



NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 10

MATHEMATICS COMMON TEST SEPTEMBER 2022

MARKS: 75

TIME: 1½ hours

This question paper consists of 7 pages.

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

Read the following instructions carefully before answering the questions.

- 1. This question paper consists of 5 questions. Answer ALL the questions.
- 2. Clearly show ALL calculations, diagrams, graphs, et cetera that you have used in determining your answer.
- 3. You may use an approved scientific calculator (non-programmable and non- graphical), unless stated otherwise.
- 4. Answers only will not necessarily be awarded full marks.
- If necessary, round off answers to TWO decimal places, unless stated otherwise. 5.
- 6. Diagrams are NOT necessarily drawn to scale.
- downloaded from stanmadownloaded from standadownloaded from standa Number the answers correctly according to the numbering system used in this question 7. paper.

8. Write neatly and legibly.

1.1	Tyler decid	les to purchase a sound system which costs R 7999 on a hire purchase agreement.	
	1.1.1	If Tyler pays a 11% deposit, calculate the balance after Tyler has paid the deposit.	(2)
	1.1.2	The store charges Tyler 20% interest per year, with the loan payable over 4 years. Calculate the total amount that he will have to pay back.	(3)
	1.1.3	Tyler is also required to pay a monthly insurance of R30 and an administration fee of R12. How much will Tyler's monthly repayments be?	(2)
1.2	-	Florida, Akwande booked into a hotel for four nights. The exchange rate at that 1 = R16,77. The cost per night was \$450.	(2)
	How much	did she spend, in Rands, for the four nights?	(2)
1.3	•	rs, an investment increased to R95 798,35. If the interest rate per annum, compounded annually, calculate the amount initially	(3)
1.4	amount of l	osits R 4500 into a savings account. At the end of 4 years she adds a further R 2500 into the savings account. The interest paid on the savings is ompounded annually.	
	1.4.1	Calculate how much money is in the account at the end of 4 years, immediately after the second deposit.	(3)
	1.4.2	Calculate how much there will be available in the savings account 10 years after the first deposit.	(3) [18]
	dow	the first deposit.	

(1)

[17]

QUESTION 2

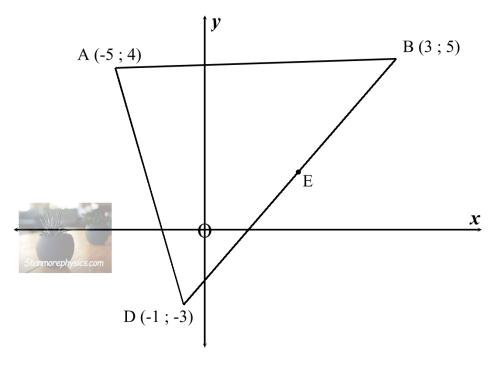
Determine P(B') .

QUES	110N 2		
2.1	•	ntains yellow and blue marbles of equal size. The probability that a marble chosen as will be yellow is $\frac{1}{6}$.	t
	2.1.1	If it is given that there are 102 marbles in the bag, how many of them will be blue?	(2)
	2.1.2	If there are 26 yellow marbles in the bag, how many of them will be blue?	(2)
2.2	Complete	e the following:	
	2.2.1	For exhaustive events: $P(A \text{ or } B) =$	(1)
	2.2.2	For mutually exclusive events: $P(A \text{ and } B) =$	(1)
2.3	•	at: A and B are inclusive events P(A or B) = 0.9; $P(A) = 0.6$ and $P(B) = 0.4P(A and B)$.	(3)
2.4	• 8 • 6	de 10 students have a choice of 2 sports, soccer (S) and hockey (H). 86 students play soccer (S) 64 students play hockey (H) 63 play neither of the 2 sports Let the number of students that play BOTH soccer (S) and hockey (H) be x.	
	2.4.1	Draw a Venn diagram to represent the above information.	(3)
	2.4.2	Calculate how many students play both soccer and hockey.	(2)
	2.4.3	Determine the probability that a learner chosen at random plays hockey only.	(2)
2.5	Given: A	A and B are two mutually exclusive events with $P(A) = 0.5$ and $P(B) = 0.4$.	

