

DIRECTORATE SENIOR CURRICULUM MANAGEMENT (SEN-FET)

HOME SCHOOLING SELF-STUDY WORKSHEET 1

	LIFE SCIENCES	GRADE	10	DATE	09/04
SUBJECT					
	PLANT TISSUES	TERM 1	✓	TERM 2	
TOPIC		REVISION		CONTENT	
TIME	45 MINUTES				
ALLOCATION		TIPS TO KEEP HEALTHY			
	Use the following resources to]			
INSTRUCTIONS	answer the worksheet:	1. WASH YOUR HANDS thoroughly with soap			
	Textbook	and water for at least 20 seconds. Alternatively,			
	 Notes provided on plant 	use hand sanitizer with an alcohol content of at			
	tissues	least 60%.			
		2. PRACTICE SOCIAL DISTANCING – keep a			
		distance of 1m away from other people.			
		3. PRACTISE GOOD RESPIRATORY			
		HYGIENE: cough or sneeze into your elbow or			
		tissue and dispose of the tissue immediately			
		after use.			
		4. TRY NOT TO TOUCH YOUR FACE. The			
		virus can be transferred from your hands to your			
		nose, mouth and eyes. It can then enter your			
		body and ma		k.	
		5. STAY AT	HOME.		

Activity 1.1:

1.1	Provide the correct biological terms for each of the following terms		
	1.1.1	The basic unit of life	(1)
	1.1.2	A group of cells with the same structure that perform the same function	(1)
	1.1.3	A plant tissue that consists of undifferentiated cells that are actively dividing	(1)
	1.1.4	Tissues that contain non-dividing cells	(1)
			(4)

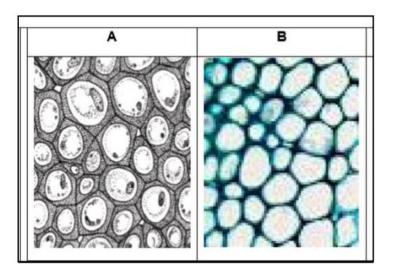
Activity 2: Choose the letter that corresponds to the most correct answer:

- 2.1. What kind of tissue can parenchyma tissue be described as being?
 - a) simple tissue
 - b) complex tissue
 - c) xylem
 - d) phloem
- 2.2. Which of the following is not a simple tissue?
 - a) xylem
 - b) parenchyma
 - c) collenchyma
 - d) sclerenchyma
- 2.3. What is the key difference between meristematic and permanent tissue?
 - a) The ability to conduct photosynthesis
 - b) The ability to divide
 - c) The ability to move
 - d) The complexity to perform a function

- 2.4 Which type of tissue has lignified walls?
 - a) Parenchyma
 - b) Collenchyma
 - c) Sclerenchyma
 - d) Cambium
- 2.5 Thando was shown two slides of plant tissues: parenchyma and sclerenchyma. Which of the features given below would be crucial in identifying sclerenchyma?
 - a) Location of nucleus
 - b) Size of cells
 - c) Thickness of cell walls
 - d) Position of vacuoles

(5 x2) **(10)**

Activity 3- study the diagrams below and answer the questions that follow



3.1 Identify tissue A and B

(2)

3.2 Tabulate TWO observable differences between tissue A and B

- (5)
- **(7)**

Activity 4 Identify and state the function of each tissue

Α			В
	Tissue name:	Tissue name:	
	Function:	Function:	
С			D
	Tissue name:	Tissue name:	
	Function:	Function:	

(4 X 2) **(8)**

Activity 5- Fill in the worksheet below

5.1 Explain the statement 'Tissues exhibit division of labour'. Give examples.				
	(3)			
5.2. Why do plants have more dead tissues compared to animals?				
5.3. List the characteristics of meristematic tissues.				
	(3)			
5.4 What are the key features which allow you to tell that a tissue type is collenchyma?				
	(2)			
5.5. Why do meristematic cells lack vacuoles?				
	(2)			
	(12)			
	Γ Δ 11			