncwadi: ezifana: umlinganiswa, intshukumo, ingxoxo yababini, isakhiwo, impixano, invelaphi, isimo sentiao, unobalisa, umxholo <p>Inqanaba yokufunda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imo/ifomathi efanelekileyo Injongo Izmvo eziphambili nezixhasayo Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi Irejista Ukulandeliana kwezimvo Ukulandeliana kwezimvo Ukulandeliana kwezimvo Ukulandeliana kwezimvo <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ibibizo, izikhankanyi, isinye nesinini, isiduna nesikhomokazi <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalis:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inkubo, ukulandeliana ngokwesthuba, ukulandeliana kwezimvo ngokokubaluleka, umhlathi wesiphe/o/wokuphetha a <p>Intsingiselo yamagama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ingcinga okanye intetho esoloko isetyenzisva njalo ebonisa abantu abathile nohlolo oluthile, intetho esetyenziswa ngumbhal, ukugweba ngaphandle kokuvu, ukukhetha icala elinye, ulovo oluchukumisayo <p>Impawu zokubhala nopol:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> lindela zopelo Izifinyezo 	<p>Umhlathi umz i-imeyile</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Umhlathi umz i-imeyile Imo/ifomathi efanelekileyo Injongo Izmvo eziphambili nezixhasayo Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi Irejista Ukulandeliana okufanelekileyo Kwezivakalisi Ukusebenzisa izihlanganisi ukubonisa unamathelwano Ukusebenzisa iindidi zezivakalis, ubude nesakhiwo <p>Ukugxininis ka winkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhala, lindela zopelo Ukuylia/ukwenza iiddrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungisa iziphene Nokunikezela <p>Ukubhala i-imeyile ulandela inkubo elandelwayo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Intsingiselo efinlakeleyo Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ibibizo, izikhankanyi, isinye nesinini, isiduna nesikhomokazi <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalis:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inkubo, ukulandeliana ngokwesthuba, ukulandeliana kwezimvo ngokokubaluleka, umhlathi wesiphe/o/wokuphetha a <p>Intsingiselo yamagama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ingcinga okanye intetho esoloko isetyenzisva njalo ebonisa abantu abathile nohlolo oluthile, intetho esetyenziswa ngumbhal, ukugweba ngaphandle kokuvu, ukukhetha icala elinye, ulovo oluchukumisayo <p>Impawu zokubhala nopol:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> lindela zopelo Izifinyezo

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
3-4		<p>Ukufunda/ukubukela isicatshulwa: (itekisi ebonwayo okanye eyemathimidiya efana nekhathuni okanye isibhengezo)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufunda ngokukhawuleza ukwakha umfanekiso-ngqondweni • Ukufunda ngokunzulu • Ukuthekelela • Intsingiselo yamagama • Uluvo lombhalu • Inyani noluvo • Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo/ecingelwayo 		

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
	Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha Ukwenza umdlalo ulinganisa imeko ethili <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imeko iboniswe kakuhle Abalinganiswa/abadalali bahlulwe kakuhle Ulwimi olusetyenzisiweyo luyahambelana ncakasana nemeko leyo iboniswayo Umdlalo ubonisisa isenzezo sisenzeza njengoko sinjalo kuloo meko Incoko <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Khetha imeko efanelekileyo neshihloko Imigaqo yencoko Ulwimi namanda Amagama azimeleyo umz. izihlanganisi 5-6	Itekisi yoncwadi efana nebali elifutshane/inoveli yolutsha/inoveli <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zoncwadi: ezifana: umlinganiswa, intshukumo, ingxoxo yababini, isakhiwo, impixano, invelaphi, isimo sentiao, unobalisa, umxholo Inkqubo yokufunda: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phambi kokufunda (ukwazisa itekisi) Ngeli xesha ufundayo (impawu zeetekisi) Emva kokufunda (ukuphendula imibuzzo, ukuthelekisa, ukuchasanisa, ukuphonononga) Ishiobe <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impawu eziphambili zembongo Isakhiwo sangaphakhathi sombongo, izigaba zentetho, imfanekiso ngqondweni, imvano-siphelo, isinggaisho Isakhiwo sangaphandle sombongo, imiqolo, amagama, izitanza Ubuchule bokushicela/ubuchule bokubhalala Intsingiseloe efinlakeleyo Izafofe Isimo Umxholo nomyalezo 	Umhlathi/itekisi yonxibelwano umz iobhitshuvari/ungeniso kwidayari/ikhadi lesimemo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imo/fomathi efanelekileyo Injongo Izmvo eziphambili neizixhasayo Ulkusetyenziswa kolwimi Irejista Ukulandelana okufanelekileyo kwezivakalisi Unamathelwano Ukusebenzisa iindidi zezivakalisi, ubude nesakhiwo Ukugxininisika winkqubo yokubhalala <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukucwangcisa/phambi kokubhalala, Ukuyila/ukwenza idrafti, Ukuhlaziya, Ukuhlela, Ukulungjisa iziphene Nokunikezela Ukubhalo iobhitshuvari/ungeniso kwidayari/ikhadi lesimemo ulandela inkqubo elandelwayo yokubhalala	Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagama: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Izenzi, izibizo, izimelabizo, izihlomelo, izichazo Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inkcazelo: unobangela nefuthe Impawu zokubhalo nopol: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukutshintsha kwentsingiselo, ukusebenzisa ulwimi ngenjongo ethile, igama elinye endaweni yebinzanza Impawu zokubhalo nopol: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Indiela zopelo

IVEKI	UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA	UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA	UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA	IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI
5-6	<p>Ukufunda/ukubukela isicatshulwa: (itekisi ebonwayo okanye eyemathimidiya efana nekhathumi okanye isibhengezo)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufunda ngokulkhawuleza ukwakha umfanekiso ngqondweni • Ukufunda ngokunzulu • Ukuthekelela • Intsingiselo yamagama • Uluvo lombhalu • Inyani noluvo • Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo/ecingelwayo <p>Ukubhala umhlathi oshwankathayayo</p>			
7-8	<p>Ubuchule bokuphulaphula nokuthetha Uhlaziyo</p>	<p>Ukubhala nokubukela: Uhlaziyo lweempawu eziphambili, imigaqo nezakhki</p>	<p>Ukubhala: Uhlaziyo lweetekisi ezibhalwayo. Uhlaziyo lwenkqubo elandelwayo yokubhala</p>	<p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngamagamama: Uhlaziyo</p> <p>Inqanaba lokusebenza ngezivakalisi: Uhlaziyo</p> <p>Iimpawu zokubhala nopolو: Igama elinye endaweni yebinzana lindlela zopelo</p>
9-10	<p>IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA ESESIKWENI NEMVIWO ZOKUPHELA KONYAKA YESI-4</p> <p>UMSEBENZI 1: I-ORALI</p> <p>Ingxoxo-mpikisvano/udliwano-ndlebe/ncoko/intetho elungiselelweyo/intetho engalungiselelwanga/ingxoxo yeforam/ingxoxo yeqeia/isicatshulwa esiphulaphulawayo/lnkqubo zentlanganiso</p>	<p>UMSEBENZI 2: IIIVIWO ZOKUPHELA KONYAKA</p> <p>Iphepha 1: I-orali Iphepha 2: Ukubhala (iyure e-1) Iphepha 3: Isicatshulwa nolwimi (iyure ezi-2) Iphepha 4: Ukuphendula ngoncwadi (<i>Response to Literature</i>) (iyure e-1)</p>		

ICANDELO LESI-4: UKUHLOLA KULWIMI LWASEKHAYA

4. 1 INTSHAYELELO

Ukuhlola yinkqubo eqhubekayo ecwangcisiweyo yokuchonga, ukuqokelela nokutolika ulwazi malunga nendlela abaqhuba ngayo abafundi, usebenzisa iindlela ezahlukeneyo zokuhlola. Oku kubandakanya amanqanaba amane: Ukwenza nokuqokelela ubungqina bokuphumelela komfundi; ukuphonononga obu bungqina; ukurekhoda okufunyanisiweyo nokusebenzisa olo lwazi ukuqondisisa nokuncedisa uphuhliso lwabafundi ukuphucula inkqubo yokufunda nokufundisa.