[16]

QUESTION 3

The coordinates of $\triangle ABD$ are given as: A(-5;4), B(3;5) and D(-1;-3) below. E is the midpoint of BD.

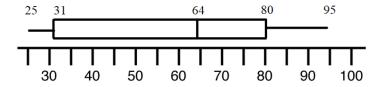


3.1 Calculate the length of BD. Leave your answer in surd form. (2) 3.2 Determine the coordinates of E, the midpoint of BD. (2) 3.3 Show that $AE \perp BD$. (4) 3.4 Determine the equation of the line parallel to BD and passing through A. (3) 3.5 Calculate the area of ΔABD . (3) 3.6 Determine the coordinates of a point C such that the quadrilateral ABCD is a rhombus. (2)

4.1 The data below represents the daily rainfall (in mm) during the month of September in KwaZulu-Natal.

RAINFALL	FREQUENCY	MIDPOINT	MIDPOINT ×
(mm)			FREQUENCY
$0 < x \le 20$	A	10	20
$20 < x \le 40$	4	30	120
$40 < x \le 60$	5	В	250
$60 < x \le 80$	6	70	420
$80 < x \le 100$	8	90	720
$100 < x \le 120$	3	110	C
$120 < x \le 140$	2	130	260

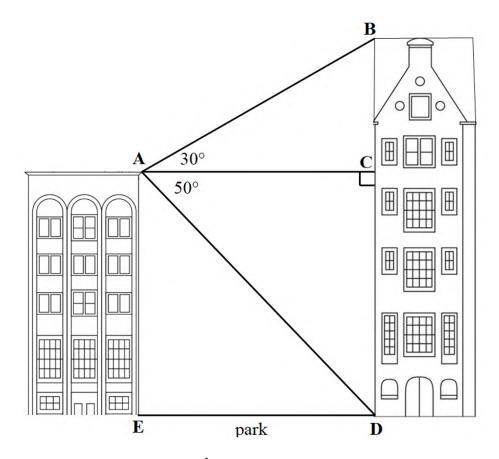
- 4.1.1 Determine the missing values in the table above. (3)
- 4.1.2 Use the table above to calculate the estimated mean rainfall. (3)
- 4.1.3 morephys Represent the data on a histogram. (3)
- 4.1.4 In which class interval will the following be found?
 - (a) the median (1)
 - (b) the 75^{th} percentile (1)
 - (c) the mode (1)
- 4.2 The box and whisker plot below shows the test results of a grade 10 class (in percentages.



Use the box and whisker plot above to determine:

- 4.2.1 the lowest and highest marks obtained by students in the test. (1)
- 4.2.2 what percentage of the class achieved above 31%. (1)
- 4.2.3 the median mark. (1)
- 4.2.4 what percentage of the class achieved between 64% and 80%. (1)
- 4.2.5 the interquartile range. (2) [18]

Two buildings are 45 metres apart (length ED), separated by a park. A person on the top of the shorter building, at point A, calculates the angle of elevation of B from A to be 30° and the angle of depression of D (the base of the taller building) from A to be 50° .



- 5.1 Determine the size of \hat{ADE} . (1)
- 5.2 Calculate the length of BD, the height of the taller building. (5)
 [6]

TOTAL [75]

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Education

KwaZulu-Natal Department of Education REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 10

MATHEMATICS

COMMON TEST

SEPTEMBER 2022

MARKING GUIDELINE

MARKS: 75

TIME: $1\frac{1}{2}$ hours

NOTE:

- If a candidate answered a QUESTION TWICE, mark only the FIRST attempt.
- If a candidate crossed out an answer and did not redo it, mark the crossed-out answer.
- Consistent accuracy applies to ALL aspects of the marking guidelines.
- Assuming values/answer in order to solve a problem is unacceptable.

This marking guideline consists of 6 pages.

