



Province of the
EASTERN CAPE
EDUCATION

**NATIONAL
SENIOR CERTIFICATE**

GRADE 11

NOVEMBER 2019

**MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P2
MARKING GUIDELINE**

MARKS: 100

Symbol	Explanation
M	Method
M/A	Method with Accuracy
MCA	Method with Consistent Accuracy
CA	Consistent Accuracy
A	Accuracy
C	Conversion
S	Simplification
RT/RG/RM	Reading from a table OR Reading from a graph OR Read from map
F	Choosing the correct formula
SF	Substitution in a formula
J	Justification
P	Penalty, e.g. for no units, incorrect rounding off etc.
R	Rounding off OR Reason
AO	Answer only
NPR	No penalty for rounding

This marking guideline consists of 6 pages.

QUESTION 1 [30]				
Ques.	1.1.1 Solution		Explanation	Topic & Level
1.1	1.1.1	$\text{Net monthly salary} = \frac{195\,000}{12} \checkmark M$ $= R16\,250 \checkmark A$	1M Dividing correct values 1A Net monthly income (2)	F L2
	1.1.2	$\text{Balance after expenses} = 16\,250 - 12\,000$ $= R4\,250 \checkmark MCA$ $\text{Saving for deposit} = 4\,250 \times 0,75 \checkmark M$ $= R3\,187,50 \checkmark CA$ $\text{Number of months} = \frac{15\,000}{3\,187,50} \checkmark M$ $= 4,705 \dots$ $= 5 \text{ months } \checkmark CA$	CA from 1.1.1 1MCA Balance 1M Multiply 75% 1CA Saving 1M Dividing 1CA Number of months (5)	F L3
	1.1.3	$\% \text{ Life insurance} = \frac{550}{16\,250} \times 100\% \checkmark MCA$ $= 3,4\% \checkmark CA$ $\% \text{ Household insurance} = \frac{430}{16\,250} \times 100\%$ $= 2,6\% \checkmark CA$ $\text{Difference} = 3,4\% - 2,6\% \checkmark M$ $= 0,8\% \checkmark CA$ $\text{Statement not valid } \checkmark O$	CA from 1.1.1 1MCA Correct value $\times 100\%$ 1CA % (LI) 1CA % (HHI) 1M Subtraction 1CA Difference 1O Invalid NPR (6)	F L4
	1.1.4	$\text{Probability} = \frac{5}{9} \checkmark A$ $= 0,5555 \dots$ $= 0,556 \checkmark R$	1A Numerator 1A Denominator 1R 3 dec. places (3)	P L2
	1.1.5	He now has to pay for fuel. $\checkmark \checkmark R$ OR The R960 must be spend on fuel. $\checkmark \checkmark R$ Accept any other relevant reason	2R Explanation Answer must refer to expense for fuel (2)	F L4
1.2	1.2.1	$\text{Actual length of car} = 4,5 \text{ inches} \times 36$ $= 162 \text{ inches } \checkmark MA \times 2,54 \checkmark C$ $= 411,48 \text{ cm } \checkmark CA$ $= \frac{411,48}{100}$ $= 4,1148 \text{ m } \checkmark CA$	1MA Total inches 1C Conversion (cm) 1CA Total in cm 1CA Conversion (m) (4)	M L3

1.3	1.3.1	<p>Blue cars = $100 - (17 + 32 + 2 + 7 + 6 + 13 + 12)$ $= 11\%$ ✓MA Number of blue cars = $2\ 500 \times 0,11$ $= 275$ ✓MCA Gold cars = $2\ 500 \times 0,02$ OR $0,13 \times 2\ 500$ $= 50$ ✓MA $= 325$ cars Total = $275 + 50$ $= 325$ cars ✓MA</p>	<p>1MA Find % 1MCA Blue cars 1MA Gold cars 1CA Total (4)</p>	<p>D L3</p>
	1.3.2	White, Black and Green ✓✓A	<p>2A Colours (2)</p>	<p>D L2</p>
	1.3.3	<p>It is cheaper to respray ✓✓A OR Do not have to mix paint to get the required colour ✓✓A Accept any other relevant reason.</p>	<p>2A Explanation (2)</p>	<p>D L4</p>
			[30]	

QUESTION 2 [27]

Ques.	Solution	Explanation	Topic & Level
2.1	<p>Cost for Adams family $= 4$ adults + 1 kid ✓A $= (4 \times 570) + 360$ ✓MCA $= 2\ 280 + 360$ $= R2\ 640$ ✓CA</p> <p>Cost for Naidoo family $= 5$ adults + 3 kids ✓A $= (5 \times 570) + (2 \times 360) + (1 \times 0)$ $= 2\ 850 + 720 + 0$ $= R3\ 520$ ✓CA</p> <p>50% of Adams family = $R2\ 640 \times 1,5$ ✓M $= R3\ 960$ ✓CA $R3\ 960 \neq R3\ 570$</p> <p>Statement invalid ✓O</p>	<p>1A Correct no of people 1MCA Multiply and add correct values 1CA Total cost</p> <p>1A Correct number of people 1CA Total cost</p> <p>1MCA Multiply with 50% 1CA Cost 1O Invalid (8)</p>	<p>F L4</p>
2.2	<p>Amount after 1 year = $20\ 750 + (20\ 750 \times 0,075)$ ✓MA $= 20\ 750 + 1\ 556,25$ $= 22\ 306,25$ ✓CA ✓A</p> <p>Next 6 months = $22\ 306,25 + (22\ 306,25 \times 0,0375)$ $= 22\ 306,25 + 836,48$ $= 23\ 142,73$ ✓CA</p> <p>Interest = $R23\ 142,73 - R20\ 750$ ✓M $= R2\ 392,73$ ✓CA</p>	<p>1MA % and add 1CA Amount 1A Interest rate for 6 months 1CA Amount 1M Subtract 1CA Interest (6)</p>	<p>F L3</p>