Ukuhlola kufuneka kube kokungekho sesikweni (ukuhlola ulungiselela ukufunda) nokusesikweni (ukuhlola oko sekufundisiwe). Kuzo zombini ezi ndidi abafundi kufuneka banikwe ingxelo ukwenzela ukuphucula ulwazi lwabo.

Ukuhlola kwiilwimi kuyaqhube ka kwaye kuxhasa uhlumo nophuhliso lwabafundi. Luyinto ebalulekileyo kakhulu ekufundiseni nasekufundeni kuba kunika abafundi ingxelo malunga nokufunda nokufunda. Kufuneka kubandakanywe ekufundiseni nasekufundeni kunokuba kwensiwe kodwa njengento esecaleni. Ngapha koko ukuhlola kufuneka kwensiwe okulunxulumaniso lwemiba eyahlukileyo yowlimi. Umzekelo, singaqlisa ngetekisi efundwayo size senze uvavanyo lwasicatshulwa. Imibuzo yowlimi lolwimi nayo ingenziwa isekelwe kwakule tekisi inye.

Emva kokuba befunde itekisi abafundi bangabhala ileta ngemiba ephakanyiswe kwitekisi okanye bangayila itekisi ebhekisele kumxholo wetekisi. Ukuqukumbela lo msebetyenzana, kungaxoxwa ngeso sihloko kube ngaloo ndlela kuchatshazelwe zonke izakhono zolwimi kumsetyenzana omnye onxulumanisa izakhono.

Ukuhlola izakhono ezahlukileyo zolwimi makungabonwa njengemisebenzi eyahlukeneyo kodwa njengomsebenzi omnye onxulumeneyo (Ukuhlola kwezakhono zolwimi makuhlanganiswe.) lirubrikhi zokuhlola kufanele zibonise izakhono zolwimi ezahlukileyo kumsebenzi wokuhlola.

Izakhono zabafundi *zokuphulaphula, ubuchule bokuthetha ngomlomo (ubuchule beorali), ubuchule lokuphendula imibuzo, ukuthatha inxaxheba kwingxoxo nezakhono zokubhala* aplo kukho imfuneko kufuneka ziwalaselwe imihla ngemihla.

Kukwabalulekile ukuba abafundi bahlolwe *ukuqonda oko bakufundileyo* hayi ulwazi lwabo lokuqonda amagama nokwahlula amagama ngokwezandi. Ukufunda nako makuhlolwe rhoqo kwaye ingabi kukuhlola okwensiwa ngelo xesha kuphela. Ukuhlola kokufunda ngoko ke makwenzeke rhoqo kungabi luhlolo olwenzeka kube kanye, makube yinto eqhubekayo. Ukuhlola ukufunda okusesikweni makuggale ekufundeni ngokuvakalayo nakwimisetyenzana eza kunceda ukuqonda ukuba umfundi uqonde kangakanani, umzekelo, ukuphinda abalise ibali okanye aphendule imibuzo.

Ukuhlola komsebenzi obhalwayo kuya kuggala okokuqala kulwazi lomfundu lokunika intsingiselo, nasekubhaleni ngendlela echanelekileyo, umzekelo, ukusetyenziswa kwezakhi nemigaqo yowlimi ngokufanelekileyo, iimpawu zokubhala nopol. Konke ukuhlola kufuneka kuqaphele ukuba ukufunda ulwimi yinkqubo kwaye abafundi abanakuze bavelise umsebenzi owensiwe ngendlela efanelekileyo xa beqala. Ngoko ke amanyathelo ahlukeneyo enkqubo yokubhala nawo mawahlolwe.

Xa kunikwa umsebenzi wokuhlola ngokusesikweni, kuya kubakho ugqaliso kwisakhono esithile, umzekelo **ukuphulaphula nokuthetha okanye ukufunda okanye ukubhala**. Naxa kunjalo, ukufunda ulwimi kuyinkqubo enxulumeneyo, kuza kusetyenziswa izakhono ezingaphezulu kwesinye. Izakhi zolwimi mazihlolwe ngokusemxholweni. Makuqinisekiswe ukuba ukuhlola akwensiwa njengomsebenzi obhalwayo kuphela, kodwa ukwavumela umsebenzi

owenziwayo nesincoko somlomo. Kubalulekile ukuhlola okuqondwa ngabafundi hayi abakukhumbula ngentloko, ngoko ke makuhlolwe izakhono kwimeko ethile kangangoko umz. Abafundi bangapela onke amagama ngokuchanekileyo kuvavanyo ngoLwesihlanu, kodwa ngaba bayawkazi ukuwasebenzia la magama enopelo oluchanekileyo xa bebhala/barekhoda iindaba okanye ibali labo?

Ukufundisa nokuhlola iilwimi makunike ithuba lokuquka bonke abafundi, kufunyanwe ubuchule/iindlela zokubanceda bonke ukufumana okanye ukovelisa iitekisi zolwimi.

Inkubo yokuhlola ivumela ukuhlola okusesikweni okunokuba luvavanyo okanye uviwo lokuphela konyaka okanye ekupheleni kwekota nganye. Umsebenzi oza kuhlolwa maybe ngumsebenzi wekota owenziwe wagqitywa. Izinga lezinto eziza kuhlolwa malonyuswe ngokwamazinga okuqonda awohlukileyo ukuqinisekisa ukuba ukuhlola kuhlolako kufanele ukuba kukuhlole.

4. 2 UKUHLOLA OKUNGEKHO SESIKWENI OKANYE KWEMIHLA NGEMIHLA

Ukuhlola ulungiselela ukufunda kunenjongo yokuthi gqolo ukuqokelela ulwazi malunga nokuphumelela komfundi ukwenzela ukuba akwazi ukuphucula umsebenzi wakhe wokufunda.

Ukuhlola okungekho sesikweni kusekelwe ekubekeni esweni inkubela yabafundi yemihla ngemihla. Oku kwensiwa ngokuqwalasela, ngokuxoxa, ngokwenza imisebenzi eboniswayo (yeprakthikhali), ngeenkomfa zabafundi nootishala, incoko zaseklasini ezingekho sesikweni, eklasini, njalo njalo. Ukuhlola okungekho sesikweni kungathetha ukumana unqumamisa isifundo ukuqwalasela indlela abaqhuba ngayo abafundi okanye ukuxoxa nabafundi malunga nendlela ukufunda okuqhubea ngayo. Ukuhlola ubuchule bolwimi buyangema ngolu hlolo: ingqwalaselo, imisebenzi ebhaliwego, imisebenzi yeorali/yomlomo nokunikezela, imvavanyo ezibhaliwego, ukufunda ngokukwaza nezinye indlela zokuhlola. Ukuhlola okungekho sesikweni makusetyenziselwe ukunika ingxelo kubafundi nokukhokelela ekuxhobiseni isicwangciso sokufundisa kodwa akukho mfuneko yokuba oku kurekhodishwe. Makungabonwa oku njengokwahlukileyo kwimisebenzi yokufunda eqhubeka eklasini kwaye ungasebenzia imisebenzi yakho emininzi yokufundisa ukuhlola inkubo yabafundi ngokungekho sesikweni.

Ngamanye amaxesha utitshala angafuna/angathanda ukuseta uhlobo oluthile lomsebenzi wokuhlola ukukhuthaza abafundi ukuba bafunde, umsebenzi ofana novavanyo lopelo olwenziwa rhoqo. Abafundi okanye ootitshala banokumakisha le misebenzi yokuhlola.

Kuyacetyiswa ukuba utitshala asebenzise iiveki ezimbini zokuqala kwekota ukwenza uvavanyo lolwazi abanalo abafundi ngomba othile (*baseline assessment*). Angasebenzia imisebenzi enikwe kwiveki ezimbini zesicwangciso sokufundisa ukwenza olu hlolo. Oku kuyakwenza ukuba afumanise ukuba abafundi bafuna oluphi uncedo njengokuba eqhuba ebheka phambili.