1.1.1	Deposit: $\frac{11}{100} \times R7999 = R879,89$	✓	deposit	
		✓	answer	
	Balance: $R7999 - R879,89 = R7119,11$			(2)
1.1.2	A = P(1+in)	✓	A = P(1+in)	
	$A = R7119,11(1+0,2\times4)$	✓	$(1+0,2\times4)$	
	A = R12814,40	✓	answer	(3)
1.1.3	Monthly payment: $\frac{R12814,40}{48} = R266,97$	√	adding services	
	+ additional: + R42 per month			
		✓	answer	(2)
	$\therefore R266,97 + R42 = R308,97 \ per \ month$			(2)
1.2	$4 \text{ nights} = 4 \times \$450 = \$1800$	✓	(for <i>R</i> 1800)	
	\$1 = R16,77	✓	answer	(2)
	$\therefore \$1800 = R30186$			
1.3	$A = P(1+i)^{n}$ $P = \frac{A}{(1+i)^{n}}$	✓	substitution into correct formula	
	$P = \frac{95798,35}{(1+0,0825)^7}$ Stanmore physics.com	√	$\frac{95798,35}{(1+0,0825)^7}$	
	P = R55000	√	CA	(3)
1.4.1	$A = P(1+i)^n$			
	$A = 4500(1+0,075)^4$	\ \frac{1}{2}	substitution into correct formula	
	A = R6009,61	✓	R 6009,61	
	$\therefore R6009,61+R2500=R8509,61$	✓	CA	(3)
1.4.2	$A = P(1+i)^n$	✓	substitution into	
	$A = 8509,61(1+0,075)^6$	✓	correct formula $n = 6$	
	A = R13132,89	✓	n = 0 CA	(3)
	1.2.2.2.4,07			[18]

2.1.1	5			
2.1.1	$P(blue) = \frac{5}{6}$	✓	method	
	$\therefore \frac{5}{6} \times 102 = 85$	✓	answer	(2)
2.1.2	6			
2.1.2	$\frac{1}{6}$ (yellow) $\rightarrow 26$	✓	method	
	$\therefore \frac{5}{6}(blue) \rightarrow 26 \times 5 = 130$	√	answer	
	$\begin{array}{c} \therefore -(blue) \rightarrow 26 \times 5 = 130 \\ 6 \end{array}$		answer	(2)
	OR			
	$\frac{1}{6} \times x = 26$		4 1	
	$\therefore x = 156$	~	method	
	$\therefore blue = 156 - 26 = 130$	✓	answer	(2)
2.2.1	P(A or B) = 1	✓	answer	(1)
2.2.2	P(A and B) = 0	✓	answer	(1)
2.3	P(A and B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A or B)	✓	method: formula	
	P(A and B) = 0,6+0,4-0,9	✓	1 - ('4-4'	
	$P(A \ and \ B) = 0,1$	∨ ✓	substitution answer	
				(3)
	OR			
		✓	method: Venn	
	A B		diagram	
		✓	solving regions	
	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.6-x & x \\ 0.4-x \end{bmatrix}$			
		✓	answer	
	$\bigcup_{0,1}$		answer	(3)
2.1.1				
2.4.1	S = 205			
	S	✓	86 - x	
		✓	63 outside	
	86 - x x $64 - x$	✓	64 - x	
	86-x x $64-x$			
	63			(3)

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KZN/September 2022

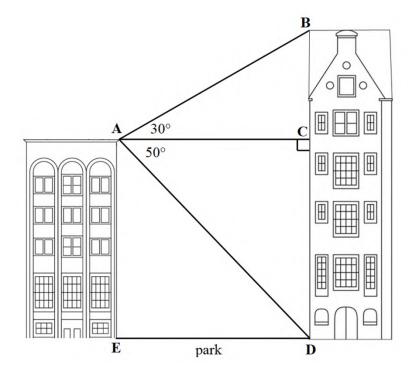
	145C - Welliofallut	4111		
2.4.2	(86-x) + x + (64-x) + 63 = 205	✓	equation	
	213 - x = 205 $x = 8$	~	answer	(2)
2.4.3	$P(hockeyonly) = \frac{56}{205}$	✓	56 205	(2)
2.5	P(B') = 0.6	✓	answer	(1)
	•			[17]