2.3	2.3.1	North East ✓✓A	2A Correct direction (2)	M&P L2
	2.3.2	Cape Town to OR Tambo = 08:20 + 2:00 + 2:00 = 12:20 ✓A ✓MA OR Tambo to Nelspruit = 12:55 + 0:50 = 13:45 ✓A He will be not be on time. ✓O	1MA Adding correct times 1A Arrival time (OR Tambo) 1A Arrival Time (Nelspruit) 1O Opinion (4)	M L3
	2.3.3	Distance = Speed × Time 1 842 = Speed × 2h25 ✓SF ✓M Speed = $\frac{1842}{2,41666667}$ ✓C = 762,2068966 km/h ✓S = 762 km/h ✓R	1SF Substitution 1M Change subject of formula 1C Convert min to h 1CA Simplification 1R Nearest km/h (5)	M&P L3
	2.3.4	Probability = $\frac{3}{5}$ ✓A ✓A	1A Numerator 1A Denominator (2)	P L2
			[27]	

QUESTION 3 [22]				
Ques.		Solution	Explanation	Topic & Level
3.1	3.1.1	Person is retrenched ✓A Person is fired ✓A Person resigned ✓A Accept any other relevant reponse.	1A First reason 1A Second reason (ANY 2 x 1) (2)	F L4
	3.1.2	✓A ✓M Max UIF per month = 12 478 × 0,02 = R249,56 Annual UIF = R249,56 × 12 ✓A = R2 994,72 ✓A	1A Use 12 478 1M Multiply by 2% 1M Multiply by 12 1CA Annual UIF (4)	F L2
	3.1.3	Person is working ✓✓A OR Person refuse to take a job offered by the Department of Labour ✓✓A OR Person is being trained for a possible job. ✓✓A Accept any other relevant reponse	2A Reason (2)	F L4

3.2	3.2.1	<p>Across the length = $\frac{485 \text{ mm}}{70 \text{ mm}} \checkmark \text{C} \checkmark \text{A}$ = 6,9 \approx 6 tins $\checkmark \text{CA}$</p> <p>Across the width = $\frac{305 \text{ mm}}{70 \text{ mm}}$ = 4,3 \approx 4 tins $\checkmark \text{CA}$</p> <p>Up the height = $\frac{745 \text{ mm}}{108 \text{ mm}}$ = 6,9 \approx 6 tins $\checkmark \text{CA}$</p> <p>Number of tins = $6 \times 4 \times 6$ = 144 tins $\checkmark \text{CA}$</p> <p>Statement not valid $\checkmark \text{O}$</p>	<p>1C Convert cm to mm 1A Correct diameter 1M Divide 1CA Tins over length 1CA Tins over width 1CA Tins upwards 1CA Total tins 1O Not valid</p> <p>(8)</p>	M L4
	3.2.2	<p>Surface area wrapping = $\pi \times \text{diameter} \times \text{height of can}$ $\checkmark \text{A} \checkmark \text{A}$ = 3,142 \times 7,4 cm \times 10,8 cm $\checkmark \text{SF}$ = 251,10864 cm² $\checkmark \text{CA}$</p>	<p>CA from 3.2.1 1A Correct diameter 1A Convert 4 mm to cm 1SF Substitution 1CA Surface area NPR</p> <p>(4)</p>	M L3
	3.2.3	To paste the paper $\checkmark \checkmark \text{A}$	2A Explanation (2)	M L4
			[22]	
QUESTION 4 [21]				
Ques.	Solution	Explanation	Topic & Level	
4.1	4.1.1	<p>Mean $\checkmark \text{M}$ = $\frac{239,2+272,5+290,8+308,3+350,9+365,4+351,1+316,5+313,7+288,7}{10} \checkmark \text{M}$ = $\frac{3\ 097,1}{10}$ = 309,71 million OR 309 710 000 $\checkmark \text{CA}$</p>	<p>1M Add correct values 1M Divide by 10 1CA Mean</p> <p>(3)</p>	D L3
	4.1.2	<p>Percentage change = $\frac{\checkmark \text{MA}}{365,4} \times 100\%$ $\checkmark \text{A}$ = $\frac{-14,3}{365,4} \times 100\%$ = -3,913... $\checkmark \text{A}$ = -4%</p>	<p>1MA Subtract values in correct order 1A Correct denominator 1A Simplification</p> <p>(3)</p>	D L2
	4.1.3	<p>From 2006 to 2011 the net profit increased and then it decreased from 2011 to 2015.</p> <p>$\checkmark \text{A}$ $\checkmark \text{A}$ $\checkmark \text{A}$ $\checkmark \text{A}$</p>	<p>1A 2006–2011 1A Increased 1A 2011–2015 1A Decreased</p> <p>(4)</p>	D L4

	4.1.4	The net profit decreased by a lesser value. ✓✓A	2A Explanation (2)	D L4
4.2	4.2.1	Number of pieces to assemble 75 office chairs ✓M $= (1 + 4 + 2 + 4 + 1) \times 75$ ✓M $= 12 \times 75$ $= 900$ pieces ✓CA	1M Add correct pieces 1M Multiply by 75 1CA Number of pieces (3)	M&P L2
	4.2.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Screw the 2 bars together with the big screw. ✓✓A • Insert the 4 rubber stoppers to the end of the 4 legs of the chair. ✓✓A • Use the 4 small screws to attach the seat to the bars. ✓✓A 	2A Attach 2 bars 2A Insert 4 rubbers 2A Use 4 small screws (6)	M&P L4
			[21]	
			TOTAL: 100	