Ukuzihlola nokuhlolwa ngumlingane wakho kubandakanya abafundi ekuhloleni. Oku kubaluleke kakhulu kuba kuvumela abafundi bakwazi ukufunda kolu hlolo, bakwazi nokubonakalisa inkubo yabo. Iziphumo zemisebenzi yokuhlola ngokungekho sesikweni akurekhodishwa ngokusesikweni ngaphandle kokuba utitshala ufunu ukwenza njalo. Kodwa ootitshala abanganqwenela ukugcina iirekhodi ngenkubo yomntwana othile kwimiba eyahlukileyo yesifundo ukuze oku kumncede ekucwangciseni isifundo nokuqinisekisa ukuba umfundi ngamnye uphuhliwa izakhono ezifunekayo nokuqonda. Iziphumo zemisebenzi yemihla ngemihla azithathelwa ngqalelo ekunyuselweni nasekufumaneni isatifikethi (isiqinisekiso sokupasa).

4. 3 UKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI

Yonke imisebenzi yokuhlola iyinxalenye yenkubo esesikweni yokuhlola yonyaka ithatyathwa njengokuHlola okusesikweni. Imisebenzi yokuhlola okusesikweni iyamakishwa ize ***irekhodishwe ngokusesikwensi*** ngutitshala elungiselela ukudluliselwa phambili komfundi. Yonke imisebenzi yokuhlola okusesikweni kufuneka iphononongwe/imodareyithwe ngenjongo zokuqwaleselisisa nokuqinisekisa ukuba isemgangathweni ofanelekileyo/umgangatho ofanelekileyo ufilekelwe.

Ukuhlola okusesikweni kuxhobisa ootitshala ngendlela eyondeleleneyo yokuphonononga inkqubela phambili yabafundi kwibanga elo ngakumbi isifundo eso asifundisayo umz isiXhosa. Imizekelo yokuhlola okusesikweni iqua iimvavanyo, iimviwo, imisebenzi yeprakthikhali, iiprojekthi, imisebenzi yeoralii/yentetho yomlomo, imiboniso, (enjengokubalisa ibali, ukutshatista izinto), ukulinganisa, izincoko, ukuthatha inxaxheba kwimisebenzi yeoralii/yomlomo (njengencoko yababini, iincoko, iingxoxo), imisebenzi ebhaliwego (njengokugcwalisa uxwebu lokusebenzela, ukubhala imihlathi/iitekisi zonxibelewano okanye ezinye iindidi zeetekisi), njalo-njalo.

Injongo yokuyila inkqubo yokuhlola kukuqinisekisa ukuba inkqubo yokuhlola ihlola oko ifanele ukuba ikuhlole, iziphumo azinakuguquguquka ukuba zisetyenzisiwe kwakhona, aludleleleli kwaye lwanle ngokuthi lunike isikhokelo esicacileyo kwiindidi zemisebenzi nepesenti enikwe isakhono ngasinye solwimi esikumsebenzi wokuhlola. Ikwabonisa ugqaliso lokuhlola, oko kukuthi indlela imisebenzi yokuhlola mayenziwe ngayo.

Xa kusenziwa ukuhlola ngokusesikweni, makusetyenziswe iimmemorandum, iirubriki, iitsheklisti nezikali zokuhlela nezinye izixhobo zokuhlola ezifanelekileyo ukuqwalesela, ukuhlola nokurekhoda umngangatho wabafundi wokuhola nesakhono. Khetha isixhobo sokuhlola esifanelekileyo ukuhlola loo msebenzi. Umzekelo, irubriki ilungelele kakhulu ukuhlola umsebenzi wokubhala kunememorandum. Imemorandum ilungelele kakhulu ukuhlola upelo okanye umsebenzi wesicatshulwa esifundwayo.

4. 3. 1 Iimfuno zokuhlola okusesikweni kuLwimi lwaseKhaya

Imisebenzi yokuhlola okusesikweni mayihlole imiba emininzi yezakhono zolwimi ukuze imiba ephambili ihlolwe ebudenibekota nasebudenibonyaka. Ootitshala mabaqinisekise ukuba le miba ihloliwe ngokungekho sesikweni, ize ingxelo ngendlela abaqhube ngayo abafundi bayinikwe phambi kokuba bahlolwe ngokusesikweni. Konke ukuhlola kwisigaba esiphezulu kuqhutywa ngaphakathi.

Inkqubo yokuhlola ngokusesikweni yamabanga 7 - 9 iqulathe imisebenzi yokuhlola okusesikweni eli-11 eyenza iipesenti ezili-100. Ukuhlola okwenziwa esikolweni (SBA) kwenza iipesenti ezingama-40, ngelixa okokuphela konyaka kuziipesenti ezingama-60.

Ukuhlola okwenziwa esikolweni (SBA) 40%

IsiGaba esiPhezulu sinemisebenzi yokuhlola okusesikweni eli-10. Imisebenzi yokuhlola okusesikweni icwangciswe ngolu hlobo lulandelayo: -

- IBanga lesi-7: 4 - imisebenzi ye-orali, 2- imisebenzi yokubhala, 3 - iimvavanyo kunye noviwo lukaJuni.
- IBanga lesi-8: 4 - imisebenzi ye-orali, 3 - imisebenzi yokubhala, 2- iimvavanyo kunye noviwo lukaJuni.
- IBanga le-9: 4- imisebenzi ye-orali, 3 - imisebenzi yokubhala, 2 - iimvavanyo kunye noviwo lukaJuni.

Uviwo lokuphela konyaka (60%)

Uviwo lokuphela konyaka luquka imisebenzi ye-orali kunye neyokubhala. Umsebenzi we-orali, oliphepha loku-1, uziipesenti ezingama-20. 8. Le pesenti mayivele kwimisebenzi ye-orali emine eyenziwe ebuden'i bonyaka. Imisebenzi ebhalwayo, emayiqhutywe phantsi kweliso elibanzi, iquka amaphepha amabini namathathu ngokufanayo kumabanga elesi-7 nelesi-8 kunye nele-9.

Amabanga lesi-7 nelesi-8

- Iphepha lesi-2: Isishwankathelo, ukusetyenziswa kolwimi noncwadi.
- Iphepha lesi-3: Ukubhala (Isincoko kunye nemihlathi)

Ibanga le-9

- Iphepha lesi-2: Isishwankathelo, ukusetyezniswa kolwimi noncwadi.
- Iphepha lesi-3: Ukubhala (Isincoko kunye nemihlathi)
- Iphepha lesi-4: Impendulo kuncwadi.

4. 3. 2 lintlobo zemisebenzi yekota

lintlobo zokuhlolola ezisetyenziswayo kufanele zihambelane nobudala kwanezinga lophuhliseko lwabafundi. Uyilo lwalo msebenzi kufuneka lubandakanye umxholo wesifundo kunye neendidi zemisebenzi ezenzelwe ukufezekisa iinjongo zesifundo. Mayixhomekeke kulwazi nezakhono ezenziweyo kuloo kota. Sebenzisa isicwangciso sekota sebanga ngalinye ukukhetha uhlobo lwemisebenzi kwanengqokelela yezakhono ezifunekayo kwicandelo ngalinye lokuhlolola okusesikweni. Umzekelo, xa uhlola umhlathana wobugcisa bokubhala kwibanga lesi-7, ikota yoku-1, kwaye ufunabafundi babhale umbongo, ungabalindela ukuba 'babhale kuphela izivakalisi zobude obulinganayo ezinemfanzandi', njengoko iyinto obumele ukuba uyifundisile kakade. Ukuba uhlola itekisi yowlazi kwikota yokuqala, baya kubhala besebenzisa lsimo sentlalo esifanelekileyo. Ngokufanayo kukuPhulaphula nokuThetha awunakutsho ukuba abafundi mabenze intetho emfutshane kwibanga lesi-7, kwikota yoku-1, njengoko oku kuza kufundiswa kamva.