QUESTION 3

3.1	$dBD = \sqrt{(5+3)^2 + (3+1)^2}$	✓	substitution into correct formula	
	$dBD = 4\sqrt{5}$	✓	answer	(2)
3.2	$E:\left(\frac{3-1}{2};\frac{5-3}{2}\right)$	✓	substitution into correct formula	
	E(1;1)	✓	answer	(2)
3.3	$mAE = \frac{4-1}{-5-1} = -\frac{1}{2}$ $mBD = \frac{5-(-3)}{3-(-1)} = 2$	✓ ✓ ✓	substitution into correct formula mAE mBD	
	$mAE \times mBD = -1$ $\therefore AE \perp BD$	~	$mAE \times mBD = -1$	(4)
3.4	$y = mx + c$ $m = 2 \qquad (\Box$ $y = 2x + c$	✓	m = 2	
	$sub \ A(-5;4): \ 4 = 2(-5) + c$	✓	<i>sub</i> A(-5;4)	
	c = 14 $y = 2x + 14$	✓	c=14	(3)
3.5	$dAE = \sqrt{(-5-1)^2 + (4-1)^2} = 3\sqrt{5}$	✓	length of AE	
	Area of $\triangle ABD = \frac{1}{2}BD \times AE$ Area of $\triangle ABD = \frac{1}{2} \times 4\sqrt{5} \times 3\sqrt{5}$	✓	substitution into correct formula	
	$ \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ Area of \ \Delta ABD = 30 \ units^2 \end{array} $	✓	answer	(3)
3.6	$A \rightarrow D$: $(x+4; y-7)$	✓	method	
	$B \rightarrow C$: $(3+4;5-7)$:: $C(7;-2)$ by symmetry	✓	answer	(2)
				[16]

QUESTION 4

4.1.1	A=2	✓	answer	
	B=50	✓	answer	
	C = 330	✓	answer	(3)
4.1.2	estimated mean = $\frac{20 + 120 + 250 + 420 + 720 + 330 + 260}{220}$			
	30			
	$=\frac{2120}{100}$	✓	2120	
	$-{30}$	✓	30	
	$= 70,67 \ mm$	✓	answer	(3)
4.1.3	Histogram showing rainfall (in mm) for September 8 7 6 5 5 1 0 < x \le 20 20 < x \le 40 40 < x \le 60 60 < x \le 80 80 < x \le 100 100 < x \le 120 120 < x \le 140 Rainfall (mm)	*	shape y-axis x-axis	(3)
4.1.4a	$60 < x \le 80$	✓	answer	(1)
4.1.4b	$80 < x \le 100$	✓	answer	(1)
4.1.4c	$80 < x \le 100$	✓	answer	(1)
4.2.1	Lowest: 25% Highest 95%	✓	both values	(1)
4.2.2	75%	√	answer	(1)
4.2.3	64%	✓	answer	(1)
4.2.4	25%	√	answer	(1)
4.2.5	IQR = 80% - 31%	✓	80% - 31%	
	IQR = 49%	✓	answer	(2)
		-1		[18]



5.1	$\hat{ADE} = 50^{\circ}$ (alt $\angle s$; AC \Box	✓	answer	(1)
5.2	In ΔADE:			
	$\tan 50^\circ = \frac{AE}{45}$	~	tan 50°	
	43	✓	AE = 53,63 m	
	$AE = 53,63 m_{ysics.com}$			
	In ΔABC:			
	$\tan 30^\circ = \frac{BC}{45}$	✓	tan 30°	
			AT 50 60	
	BC = 25,98 m	✓	AE = 53,63 m	
	DD 52 (2 25 00 50 (1	✓	CA	
	$\therefore BD = 53,63 m + 25,98 m = 79,61 m$			(5)
				[6]
			TOTAL:	[75]