Imisebenzi yokuhlolola okusesikweni mayilungiselele uludwe lwamazinga okuqonda njengokuba kubonisiwe apha ngezantsi Makusetyenziswe iintlobo ngeentlobo zemibuzo ezifana nemibuzo apha abafundi kufuneka bekhetheyona mpPENDULO ichanekileyo, vala izikhewu, thelekisa, nemibuzo ethe ngqo.

ITHEYIBHILE YAMAZINGA OKUQIQA

AMAZINGA OKUQIQA	UMSEBENZI	IPESENTI YOMSEBENZI
Izinga lokuqonda usebenzisa intsingiselo yentsusa/engqalileyo/ elisisiseko (Izinga loku-1) Ukucwangcisa ngokutsha (Izinga lesi-2)	<p>Imibuzo ejoliswe kwingombolo yowlazi ecaciswe gca kwitekisi.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nika amagama ezinto/abantu/eendawo/eempawu ... Xela izinto eziyinyani/izizathu/iingongoma/iimbono ... Chonga izizathu/abantu/izizathu ... Dwelisa izinto eziyinyani/izizathu/iingongoma/amagama ... Chaza indawo/umntu/umlinganiswa Balisa isiganeko/isenzeko/amava ... <p>Imibuzo efuna kuhlalutywe, kuyondelelaniswe okanye kucwangcisiswe ingombolo yowlazi ecaciswe gca kwitekisi.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Shwankathela iingongoma eziphambili/iimbono ezingundoqo/izinto eziluncedo/izinto ezingeloncedo ... Qukanisa imiba engundoqo/iimeko eziphambili ... Xela izinto ezifanayo/ezahlukeneyo ... Nika amaggabantsinshi/yithi gqabagqaba..... 	Izinga loku-1 nelesi-2: 40%
Ukuthatha izigqibo usebenzisa izigqibo/ ukuzicingela (Izinga lesi-3)	<p>Imibuzo efuna umfundu acacise imiyalezo engabekwanga ngokuselubala Ngokudibanisa iinkukacha ezivela kwiindawo ezahlukeneyo zetekisi okanye ngokunxulumanisa izinto ezikrobisa kwimiba ethile ekwitekisi nolwazi asele enalo okanye amava akhe aze athathe izigqibo.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cacisa indlela ingongoma ephambili enxulumana ngayo nomxholo/ Nomyalezo ... Thelekisa iimbono/iindlela zokucinga/iziganeko ... Ithini injongo yombhali (okanye yomlinganiswa)/ucinga njani/uqhutwywa Yintoni/unika sizathu sini ... Cacisa unobangela/ifuthe ... Intshukumo/iindlela yokusinga/indlela aphawula ngayo (njalo njalo) ityhila ntoni ngombalisi/umbhali/umlinganiswa ... Isikweko/isifaniso/umfanekiso-ntelekelelo uyichaphazela njani indlela oyiqonda ngayo ... Ucinga ukuba siza kuba yintoni isiphumo/ifuthe lesiganeko (njalo njalo) lesenzzo/lemeke ... 	Izinga lesi-3 40%

AMAZINGA OKUQIQA	UMSEBENZI	IPESENTI YOMSEBENZI
Ukuphonononga (Izinga lesi-4)	<p>Le mibuzo ingendlela abona ngayo umfundu ngokunxulumene nexabiso nokubaluleka kwento leyo kuthethwa ngayo. Oku kuquka indlela abona ngayo ngokunxulumene nobunyani, ukukholeleka, into eyinyani nezimvo, ukungqinisiseka, ukucinga ngombandela nokuqiqisisa ngayo kunye nemiba efana nokufuneka ndawonye nokwamkeleka kwezigqibo neziganeko ngokwasentlalweni.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ucinga ukuba okwenzeka apha kokukholelekayo/kuyinyani/Kunokwenzeka ...? • Ingaba ingxoxo yombhali ichanekile/iyakholeleka/igqibebele ...? • Xoxa/Phawula ngokunzulu ngesiganeko/injongo ethile/unobangela/Indlela acinga ngayo/icebo/isiphumo/okucingelwayo ... • Ingaba uyavumelana nolu luvo/inkcazel/Indlela abona ngayo othile? • Ngokoluvo Iwakho, ngaba umfundu/unobalisa/umlinganiswa ufanelekile Ukuba acebise kanje/athathe eli cala elithi..... ? (Xhasa impendulo Yakho/Nika izizathu ngempendulo oyinikileyo.) • Ingaba indlela acinga ngayo umlinganiswa/indlela aziphethe ngayo/ Intshukumo asenzileyo silungle okanye samkelekile kuwe? Nika isizathu Sempendulo yakho. • Ingaba izenzo/i (i)ndlela yokusinga/izizathu zomlinganiswa zibonisa • Ntoni ngaye ngokwemeko yentlalo? • Xoxa kuvokothake/Phawula ngokubalulekileyo okukhankanywe kwitekisi oyifundileyo. 	Izinga lesi-4 Nelesi-5: 20%
Ukuncoma ugxeka (Izinga lesi-5)	<p>Le mibuzo ijoliswe ekuhloleni ifuthe lezengqondo (lesayikholozi) nempembelelo yothando lobuhle betekisi kumfundu. Kugxininiwa kwiimpendulo zomfundu ezingeemvakalelo ezimalunga nomxholo,</p> <p>Ekuzichongeleni abalinganiswa okanye iziganeko azithandayo nendlela ayibona ngayo indlela alusebenzise ngayo ulwimi umbhali (njengokuchongwa kwamagama nemifanekiso-ntelekelelo).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Xoxa ngempendulo yakho kwitekisi/kwisiganeko/kwimeko/kwimpixano... • Ingaba uyavelana kusini na nomlinganiswa? Wawunokwenza ntoni ukuba yayinguwe owawunokuzibona ukule meko? • Xoxa/Phawula ngendlela umbhali alusebenzise ngayo ulwimi... Xoxa ngokugqibebele kwesimbo sokubhala sombhali/intshayelelo/isiphele/ imifanekiso-ntelekelelo/izihloniph/ukusetyenziswa kolwimi <p>Iwesihobe/izikrweqe zohlalutyo.....</p>	

4. 4 INKQUBO YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI

Inkqubo yokuhlola iyilwe ngenjongo yokunabisa imisebenzi yokuhlola okusesikweni kuzo zonke izifundo esikolweni apha enyakeni. Inkqubo yokuhlola okusesikweni kufuneka yensiwe sisikolo ukubonisa imihla eyakuthi yensiwe ngayo imisebenzi.

limfuno zesifundo

limfuno zokwenziwa komsebenzi zinikwe ngokweepesenti. Apha kuboniswa khona ama-20 eepesenti kweso sakhono solwimi, kuthetha ukuba ulwabiwo lokuggibelwa lwamanqaku eso sakhono malube ngama-20 eepesenti yaxa ewonke, ingabi ngamanqaku angama-20. Izikolo azibekelwanga mda kwinani lamanqaku abelwe isakhono solwimi kodwa ke ziqahele umlinganiselo owabelwe isakhono ngasinye solwimi somsebenzi ngamnye ngokwepesenti eyabelwe

sona kwinkqubo yokuhlola. Umz. Kwibanga lesi-4 uvavanyo lokuqonda lolwimi lungasetelwa amanqaku angama-50 okanye ngaphezulu, kwaye oku kungenziwa ukuba ulwabiwo lamanqaku aluwudluli umlinganiso wokugqibela obekiwego kwinkqubo yokuhlola.

Kwicandelo lokubhala lenkqubo yokucwangcisel a ukubhala okanye inkqubo yonke mayihlolwe ubuncinane kube kanye ngekota. Ubude beetekisi ezibhalwayo njengoko kubonisiwe kwicandelo lwesi-3. 3 kunyanzelekile lulandelwe.

Le theyibhile ilandelayo inika iimfuno zokuhlola okusesikweni zoLwimi lwaseKhaya:

IIHEYIBHILE ZENKQUBO YEMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA NGOKUSESIKWENI

IBANGA LESI-7

IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI KWIKOTA YOKU-1		
UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: I-ORALI	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UKUBHALA	UMSEBENZI WESI-3: UVAVANYO LOKU- 1
Ukufunda okulungiselelweyo/incoko	Isincoko esichazayo/esibalisyalo Ileta yobuhlobo/irivyu/ingxoxo yababini	Isicatshulwa nokusetyenziswa kolwimi.
IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI KWIKOTA YESI-2		
UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: I-ORALI	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UVAVANYO LWESI - 2	UMSEBENZI WESI-3
Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo/ ukwenza uphando/ulninganiso/iitekisi ezibonisa inkqubo enemiyalelo	Uncwadi: Imibuzo emifutshane	Uviwo lwaphakathi enyakeni/lukaJuni Iphepha lesi-2: Isicatshulwa ukusetyenziswa kolwimi kunye noncwadi (iiyure ezi- 2) Iphepha lesi-3: Ukubhala: Isincoko esinye kunye nomhlathi (iyure inye)
IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI KWIKOTA YESI-3		
UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: I-ORALI	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UKUBHALA	UMSEBENZI WESI-3: UVAVANYO LWESI-3
Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo/ ukufunda okulungiselelweyo/ukufunda okungalungiselelwanga/ingxoxo yababini	Isincoko esichazayo/esibalisyalo I-agenda nemizuzu	Isicatshulwa nokusetyenziswa kolwimi OKANYE Uncwadi
IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI NEYOKUPHELA KONYAKA: IKOTA YESI - 4		
UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: I-ORALI	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UVIWO LOKUPHELA KONYAKA	
Ingxoxo-mpikiswano/Udlivano-ndlebe/incoko/Intetho elungiselelweyo/Intetho engalungiselelwanga.	Iphepha loku-1: I-orali Iphepha lesi-2: Isicatshulwa, ukusetyenziswa kolwimi noncwadi (iiyure ezi-2) Iphepha lesi-3: Ukubhala (iyure inye)	

IBANGA LESI-8

IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI KWIKOTA YOKU-1		
UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: I-ORALI	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UKUBHALA	UMSEBENZI WESI-3: UVAVANYO LOKU-1
Ingxoxo yeqela/intetho engalungiselelwanga/Ingxoxo yeforam	Isincoko esibalisyayo/esicamngcayo Ingxelo yephephandaba/inqaku lephephandaba	Ulwimi nesicatshulwa
IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI KWIKOTA YOKU-2		
UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: I-ORALI	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UKUBHALA	UMSEBENZI WESI-3: IIMVIWO ZAPHAKATHI ENYAKENE/ ZIKAJUNI
Isicatshulwa esiphulaphulwayo/ izalathisi/ingxoxo yeforam/ingxoxo yephaneli	Udliwano-ndlebe/imiyalelo/irivyu yebali	Iphepha loku-1: I-orali Iphepha lesi-2: Isicatshulwa, ukusetyenziswa kolwimi noncwadi (iiyure ezi-2) Iphepha lesi-3: Ukubhala (iyure enye)
IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI KWIKOTA YOKU-3		
UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: I-ORALI	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UKUBHALA	UMSEBENZI WESI-3: UVAVANYO LOKU-1
Ukufunda okulungiselelweyo/Incoko	Isincoko esichazayo/esixoxayo Ileta yobuhlobo/Ingxoxo yababini	Isicatshulwa nokusetyenziswa kolwimi
IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI NEYOKUPHELA KONYAKA KWIKOTA YESI-4		
UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: I-ORALI	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UVIWO LOKUPHELA KONYAKA	
Ingxoxo-mpikiswano/udliwano-ndlebe/incoko/Intetho elungiselelwego/Intetho engalungiselelwanga		Iphepha loku-1: I-orali Iphepha lesi-2: Isicatshulwa, ukusetyenziswa kolwimi noncwadi (iiyure ezi-2) Iphepha lesi-3: Ukubhala (iyure enye)

IBANGA LE-9

IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI KWIKOTA YOKU-1		
UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: I-ORALI	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UKUBHALA	UMSEBENZI WESI-3: UVAVANYO LOKU-1
Ukufunda okulungiselelwego/incoko	Isincoko esichazayo/esibalisayo Ileta yobuhlobo/irivyu/Ingxoxo yababini	Isicatshulwa nokusetyenziswa kolwimi
IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI KWIKOTA YESI-2		
UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: I-ORALI	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UKUBHALA	UMSEBENZI WESI-3: UVIWO LWAPHAKATHI ENYAKENI
Ukufunda okulungiselelwego/incoko	Irivyu/Idotyhummentari/Isaziso/I-Ajenda nemizuzu.	Iphepha loku-1: I-orali Iphepha lesi-2: Isicatshulwa, ukusetyenziswa kolwimi (iiyure ezi-2) Iphepha lesi-3: Ukubhala (iyure enye) Iphepha lesi-4: Impendulo kuncwadi (iyure enye)
IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI KWIKOTA YESI-3		
UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: I-ORALI	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UKUBHALA	UMSEBENZI WESI-3: UVAVANYO LWESI-2
Ukufunda okulungiselelwego/incoko	Isincoko esichazayo/esibalisayo/ esicamngcayo/esixoxayo Ileta ekhaphayo nesivi	Isicatshulwa nokusetyenziswa kolwimi
IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI NEYOKUPHELA KONYAKA KWIKOTA YESI-4		
UMSEBENZI WOKU-1: I-ORALI	UMSEBENZI WESI-2: UVIWO LOKUPHELA KONYAKA	
Ingxoxo-mpikiswano/Udliwano-ndlebe/Intetho elungiselelwego/Intetho engalungiselelwanga	Iphepha loku-1: I-orali Iphepha lesi-2: Isicatshulwa, ukusetyenziswa kolwimi (iiyure ezi-2) Iphepha lesi-3: Ukubhala (iyure enye) Iphepha lesi-4: Impendulo kuncwadi (iyure enye)	

Imisebenzi yokuhola okuseSikweni ngokweBanga**Itheyibhile yoku-1: iBanga lesi-7**

UKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI		
ENYAKENI	UVIWO LOKUPHELA KONYAKA	
40%	60%	
Ukuhlola okwenziwa esikolweni (SBA)	Amaphepha oviwo lokuphela konyaka	
40%	39. 2%	20. 8%
Imisebenzi yokuhola okusesikweni eli-10 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Imisebenzi yeoralni emi-4 • Imisebenzi yokubhala emi-2 • Imisebenzi yovavanyo emi-3 • Uviwo (phakathi enyakeni/ngoJuni) 	Imviwo ezibhalwayo Iphepha lesi-2: Isicatshulwa, ukusetyenziswa kolwimi noncwadi Iphepha lesi-3: Ukubhala	Imisebenzi yokuhola yeoralni: Iphepha loku-1 Ukuphulaphula Ukuthetha Ukufunda Imisebenzi yeoralni eyenziwe apha enyakeni iyinxalenye yokuhola ukuhola kwangaphakathi kwasekuphelini konyaka.

Itheyibhile yesi-2: ibanga lesi-8

UKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI		
ENYAKENI	UVIWO LOKUPHELA KONYAKA	
40%	60%	
Ukuhlola okwenziwa esikolweni (SBA)	Amaphepha oviwo lokuphela konyaka	
40%	39. 2%	20. 8%
Imisebenzi yokuhlola okusesikweni eli-10 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Imisebenzi yeorali emi-4 • Imisebenzi yokubhala emi-3 • Imisebenzi yovavanyo emi-2 Uviwo (phakathi enyakeni/ngoJuni)	limviwo ezibhalwayo Iphepha lesi-2: Isicatshulwa, ukusetyenziswa kolwimi noncwadi Iphepha lesi-3: Ukubhala	Imisebenzi yokuhlola I-orali: Iphepha loku-1 Ukuphulaphula Ukuthetha Ukufunda Imisebenzi yeorali eyenziwe apha enyakeni iyinxalenyeye yokuhlola ukuhlola kwangaphakathi kwasekuphelini konyaka.

Itheyibhile yesi-3: ibanga le-9

UKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI		
ENYAKENI	UVIWO LOKUPHELA KONYAKA	
40%	60%	
Ukuhlola okwenziwa esikolweni (SBA)	Amaphepha oviwo lokuphela konyaka	
40%	39. 2%	20. 8%
Imisebenzi yokuhlola okusesikweni eli-10 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Imisebenzi yeorali emi-4 • Imisebenzi yokubhala emi-3 • Imisebenzi yovavanyo emi-2 Uviwo (phakathi enyakeni/ngoJuni)	limviwo ezibhalwayo Iphepha lesi-2: Isicatshulwa, ukusetyenziswa kolwimi noncwadi Iphepha lesi-3: Ukubhala Iphepha lesi-4: limpendulo kuncwadi	Imisebenzi yokuhlola I-orali: Iphepha loku-1 Ukuphulaphula Ukuthetha Ukufunda Imisebenzi yeorali eyenziwe apha enyakeni iyinxalenyeye yokuhlola ukuhlola kwangaphakathi kwasekuphelini konyaka.

Ifomathi yamaphepha eemviwo – amabanga 7-9

IFOMATHI YAMAPHEPHA EEMVIWO (IIMVIWO ZAPHAKATHI NOKUPHELA KONYAKA)					
IBANGA LESI-7	%	IBANGA LESI-8	%	IBANGA LE-9	%
Iphepha loku-1: I-orali: Ukufunda ngokuvakalayo, ukuphulaphula nokuthetha	30	Iphepha loku-1: I-orali: Ukufunda ngokuvakalayo, ukuphulaphula nokuthetha	30	Iphepha loku- 1: I-orali: Ukufunda ngokuvakalayo, ukuphulaphula nokuthetha	30
Iphepha lesi-2: Okubhalwayo: Isicatshulwa esifundwayo isicatshulwa (15) Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi ngokusemxholweni. (15) Impendulo kuncwadi (10)	30	Iphepha lesi-2: Okubhalwayo: Isicatshulwa esifundwayo isicatshulwa (15) Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi ngokusemxholweni. (15) Impendulo kuncwadi (10)	30	Iphepha lesi-2: Okubhalwayo: Isicatshulwa esifundwayo isicatshulwa (15) Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi ngokusemxholweni. (15) Impendulo kuncwadi (10)	30
Iphepha lesi-3: Okubhalwayo: Ukubhala-Isincoko (20) Imihlathi / iitekisi zonxibelelwano (10)	40	Iphepha lesi-3: Okubhalwayo: Ukubhala-Isincoko (20) Imihlathi / iitekisi zonxibelelwano (10)	40	Iphepha lesi-3: Okubhalwayo: Ukubhala-Isincoko (20) Imihlathi / iitekisi zonxibelelwano (10)	30
				Iphepha lesi-4: Impendulo kuncwadi (10) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Isihobe • Uncwadi Iwemveli • Amabali amafutshane • Inoveli • Idrama (Amanqaku ngama-20 kuhlobo loncwadi ngalunye, aze aguqulelwelwe kwiipesenti ezili- 10)	10

lindidi zokuhlola ezisetyenziswayo kufuneka zihambelane nobudala babafundi nezinga labo lophuhliseko. Uyilo lwale misebenzi kufuneka lubandakanye umxholo wesifundo kunye neendidi zemisebenzi ezenzelwe ukufezekisa iinjongo zesifundo.

Ukuhlola okusesikweni makuhambelane ncakasana nala mazinga okucinga nezi zakhono banazo abafundi eziboniswe apha ngasezantsi:

4. 5 UKUREKHODA NOKUNIKA INGXELO NGOMSEBENZI

Ukurekhoda yinkubo apha utitshala abhala phantsi izinga lokusebenza lomfundu ngamnye kumsebenzi othile ohlolwayo. Kubonisa inkqubela-phambili yomfundu ekuzixhobiseni ngolwazi oluxeliweyo ngokweeNkcazel zePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola. lirekhodi zomsebenzi womfundu kufanele zinike ubungqina ngenkqubela-phambili yomfundu ngokwebanga kunye nokulungela kwakhe ukuqhubela phambili xa epasile ukuya kwibanga elilandelayo.

lirekhodi zomsebenzi womfundu kufanele zisetyenziswe ukungqinisa inkqubela-phambili eyenziwe ngootitshala nabafundi kwinkqubo yokufundisa nokufunda.

Ukukhupha iripoti okanye ingxelo yinkqubo yokwazisa abafundi, abazali babo, isikolo nabanye abachaphazelekayo malunga nendlela asebenza ngayo umfundu ezifundweni zakhe gabalala. Zininzi iindlela ezisetyenziswayo ukunika iripoti okanye ingxelo ngomsebenzi womfundu. Ziquka amakhadi eripoti okanye engxelo, ukubiza iintlanganiso nabazali, iiantsku zokutyelela esikolweni, iinkomfa zabazali nootitshala, ukufonela abazali, ukuthumela iileta kubazali, ukuthumela imbalelwano yesikolo okanye yeklasi kubazali, njalo-njalo. Ootitshala kumabanga onke banika iripoti okanye ingxelo ngokweepesenti ngesifundo ngasinye. Amazinga ahlukileyo empumelelo kune neepesenti ahambelana nazo adweliswe kuli Theyibhile ingasezantsi.

Iikhowudi neepesenti zokurekhoda nokuripota (NOKUNIKA INGXETO NGOMSEBENZI)

IKHOWUDI	INKCAELO NGENDLELA AQHUBE NGAYO KUMSEBENZI WAKHE UMFUNDI	IPESENTI
7	Uphumelele ngokugqwasileyo	80 – 100
6	Uphumelele emaggabini	70 – 79
5	Uphumelel ngokuqaqambileyo	60 – 69
4	Uphumelele ngokwanelisayo	50 – 59
3	Uphumelele ngokufanelekileyo	40 – 49
2	Uphumelele ngokuyinxalenye	30 – 39
1	Akaphumelelanga	0 – 29

Ootitshala besiXhosa mabarekhode amanqaku achanekileyo kumsebenzi ngamnye ohlolwayo besebebenzisa iphepha lokurekhoda elisemthethweni; banike iripoti ngokweepesenti kwisiXhosa kumakhadi eeripoti zabafundi.

4. 6 UPHONONONGO LOKUHLOLA

Uphononongo okanye imodareyishini yinkqubo yokuqinisekisa ukuba imisebenzi ehlolwayo ichanekile, yamkelekile kwaye isemgangathweni ochanekileyo. Uphononongo lwenziwa esikolweni, esithilini, nasephondweni. Umgagatho wophononongo weSizwe/kaNdunkulu ungenziwa kumaphondo, izithili nezikolo ezikhethiwego. Zonke iinkqubo ezichanekileyo neziqingqiweyo zokuphonononga okanye zokumodareyitha kufuneka zimiliselwe ukungqinisia yonke imisebenzi yesiXhosa ehlolwayo.

4. 6. 1 Ukuhlola okusesikweni/ukuhlola okwenziwa esikolweni (SBA)

- Iimvavanyo noviwo kwibanga lesi-7 nelesi-8 ziphononongwa okanye zimodareyithwa esikolweni. Umcebisi wesiXhosa wesithili/iphondo unoxtanduva olusemhethweni lokuphonononga/ukumodareyitha isampuli yemisebenzi ehlolwayo yeorali kanye xa endwendwele okanye etyelele esikolweni ukungqinisia umgangatho owamkelekileyo wemisebenzi yeorali kune nophononongo/imodareyishini eyenziwe yintloko yesiXhosa.
- Iimvavanyo kune neemviwo zebanga le-9 kufuneka ziphononongwe okanye zimodareyithwe kwiphondo. Le nkqubo isingathwa lisebe lezemfundo lephondo.
- Abacebisi besiXhosa kufuneka baphonononge okanye bamodareythe iisampuli zeemvavanyo namaphepha eemviwo phambi kokuba abhalwe ngabafundi ukungqinisia imigangatho nokunika ootitshala besiXhosa isikhokelo sokuyiseta ngokusemgangathweni le misebenzi yokuhlolwa imiselwego.

4. 6. 2 Imisebenzi yokuhlola ye-orali

- **Kwibanga lesi-7 - 9:** Umsebenzi ngamnye weorali oyinxalenyenye yenqubo yokuhlola kufuneka ungeniswe ngutitshala kwintloko yesifundo (HOD) ukuze iwuphonononge (iwumodareyithe) phambi kokuba wenziwe ngabafundi. Ootitshala bahlola imisebenzi yokuhlolwa yeorali.

Umcebisi esithilini okanye kwiphondo kufuneka aphonononge okanye amodareyithe isampulu yemisebenzi yokuhlola ye-orali xa etyelele esikolweni esenzela ukungqinisia umgangatho wemisebenzi leyo nophononongo okanye imodareyishini eyenziwe esikolweni.

Umthunywa wokuphonononga/wokumodareyitha kndlunkulu (DBE) angaphonononga isampulu yemisebenzi yokuhlola yeorali yeBanga le-9.

4. 7 ULWAZI GABALALA

Olu xwebhu kufanele lusetyenziswe nalaa alandelayo:

4. 7. 1 *National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grade R-12;* kunye.

4. 7. 2 *Noxwebhu lwepolisi oluthi, National Protocol of Assessment Grades R-12*

ULUHLU LWAMAGAMA

Abantu abafumana ulwazi (abaphulaphuli, ababukeli) - aba ngabantu ekujoliswe kubo xa kunikezwa ulwazi oluthile; xa beza kuphulaphula okuthethwayo, babuke okukwisicatshulwa ke ngoko, ababhali kufuneka basoloko becinga ngenjongo kwanabantu abamkela ulwazi abaza kufunda, babuke ezo zinxibelelanisi

Iitherasi - apha kubhekisa kwiindidi ngeendidi zelitherasi (umz. ukukwazi ukubona uqonde izinto ozibona ngeliso lenyama, imizobo, ukubala, kanye nokulandela izinto ezinxulumene norhwebo).

Iindlela ngeendlela zokusebenzisa ulwimi - ezi ndlela ngeendlela zibakho xa kukho ukulungelelanisa okukhoyo kwisigama, kwiimo zezivakalisi namagama kanye nendlela igama elibizwa ngayo; oku ke kuyahluka kwiningqi nengingqi/kwisizwana nesizwana.

Iitekisi ezibonwayo neziviwayo- iindlela ezinxulumeneyo zokunxibeletana ezinokuquka iitekisi ezibhaliweyo, ezibonwayo, isandi, ividiyo, njl njl

Ijenra (genre)-iintlobo iitekise ezhlanganiswe ngayo, umz. Inoveli, umdlalo, isihobe, ileta yoburhulumente, ileta yobuhlobo

Iitekisi ezimfutshane-umz. lileta, imizuzu yentlanganiso, iingxelo, iifeksi

Ilitherasi - ilitherasi lulwazi lokufunda nokubhala, ukwazi ukusebenzisa amanani, ulwazi lwekhompyutha, ukuqonda indlela izixhobo ezibonwa ngeliso lenyama ezsityenziswa ngayo njalo-njalo; eli gama lisenokusetyenziselwa ukubonisa ukukwazi ukulungisa nokusebenzisa ulwazi oluthile, kwanokubhalela iinjongo ezahlukeneyo, kukwabonakalisa ukukwazi ukuvumbulula iintsingiselo

Imbali - kubhekisa kwibali elibalisa ngomlomo okanye elibhaliweyo, elinezimvo ezilandeletana kakuhle ngokwendlela iziganeko ezenzeke ngayo

Imephu yengqondo –ukubonisa isihloko apha amagama angundoqo neengcinga zicwangciswe khona ngokuzotywa

Imfano-zandi –amagama anezandi eziphindaphindayo

Imibuzo ekwiqondo eliphezulu- abafundi baqokelela ulwazi kwiziqendu ezahlukileyo zetekisi (ukubumba amagama adityanisiweyo), ukuthelekelela (ukufunda phakathi kwemigca), ukunika ubukhulu bokwenzekayo (nika ulovo) nokuxabisa itekisi (ukuchaza ukuba uyithandile okanye hayi nesizathu)

Imibuzo ekwiqondo elisezantsi- yimibuzo apha abafundi bakhumbula izinto ezenzekileyo, umz. Bangobani abalinganiswa abaphambili ebalini? igama lomlinganiswa ophambili ngubani? Ebefunda phi?

Imibuzo evalekileyo-yimibuzo efuna impendulo enye, umz. 'Ewe' okanye 'hayi'

Imibuzo evulekileyo- imibuzo enokuphendulwa ngeendlela ezahlukileyo; umfundu makaphendule imibuzo esebebenzisa amagama aphuma kuye. Umz. Ucinga ukuba inkwenkwe yayi baleka ntoni? Ucinga ukuba ebefanele kukwenza ntoni?

Impixano-ingxabano phakathi kwabalinganiswa ebalini

Impoxo - kusetyenziswa esi sagwelo kuthi kubekho ukuncoma okuphoxayo/yintetho eveza into echasene nale nto ubani ayithethayo; apha kuphoxiswa ngomntu (umz. xa usithi kumntu ofike mva kunani: 'Ndiva kakubi ukuba sifike

phambi kwakho'), ube wena umphoxela le nto efike emva kwexesha; sukube apha uphoxisa ngomntu.

Imvakalo-zwi-1. ipateni yokuphakama kwelizwi okanye isandi sokuthetha ukubonakalisa izakhiwo. zokusetyenziswa kolwimi njenge zivakalisi

2. Ikwabonisa umahluko phakathi kweentetho nemibuzo ibonakalise nemvakalelo yesithethi

Imvano-siphelo- amagama okanye imigca yesihobe ephela ngesandi esifanayo nonobumba

Ingxoxo- mpikiswano -kwingxoxo kuphikisana amaqela amabini. Lamaqela anenjongo yokuqinisekisa kumgwebi nabaphulaphuli ukuba umbono wabo kwisihloko esinikiwego unentsingiselo nokusabeleka ngaphezu kowelinye iqela eliphikisayo.

Inkqubo yolongezelelo lweelwimi ezininzi (additive multilingualism) - xa umntu efunda ulwimi (iilwimi) ukongeza kulwimi lwakhe lwasekhaya; oku akuthethi ukuba olu lwimi luthatha indawo yoLwimi lwaseKhaya, koko lufundwa kunye nalo.

Intsingiselo efihlakeleyo. umz. Amaqhalo nezaci, isikweko, isimntwiso, isifaniso

Intsingiselo yentsusa/eqhelekileyo - yile ntsingiselo icacileyo yegama kuloo meko likuyo. umz. Eli bhastile lam lihle; uthetha ngebhastile eli lihle liligungqu lokudlala, kanti xa intsingiselo ibifihlakele ngesithetha ngobuhle mhlawumbi bentombi.

Irejista/Ulwimi oluthethwa ngabantu abathile - amagama asetyenziswa kwimiba neemeko ezahlukeneyo. Umz. amagama asetyenziswa ngumfundu xa ethetha nomnye umfundu ongumhlobo wakhe ahlukile kumagama awasebenzisa xa ethetha notitshala amhloniphileyo. La ngamagama, okanye isimbo, igramma okanye indlela ubani alinyusa ngayo ilizwi; la magama asetyenziswa ngabantu abathile, okanye ababhalu abathile kwiimo okanye iimeko ezahlukeneyo, umz:- xa kubhalwa ileta yobuhlobo okanye yasebuRhumenteni, ulwimi olusetyenziswayo alufani; kanti naxa uthetha nomntu omdala kunawe, awusebenzisi lwimi lunye njengaxa uthetha nontanga wakho.

Isakhiwo sebali - esi sisicwangciso somsebenzi woncwadi ngakumbi kwiidrama neenoveli; isakhiwo sebali sibandakanya indlela le ilula yokulandelelana kweziganeko, ebonisa uzalwano phakathi kweziganeko, kubonakale futhi ukuba le into yenzeka ngenxa yaleya.

Isifanadumo -kukusebenzisa amagama ukwenza izandi ezizichazayo (umz. Ukuchaphaza kwemvula)

Isifaniso - kuxa ufanisa into ethile neny; apha kusetyenziswa amagama afana noo "njenge-", "nqwa ne-", "oku kwe", umz. Uhambisa oku kukanina.

Isikweko - sisafobe apho kuthi kusetyenziswe enye into xa kuchazwa enye into, oko kusenziwa kuba ezo zinto zineempawu ezifanayo, umz. UThemba lo yinyoka (kuba enobungozi njengenyoka).

Isimbo – indlela ecacileyo neyodwa umbhali acwangcisa amagama ngayo ukufumana ifuthe elithile. Isimbo sidibanisa kakhulu ingcinga echazwayo nobubodwa bombhali. Ezi zicwangciso ziquka ukhetho lwamagama olulodwa nemiba yobude nesakhiwo sezivakalisi, ithoni nokusebenzisa ukugqebela

Isimntwiso - sisafobe esithi sifanise into engemntu siyifanisa nomntu; kuxa kuthathwe iimpawu zomntu zanikwa izinto ezingengobantu, umz. Tywala ungumlahlekisi (tywala apha benziwe baneempawu zobuntu kwathiwa

buyalahlekisa).

Isinqisho – ipateni eqhelekileyo ephindaphindayo yesandi

Isithetha-ntonye/isithethantonye - ngamagama athetha into enye umz. ukurhala/ukubawa, umtshakazi/umakoti.

Itekisi- intetha okanye uyilo ngokubhala, ukuthetha okanye okubonwayo

Izijekulo- ukushukuma kobuso okanye umzimba ukubonisa intsingiselo (umz. Ukunqwala ngentloko ukubonisa ukuvuma)

Ithoni/imvakalo-zwi - apha kunokubhekisa kuqala kwindlela ubani abiza ngayo igama; eli gama “ithoni” xa lisetyenziswe nzulu likwabhekisa kwindlela igama elithile elisetyenziswe nzulu ngayo kwisivakalisi; kwisicatshulwa ithoni yegama ibhekisa kwindlela igama elisetyenziswe ngayo kuloo mo, nentsingiselo eliyizisayo; kwifilim ithoni ingaphunyeza ngohlolo lomculo odlalwayo, kungenjalo imo-ntlalo.

Izicatshulwa ezinobunyaniso – izicatshulwa ezisetyenziswa kwihiabathi (amanqaku amaphepha-ndaba

Izichasi-amagama achasanayo

Udliwano-ndlebe-umsebenzi wokuqokelela ulwazi okanye ingxoxo phakathi kwabantu ubuso ngobuso, kubhekiselwe kwinjongo ethile.

Uhlobo –yinkqubo ecwangcisiweyo eqhubekayo yokuqokelela ulwazi lomfundu ngeendlela ezahlukileyo.

Uhlobo oluqhubekeyo-luhlolo lwemisebenzi enziwayo unyaka wonke

Ukuhlela-inkqubo yokwenza uyilo lokuqala letekisi nokuliphinda, kuquke nokulungisa ukusetyenziswa kolwimi, iimpwu zokubhala nokufunda neziphoso zopelo, ukukhangela ukubhala okuneengcinga ezinamatheLANanyo nokwakhiwa kokunamatheLana; kwimidiya, ukuhlela kuquka isakhiwo, ukhetho nokuyila iitekisi

Ukukrwaqula - kuxa ubani ebalekisa amehlo xa efunda nokuba sisinxibelelanisi mhlawumbi, esenzela nje ukufumana ulwazi oluthile, umz. ukubalekisa nje amehlo ujonga igama elithile nenombolo yemfonomfono yomntu, okanye ukufumana ixesha emka ngalo ibhasi okanye uloliwe, xa ukrwaqula isicwangcisi-maxesha senkampani yeebhasi

Ukuqal'ugwebe-ukuqala ugwebe umntu, iqela, ingcinga okanye unobangela

Ukuqhawula amagama ngokwezandi- yenze yeendlela zokufunda igama ongalaziyo.

Ukuquka – umthetho-siseko othi imfundo mayifikeleleke kubo bonke abafundi nokuba bafunda njani, imvelaphi yabo nolwazi labo

Ukushicilela- xa abafundi beshicilela umsebenzi wabo, bawenza waziwe ngokwabelana ngawo, umz. NgokuwuniKA uitshala, ngokuwuxhoma edongeni leklasi okanye ibhodi yezaziso, okanye ngokuwufakela kwingqokelela yezicengcelezo

ULwimi IwaseKhaya - olu lulwimi abantwana abalufunda ekhaya besakhula, belufunda ngokulinganisa; olu lulwimi abafunda ngalo ukucinga; ulwimi IwaseKhaya lomfundu ongumXhosa sisiXhosa.

Ulwimi olongezelweyo – lulwimi olufundwayo olongezwe kuLwimi IwaseKhaya.

Ulwimi oluchukumisayo - lulwimi olusetyenziswe ngendlela apha ebanga usizi de ubani athi azive enosizi efuna ukulila, abe novakalelo.

Ulwimi oluqhathayo - kuxa ubani esebebenzisa ulwimi oluthile ngendlela yokuqhatha umntu, ezama mhlawumbi ukumphembelela ukuba makawele kweli lakhe icala; umzekelo uyafumaneka kwizibhengezo, apho kusetyenziswa ulwimi olunobuqhetseba ngamanye amaxesha; umz:- Thenga nazi izisulu, zikho namhlanje kuphela.

Ulwimi olusetyenziselwa ukuthetha ngolunye ulwimi - kukho isigama esisetyenziswayo xa sithetha ngolwimi; oku kubandakanya isigama esifana nala magama asetyenziswa ngabantu abafundisa ulwimi: "imeko", "isimbo sombhali", "isakhiwo sebali", "incoko yababini" nesinye isigama.

Umabizwafane - ligama elibizwa, lipelwe ngokufana nelinye, kodwa libe lahlukile ngentsingiselo umz. idolo, eli siguqa ngalo; idolo eliligobe kwindlela yemoto

Umfanekiso-ntelekelelo - kuxa kusetyenziswa amagama adala imfanekiso ezingqondweni zethu njengokusebenzisa izifaniso, izikweko, izimntwiso namanye amagama adala umfanekiso engqondweni yomntu.

Umngangatho wokuzifundela - umngangatho apho umfundi anakho ukufunda itekisi ngocoselelo lwe-95% (kungabikho mpazamo engaphezu kwenye kumagma a -20). Umngangatho wokuzifundela yitekisi enobulula kumfundi.

Umqondiso/isimboli - yinto esetyenziswa imele into ethile, umz:- ihobe ngumqondiso woxolo.

Umsebenzi wokuhlolola-umsebenzi wokuhlolola abafundi onemisetyenzana okanye iziqingatha.

Umxholo - yeyona mbono ingundoqo kubhalo loncwadi; isicatshulwa singanemixholwana emininzi, eminye kuyo ingacaci gca ibe selubala.

Unobangela (nefuthe)-ukunyuka kwesenzenko okanye isimo

Uvutho-ndaba – elona nqanaba libalulekileyo kwibali apho zonke iziganeko zisencochoyini kwaye ibali liya ngokukhula.

